STATE OF MINNESOTA Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

OTTER TAIL COUNTY FERGUS FALLS, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2010



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota

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Introductory Section

ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2010

Term Expires

Elected			
Commissioners		\mathbf{D}^{\prime} , $\dot{\cdot}$, 1	1 0012
Board Member	Douglas Huebsch	District 1	January 2013
Board Member	Everett P. Erickson	District 2	January 2011
Board Member	John Lindquist	District 3	January 2013
Chair	Roger Froemming	District 4	January 2011
Board Member	Leland Rogness	District 5	January 2013
Attorney	David Hauser		January 2011
Auditor	Wayne Stein		January 2011
Treasurer	Steven Andrews		January 2011
County Recorder	Wendy Metcalf		January 2011
County Sheriff	Brian Schlueter		January 2011
Appointed			
Assessor	Doug Walvatne		Interim*
County Engineer	Richard West		May 2014
Medical Examiner	Dr. Gregory Smith		Indefinite
County Coordinator	Larry Krohn		Indefinite
Veterans Service Officer	Bernard Gamber		Indefinite
Examiner of Titles	Robert Russell		Indefinite
Human Services Board			
Chair	Roger Froemming		January 2011
Vice Chair	John Lindquist		January 2013
Member	Leland Rogness		January 2013
Member	Douglas Heubsch		January 2013
Member	Everett P. Erickson		January 2013
Human Services Director	John Dinsmore		Indefinite
Probation Officer	Charles W. Kitzman		Indefinite
Public Health Director	Diane Thorson		Indefinite
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*In January 2011, appointed as full-time County Assessor through December 31, 2012.

Financial Section



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Otter Tail County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Otter Tail County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Otter Tail County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Otter Tail County as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. In accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Otter Tail County's basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by OMB Circular A-133, listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2011, on our consideration of Otter Tail County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

/s/Rebecca Otto

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 28, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2010 (Unaudited)

INTRODUCTION

Otter Tail County's Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Governmental activities' total net assets are \$132,489,720, of which Otter Tail County has invested \$98,049,010 in capital assets, net of related debt, and \$4,753,409 is restricted to specific purposes/uses.
- Business-type activities have total net assets of \$9,770,598. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represents \$6,789,259 of the total, and \$197,586 of the total business-type net assets is restricted for specific uses (postclosure care costs).
- Otter Tail County's total net assets (governmental activities and business-type activities) total \$142,260,318 for the year ended December 31, 2010. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, represents \$104,838,269 of the total, \$4,950,995 of the total net assets is restricted for specific uses, and \$32,471,054 is unrestricted.
- The net cost of Otter Tail County's governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2010, was \$26,205,149. General property tax revenues and other revenue sources totaling \$32,670,128 funded the total net cost of \$26,205,149.
- Otter Tail County's governmental funds' fund balances increased by \$4,367,389. This increase was the result of a General Fund balance increase of \$133,894, a Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund balance increase of \$1,860,506, a Human Services Special Revenue Fund balance increase of \$1,103,137, a Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund balance increase of \$968,327, and an increase in other governmental funds' fund balances of \$301,525.

- The General Fund balance increased by \$133,894. This increase was due to excess revenues over expenditures of \$844,724; an operating transfer from the Sheriff's Contingent Fund of \$800, plus proceeds from a capital lease with the West Central Minnesota Narcotics Task Force for the purchase of vehicles in the amount of \$57,240. The items noted above were offset by a \$640,115 transfer to the Ethanol Plant Debt Service Fund, which was used to meet the debt service obligation of Otter Tail County's General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds and by a \$128,755 transfer to the Construction Capital Projects Fund to cover project costs in excess of the bond proceeds.
- For the prior year ended December 31, 2009, excess General Fund revenues over expenditures were \$332,932. The \$511,792 increase in excess revenues over expenditures is due mainly to the following: a \$435,740 increase in revenues and a \$76,052 decrease in expenditures. It should be noted that property tax revenues increased by \$1,004,583, revenues from licenses and permits increased by \$40,372, and miscellaneous revenues increased by \$98,681; however, these increased revenues in the General Fund were offset by decreased special assessment revenues of \$8,584, decreased intergovernmental revenues of \$124,693, decreased charges for services revenues of \$410,655, decreased fines and forfeits revenues of \$12,563, decreased gifts and contributions of \$6,365, and decreased interest earnings of \$145,036. General Fund expenditures for public safety-related programs and services increased \$206,430; for culture and recreation-related programs and services, the costs increased \$211,128; and the costs associated with debt service increased by \$52,925; however, these increased expenditures were offset by a \$218,578 decrease in expenditures for general government-related programs and services and by a \$147,957 decrease in expenditures for conservation of natural resources programs.
- The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund balance increased by \$1,860,506 due to excess revenues over expenditures of \$1,873,177, which was offset by a decrease in inventory of \$12,671. For the prior year ended December 31, 2009, excess expenditures over revenues totaled \$2,074,104. The \$3,947,281 increase in excess revenues over expenditures is due mainly to an increase in property tax revenues of \$835,926, an increase in the highway user tax revenues of \$2,495,441, an increase in shared revenues (state-paid property tax aids) of \$213,543, an increase in state grants of \$2,576,741, an increase in charges for services revenues of \$728,432, an increase in other miscellaneous revenues of \$21,057 and a decrease in costs associated with the maintenance of equipment and shops of \$101,889, which was offset by a decrease in federal grants of \$1,051,980, a decrease in payment in lieu of tax revenue of \$2,613, an increase in administrative costs of \$21,338, an increase in the costs associated with highway maintenance and construction of \$1,885,477, and an increase in all other highway-related expenditures of \$64,340.

