# **STATE OF MINNESOTA** Office of the State Auditor



**Rebecca Otto State Auditor** 

## WABASHA COUNTY WABASHA, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### **Description of the Office of the State Auditor**

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

**Government Information** - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

**Legal/Special Investigations** - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

**Pension** - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

**Tax Increment Financing** - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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### Year Ended December 31, 2007



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota

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Introductory Section

#### ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2007

Term Expires

Elected			
Commissioners			
Board Member	Eugene T. McNallan	District 1	January 2009
Chair	David Windhorst	District 2	January 2011
Board Member	Donald Springer	District 3	January 2009
Board Member	Peter Riester	District 4	January 2011
Vice Chair	Tom Dwelle	District 5	January 2011
Attorney	James C. Nordstrom		January 2011
Auditor/Treasurer	Jerry Leisen		January 2011
County Recorder	Jeffery Aitken		January 2011
County Sheriff	Rodney Bartsh		January 2011
Appointed			
Administrator	Peter Boyce*		Indefinite
Assessor	Loren Benz		December 2008
County Engineer	Dietrich Flesch		May 2011
Coroner	Dr. Daniel Pesch		January 2008
	Dr. Thomas Peyla		January 2008
Financial Services Director	Pat Moga		Indefinite
Social Services Director	Terry Smith		Indefinite
Solid Waste Officer	Tom Mosher		Indefinite
Surveyor	David Johnson		January 2009
Veterans Service Officer	Lisa Jaegar		April 2010

\*Peter Boyce left the position October 2007. Interim Administrator was Bambridge Peterson.

**Financial Section** 



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of County Commissioners Wabasha County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wabasha County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Wabasha County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wabasha County as of December 31, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Page 2

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information in Schedules 1 through 3 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wabasha County's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of Wabasha County. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated August 18, 2008, on our consideration of Wabasha County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

August 18, 2008

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

#### INTRODUCTION

The financial management of Wabasha County offers the readers of Wabasha County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Wabasha County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information in the notes to the financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of December 31, 2007, the assets of Wabasha County exceeded its liabilities by \$75,567,502. Of this amount, \$10,415,980 (13.8 percent) represents unrestricted net assets that may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.
- At the end of the fiscal year, Wabasha County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$18,600,356.
- Wabasha County's total long-term liabilities increased by \$9,970,664 during the fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was due to issuing General Obligation Jail Bonds in the amount of \$10,000,000.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to Wabasha County's basic financial statements. Wabasha County's financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.



There are two government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (Exhibits 1 and 2) provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements start with Exhibit 3. Fund financial statements report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. Exhibit 7 provides financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

## Government-Wide Financial Statements--The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the readers with a broad overview of Wabasha County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Our analysis of the County as a whole begins with Exhibit 1. The statement of net assets presents information on all Wabasha County's assets and liabilities, with the differences between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Wabasha County is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how Wabasha County's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, we divide the County into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, highways and streets, human services, health, environmental services, culture and recreation, and conservation of natural resources. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Component units The Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District is presented in a separate column. Although legally separate, component units are important because the County is financially accountable for them.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Our analysis of the County's major funds begins with Exhibit 3. The fund financial statements provide information about the County's significant funds--not the County as a whole. Separate statements for each fund category--governmental and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of a governmental fund financial statement is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds: General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Social Service Special Revenue Fund, Criminal Justice Center Debt Service Fund, and Criminal Justice Center Capital Projects Fund.

#### Governmental Funds

Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation in a statement following each governmental fund financial statement.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds (agency funds) are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside County government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Wabasha County's own programs.

#### The County as a Whole

The County's combined net assets increased from \$73,928,840 to \$75,567,502. Our analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the County's governmental activities.

#### Table 1 Net Assets

		Governmen	tal Acti	vities
		2007		2006
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$	22,420,575	\$	13,320,097
Capital assets		66,451,717		62,878,715
Total Assets	\$	88,872,292	\$	76,198,812
Liabilities				
Long-term debt outstanding	\$	11,085,828	\$	1,115,164
Other liabilities		2,218,962		1,154,808
Total Liabilities	\$	13,304,790	\$	2,269,972
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	62,922,469	\$	62,791,670
Restricted		2,229,053		1,962,590
Unrestricted		10,415,980		9,174,580
	<b>•</b>		<i><b></b></i>	
Total Net Assets	\$	75,567,502	\$	73,928,840

Net assets of the County's governmental activities increased by two percent (\$75,567,502 compared to \$73,928,840). Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, changed from \$9,174,580 at December 31, 2006, to \$10,415,980 at the end of 2007.

## Table 2Changes in Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Acti	vities
	 2007		2006
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Fees, fines, charges, and other	\$ 1,574,745	\$	2,097,790
Operating grants and contributions	7,471,760		7,653,328
Capital grants and contributions	1,147,940		601,068
General revenues			
Property taxes	8,335,670		7,394,831
Other taxes	18,987		25,595
Grants and contributions	1,971,930		2,010,761
Other general revenues	 981,882		759,934
Total Revenues	\$ 21,502,914	\$	20,543,307
Program Expenses			
General government	\$ 3,316,799	\$	3,278,137
Public safety	3,548,369		3,481,412
Highways and streets	6,132,373		6,646,706
Human services	4,215,026		4,156,838
Health	1,435,717		1,360,993
Sanitation	247,351		235,485
Culture and recreation	273,783		251,759
Conservation of natural resources	364,455		368,172
Economic development	227,001		197,935
Interest	 103,378		5,155
Total Program Expenses	\$ 19,864,252	\$	19,982,592
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 1,638,662	\$	560,715

#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues for the County's governmental activities increased by five percent (\$959,607), while total expenses decreased less than one percent (\$118,340). The increase in net assets for 2007 was \$1,638,662 compared to a \$560,715 increase in net assets in the year ended December 31, 2006.

The cost of all governmental activities in 2007 was \$19,864,252 compared to \$19,982,592 in 2006. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities, Exhibit 2, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes and other general revenues was only \$9,669,807 because some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$1,574,745) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$8,619,700). Overall, the County's governmental program revenues,

including intergovernmental aid and fees for services, decreased in 2007 from \$10,352,186 to \$10,194,445. Decreases in intergovernmental aid and fees and charges, primarily human services, were offset by capital grants and contributions, primarily in general government and highways and streets. The County paid for the remaining public benefits portion of governmental activities with \$11,308,469 in general revenues, primarily taxes.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the County's five largest program functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost, less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	 Total Cost	t of Se	rvice	 Net Cos	t of Se	rvice
	 2007		2006	 2007		2006
Highways and streets	\$ 6,132,373	\$	6,646,706	\$ 1,325,242	\$	2,195,301
Human services	4,215,026		4,156,838	1,737,541		1,345,828
Public safety	3,548,369		3,481,412	2,728,310		2,699,111
General government	3,316,799		3,278,137	2,708,874		2,422,701
Health	1,435,717		1,360,993	283,176		255,113
All others	 1,215,968		1,058,506	 886,664		712,352
Totals	\$ 19,864,252	\$	19,982,592	\$ 9,669,807	\$	9,630,406

## Table 3Governmental Activities

There was an increase in net cost of service for human services, public safety, general government, and health. There was a decrease in net cost of service for highways and streets expenses.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Wabasha County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$75,567,502, an increase of \$1,638,662.

The County's \$62,922,469 investment in capital assets, net of related debt, is 83 percent of total net assets. Wabasha County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Wabasha County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities.

Three percent of Wabasha County's net assets (\$2,229,053) are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining 14 percent (\$10,415,980 unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet Wabasha County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Wabasha County's total liabilities (\$13,304,790) are 15 percent of total assets and 59 percent of current assets.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The focus of Wabasha County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Wabasha County's financing requirements. In particular, the unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of 2007, Wabasha County's governmental funds report combined fund balances of \$18,600,356. This is an 87 percent increase of \$8,657,102 from the prior year. The General Fund balance of \$7,431,695 represents 40 percent of this total, and the Criminal Justice Center Capital Projects Fund balance of \$6,415,020 represents 34 percent of this total.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Wabasha County. At the end of 2007, 93 percent of the General Fund fund balance was unreserved and available for future expenditures. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unreserved fund balance (93 percent) and total fund balance as a percent of current expenditures--83 and 90 percent, respectively. During the year, the fund balance increased by \$1,380,205 to \$7,431,695.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$1,121,717. This was an increase of \$20,079.

The Social Service Special Revenue Fund fund balance increased by \$712,232 to \$2,733,510. During the year, the Social Service Special Revenue Fund transferred \$6,200 to the General Fund and \$31,888 to the Public Health Special Revenue Fund.

The Criminal Justice Center Debt Service Fund (new this year) had an ending fund balance of \$140,972.

The Criminal Justice Center Capital Projects Fund (new this year) had an ending fund balance of \$6,415,020.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the County Board revised the County's General Fund budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories: new information changing original budget estimations, greater than anticipated revenues or costs, and final agreement reached on employee contracts. There were no material budget adjustments for 2007; both budgeted revenues and expenditures were increased by \$6,000 for donations to continue the Parent Education Program.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

Wabasha County's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2007, amounts to \$66,451,717 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. (See Table 4.)

The total increase in Wabasha County's investment in capital assets for the current year was \$3,573,002 (six percent). If you need more information on Wabasha County's capital assets, please see the notes to the financial statements.

(Net of Deprecia	ation)			
		Governmen	tal Act	ivities
		2007		2006
Land	\$	4,553,015	\$	3,653,414
Construction in progress		2,563,744		-
Buildings and improvements		1,625,776		1,366,509
Machinery, vehicles, furniture, and equipment		1,453,076		1,417,087
Infrastructure		56,256,106		56,441,705
Total	\$	66,451,717	\$	62,878,715

## Table 4Capital Assets at December 31, 2007(Net of Depreciation)

Land increased in 2007 as the County purchased a 40-acre tract of land for construction of the new Criminal Justice Center. Construction in progress reflects the 2007 building costs attributed to the construction of the Criminal Justice Center. Buildings and improvements had an increase in 2007.

#### Debt

Wabasha County had total debt outstanding of \$10,049,721 on December 31, 2007. General Obligation Jail Bonds totaled \$10,000,000, capital leases totaled \$38,294, and a promissory note totaled \$11,427. Wabasha County issued a General Obligation Jail Bond for the face amount of \$10,000,000 during 2007. Current and future County tax levies are used to finance the entire indebtedness. See notes if more information is needed on debt outstanding.

## Table 5Outstanding Debt at December 31, 2007

	Governmen	tal Acti	vities
	 2007		2006
General Obligation Jail Bonds	\$ 10,000,000	\$	-
Capital leases	38,294		87,046
Promissory note	 11,427		18,585
Total	\$ 10,049,721	\$	105,631

New debt resulted from issuing a General Obligation Jail Bond.

Minn. Stat. § 475.53 limits the amount of general obligation debt a county can incur to no more than two percent of taxable market value without the approval of the majority of the voters of the county voting on the questions of issuing the obligation at an election. Wabasha County's taxable market value is \$2,264,845,600 for 2007. The current debt limitation for Wabasha County is \$45,296,912, which is in excess of Wabasha County's outstanding debt. Wabasha County's outstanding net debt is below the state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave payable.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS

Wabasha County elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2007 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged.

- In 2007, the County began construction of a Criminal Justice Center. The facility will be approximately 87,000 square feet and include an 82-bed jail, law enforcement center, courtrooms, court administration, County Attorney's Office, and probation department. The project is projected to cost around \$21,000,000 and is expected to be completed in late 2009.
- Property tax levies have increased 21.08 percent for 2008.
- The State of Minnesota has imposed levy limitations for the tax payable years 2009 through 2011.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Wabasha County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or additional financial information, should be addressed to the Finance Director, Wabasha County, 625 Jefferson Street, Wabasha, Minnesota 55981.

(Unaudited)

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### EXHIBIT 1

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Government Landii Governmental Compo	Reads Landing Component Unit		
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	19,784,293	\$	11,842
Petty cash and change funds		3,250		-
Investment in joint venture		343,147		-
Taxes receivable				
Prior - net		176,685		-
Special assessments receivable		-		5,108
Accounts receivable - net		67,985		5,504
Accrued interest receivable		38,063		-
Due from other governments		1,830,239		-
Inventories		126,666		-
Restricted assets				
Cash and pooled investments		-		2,048
Deferred debt issuance costs		50,247		-
Capital assets				
Non-depreciable		7,116,759		-
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation		59,334,958		1,187,562
Total Assets	\$	88,872,292	\$	1,212,064
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	291,876	\$	148
Salaries payable		474,955		-
Contracts payable		974,920		-
Retainange payable		43,094		-
Due to other governments		130,885		3,464
Advance from other governments		170,022		-
Accrued interest payable		99,104		-
Unearned revenue		34,106		207
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year		105,937		1,154
Due in more than one year		10,979,891		95,694
Total Liabilities	\$	13,304,790	\$	100,667

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2007

	 PrimaryReadsGovernmentLandingGovernmentalComponentActivitiesUnit		Component
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$ 62,922,469	\$	1,090,714
Restricted for			
General government	279,229		-
Public safety	249,736		-
Highways and streets	1,089,698		-
Human services	565,398		-
Health	30,243		-
Conservation of natural resources	14,749		-
Debt service	-		2,048
Equipment replacement	-		14,911
Unrestricted	 10,415,980		3,724
Total Net Assets	\$ 75,567,502	\$	1,111,397

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		Expenses		es, Charges, es, and Other
Functions/Programs				
Primary government				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$	3,316,799	\$	475,439
Public safety		3,548,369		320,727
Highways and streets		6,132,373		114,213
Sanitation		247,351		75,062
Human services		4,215,026		222,750
Health		1,435,717		362,381
Culture and recreation		273,783		1,582
Conservation of natural resources		364,455		2,591
Economic development		227,001		-
Interest		103,378		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,864,252	\$	1,574,745
<b>Component unit</b> Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District	\$	83,570	\$	50,642
	Prope Mortg Tax in Paym Grant speci Unres Misce	al Revenues erty taxes gage registry and deed to norement ents in lieu of tax and contributions not fic programs stricted investment earn ellaneous on sale of capital assets	t restricted to	
	Tota	al general revenues		
	Chan	ge in net assets		
	Net As	ssets - Beginning		
	Net As	ssets - Ending		

d Changes in Net Assets Reads Landing Component Unit		Primary Government Governmental Activities		Capital Grants and Contributions		Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	
		(2,708,874) (2,728,310) (1,325,242) (172,289) (1,737,541) (283,176) (155,779) (228,217)	\$	3,672 14,319 1,129,949 - - - -	\$	128,814 485,013 3,562,969 - 2,254,735 790,160 116,422 133,647	\$
		(227,001) (103,378)		-		-	
		(9,669,807)	\$	1,147,940	\$	7,471,760	\$
(32,928	\$				\$		\$
- - -	\$	8,335,670 18,309 678 175,818	\$				
- 92 -		1,971,930 639,236 161,821 5,007					
92	\$	11,308,469	\$				
(32,836	\$	1,638,662	\$				
1,144,233		73,928,840					

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
# **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

		General	 Road and Bridge
Assets			
Cash and pooled investments	\$	7,774,450	\$ 1,191,427
Petty cash and change funds		3,250	-
Taxes receivable			
Prior		116,295	25,634
Accounts receivable		13,583	522
Accrued interest receivable		38,063	-
Due from other governments		78,859	1,230,644
Inventories		-	 126,666
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	8,024,500	\$ 2,574,893

 Social Service	Jus	Criminal tice Center bt Service	Ju	Criminal stice Center pital Projects	N	lonmajor Funds	 Total
\$ 2,658,679	\$	140,972	\$	7,353,623	\$	665,142	\$ 19,784,293 3,250
28,958 24,532 - 375,111		- - -		- 900 -		5,798 28,448 - 145,625	176,685 67,985 38,063 1,830,239
\$ 	\$		\$		\$	- 845,013	\$ 126,666 22,027,181

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

		General		Road and Bridge
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	119,938	\$	16,850
Salaries payable		256,863		71,521
Contracts payable		-		78,511
Retainage payable		-		-
Due to other governments		92,219		1,769
Advance from other governments		-		170,022
Deferred revenue - unavailable		89,679		1,114,503
Deferred revenue - unearned		34,106		-
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	592,805	\$	1,453,176
Fund Balances				
Reserved for				
Inventories	\$	-	\$	126,666
Future projects		-		-
Recorder's unallocated fund		162,009		-
Recorder's technology fund		71,682		-
E-911		243,268		-
Extension publications		1,138		-
Sheriff's contingency		2,616		-
Sheriff's forfeited property		1,556		-
Attorney's forfeited property		20,430		-
Veteran's van		11,750		-
Conservation of natural resources		13,611		-
Sheriff's permit to carry		2,296		-
Health		-		-
Tobacco settlement		7,870		-
Voting equipment/operating expenses		5,488		-
Human services/health care		-		-
Debt service Unreserved		-		-
Designated for future expenditures		1,205,658		129,943
Designated for rathe expenditures Designated for cash flows		2,900,000		653,000
Designated for cash hows Designated for compensated absences		534,820		212,108
Designated for contingencies		8,000		212,100
Undesignated		2,239,503		-
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor		2,237,303		-
Special revenue funds		-		-
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,431,695	\$	1,121,717
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,024,500	\$	2,574,893

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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#### EXHIBIT 3 (Continued)

 Social Service	Jus	Criminal stice Center ebt Service	Criminal stice Center pital Projects	N	lonmajor Funds	 Total
\$ 151,512 80,269 - - - - - - - - - - - 85,317	\$	- - - - - -	\$ - 896,409 43,094 - - - -	\$	3,576 66,302 - - 225 - 17,468	\$ 291,876 474,955 974,920 43,094 130,885 170,022 1,306,967 34,106
\$ 353,770	\$	-	\$ 939,503	\$	87,571	\$ 3,426,825
\$ 	\$		\$ - 6,415,020 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$		\$ 126,666 6,415,020 162,009 71,682 243,268 1,138 2,616 1,556 20,430 11,750 13,611 2,296 30,243 7,870 5,488
565,398 - - 857,000 170,952		- 140,972 - - -	- - - -		- - - -	565,398 140,972 1,335,601 4,410,000 917,880
- 1,140,160 -		-	-		- - 727,199	8,000 3,379,663 727,199
\$ 2,733,510	\$	140,972	\$ 6,415,020	\$	757,442	\$ 18,600,356
\$ 3,087,280	\$	140,972	\$ 7,354,523	\$	845,013	\$ 22,027,181

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EXHIBIT 4

#### RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 18,600,356
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		66,451,717
Investment in joint venture is not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.		343,147
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		1,306,967
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
General obligation bonds Bond discount Deferred debt issuance charges Capital leases Promissory note Accrued interest payable Compensated absences	\$ (10,000,000) 1,707 50,247 (38,294) (11,427) (99,104) (1,037,814)	 (11,134,685)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 75,567,502