- The Human Services Special Revenue Fund balance increased by \$1,103,137 due to excess revenues over expenditures. For the prior year ended December 31, 2009, excess revenues over expenditures totaled \$1,672,057. The \$568,920 decline was due mainly to a decrease in shared revenues (state-paid property tax aids) of \$409,429, a decrease in intergovernmental revenues (reimbursement for services) of \$301,344, a decrease in state grants of \$40,153, a decrease in federal grants of \$3,358, an increase in community correction expenditures of \$186,847, and an increase in public health-related expenditures of \$315,400, which was offset by an increase in property tax revenues of \$51,191, an increase in charges for services revenues of \$186,509, an increase in other miscellaneous revenues of \$43,147, a decrease in income maintenance expenditures of \$12,289, a decrease in social services expenditures of \$383,918, and a decrease in the costs associated with the fuel assistance program of \$10,557.
- The Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund balance increased by \$968,327 due to excess revenues over expenditures of \$948,326, plus a transfer from the Construction Capital Projects Fund of \$20,001. For the prior year ended December 31, 2009, excess revenues over expenditures totaled \$1,832,546. The \$884,220 decline was due mainly to a decrease in property tax revenues of \$329,691, a decrease in shared revenues (state-paid property tax aids) of \$141,697, a decrease in state grants of \$58,513, a decrease in payment in lieu of tax revenue and other miscellaneous revenues of \$62,272, a decrease in interest earnings of \$60,628, an increase in general government expenditures of \$47,811, an increase in public safety expenditures of \$205,373, an increase in highway and street expenditures of \$74,226, and an increase in human services-related expenditures of \$68,223, which was offset by an increase in federal grants of \$82,967, a decrease in costs associated with culture and recreation of \$79,767, and a decrease in capital outlay expenditures of \$1,480.
- The fund balance as of December 31, 2010, for all other governmental funds increased by \$301,525 due to excess expenditures over revenues of \$446,544, plus operating transfers out totaling \$219,480, which were offset by operating transfers in totaling \$967,549. For the prior year ended December 31, 2009, excess expenditures over revenues totaled \$1,152,614. The \$706,070 decline in excess expenditures over revenues is due mainly to a decrease in intergovernmental revenues of \$24,306, a decrease in fines and forfeits revenues of \$3,298, a decrease in interest earnings of \$10,398, a decrease in miscellaneous revenues of \$176,321, an increase in human services expenditures of \$19,698, an increase in conservation of natural resources expenditures of \$10,094, and an increase in costs associated with debt service of \$53,838, which was offset by an increase in property tax revenue of \$271,770, an increase in special assessment revenue of \$10,458, a decrease in general government expenditures of \$6,743, a decrease in public safety expenditures of \$53, and a decrease in capital outlay-related costs of \$714,999, which was due to the finalization of two significant capital improvement projects which have been financed through the issuance of long-term debt prior to 2009.

• In 2011, Otter Tail County will issue, on behalf of the Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority, General Obligation Disposal System Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$10,475,000. The Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority is a joint powers board consisting of four counties. The Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board will use the proceeds to finance the cost of the acquisition and improvements to the solid waste disposal facilities known as the Perham Resource Recovery Facility.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Otter Tail County's MD&A report serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements. Otter Tail County's basic financial statements consist of three parts: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The MD&A (this section), certain budgetary comparison schedules, and the Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits are required to accompany the basic financial statements and, therefore, are included as required supplementary information. The following chart demonstrates how the different pieces are inter-related.



Required Supplementary Information (Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis)

Otter Tail County presents two government-wide financial statements. They are the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These two government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. The fund financial statements follow these two government-wide financial statements. For governmental activities, these statements tell how the County financed these services in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the most significant/major funds. For proprietary activities, these statements provide detailed financial information relating to the waste management operations and facilities. The remaining statement provides financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements--The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Otter Tail County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps the reader determine whether its financial condition has improved or declined as a result of the current year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies.