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	 General	 Road and Bridge
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 5,626,807	\$ 1,178,394
Licenses and permits	157,951	-
Intergovernmental	2,279,176	4,816,134
Charges for services	683,273	75,396
Fines and forfeits	15,101	-
Gifts and contributions	29,505	-
Investment earnings	555,507	-
Miscellaneous	 179,264	 38,987
Total Revenues	\$ 9,526,584	\$ 6,108,911
Expenditures		
Current		
General government	\$ 3,494,227	\$ -
Public safety	3,606,553	-
Highways and streets	97,981	6,003,509
Sanitation	229,865	-
Human services	-	-
Health	-	-
Culture and recreation	246,071	-
Conservation of natural resources	378,321	-
Economic development	227,001	-
Capital outlay	-	-
Debt service		
Principal	11,921	36,831
Interest	1,015	3,158
Bond issuance costs	 	 -
Total Expenditures	\$ 8,292,955	\$ 6,043,498
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)		
Expenditures	\$ 1,233,629	\$ 65,413

#### EXHIBIT 5

	Social Service	Just	Criminal tice Center bt Service		Criminal Istice Center pital Projects	Go	Other overnmental Funds		Total
\$	1,280,255 12,565 2,546,901 600,373 - - 33,918 75,779	\$	- - - - - 17,679	\$	- - 1,700 - 83,729	\$	253,759 360 786,587 348,339 - 10,339 - 1,822	\$	8,339,215 170,876 10,428,798 1,709,081 15,101 39,844 673,154 313,531
\$	4,549,791	\$	17,679	\$	85,429	\$	1,401,206	\$	21,689,600
\$	- - - 3,799,471 - - - - -	\$		\$	3,372,318	\$	- - - 1,435,182 1,453 - -	\$	3,494,227 3,606,553 6,101,490 229,865 3,799,471 1,435,182 247,524 378,321 227,001 3,372,318
	- - -		-		50,247	<u> </u>	7,158 840 -		55,910 5,013 50,247
<u>\$</u>	3,799,471 750,320	<u>\$</u>	- 17,679	<u>\$</u> \$	3,422,565 (3,337,136)	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,444,633</u> (43,427)	<u>\$</u> \$	23,003,122 (1,313,522)

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	 General	 Road and Bridge
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	\$ 129,044	\$ -
Transfers out	-	-
Bonds and notes issued	-	-
Discount on bonds/notes issued	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 17,532	 
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 146,576	\$ -
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,380,205	\$ 65,413
Fund Balance - January 1	6,051,490	1,101,638
Increase (decrease) in reserved for inventories	 -	 (45,334)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 7,431,695	\$ 1,121,717

## EXHIBIT 5 (Continued)

 Social Service	Jus	Criminal tice Center bt Service	Criminal Istice Center pital Projects	Go	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
\$ -	\$	123,293	\$ -	\$	31,888	\$ 284,225
(38,088)		-	(246,137) 10,000,000		-	(284,225) 10,000,000
-		-	(1,707)		-	(1,707)
 -		-	 -		133	 17,665
\$ (38,088)	\$	123,293	\$ 9,752,156	\$	32,021	\$ 10,015,958
\$ 712,232	\$	140,972	\$ 6,415,020	\$	(11,406)	\$ 8,702,436
2,021,278		_	_		768,848	9,943,254
 		-	 -		-	 (45,334)
\$ 2,733,510	\$	140,972	\$ 6,415,020	\$	757,442	\$ 18,600,356

**EXHIBIT 6** 

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ 8,702,436
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase (decrease) in revenue deferred as unavailable.		
Deferred revenue - December 31 Deferred revenue - January 1	\$ 1,306,967 (1,498,660)	(191,693)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, in the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets sold.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure	\$ 5,893,090	
Net book value of assets sold Current year depreciation	(18,898) (2,301,190)	3,573,002
In the statement of net assets, an asset is reported for the equity interest in joint ventures. The change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the increases and decreases in the investment in joint venture. Issuing long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, those amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of net assets.		(380,967)
Proceeds of new debt General obligation bonds issued	\$ (10,000,000)	
Discount on bonds issued Bond issuance costs	1,707 50,247	(9,948,046)
Principal repayments Capital lease Promissory note	\$ 48,752 7,158	55,910
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable	\$ (98,365)	
Change in compensated absences	(28,281)	(171.000)
Change in inventories	 (45,334)	 (171,980)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 1,638,662
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		Page 26

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

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#### EXHIBIT 7

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Assets	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,034,658
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$ 25,738 1,008,920
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,034,658

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

## 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued through November 30, 1989, (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

Wabasha County was established March 5, 1853, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Wabasha County (primary government) and its component units for which Wabasha County is financially accountable. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

#### Blended Component Unit

Blended component units are legally separate organizations so intertwined with the County that they are, in substance, the same as the County and, therefore, are reported as if they were part of the County. Wabasha County has one blended component unit.

Component Unit	Component Unit of Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
Regional Railroad Authority (RRA) provides for the preservation or improvement of rail transportation within the County.	County Commissioners are the members of the RRA Board.	Separate financial statements are not prepared.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

While part of the reporting entity, discretely presented component units are presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following component unit of Wabasha County is discretely presented:

Component Unit	Component Unit of Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District formed under Minn. Stat. § 115.1837.	County appoints members, and the Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District is a financial burden.	Separate financial statements are not prepared.

#### Joint Ventures

Wabasha County participates in joint ventures described in Note 6.C. Wabasha County also participates in jointly-governed organizations and a related organization described in Notes 6.D. and 6.E., respectively.

#### B. Basic Financial Statements

#### 1. <u>Government-Wide Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

In the government-wide statement of net assets, the governmental activities column: (a) is presented on a consolidated basis; and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net assets are

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

## 1. <u>Government-Wide Statements</u> (Continued)

reported in three parts: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted net assets; and (3) unrestricted net assets. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category--governmental and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as a separate column in the fund financial statements. All remaining funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Social Service Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The <u>Criminal Justice Center Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal, interest, and related costs associated with the debt incurred for the construction of the criminal justice center.

The <u>Criminal Justice Center Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for financial resources to be used for the construction of the criminal justice center.

Additionally, Wabasha County reports the following fund type:

<u>Agency funds</u> are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Wabasha County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

#### C. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u> (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

## D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

## 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Finance Director for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2007, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2007 were \$555,507.

## 2. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activities between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All receivables, including those of the discretely presented component unit, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

3. <u>Inventories</u>

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method for highway supplies, except for fuel, which uses weighted average. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

## 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (for example, roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of Wabasha County, as well as its component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	15 - 50
Building improvements	15 - 50
Public domain infrastructure	10 - 50
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	3 - 12

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

#### 5. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation, compensatory, and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination, are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

## 6. <u>Deferred Revenue</u>

All County funds and the government-wide financial statements defer revenue for resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Governmental funds also report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

## 7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

8. <u>Fund Equity</u>

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

## 9. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

## A. Assets

## 1. Deposits and Investments

Reconciliation of the County's total cash and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Governmental activities	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 19,784,293
Petty cash and change funds	3,250
Reads Landing component unit	
Cash and pooled investments	11,842
Restricted cash and pooled investments	2,048
Fiduciary funds	
Cash - agency funds	 1,034,658
Total Cash	\$ 20,836,091

# 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

## A. Assets

- 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)
  - a. <u>Deposits</u>

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the County to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 requires all County deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit plus accrued interest at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better, revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

## Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County has adopted a policy for custodial credit risk of obtaining collateral or bond for all uninsured amounts on deposit and obtaining necessary documentation to show compliance with state law and perfected security interest under federal law. As of December 31, 2007, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

## 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Assets

- 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)
  - b. <u>Investments</u>

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 generally authorize the following types of investments as available to the County:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

#### 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Assets

- 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>
  - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in both short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

## Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of the rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County policy states the Chief Financial Officer or appointed person shall, after careful study of potential additional costs to the County, attempt to structure all investments and deposits so that the custodial risk is in category #1 according to GASB Statement 3.

#### 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

#### A. Assets

- 1. Deposits and Investments
  - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. It is the County's policy that portfolio maturities shall be staggered to avoid undue concentration of assets in a specific sector. The maturities selected shall provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity.

The following table presents the County's deposits and investment balances at December 31, 2007, and information relating to potential investment risk.