These two statements consider all of Otter Tail County's current year revenues and expenses regardless of when the County receives the revenue or pays the expenditure. The statements also report the County's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the net assets--the difference between assets and liabilities--as one way to measure the County's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the property tax base and the general economic conditions of the state and County, to assess the overall health of Otter Tail County.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide Otter Tail County into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities--Otter Tail County reports its basic services in the "Governmental Activities" column of these reports. The activities reported include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation (administration charges to solid waste), human services, health, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, economic development, and interest. Otter Tail County finances the majority of these activities with local property taxes, state-paid aids, fees, charges for services, and federal and state grants.
- Business-type activities--Otter Tail County charges a service fee to property owners and customers/users of the waste management facilities to help cover most of the costs to operate these facilities and pay for the services provided. The County reports its solid waste collection and disposal programs, including County-sponsored recycling programs, in the "Business-Type Activities" column.

Fund Financial Statements

Otter Tail County's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the significant funds--not the County as a whole. Significant governmental and proprietary funds may be established by the County to meet requirements of a specific state law; to help control and manage money for a particular purpose/project; or to show that it is meeting specific legal responsibilities and obligations when expending property tax revenues, grants, and/or other funds designated for a specific purpose. Otter Tail County's two kinds of funds--governmental and proprietary--use different accounting methods.

- Most of Otter Tail County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The County reports these funds in its financial statements using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This accounting method measures cash and other financial assets that the County can readily convert to cash. Otter Tail County's governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides.
- Otter Tail County's governmental fund information helps determine whether there are financial resources available that the County can spend in the near future to finance various programs within the County. Otter Tail County has described the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation statement following each governmental fund financial statement.
- Otter Tail County charges both internal and external customers for waste management services and reports the financial activities for those services in a proprietary fund. The County reports its Waste Management Enterprise Fund in the same way that it reports all activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Waste Management Enterprise Fund is the same as the business-type activities the County reports in the government-wide statements but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.
- Otter Tail County acts as an agent over assets that the County holds for other governmental entities. The County reports all of its fiduciary activities in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets and excludes these assets from the County's other financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Otter Tail County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these agency funds are used for their intended purposes.

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Otter Tail County's combined net assets for the year ended December 31, 2010, were \$142,260,318. The analysis focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the County's governmental and business-type activities.

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
2010		2010	2009		2010		2009		2010		2009		
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	50,184,001 115,366,707	\$	46,677,948 115,309,369	\$	4,732,046 6,789,259	\$	4,372,490 7,142,684	\$	54,916,047 122,155,966	\$	51,050,438 122,452,053	
Total Assets	\$	165,550,708	\$	161,987,317	\$	11,521,305	\$	11,515,174	\$	177,072,013	\$	173,502,491	

Table 1	
Net Assets	

		Governmen	tal Acti	vities	Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2010		2009			2010		2009		2010		2009
Liabilities Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$	29,368,985 3,692,003	\$	31,201,589 4,760,987	\$	1,423,441 327,266	\$	1,429,613 419,457	\$	30,792,426 4,019,269	\$	32,631,202 5,180,444
Total Liabilities	\$	33,060,988	\$	35,962,576	\$	1,750,707	\$	1,849,070	\$	34,811,695	\$	37,811,646
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	98,049,010 4,753,409 29,687,301	\$	96,477,776 6,019,101 23,527,864	\$	6,789,259 197,586 2,783,753	\$	7,142,684 168,045 2,355,375	\$	104,838,269 4,950,995 32,471,054	\$	103,620,460 6,187,146 25,883,239
Total Net Assets	\$	132,489,720	\$	126,024,741	\$	\$9,770,598	\$	9,666,104	\$	142,260,318	\$	135,690,845

Otter Tail County's total net assets for the year ended December 31, 2010, are \$142,260,318. Unrestricted net assets totaling \$32,471,054 are available to finance day-to-day operations. Of the unrestricted net assets, \$29,687,301 is available for governmental activities, and \$2,783,753 is available for business-type activities.

	 Governmen	tal Activ		 Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	 2010		2009	 2010		2009		2010		2009	
Revenue											
Program revenues											
Fees, fines, charges, and											
other	\$ 5,846,342	\$	5,207,360	\$ 6,796,942	\$	5,835,431	\$	12,643,284	\$	11,042,791	
Operating grants and											
contributions	25,252,285		22,014,770	181,410		199,198		25,433,695		22,213,968	
Capital grants and											
contributions	1,198,307		2,489,909	-		-		1,198,307		2,489,909	
General revenues											
Property taxes	27,584,971		25,785,921	-		-		27,584,971		25,785,921	
Other taxes	535,970		509,630	-		-		535,970		509,630	
Grants and contributions	3,246,807		4,162,684	-		-		3,246,807		4,162,684	
Other general revenues	 1,302,380		1,798,650	 17,557		67,458		1,319,937		1,866,108	
Total Revenues	\$ 64,967,062	\$	61,968,924	\$ 6,995,909	\$	6,102,087	\$	71,962,971	\$	68,071,011	
Expenses											
Program expenses											
General government	\$ 10,904,588	\$	11,270,977	\$ -	\$	-	\$	10,904,588	\$	11,270,977	
Public safety	9,767,822		9,712,676	-		-		9,767,822		9,712,676	
Highways and streets	16,202,746		14,263,654	-		-		16,202,746		14,263,654	
Human services	16,482,875		17,038,846	-		-		16,482,875		17,038,846	
Health	2,488,603		2,219,718	-		-		2,488,603		2,219,718	
Culture and recreation	875,908		964,860	-		-		875,908		964,860	
Conservation of natural											
resources	723,891		865,655	-		-		723,891		865,655	
Economic development	21,800		21,800	-		-		21,800		21,800	
Interest	1,033,850		1,107,151	-		-		1,033,850		1,107,151	
Landfill	 			 6,891,415		6,222,961		6,891,415		6,222,961	
Total Expenses	\$ 58,502,083	\$	57,465,337	\$ 6,891,415	\$	6,222,961	\$	65,393,498	\$	63,688,298	
Increase (Decrease) in Net											
Assets	\$ 6,464,979	\$	4.503.587	\$ 104,494	\$	(120,874)	\$	6,569,473	\$	4,382,713	

Table 2Changes in Net Assets

Otter Tail County's total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010, were \$71,962,971. The total cost of programs and services for the year ended December 31, 2010, was \$65,393,498. The net assets increased by \$6,569,473, due mainly to an increase in operating grants and contributions, property tax revenues, and fees, fines, charges and other revenues, and a decrease in general government expenses, a decrease in human services expenses, culture and recreation expenses, conservation of natural resources expenses, and interest expense which were offset by a decrease in capital grants and contributions, a decrease in unrestricted grants and contributions, a decrease in other general revenues, and an increase in highway and street expenses, health expenses, and public safety expenses.



Governmental Activities

Revenues for Otter Tail County's governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2010, were \$64,967,062. Costs for all governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2010, were \$58,502,083. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amount that County taxpayers ultimately financed for these governmental activities through local property taxation was \$27,584,971, because \$5,846,342 of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, and \$26,450,592 was paid by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. Otter Tail County paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$5,085,157 in general revenues, primarily grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs or services, and with other revenues such as investment income, mortgage registration tax, and deed tax.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of Otter Tail County's five largest program functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost, less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Program expenses		
Human services	\$ 16,482,875	\$ 6,122,216
Highways and streets	16,202,746	246,836
General government	10,904,588	8,988,694
Public safety	9,767,822	8,320,367
Health	2,488,603	501,214
All others	2,655,449	2,025,822
Total Program Expenses	\$ 58,502,083	\$ 26,205,149

Governmental Activities Expenses 2010



Business-Type Activities

Revenues of Otter Tail County's business-type activities (see Table 2) for the year ended December 31, 2010, were \$6,995,909. This compares with total operating revenues of \$5,835,431 and total nonoperating revenues of \$266,656 for the year ended December 31, 2009. Operating revenues increased by \$961,511, and nonoperating revenues decreased by \$67,689, resulting in an overall increase in revenues of \$893,822.

(Unaudited)

Expenses of business-type activities (see Table 2) for the year ended December 31, 2010, were \$6,891,415. This compares with total operating expenses of \$6,170,234 and total nonoperating expenses of \$52,727 for the year ended December 31, 2009. Operating expenses increased by \$713,524, and nonoperating expenses decreased by \$45,070, resulting in an overall increase in expenses of \$668,454, which is due mainly to increased SCORE costs of \$15,886, increased waste management costs of \$272,130, increased household hazardous waste costs of \$22,520, increased processing costs of \$559,683, and increased depreciation of \$12,856, which was offset by a decrease in landfill closure and postclosure care costs of \$169,551, a decrease in interest costs of \$8,111, and a gain on the disposal of a capital asset of \$36,959.

The County's Funds

As Otter Tail County completed the year, its governmental funds, as presented in the balance sheet, reported a combined fund balance of \$42,213,188, which is greater than last year's total of \$37,845,799. The fund balance change of \$4,367,389 is due to an increase in the General Fund balance of \$133,894, an increase in the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund balance of \$1,860,506, an increase in the Human Services Special Revenue Fund balance of \$1,103,137, an increase in the Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund balance of \$968,327, and an increase in the other governmental funds fund balances of \$301,525.

As you will note, there were significant changes within individual funds. The overall fund balance change represented an 11.54 percent increase. The significant items impacting the individual fund balance changes were previously noted.