	Cred	it Risk	Concentration Risk	Interest Rate Risk	Carrying
Investment Type	Credit	Rating	Over 5% of Portfolio	Maturity Date	(Fair) Value
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	FOLIOIIO	Date	value
Aim Investment Services, Inc mutual fund	AAA	S&P Moody	100%		\$ 7,053,623
Deposits Petty cash and change funds					13,779,218 3,250
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 20,836,091

#### 2. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables as of December 31, 2007, for Wabasha County's governmental activities, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

Accounts receivable Less: allowance for uncollectible accounts	\$ 428,094 (360,109)
Net Accounts Receivable	\$ 67,985

# 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

## A. <u>Assets</u> (Continued)

## 3. Capital Assets

## Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		 Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated Land Land highway right-of-way Construction in process	\$	128,718 3,524,696 -	\$	808,645 97,206 2,563,744	\$	10 6,240 -	\$ 937,353 3,615,662 2,563,744
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$	3,653,414	\$	3,469,595	\$	6,250	\$ 7,116,759
Capital assets depreciated Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure - trails Infrastructure - highways	\$	2,015,380 97,503 4,571,250 525,178 97,720,469	\$	307,270 - 424,656 - 1,691,569	\$	224,062	\$ 2,322,650 97,503 4,771,844 525,178 99,080,422
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	104,929,780	\$	2,423,495	\$	555,678	\$ 106,797,597
Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure - trails Infrastructure - highways	\$	683,162 63,212 3,154,163 157,553 41,646,389	\$	46,890 1,113 376,019 26,259 1,850,909	\$	- 211,414 - 331,616	\$ 730,052 64,325 3,318,768 183,812 43,165,682
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	45,704,479	\$	2,301,190	\$	543,030	\$ 47,462,639
Total capital assets depreciated - net	\$	59,225,301	\$	122,305	\$	12,648	\$ 59,334,958
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$	62,878,715	\$	3,591,900	\$	18,898	\$ 66,451,717

# Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 49.370
Public safety	99,075
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	2,087,955
Human services	32,029
Health	5,678
Culture and recreation	26,259
Sanitation	 824
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,301,190

#### 2. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

#### B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

#### Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2007, consisted of the following:

Transfers to General Fund from Social Service Fund	\$ 6,200	Matching dollars for substance abuse grant
Transfer to Public Health Fund from Social Service Fund	31,888	Transfer of SCHA funds
Transfer to General Fund from Criminal Justice Center		
Capital Projects Fund	122,844	Reimbursement from bond funds
Transfer to Criminal Justice Center Debt Service Fund		
from Criminal Justice Center Capital Projects Fund	123,293	Unused discount
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 284,225	

#### C. Liabilities

#### 1. Capital Leases

The County has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of certain equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. These capital leases consist of the following at December 31, 2007:

	Maturity	Installment	ayment Amount	(	Driginal	E	alance
Case excavator IBM AS-400	2009 2009	Annual Monthly	\$ 24,941 1,078	\$	87,420 57,390	\$	24,940 15,100
Total Capital Leases						\$	40,040

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2007, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	 vernmental ctivities
2008 2009	\$ 37,883 2,157
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 40,040
Less: amount representing interest	 (1,746)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 38,294
	Page 41

## 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

# C. Liabilities

1. <u>Capital Leases</u> (Continued)

The IBM lease is paid from the General Fund, and the Case excavator lease is paid from the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund.

## 2. Bonded Debt

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Principal Installment Amounts	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2007
General Obligation Jail Bonds	2028	\$200,000 -	4.00 -		
		\$725,000	4.10	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 10,000,000
Less: unamortized discount					(1,707)
General Obligation Jail Bonds, Net					\$ 9,998,293

#### Debt service requirements at December 31, 2007, were as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Jail Bonds			
December 31	Principal	Interest		
2008	\$ -	\$ 331,479		
2009	200,000	393,775		
2010	350,000	382,775		
2011	375,000	368,275		
2012	375,000	353,275		
2013 - 2017	2,125,000	1,522,375		
2018 - 2022	2,625,000	1,059,900		
2023 - 2027	3,225,000	487,313		
2028	725,000	14,862		
Total	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 4,914,029		

#### 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

# C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

## 3. Long-Term Debt

The Regional Railroad (blended component unit) Special Revenue Fund has entered into a note payable with a local bank to finance cash flows.

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Principal Installment Amounts	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Е	tstanding Balance ember 31, 2007
Promissory note	2009	\$3,117 - \$7,519	5.00	\$ 35,000	\$	11,427

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2007, were as follows:

Year Ending	Promissory Note						
December 31	Principal			Interest			
2008 2009	\$	7,519 3,908	\$	480 97			
Total	\$	11,427	\$	577			

## 4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

	E	Beginning Balance	 Additions	Re	ductions	 Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Capital leases	\$	87,046	\$ -	\$	48,752	\$ 38,294	\$ 36,150
Promissory note		18,585	-		7,158	11,427	7,519
General Obligation Jail Bond		-	10,000,000		-	10,000,000	-
Compensated absences		1,009,533	62,006		33,725	1,037,814	62,268
Less: unamortized bond discount		-	 (1,707)		-	 (1,707)	 -
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	1,115,164	\$ 10,060,299	\$	89,635	\$ 11,085,828	\$ 105,937

#### 3. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

## A. Defined Benefit Plan

#### Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Wabasha County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Fund (the Public Employees Correctional Fund), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

Public Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. All police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. Members who are employed in a county correctional institution as a correctional guard or officer, a joint jailer/dispatcher, or as a supervisor of correctional guards or officers or of joint jailer/dispatchers and are directly responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional institution and its inmates, are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Fund.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute and vest after three years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For Public Employees Police and

## 3. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

## A. Defined Benefit Plan

## Plan Description (Continued)

Fire Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For all Public Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and for all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

#### Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Minn. Stat. ch. 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. Public Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 and 5.75 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2007. Contribution rates in the Coordinated Plan increased in 2008 to 6.00 percent. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members were required to contribute 7.80 percent of their annual covered salary in 2007. That rate increased to 8.60 percent in 2008. Public Employees Correctional Fund members are required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary.

#### 3. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

#### A. Defined Benefit Plan

#### Funding Policy (Continued)

The County is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll in 2007 and 2008:

	2007	2008
Public Employees Retirement Fund		
Basic Plan members	11.78%	11.78%
Coordinated Plan members	6.25	6.50
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	11.70	12.90
Public Employees Correctional Fund	8.75	8.75

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005, for the Public Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund were:

	 2007	2006		 2005	
Public Employees Retirement Fund Public Employees	\$ 336,832	\$	306,694	\$ 263,923	
Police and Fire Fund Public Employees	104,366		84,655	70,968	
Correctional Fund	45,799		43,097	41,382	

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

#### B. Defined Contribution Plan

Three elected employees, one appointed employee, and three Board members of Wabasha County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer, deferred compensation plan administered by PERA in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

#### 3. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

#### B. Defined Contribution Plan (Continued)

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employees may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by the County during the year ended December 31, 2007, were:

	E	Employee		Employer	
Contribution amount	\$	13,254	\$	13,254	
Percentage of covered payroll		5%		5%	

Required contribution rates were 5.00 percent.

#### 4. <u>Risk Management</u>

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Insurance Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. The County self-insures for employee dental coverage. Effective January 1, 2008, the County will be switching to a fully insured dental plan. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.
#### 4. <u>Risk Management</u> (Continued)

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$400,000 in 2007 and \$410,000 in 2008. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and Wabasha County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property and casualty lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess Wabasha County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The General Fund accounts for dental insurance for all County funds. The County is self-insured for dental plan coverage. The County has retained the entire risk of this area. Premiums are paid into the General Fund by all other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program. A maximum claim is \$200 per person with basic dental coverage. If a person chooses the optional dental plan, the maximum claim is \$1,315 per person.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are re-evaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		Year Ended December 31					
			2006				
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims (including IBNRs) Claims payments	\$	3,953 48,330 (49,565)	\$	3,699 49,506 (49,252)			
Unpaid Claims, End of Fiscal Year	\$	2,718	\$	3,953			

#### 5. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

In June 2008, the County issued two series of bonds: Series 2008A General Obligation Jail Bonds for \$2,255,000 and 2008B Certificates of Participation for \$7,745,000. Both issues will be used for the jail construction project.

The joint venture, South Country Health Alliance, has recommended in 2008 a capital call from the County of \$360,115 payable in two installments. The first installment of \$180,057 was paid on May 22, 2008, by the County, and the second half installment of \$180,058 is due no later than November 25, 2008.

## 6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

#### A. <u>Construction Commitments</u>

The government has active construction projects as of December 31, 2007. The projects include the following (amounts in thousands):

	Tota	l Contract	Spent-to-Date Commitmer				Funding
Governmental Activities	<i>•</i>	<b>7</b> 40	<i>.</i>	1.52	<i>.</i>		
Jail construction - Phase 1	\$	548	\$	463	\$	85	Bonds repaid with tax levy
Jail construction - Phase 2		3,648		399		3,249	Bonds repaid with tax levy

## B. <u>Contingent Liabilities</u>

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

# 6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

## C. Joint Ventures

## Family Services Collaborative

The Wabasha County Family Services Collaborative was established in 1999 under the authority of Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 124D.23. The Collaborative includes Wabasha County and numerous other human services-related agencies serving Wabasha County residents. The governing board consists of seven members of which four represent the legally required participants of a collaborative (a school district, the county, public health, and a community action agency). The purpose of the Collaborative is to provide a coordinated approach to support and nurture individuals and families through prevention and intervention so as to ensure success of every child.

Control of the Collaborative is vested in a Board of Directors. Wabasha County Social Services acts as fiscal agent for the Collaborative. The Collaborative is financed by state grants and appropriations from participating members. During 2007, Wabasha County did not provide any funding. Any withdrawing party remains liable for fiscal obligations incurred prior to the effective date of withdrawal and shall not be entitled to any compensation as long as the Collaborative continues in existence. Should the Collaborative cease to exist, all property, real and personal, at the time of the termination shall be distributed by the Wabasha County Family Services Collaborative Board of Directors.

Currently, the Collaborative does not prepare complete financial statements. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Sarah Farkas, Coordinator, Wabasha County Family Services Collaborative.

## South Country Health Alliance

The South Country Health Alliance (SCHA) was created by a joint powers agreement between Brown, Dodge, Freeborn, Goodhue, Kanabec, Mower, Sibley, Steele, Wabasha, and Waseca Counties on July 24, 1998, under Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Mower County has since withdrawn. In 2007, Cass, Crow Wing, Morrison, Todd, and Wadena Counties joined in the joint venture. The agreement was in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 256B.692, which allows the formation of a Board of Directors to operate, control, and manage all matters concerning the participating counties' health care functions, referred to as county-based purchasing.