Included in this year's total fund balance is the General Fund balance of \$16,025,319, an increase of \$133,894 from 2009. The majority of the General Fund balance is either reserved--\$2,648,557--or unreserved, designated for specific purposes--\$12,734,865. The fund balance in the Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund increased by \$968,327 and is available to finance future capital equipment and building needs as identified by management.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Otter Tail County Board of Commissioners, over the course of a budget year, may amend/revise the County's overall operating budget of the General Fund to reflect changes in revenue sources and expenditures that were not anticipated when the budget was established in the prior year. In 2010, the Board of Commissioners did not make any significant budget revisions to the General Fund budget. If the Board had made changes to the budget as originally adopted on Tuesday, December 15, 2009, these budget amendments/revisions would have fallen into one of three categories: new information changing original budget estimations, greater than anticipated revenues or expenditures, or final agreement reached on employee contracts.

In Otter Tail County's General Fund, the budgeted revenues exceeded the actual revenues by \$364,806. Total actual expenditures in the General Fund were under the budgeted expenditures by \$1,030,008. The budgeted operating transfers in exceeded actual operating transfers in by \$72,735, and budgeted operating transfers out exceeded actual operating transfers out by \$188,879. The variances between the budgeted amounts and the actual amounts are noted by functional area on Exhibit A-1.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2010, Otter Tail County had \$122,155,966 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, highways and streets, and equipment (see Table 4). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$296,087, or 0.24 percent decrease, over last year.

				-		s at Year-En preciation)	nd						
		Governmen	tal Activ	vities		Business-Ty	pe Activ	ities		Total Primary Government			
	2010			2009		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Land Land improvements Buildings and improvements Machinery, furniture, and	\$	3,357,784 311,623 23,535,342	\$	3,280,244 385,480 24,294,096	\$	195,934 - 4,434,250	\$	195,934 - 4,661,433	\$	3,553,718 311,623 27,969,592	\$	3,476,178 385,480 28,955,529	
equipment Infrastructure Landfill		3,555,164 84,606,794 -		3,994,905 83,354,644 -		842,777 - 1,316,298		866,914 - 1,418,403		4,397,941 84,606,794 1,316,298		4,861,819 83,354,644 1,418,403	
Totals	\$	115,366,707	\$	115,309,369	\$	6,789,259	\$	7,142,684	\$	122,155,966	\$	122,452,053	

Table 4

During calendar year 2010, Otter Tail County's governmental activities' capital assets, net of depreciation, increased a total of \$57,338. This year's major additions include the addition of equipment and the completion of road and bridge projects for grading, bituminous, bridge construction, and right-of-way purchases, which are reported as infrastructure (see Table 4). There were a number of other smaller remodeling and improvement projects completed in 2010.

Otter Tail County's fiscal year 2011 capital budget plans for the expenditure of approximately \$1,539,310 for equipment, vehicles, and remodeling, and \$9,492,700 for road construction projects. Remodeling/construction plans for the original courthouse structure, dispatching, and building security plans continued to be studied and reviewed. It is anticipated that mechanical improvements (heating/cooling) to the original courthouse and remodeling for an updated dispatch center will begin in 2011. More detailed information about Otter Tail County's capital assets can be found in Note 3.A.4. to the financial statements.

Bonded Debt

As of December 31, 2010, Otter Tail County had \$23,044,276 in bonds and notes outstanding, compared with \$24,858,134 as of December 31, 2009--a decrease of 7.3 percent--as shown in Table 5.

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
		2010	2009		 2010		2009		2010		2009	
Bonds Payable												
General obligation bonds	\$	5,715,000	\$	6,340,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,715,000	\$	6,340,000	
Revenue bonds		12,325,000		13,230,000	-		-		12,325,000		13,230,000	
Lease revenue bonds		5,030,000		5,315,000	-		-		5,030,000		5,315,000	
Plus: unamortized premium		24,037		26,500	-		-		24,037		26,500	
Less: unamortized ciscount		(49,761)		(53,366)	 -		-		(49,761)		(53,366)	
Totals	\$	23,044,276	\$	24,858,134	\$ -	\$	-	\$	23,044,276	\$	24,858,134	

Table 5Outstanding Debt at Year-End

The state limits the amount of net debt that the County can issue to three percent of the market value of all taxable property. Otter Tail County's outstanding net debt is significantly below this \$261,103,386 state-imposed limit. The County's financial advisor annually reviews the outstanding debt issues to determine which, if any, issues should be considered for refinancing.

Other obligations include capital leases, compensated absences, other postemployment benefits liability, and landfill closure and postclosure care costs. The notes to the financial statements provide detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the governmental and business-type activities.

- Otter Tail County continues to have a very balanced and strong seasonal, residential, commercial/industrial, and agricultural tax base. Keeping this tax base vital and healthy is very important to the County's overall financial health and condition.
- Cost of fuel for vehicles, heating, and any related petroleum products used for highway maintenance and construction projects vary from year to year.
- Legislative actions by the State of Minnesota have a significant impact on future County budgets. Major revenue sources are state-paid aids, credits, and grants. Should the State of Minnesota significantly reduce these revenues or pass on costs to Otter Tail County, it would have a significant impact on next year's budget.

- In the past, Otter Tail County's net tax capacity rates have not seen significant change even though the overall net tax levy has continued to increase. The County's Pay 2010 net tax capacity rates were lower than Pay 2009. However, the overall County rate for Pay 2011 is 37.013, which is a 7.400 percent increase over the Pay 2010 County rate of 34.458. It is anticipated that the overall County rate for Pay 2012 will increase due to a recent legislative action which eliminates the market value-based residential homestead credit (a state funded program) and replaces that program with a homestead market value exclusion program (a locally funded program), which has the potential to significantly reduce the total net tax capacity of the County; thereby increasing the overall County net tax capacity rate.
- In 2007, Otter Tail County saw a reduction in County Program Aid of \$200,352. For budget year 2008, the County anticipated receiving \$2,104,155 in County Program Aid; however, the amount actually received was \$1,627,806, which is \$476,349 less than anticipated and \$721,551 less than the amount received in 2007. The certified level for 2009 County Program Aid was \$2,193,823. However, in budget year 2009, the County received \$354,942 less than the certified amount. The certified County Program Aid for budget year 2010 was \$1,975,762; however, this amount was reduced by \$720,638. In addition, market value-based homestead credits were also reduced by \$576,556, resulting in a total state-paid aid reduction for 2010 of \$1,297,194. The certified County Program Aid for budget year 2011 is \$1,767,085; however, as of this date, Otter Tail County has received notification from the Department of Revenue that this amount will be reduced by \$511,961. It is also anticipated for the 2011 budget year that market value-based homestead credits will be reduced by approximately \$590,309. The certified County Program Aid for 2011 is \$1,608,642 less than the 2003 original certified amount of \$3,375,727 for similar state aids before the state made major cuts. With the proposed reduction for 2011, the County Program Aid received in 2011 will be \$2,120,603 less than the 2003 certified amount of \$3,375,727.
- State-imposed levy limitations for calendar year 2010 and 2011 were carefully reviewed to ensure that Otter Tail County had adequate funding to provide the desired level of services and to meet the demands of the public. Consideration and discussions regarding available special levies was an important part of the overall budget review and adoption process. Limitations on the availability of property tax revenue can result in increasing fees charged for services and/or reducing the level of service provided.
- State-imposed levy limitations have been eliminated for budget year 2012; however, other legislative changes and current economic conditions require that, as the budget is developed for 2012, a careful review must be made of revenue sources other than property taxes, as well as reviewing proposed expenditures and how services and programs are delivered to the public.
- The County's expenditures for 2011 are budgeted to decrease approximately 2.2 percent from 2010.

- The net property tax levy for 2011 is scheduled to increase 5.96 percent from 2010.
- Otter Tail County's unemployment rate for 2011 averaged 7.3 percent through July 31, 2011. However, it should be noted that the unemployment rate for the month of July was 6.5 percent. The County's unemployment rate for 2010 averaged 7.2 percent, for 2009 averaged 8.3 percent, for 2008 averaged 6.1 percent, and for 2007 averaged 5.4 percent. An increasing unemployment rate could impact the level of services requested by residents and on the County's ability to generate the revenues necessary to pay for these additional services.
- Settling union contracts and employment-related cost/issues will impact future budgets. Employment contacts are in place for 2011 and 2012.
- The existing hiring freeze, organizational structure, and reorganization discussion will continue to play an important role in budget development.
- Reviewing revenue sources and considering cost-effective and efficient means for the delivery of programs and services will influence the development of future budgets.
- Future facility needs will impact the County's budget, as consideration is currently being given to various remodeling needs at the old law enforcement center and the original courthouse. Remodeling of the second floor courthouse area to accommodate an expanded and updated dispatch center is currently underway, as well as the upgrade of heating and cooling systems that serve this area. Facility needs are reviewed annually as operating and capital budgets are developed.
- With limited financial resources and the desire by the Otter Tail County Board of Commissioners to minimize the increase in local property taxation, the prioritization and review of programs and services will be extremely important as future budgets are developed and efforts are made to control expenditures.
- Outstanding debt issues and refinancing options are reviewed.
- Recent high water issues throughout many parts of Otter Tail County have had significant impact on the County's infrastructure, specifically the County's road system and the County drainage systems. Repairing and building up the roads to keep the County's road system open, functional, and safe has become very expensive. Adequate funding for these specific highway needs is reviewed during budget preparation and development. Addressing issues related to the various drainage systems is time consuming and often costly. If high water issues continue into the future, it may become necessary to add staff with engineering expertise. Drainage system projects generally are paid for by the benefited properties through special assessments; however, budgetary consideration needs to be given as to how the upfront (development, repair and/or construction) costs of these projects are financed prior to the special assessments being levied to reimburse the County for the costs of the projects.