## 6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

## C. Joint Ventures

## South Country Health Alliance (Continued)

The purpose of the SCHA is to improve the social and health outcomes of its clients and all citizens of its member counties by better coordinating social service, public health and medical services, and promoting the achievement of public health goals. The SCHA is authorized to provide prepaid comprehensive health maintenance services to persons enrolled under Medicaid and General Assistance Medical Care in each of the member counties.

Each member county has an explicit and measurable right to its share of the total capital surplus of the SCHA. Gains and losses are allocated annually to all members based on the percentage of their utilization. The County's equity interest in the SCHA at December 31, 2007, was \$343,147. The equity interest is reported as an investment in joint venture on the government-wide statement of net assets. Changes in equity are included in the government-wide statement of activities as Human Services.

Complete financial statements for the SCHA may be obtained from its fiscal agent at 630 Florence Avenue, P. O. Box 890, Owatonna, Minnesota 55060-0890.

## D. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Wabasha County, in conjunction with other governmental entities and various private organizations, formed the jointly-governed organizations listed below:

## Southeastern Minnesota Multi-County Housing Redevelopment Authority

The Southeastern Minnesota Multi-County Housing Redevelopment Authority (HRA) provides housing and redevelopment services for several counties. During 2007, Wabasha County paid \$224,411 to the HRA.

## Minnesota Computer Cooperative

The Minnesota Computer Cooperative provides computer programming service to several counties. During 2007, the County paid \$77,896 for dues, membership, and services.

## 6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

## D. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

## Southeast Services Cooperative

The Southeast Services Cooperative provides employee insurance programs. During 2007, the County paid \$5,164 to the Cooperative.

#### Southeast Minnesota Recyclers' Exchange

The Southeast Minnesota Recyclers' Exchange (SEMREX) provides recycling services to several counties. During 2007, the County made no payment to SEMREX.

## Southeast Minnesota Water Quality Board

The Southeast Minnesota Water Quality Board provides regional water quality services to several counties. During 2007, Wabasha County paid \$3,300 to the Board.

#### Southeast Minnesota Emergency Management Services

The Southeast Minnesota Emergency Management Services (EMS) provides various health services to several counties. During 2007, Wabasha County made no payments to the EMS.

## South Central Narcotics Task Force

The South Central Narcotics Task Force provides specialized law enforcement services to several counties. During 2007, Wabasha County paid \$5,000 to the Task Force.

## Southeastern Minnesota Library

The Southeastern Minnesota Library provides library services to several counties. During 2007, Wabasha County paid \$134,000 to the Library.

## Whitewater Watershed Project

The Whitewater Watershed Project provides services to three counties and three soil and water conservation districts. During 2007, Wabasha County paid \$3,886 to the Project.

## 6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

## D. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

## **Three Rivers Community Action**

The Three Rivers Community Action provides various programs to several counties. During 2007, Wabasha County made no payments to Three Rivers.

## Workforce Development, Inc.

The Workforce Development, Inc., provides various job training services to several counties. During 2007, the County paid \$114,065 to this organization.

#### E. <u>Related Organization</u>

Wabasha County appoints Board members to the Bear Valley Watershed. The County has no other control over this Board. During 2007, the County paid \$3,941 to the Bear Valley Watershed.

## 7. Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District - Component Unit

## A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Although the Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District has the option to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989, it has chosen not to do so.

## Reporting Entity

The Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District is governed by a five-member Board of Directors who are appointed jointly by the County Board and the Township Board. Because of the significance of its financial relationship, Wabasha County considers this entity a major component unit.

#### Basis of Presentation

The District is accounted for as an enterprise fund/business-type activity. The District does not prepare separate financial statements.

# 7. <u>Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District - Component Unit</u>

## A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The District is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

Operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the District. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

#### Cash and Pooled Investments

All cash of the District is on deposit with Wabasha County and included within its pooled cash and investments. The County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, the District's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because it can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

#### Receivables

No allowance has been made for uncollectible accounts.

## Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the District are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

## 7. <u>Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District - Component Unit</u>

## A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

## Capital Assets

All purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost. All donated capital assets are valued at fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the balance sheet. Depreciation has been provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful life of the sewer lines is 40 years.

## Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue is made up of prepaid sewer usage fees.

## B. Detailed Notes - Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

## Capital Assets

Component unit capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance	
Infrastructure - sewer lines Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,366,978 (145,241)	\$ - (34,175)	\$ - -	\$ 1,366,978 (179,416)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,221,737	\$ (34,175)	\$ -	\$ 1,187,562	

Depreciation expense of \$34,175 was charged to sewer operations.

## 7. Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District - Component Unit (Continued)

# C. Liabilities

## 1. Long-Term Debt

Reads Landing Water and Sanitary District issued General Obligation Sewer Revenue Bonds in 2004.

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Principal Installment Amounts	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2007	
General obligation bonds	2043	\$972 - \$5,166	4375	\$ 101,000	\$ 96,848	3

# 2. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2007, were as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds							
December 31	Principal	Interest						
2008	\$ 1,154	\$ 4,237						
2009	1,204	4,187						
2010	1,257	4,134						
2011	1,312	4,079						
2012	1,370	4,021						
2013 - 2017	7,801	19,155						
2018 - 2022	9,664	17,292						
2023 - 2027	11,971	14,985						
2028 - 2032	14,828	12,127						
2033 - 2037	18,367	8,586						
2038 - 2042	22,754	4,202						
2043	5,166	226						
Total	\$ 96,848	\$ 97,231						

## 3. <u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

	ginning alance	Ad	Additions Red		EndingReductionsBalance		Due Within One Year	
General obligation bonds	\$ 97,954	\$	-	\$	1,106	\$	96,848	\$ 1,154

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

<u>Schedule 1</u>

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Budgeted	l Amou	unts	Actual	Variance with	
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 5,547,580	\$	5,547,580	\$ 5,626,807	\$	79,227
Licenses and permits	165,690		165,690	157,951		(7,739)
Intergovernmental	2,176,635		2,176,635	2,279,176		102,541
Charges for services	624,005		624,005	683,273		59,268
Fines and forfeits	7,250		7,250	15,101		7,851
Gifts and contributions	17,581		23,581	29,505		5,924
Investment earnings	330,000		330,000	555,507		225,507
Miscellaneous	 169,575		169,575	 179,264		9,689
Total Revenues	\$ 9,038,316	\$	9,044,316	\$ 9,526,584	\$	482,268
Expenditures						
Current						
General government						
Commissioners	\$ 215,981	\$	215,981	\$ 188,080	\$	27,901
Courts	28,500		28,500	39,297		(10,797)
Other courts	100,000		100,000	58,988		41,012
County administrator	386,264		386,264	347,154		39,110
County auditor-treasurer	267,807		267,807	248,039		19,768
County assessor	351,195		351,195	341,296		9,899
Elections	6,285		6,285	13,396		(7,111)
Data processing	294,274		294,274	285,688		8,586
Attorney	450,625		450,625	386,691		63,934
Law library	22,100		22,100	24,514		(2,414)
Recorder	319,861		319,861	340,752		(20,891)
Surveyor	30,000		30,000	30,000		-
Planning and zoning	269,211		269,211	247,558		21,653
Geographic information systems (GIS)	89,737		89,737	67,156		22,581
Buildings and plant	612,045		612,045	440,485		171,560
Veterans service officer	149,788		149,788	122,453		27,335
Other general government	 356,937		356,937	 312,680		44,257
Total general government	\$ 3,950,610	\$	3,950,610	\$ 3,494,227	\$	456,383
Public safety						
Sheriff	\$ 1,691,121	\$	1,691,121	\$ 1,710,268	\$	(19,147)
Boat and water safety	16,882		16,882	21,885		(5,003)
Emergency services	54,317		54,317	56,688		(2,371)
Coroner	19,273		19,273	40,694		(21,421)
E-911 system	410,000		410,000	83,550		326,450
County jail	1,446,983		1,446,983	1,223,330		223,653
Community corrections	 527,589		527,589	 470,138		57,451
Total public safety	\$ 4,166,165	\$	4,166,165	\$ 3,606,553	\$	559,612

The notes to the required supplmentary information are an integral part of this schedule.

<u>Schedule 1</u> (Continued)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		Actual		Variance with			
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Expenditures								
Current (Continued)								
Highways and streets								
Equipment maintenance and shops	\$	-	\$	-	\$	97,981	\$	(97,981)
Sanitation								
Hazardous waste	\$	33,776	\$	33,776	\$	31,615	\$	2,161
SCORE		88,134		88,134		82,230		5,904
Environmental services		116,672		116,672		116,020		652
Total sanitation	\$	238,582	\$	238,582	\$	229,865	\$	8,717
Culture and recreation								
Historical society	\$	5,811	\$	5,811	\$	5,811	\$	-
Snowmobile		85,600		85,600		105,060		(19,460
Senior citizens		1,200		1,200		1,200		-
County/regional library		134,000		134,000		134,000		-
Total culture and recreation	\$	226,611	<u></u>	226,611	\$	246,071	\$	(19,460)
Conservation of natural resources								
County extension	\$	115,985	\$	121,985	\$	123,607	\$	(1,622
Soil and water conservation		144,331		144,331		154,767		(10,436
Agricultural inspections		900		900		107		793
Agricultural society/County fair		21,012		21,012		21,152		(140
Predator control		5,000		5,000		10,733		(5,733
Water planning		24,058		24,058		24,058		-
Wetland challenge		13,806		13,806		22,437		(8,631
Environmental services		-		-		12,215		(12,215
Other		17,821		17,821		9,245		8,576
Total conservation of natural	<b>.</b>	242.012	¢	240.042	¢	250 221	<i>•</i>	(20,400
resources	\$	342,913	\$	348,913	\$	378,321	\$	(29,408
Economic development	<b>^</b>		<b>^</b>		<b>•</b>		<u>^</u>	
Housing development Tourism	\$	113,461 2,908	\$	113,461 2,908	\$	224,093 2,908	\$	(110,632
Total economic development	\$	116,369	\$	116,369	\$	227,001	\$	(110,632
Debt service								
Principal	\$	11,908	\$	11,908	\$	11,921	\$	(13
Interest	Ψ	1,028	Ψ	1,028	Ψ	1,015	Ψ	13
Total debt service	\$	12,936	\$	12,936	\$	12,936	\$	-
Total Expenditures	\$	9,054,186	\$	9,060,186	\$	8,292,955	\$	767,231

The notes to the required supplmentary information are an integral part of this schedule.