(Unaudited)

- The implementation of new technology and the costs associated with implementing the technology and with training staff in the proper use of technology. The County will be implementing a new phone system in 2011.
- Other factors considered include:
 - planning and financing for facility needs and the maintenance of existing facilities;
 - planning and financing for building security;
 - planning and financing for the continued delivery of County-provided services given the uncertainty of state funding;
 - prioritizing the services provided and the method of delivery;
 - the level of funding provided to outside agencies;
 - land development and regulation (ordinance) issues;
 - salary classification study;
 - organizational structure (including planning, considering, and discussing with neighboring counties the possibility of shared services and personnel);
 - a greater demand for services which has resulted from the growth that Otter Tail County has experienced over the years;
 - economic conditions, market conditions, and unemployment rates need to be monitored to ensure that the County expenditure levels do not exceed our ability to generate the necessary revenues to finance costs;
 - legislative changes which impact County programs and services;
 - policies and procedures necessary to comply with state and federal rules and regulations;
 - reviewing comparative financial data from other Minnesota counties; and
 - the need to improve both internal and external administrative and financial reporting to ensure that the most current information is available to the decision makers.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Otter Tail County's financial report provides citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances, and it shows accountability for the money it receives and spends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Wayne Stein, County Auditor (218-998-8041); Jim Myhre, Assistant County Auditor (218-998-8039); or Dawn Godel, Accounting Supervisor (218-998-8037) at the Otter Tail County Government Services Center, 510 Fir Avenue W., Fergus Falls, Minnesota 56537.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		 Total
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	39,519,301	\$	3,943,486	\$ 43,462,787
Taxes receivable					
Current		556,046		-	556,046
Prior		312,947		-	312,947
Special assessments receivable					
Current		2,593		-	2,593
Prior		4,188		-	4,188
Deferred		42,173		-	42,173
Accounts receivable		319,296		391,071	710,367
Accrued interest receivable		84,108		-	84,108
Internal balances		1,096,086		(1,096,086)	-
Due from other governments		5,777,013		230,122	6,007,135
Lease receivable		81,820		-	81,820
Inventories		314,467		-	314,467
Restricted assets					
Temporarily restricted					
Cash with escrow agent		764,540		-	764,540
Permanently restricted					
Cash and pooled investments		-		1,263,453	1,263,453
Advance to other governments		7,906		-	7,906
Deferred charges		128,011		-	128,011
Long-term lease receivable		1,173,506		-	1,173,506
Capital assets					
Non-depreciable		3,357,784		195,934	3,553,718
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation		112,008,923		6,593,325	 118,602,248
Total Assets	\$	165,550,708	\$	11,521,305	\$ 177,072,013
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	883,498	\$	107,524	\$ 991,022
Salaries payable		1,138,832		63,054	1,201,886
Contracts payable		525,322		-	525,322
Due to other governments		96,319		156,688	253,007
Accrued interest payable		345,411		-	345,411
Unearned revenue		541,179		-	541,179
Employee deposits		161,442		-	161,442
Long-term liabilities					
Due within one year		2,983,388		69,506	3,052,894
Due in more than one year		26,385,597		1,353,935	 27,739,532
Total Liabilities	\$	33,060,988	\$	1,750,707	\$ 34,811,695

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	GovernmentalBusiness-TypeActivitiesActivities		 Total	
<u>Net Assets</u>				
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$	98,049,010	\$ 6,789,259	\$ 104,838,269
Restricted for				
General government		1,299,661	-	1,299,661
Public safety		63,294	-	63,294
Highways and streets		2,498,560	-	2,498,560
Postclosure care		-	197,586	197,586
Debt service		716,686	-	716,686
Held in trust for other purposes		175,208	-	175,208
Unrestricted		29,687,301	 2,783,753	 32,471,054
Total Net Assets	\$	132,489,720	\$ 9,770,598	\$ 142,260,318

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 Expenses		Fees, Charges, Fines, and Other		
Functions/Programs					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$ 10,904,588	\$	1,465,533		
Public safety	9,767,822		472,591		
Highways and streets	16,202,746		1,512,688		
Sanitation	-		48,671		
Human services	16,482,875		1,330,405		
Health	2,488,603		758,709		
Culture and recreation	875,908		-		
Conservation of natural resources	723,891		257,745		
Economic development	21,800		-		
Interest	 1,033,850		-		
Total governmental activities	\$ 58,502,083	\$	5,846,342		
Business-type activities					
Solid waste	 6,891,415		6,796,942		
Total	\$ 65,393,498	\$	12,643,284		