<u>Schedule 1</u> (Continued)

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	\$	(15,870)	\$	(15,870)	\$	1,233,629	\$	1,249,499	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	129,044	\$	129,044	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		17,532		17,532	
Total Other Financing Sources									
(Uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	146,576	\$	146,576	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(15,870)	\$	(15,870)	\$	1,380,205	\$	1,396,075	
Fund Balance - January 1		6,051,490		6,051,490		6,051,490			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	6,035,620	\$	6,035,620	\$	7,431,695	\$	1,396,075	

Schedule 2

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>		Actual		Variance with	
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	F	inal Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 1,192,837	\$	1,192,837	\$ 1,178,394	\$	(14,443)
Intergovernmental	4,088,837		4,088,837	4,816,134		727,297
Charges for services	1,800		1,800	75,396		73,596
Miscellaneous	 11,400		11,400	 38,987		27,587
Total Revenues	\$ 5,294,874	\$	5,294,874	\$ 6,108,911	\$	814,037
Expenditures						
Current						
Highways and streets						
Administration	\$ 356,574	\$	356,574	\$ 312,343	\$	44,231
Engineering	483,638		483,638	461,678		21,960
Maintenance	1,478,208		1,478,208	1,379,734		98,474
Construction	2,189,000		2,189,000	3,232,762		(1,043,762)
Equipment maintenance and shop	 747,465		747,465	 616,992		130,473
Total highways and streets	\$ 5,254,885	\$	5,254,885	\$ 6,003,509	\$	(748,624)
Debt service						
Principal	\$ 36,831	\$	36,831	\$ 36,831	\$	-
Interest	 3,158		3,158	 3,158		-
Total debt service	\$ 39,989	\$	39,989	\$ 39,989	\$	
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,294,874	\$	5,294,874	\$ 6,043,498	\$	(748,624)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 65,413	\$	65,413
Fund Balance - January 1	1,101,638		1,101,638	1,101,638		-
Increase (decrease) in reserved for inventories	 -		-	 (45,334)		(45,334)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 1,101,638	\$	1,101,638	\$ 1,121,717	\$	20,079

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

Schedule 3

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOCIAL SERVICE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		Budgetee	l Amo	ints		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	1,295,921	\$	1,295,921	\$	1,280,255	\$	(15,666)	
Licenses and permits		11,000		11,000		12,565		1,565	
Intergovernmental		2,370,164		2,370,164		2,546,901		176,737	
Charges for services		357,589		357,589		600,373		242,784	
Investment earnings		-		-		33,918		33,918	
Miscellaneous		267,240		267,240		75,779		(191,461)	
Total Revenues	\$	4,301,914	\$	4,301,914	\$	4,549,791	\$	247,877	
Expenditures									
Current									
Human services									
Income maintenance	\$	910,890	\$	910,890	\$	778,672	\$	132,218	
Social services		3,391,024		3,391,024		3,020,799		370,225	
Total Expenditures	\$	4,301,914	\$	4,301,914	\$	3,799,471	\$	502,443	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)	¢		¢		¢	550 220	¢	750 220	
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	750,320	\$	750,320	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		-		-		(38,088)		(38,088)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	712,232	\$	712,232	
Fund Balance - January 1		2,021,278		2,021,278		2,021,278			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	2,021,278	\$	2,021,278	\$	2,733,510	\$	712,232	

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this schedule.

# NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

## **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds, except for the capital projects fund and the debt service fund, which are not budgeted. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before mid-July of each year, all departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations to the County Administrator so that a budget can be prepared. Before September 15, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. During the year, the Board did not make supplemental budgetary appropriations.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund expenditures of \$6,043,498 exceeded the final budget of \$5,294,874 by \$748,624.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (purchase orders and contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reapportioned and honored during the subsequent year.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The <u>Regional Railroad Fund</u> accounts for the operations of the Railroad Authority, which is a component unit of the County.

The <u>Public Health Fund</u> accounts for the financial activities relating to nursing services and health education.

Statement 1

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2007

		Total Nonmajor Governmental				
		Special Re Regional Railroad	 Public Health	Funds (Exhibit 3)		
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	51,698	\$ 613,444	\$	665,142	
Taxes receivable						
Prior		-	5,798		5,798	
Accounts receivable		-	28,448		28,448	
Due from other governments		-	 145,625		145,625	
Total Assets	\$	51,698	\$ 793,315	\$	845,013	
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 3,576	\$	3,576	
Salaries payable		-	66,302		66,302	
Due to other governments		-	225		225	
Deferred revenue - unavailable		-	 17,468		17,468	
Total Liabilities	\$		\$ 87,571	\$	87,571	
Fund Balances						
Reserved for health	\$	-	\$ 30,243	\$	30,243	
Unreserved						
Designated for cash flows		-	159,000		159,000	
Designated for compensated absences		-	119,934		119,934	
Undesignated		51,698	 396,567		448,265	
Total Fund Balances	\$	51,698	\$ 705,744	\$	757,442	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	51,698	\$ 793,315	\$	845,013	

Statement 2

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		Total Nonmajor Governmental					
		Special Re Regional Railroad		Public Health	Funds (Exhibit 5)		
Revenues	¢		¢	252 550	¢	252 550	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	253,759	\$	253,759	
Licenses and permits		-		360 786,587		360 786,587	
Intergovernmental Charges for services		-		780,387 348,339		786,387 348,339	
Gifts and contributions		- 7,800		2,539		10,339	
Miscellaneous		1,582		2,539		1,822	
Wischaldous		1,362		240		1,022	
Total Revenues	\$	9,382	\$	1,391,824	\$	1,401,206	
Expenditures							
Current							
Health	\$	-	\$	1,435,182	\$	1,435,182	
Culture and recreation		1,453		-		1,453	
Debt service							
Principal		7,158		-		7,158	
Interest		840		-		840	
Total Expenditures	\$	9,451	\$	1,435,182	\$	1,444,633	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	(69)	\$	(43,358)	\$	(43,427)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	31,888	\$	31,888	
Proceeds from sale of assets		133		-		133	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	133	\$	31,888	\$	32,021	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	64	\$	(11,470)	\$	(11,406)	
Fund Balance - January 1		51,634		717,214		768,848	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	51,698	\$	705,744	\$	757,442	

Schedule 4

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE REGIONAL RAILROAD SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	(	Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Gifts and contributions	\$	8,169	\$	8,169	\$	7,800	\$	(369)
Miscellaneous		1,329		1,329		1,582		253
Total Revenues	\$	9,498	\$	9,498	\$	9,382	\$	(116)
Expenditures								
Current								
Culture and recreation								
Trails	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	1,453	\$	47
Debt service								
Principal		7,158		7,158		7,158		-
Interest		840		840		840		-
Total Expenditures	\$	9,498	\$	9,498	\$	9,451	\$	47
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(69)	\$	(69)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		133		133
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64	\$	64
Fund Balance - January 1		51,634		51,634		51,634		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	51,634	\$	51,634	\$	51,698	\$	64

<u>Schedule 5</u>

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC HEALTH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	 Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
	 Original	_	Final	 Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 256,798	\$	256,798	\$ 253,759	\$	(3,039)	
Licenses and permits	300		300	360		60	
Intergovernmental	316,142		316,142	786,587		470,445	
Charges for services	795,043		795,043	348,339		(446,704)	
Gifts and contributions	-		-	2,539		2,539	
Miscellaneous	 102,852		102,852	 240		(102,612)	
Total Revenues	\$ 1,471,135	\$	1,471,135	\$ 1,391,824	\$	(79,311)	
Expenditures							
Current health							
Nursing service	\$ 745,402	\$	745,402	\$ 725,330	\$	20,072	
Family health	208,639		208,639	167,427		41,212	
Disease prevention	40,823		40,823	44,597		(3,774)	
Health education	57,461		57,461	32,226		25,235	
Community health services	 418,810		418,810	 465,602		(46,792)	
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,471,135	\$	1,471,135	\$ 1,435,182	\$	35,953	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (43,358)	\$	(43,358)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	 -		-	 31,888		31,888	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (11,470)	\$	(11,470)	
Fund Balance - January 1	 717,214		717,214	 717,214		-	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 717,214	\$	717,214	\$ 705,744	\$	(11,470)	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

# AGENCY FUNDS

The <u>Revolving Fund</u> accounts for the transfer of funds through various local governments and the state.

The <u>Family Service Collaborative Fund</u> accounts for funds received and expended by the Family Service Collaborative.

The <u>Pre-Tax Fund</u> accounts for collections that will be paid to the Southeast Service Cooperative.

The <u>Taxes and Penalties Fund</u> accounts for all taxes and penalties collected and distribution of the taxes collected.

Statement 3

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
<u>REVOLVING</u>								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	73,707	\$	765,441	\$	788,888	\$	50,260
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	73,707	\$	765,441	\$	788,888	\$	50,260
FAMILY SERVICE COLLABORATIV	E							
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	795,408	\$	142,600	\$	330,068	\$	607,940
Liabilities								

# PRE-TAX

Due to other governments

<u>Assets</u> Cash and pooled investments	\$ 121,479	\$ 1,464,477	\$ 1,455,966	\$ 129,990
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other governments	\$ 121,479	\$ 1,464,477	\$ 1,455,966	\$ 129,990

795,408 \$

142,600 \$

\$

607,940

330,068 \$

<u>Statement 3</u> (Continued)

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	 Balance January 1	Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
TAXES AND PENALTIES							
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 212,705	\$	20,746,130	\$	20,712,367	\$	246,468
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 22,914 - 189,791	\$	25,738 8,481,041 12,189,325	\$	22,914 8,481,041 12,158,386	\$	25,738 - 220,730
Total Liabilities	\$ 212,705	\$	20,696,104	\$	20,662,341	\$	246,468

#### TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS

Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,203,299	\$ 23,118,648	\$ 23,287,289	\$ 1,034,658
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 22,914 - 1,180,385	\$ 25,738 8,481,041 14,561,843	\$ 22,914 8,481,041 14,733,308	\$ 25,738 - 1,008,920
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,203,299	\$ 23,068,622	\$ 23,237,263	\$ 1,034,658

**COMPONENT UNIT**
#### <u>Schedule 6</u>

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS READS LANDING WATER AND SANITARY DISTRICT COMPONENT UNIT DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### Assets

Current assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	11,842
Special assessments receivable		
Current		5,108
Accounts receivable		5,504
Total current assets	\$	22,454
Restricted assets		
Cash and pooled investments		2,048
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets		
Depreciable - net		1,187,562
Total Assets	<u></u> \$	1,212,064
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	148
Due to other governments		3,464
Deferred revenue - unearned		207
Revenue bonds payable - current		1,154
Total current liabilities	\$	4,973
Noncurrent liabilities		
Revenue bonds payable - long-term		95,694
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	100,667
<u>Net Assets</u>		
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$	1,090,714
Restricted for		
Equipment replacement		2,048
Debt service		14,911
Unrestricted		3,724
Total Net Assets	\$	1,111,397

#### <u>Schedule 7</u>

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS READS LANDING WATER AND SANITARY DISTRICT COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$	46,753
Special assessments		3,889
Total Operating Revenues	\$	50,642
Operating Expenses		
Professional services	\$	193
Contracted services		41,638
Machinery and equipment, repair, and maintenance		66
Other services and charges		58
Telephone		391
Utilities		1,124
Insurance		1,640
Depreciation		34,175
Total Expenditures	\$	79,285
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(28,643)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income	\$	92
Interest expense		(4,285)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$</u>	(4,193)
Change in Net Assets	\$	(32,836)
Net Assets - January 1		1,144,233
Net Assets - December 31	<u>\$</u>	1,111,397

<u>Schedule 8</u>

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS READS LANDING WATER AND SANITARY DISTRICT COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Receipts from customers and users \$ 49,210   Payments to suppliers \$ 49,210   Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ 4,152   Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (1,106)   Interest paid on long-term debt \$ (1,285)   Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities \$ (1,285)   Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities \$ (1,107)   Cash Flows from Investing Activities \$ (1,147)   Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1 15,037 Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1 15,037   Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31 \$ 11,842 13,890   Cash and Cash Equivalents - Schedule 6 \$ 11,842 2,048   Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 13,890 \$ 13,890   Restricted cash and pooled investments \$ 13,890 \$ 13,890   Resconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash \$ 13,890 \$ 13,890   Resconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash \$ 13,890 \$ 13,890 \$ <th>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</th> <th></th> <th></th>	Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities \$ 4,152   Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (1,106)   Principal paid on long-term debt \$ (1,285)   Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities \$ (5,291)   Cash Flows from Investing Activities \$ (5,291)   Cash Flows from Investing Activities \$ (1,147)   Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1 15,037   Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31 \$ 13,890   Cash and Cash Equivalents - Schedule 6 \$ (2,643)   Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (1,650)   Provided by (used in) Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash \$ (28,643)   Adjustments to reconcile operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash \$ (1,650)   Provided by (used in) operating activities \$ (1,650)   Depreciation expense \$ 3,4,175   (Increase) decrease in accounts provide 207   Total adjustments 207   Total adjustments \$ 3,2,795	Receipts from customers and users	\$	49,210
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities \$ (1.106)   Principal paid on long-term debt \$ (1.285)   Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities \$ (5.291)   Cash Flows from Investing Activities \$ (5.291)   Investment earnings received \$ 92   Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (1.147)   Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1 15.037   Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1 \$ 13.890   Cash and Cash Equivalents - Schedule 6 \$ 2.048   Cash and Cash Equivalents - Schedule 6 \$ 2.048   Cash and Cash Equivalents - Schedule 6 \$ 2.048   Total Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 11.842   Total Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 13.890   Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash \$ 2.048   Provided by (Used in) Operating activities \$ 34,175   Operating Income (loss) to net cash \$ 34,175   Provided by (used in) operating activities \$ 34,175   Depreciation expense \$ 34,175   Increase (decrease) in accounts precivable 17   Increase (decrease) in accounts precivable 17   Increase (decrease) in accounts precivable	Payments to suppliers		(45,058)
Principal paid on long-term debt \$ (1,106)   Interest paid on long-term debt \$ (4,285)   Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities \$ (5,391)   Cash Flows from Investing Activities \$ (5,391)   Investment earnings received \$ 92   Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (1,147)   Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1 15,037   Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31 \$ 13,890   Cash and Cash Equivalents - Schedule 6 \$ 2,048   Cash and pooled investments \$ 11,842   Restricted cash and pooled investments \$ 11,842   Restricted cash and pooled investments \$ 13,890   Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash \$ 13,890   Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash \$ 13,890   Reconciliation of Operating activities \$ 34,175   Operating income (Loss) to Net Cash \$ 34,175   Provided by (used in) operating activities \$ 34,175   Operating income (loss) to net cash \$ 34,175   Provided by (used in operating activities \$ 34,175   Depreciation expense \$ 34,175   (Increase) decrease in special assessments receivab	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	4,152
Interest paid on long-term debt (4,285)   Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities \$ (5,391)   Cash Flows from Investing Activities \$ (1,147)   Investment earnings received \$ 92   Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ (1,147)   Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1 15,037   Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31 \$ 13,890   Cash and Cash Equivalents - Schedule 6 \$ 11,842   Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 11,842   Restricted cash and pooled investments \$ 13,890   Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash \$ 13,890   Provided by (Used in) Operating activities \$ 34,175   Operating neome (Loss) to Net Cash \$ 34,175   Provided by (Used in) Operating activities \$ 34,175   Operating neome (Loss) to net cash 17   Provided by (used in operating activities 29   Operciation expense \$ 34,175   (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 17   (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 17   (Increase) decrease in uncand revenue 23   (Increase) decrease in uncand revenue 207	Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
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Investment earnings received\$92Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents\$(1,147)Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 115,037Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31\$13,890Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31\$13,890Cash and pooled investments\$11,842Restricted cash and pooled investments\$11,842Restricted cash and pooled investments\$13,890Total Cash Equivalents\$13,890Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation expense\$Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation expense\$Operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation expense\$Increase) decrease in special assessments receivable (Increase) decrease in accounts payable (Increase) decrease in accounts payable (Increase) decrease in unearned revenue23Increase ) decrease in unearned revenue207Total adjustments\$32,795	Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$	(5,391)
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Cash and pooled investments\$ 11,842 2,048Restricted cash and pooled investments\$ 2,048Total Cash and Cash Equivalents\$ 13,890Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating income (loss)\$ (28,643)Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation expense\$ 34,175 (Increase) decrease in special assessments receivable (1,656) 1ncrease (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) decrease in due to other governments (Increase) decrease in unearned revenue\$ 32,795Total adjustments\$ 32,795	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Schedule 6		
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Depreciation expense\$ 34,175(Increase) decrease in special assessments receivable(1,656)Increase (decrease) in accounts receivable17(Increase) decrease in accounts payable29(Increase) decrease in due to other governments23(Increase) decrease in unearned revenue207Total adjustments\$ 32,795	Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash		
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Total adjustments \$ 32,795			
	(Increase) decrease in unearned revenue		207
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities\$ 4,152	Total adjustments	\$	32,795
	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	4,152

**OTHER SCHEDULE** 

# Schedule 9

#### SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Shared Revenue		
State		
Highway users tax	\$	4,468,823
PERA rate reimbursement		22,637
Disparity reduction aid		18,932
Police aid		84,655
County program aid		969,882
Market value credit		960,479
Enhanced 911		98,331
Specialty court development funds		13,283
Total Shared Revenue	\$	6,637,022
Reimbursement for Services		
Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$	1,008,473
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$	175,818
Tayments in Lieu of Taxes	φ	175,010
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department of		
Corrections	\$	169,742
Public Safety		58,323
Health		97,282
Natural Resources		119,507
Human Services		1,295,591
Veterans Services		2,816
Water and Soil Resources Board		108,622
Pollution Control Agency		55,966
Peace Officer Standards and Training Board		7,236
Total State	\$	1,915,085
Federal		
Department of		
Agriculture	\$	84,632
Justice		68,626
Transportation		3,373
Health and Human Services		470,283
Homeland Security		58,220
Environmental Protection Agency		3,594
Election Assistance Commission		3,672
Total Federal	\$	692,400
Total State and Federal Grants	\$	2,607,485
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	10,428,798

Management and Compliance Section

<u>Schedule 10</u>

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

# I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- A. Our report expresses unqualified opinions on the basic financial statements of Wabasha County.
- B. Deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of financial statements of Wabasha County and are reported in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards.*" None were material weaknesses.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Wabasha County were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No matters involving internal control over compliance relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133."
- E. The Auditor's Report on Compliance for the major federal award programs for Wabasha County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- F. No findings were disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- G. The major programs are:

Child Care and Development Cluster	
Child Care Development Block Grant	CFDA #93.575
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds	CFDA #93.596
Social Service Block Grant	CFDA #93.667

- H. The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. Wabasha County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

# II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

## **INTERNAL CONTROL**

# PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

## 06-2 <u>Private Data</u>

Wabasha County is using a disk to communicate private payroll information from the Paymate Payroll System to First State Bank of Wabasha. This disk is brought to First State Bank of Wabasha without first encrypting the data.

We recommend when private data are transferred via a disk, the data be encrypted or password protected in case of loss or theft.

## Client's Response:

The County is working with First State Bank of Wabasha to send the information using Zix software.

# ITEMS ARISING THIS YEAR

# 07-1 Adding New Vendors to the Integrated Financial System

The employee who performs disbursement procedures has the ability to enter new vendors into the Integrated Financial System. This employee enters disbursements, prints warrants, and mails warrants. New vendors added to the Integrated Financial System are not reviewed by an individual independent from the disbursement process.

We recommend an employee independent of the disbursing process be assigned the responsibility for adding new vendors or an employee independent of the disbursing process review new vendors added to the Integrated Financial System. Unusual new vendors should be investigated. This review should also be documented.

## Client's Response:

A review by the Finance Director has been put in place. The review will be documented.

#### 07-2 Disbursement Internal Controls

While reviewing internal controls over the disbursement system, we noted the following control deficiencies:

- payments are not made within a timely manner from the date of service or date received in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 471.425;
- invoices do not contain evidence of authorized signer's approval; and
- voided warrants do not indicate the reason for voiding and the initials of the individual voiding the warrant.

To improve internal control over the disbursement system, we recommend that invoices be paid in a timely manner in accordance with legal requirements and authorized designee approval is present on the voucher or invoice prior to payment. Voided warrants should include the reason for voiding and the initials of the employee.

#### Client's Response:

It is the County's procedure to pay invoices in a timely manner and to make sure proper authorization has been obtained prior to making the payment. Items found during the audit were reviewed with appropriate personnel and procedures reviewed to avoid future issues. The reason for voiding warrants will be documented on the warrant and the internal financial adjustment form along with the employee's initials.

#### 07-3 Payroll Segregation of Duties

The Payroll Clerk, Finance Director, Finance Assistant, and two Auditor/Treasurer employees have access to make changes, such as adding new employees and changing pay rates, on the ACS Paymate System. Changes made to the ACS Paymate System are not reviewed by an individual independent of the payroll process.

We recommend the County limit access to the ACS Paymate System to individuals who are involved in payroll processing and payroll changes. Currently, the Paymate System does not allow view-only access or access to only limited functions. We recommend the County work with the ACS Paymate System vendor to allow view-only access or limit function access to the ACS Paymate System. If this is not possible, we recommend changes to the ACS Paymate System be printed and reviewed by someone without access to the ACS Paymate System. This review should be documented.

#### Client's Response:

The County has contacted ACS and is working on limiting access to Paymate functions in order to better control what each person can do on the system. The person reviewing the changes will only have inquiry access to Paymate.

#### PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

## **Investment Oversight (06-1)**

The Wabasha County Finance Director purchases investments for the County. Investments are not reviewed or approved by an individual independent of the investment purchasing process.

#### Resolution

The Board of Commissioners receives a quarterly Finance Report which lists the investments and CDs held currently and previously. The Board of Commissioners reviews the investments for legality and appropriateness.

## III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.

# IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

## MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

## PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

#### 96-10 Disaster Recovery Plan

While reviewing the Data Processing Department, we noted Wabasha County has a data processing disaster recovery agreement with Goodhue County but has no disaster recovery plan to ensure continued operation if a disaster or major computer breakdown were to occur. A disaster recovery plan would give greater assurance that the County is prepared for a disaster or major computer breakdown. The County needs to provide for the continuance of several important applications processed by its computer system, including the preparation of payroll, the calculation of tax assessments and settlements, and the recording of receipts and disbursements.

A disaster recovery plan should include, but not be limited to, the following:

- a list of key personnel, including the actual recovery team, who should be available during the recovery process;
- a description of the responsibilities of each member of the recovery team and of all other County employees;
- a plan as to how the County will continue operations until normal operations are re-established;
- a list of materials the County needs to continue operations and how they will be obtained;
- identification of the space to be used; and
- a schedule for developing and periodically reviewing and updating the plan.

We recommend the County develop, implement, and test the disaster recovery plan. All County employees should be familiar with the plan.

## PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

## **Credit Card Policy (06-3)**

Wabasha County was not following the credit card policy adopted by the Board.

#### Resolution

We did not find any instances of noncompliance with the credit card policy for 2007.

## V. OTHER ITEM FOR CONSIDERATION

#### Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which governs employer accounting and financial reporting for OPEB. These standards, similar to what GASB Statement 27 did for government employee

pension benefits and plans, provides the accounting and reporting standards for the various other postemployment benefits many local governments offer to their employees. OPEB can include many different benefits offered to retirees such as health, dental, life, and long-term care insurance coverage.

If retirees are included in an insurance plan and pay a rate similar to that paid for younger active employees, this implicit subsidy is considered OPEB. In fact, local governments may be required to continue medical insurance coverage pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. This benefit is common when accumulated sick leave is used to pay for retiree medical insurance. Under the GASB statement, accounting for OPEB is now similar to the accounting used by governments for pension plans.

This year the legislature enacted a new law, Minn. Stat. § 471.6175, intended to help local governments address their OPEB liability in at least three important ways:

- it allows governments to create both irrevocable and revocable OPEB trusts;
- it authorizes the use of a different list of permissible investments for both irrevocable and revocable OPEB trusts; and
- it also permits governments to invest OPEB trust assets with the State Board of Investment, bank trust departments, and certain insurance companies.

Some of the issues that the Wabasha County Board will need to address in order to comply with the statement are:

- determine if employees are provided OPEB;
- if OPEB are being provided, the Wabasha County Board will have to determine whether it will advance fund the benefits or pay for them on a pay-as-you-go basis;
- if OPEB are being provided, and the Wabasha County Board determines that the establishment of a trust is desirable in order to fund the OPEB, the Wabasha County Board will have to comply with the new legislation enacted authorizing the creation of an OPEB trust and establishing an applicable investment standard;

- if an OPEB trust will be established, the Wabasha County will have to decide whether to establish an irrevocable or a revocable trust, and report that trust appropriately in the financial statements; and
- in order to determine annual costs and liabilities that need to be recognized, the Wabasha County Board will have to decide whether to hire an actuary.

GASB Statement 45 would be applicable to Wabasha County for the year ended December 31, 2008.

# **OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS**



**STATE OF MINNESOTA** OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

> SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Wabasha County

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wabasha County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated August 18, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Wabasha County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control. We considered the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 06-2 and 07-1 through 07-3 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Wabasha County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

## Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Wabasha County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our study included all of the listed categories.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, Wabasha County complied with the material terms and conditions.

Also included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs is a management practices comment and an other item for consideration. We believe these recommendations and information to be of benefit to Wabasha County, and they are reported for that purpose.

Wabasha County's written responses to the significant deficiencies and management practices findings identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management, others within Wabasha County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

August 18, 2008



**STATE OF MINNESOTA** OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of County Commissioners Wabasha County

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Wabasha County with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2007. Wabasha County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Wabasha County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

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In our opinion, Wabasha County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2007.

## Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Wabasha County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by Wabasha County's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Wabasha County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated August 18, 2008. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Wabasha County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic

financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management and others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

August 18, 2008

Schedule 11

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA		
Grant Program Title	Number	Exp	oenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	\$	82,383
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services State Administrative Matching Grants for Food Stamp Program	10.561		2,249
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$	84,632
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	\$	6,256
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738		62,370
Total U.S. Department of Justice		\$	68,626
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	\$	3,373
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed Through Hiawatha Valley Resource Conservation and Development Area			
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460	\$	1,225
Passed Through Southeastern Minnesota Water Resources Board			
Nonpoint Source Implementation Grants	66.460		2,369
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		\$	3,594
U.S. Election Assistance Commission			
Passed Through Minnesota Secretary of State			
Help America Vote Act	90.401	\$	3,672

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

<u>Schedule 11</u> (Continued)

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA		
	-	<b>E</b>	a an ditana a
Grant Program Title	Number	EX	penditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Immunization Grants	93.268	\$	400
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and			
Technical Assistance	93.283		35,672
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558		15,659
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994		24,365
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		8,662
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558		85,936
Child Care and Development Cluster			
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		57,669
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds	93.596		81,669
Child Welfare Services - State Grants	93.645		2,721
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658		19,763
Social Services Block Grant Title XX	93.667		126,122
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		7,568
Block Grant for Community Mental Health Services	93.958		4,077
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$	470,283
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources			
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	\$	19,319
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance Grant	97.036		27,273
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042		11,628
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		\$	58,220
Total Federal Awards		\$	692,400

The notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are an integral part of this schedule.

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

## 1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Wabasha County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

## 2. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The accounting records for grant programs are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, that is, both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.