General Revenues

Property taxes Property taxes - debt service Mortgage registry and deed tax Taxes - other Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Payments in lieu of tax Investment earnings Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Program Revent	Capital		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in				ssets
Grants and Contributions	Grants and ontributions	G	Governmental Activities		isiness-Type Activities		Total
\$ 427,561	\$ 22,800	\$	(8,988,694)	\$	-	\$	(8,988,694)
974,864	-		(8,320,367)		-		(8,320,367)
13,267,715	1,175,507		(246,836)		-		(246,836
-	-		48,671		-		48,671
9,030,254	-		(6,122,216)		-		(6,122,216
1,228,680	-		(501,214)		-		(501,214
115,799	-		(760,109)		-		(760,109)
207,412	-		(258,734)		-		(258,734)
-	 -		(21,800) (1,033,850)		-		(21,800) (1,033,850)
\$ 25,252,285	\$ 1,198,307	\$	(26,205,149)	\$	-	\$	(26,205,149)
181,410	 		-		86,937		86,937
\$ 25,433,695	\$ 1,198,307	\$	(26,205,149)	\$	86,937	\$	(26,118,212)
		\$	25,799,228	\$		\$	25,799,228
		φ	1,785,743	φ	-	φ	1,785,743
			56,787		-		56,787
			56,601		-		56,601
			3,246,807		-		3,246,807
			422,582		-		422,582
			250,342		17,557		267,899
			1,052,038		-		1,052,038
		\$	32,670,128	\$	17,557	\$	32,687,685
		\$	6,464,979	\$	104,494	\$	6,569,473
			126,024,741		9,666,104		135,690,845
		\$	132,489,720	\$	9,770,598	\$	142,260,318

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 General	 Road and Bridge
Assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 13,954,070	\$ 2,309,918
Petty cash and change funds	11,350	50
Undistributed cash in agency funds (taxes and other)	291,595	38,460
Taxes receivable		
Current	281,568	48,741
Prior	158,503	18,919
Special assessments		
Current	-	458
Prior	-	140
Deferred	-	-
Accounts receivable	114,690	3,228
Accrued interest receivable	84,108	-
Due from other funds	90,068	-
Due from other governments	248,046	4,156,056
Lease receivable	1,255,326	-
Advance to other funds	1,110,394	-
Advance to other governments	-	7,906
Inventories	-	314,467
Restricted assets		
Temporarily restricted		
Cash with escrow agent	 47,854	 -
Total Assets	\$ 17,647,572	\$ 6,898,343

 Human Services	Capital Improvement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 10,913,686	\$	7,729,684	\$	4,084,099	\$	38,991,457
200		-		-		11,600
127,584		26,490		32,115		516,244
157,097		31,953		36,687		556,046
93,417		23,602		18,506		312,947
_		_		2,135		2,593
-		_		4,048		4,188
-		-		42,173		42,173
201,378		-		-		319,296
_		-		-		84,108
-		158,187		-		248,255
1,348,293		24,618		-		5,777,013
-		-		-		1,255,326
-		-		-		1,110,394
-		-		-		7,906
-		-		-		314,467
 -		-		716,686		764,540
\$ 12,841,655	\$	7,994,534	\$	4,936,449	\$	50,318,553

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 General	 Road and Bridge
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 285,502	\$ 177,567
Salaries payable	586,652	165,378
Compensated absences	7,579	-
Contracts payable	-	502,322
Due to other funds	160,475	-
Due to other governments	10,403	13,602
Deferred revenue - unavailable	410,200	3,250,091
Deferred revenue - unearned	-	541,179
Advance from other funds	-	-
Employee deposits	 161,442	 -
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,622,253	\$ 4,650,139
Fund Balances		
Reserved for		
Debt service	\$ -	\$ -
Encumbrances	-	224,986
Advances to other funds	1,110,394	-
Inventories	-	314,467
Advances to other governments	-	7,906
Real estate tax shortfall	148,359	-
State-aid highway allotment	-	453,887
Handgun permits	63,294	-
HAVA	22,800	-
Missing heirs	175,208	-
Recorder's compliance fund	512,981	-
Recorder's equipment purchases	615,521	-
Unreserved		
Designated for cash flows	4,249,605	-
Designated for compensated absences	1,674,781	582,008
Designated for property and casualty insurance	248,630	110,553
Designated for interest income generation	6,389,636	-
Designated for equipment replacement	2,362	-
Designated for workers' compensation	156,331	157,626
Designated for E-911	-	-
Designated for veterans' van	13,520	-
Undesignated	641,897	396,771
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor		
Special revenue funds	-	-
Debt service funds	 -	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 16,025,319	\$ 2,248,204
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 17,647,572	\$ 6,898,343

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 3 (Continued)

Human Services	In	Capital Improvement		Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 411,505	\$	88	\$	8,720	\$	883,382
386,802		-		-		1,138,832
-		-		-		7,579
-		23,000		-		525,322
5,798		-		-		166,273
72,314		-		-		96,319
694,029		44,751		89,560		4,488,631
-		-		-		541,179
-		-		96,406		96,406
 		-		-		161,442
\$ 1,570,448	\$	67,839	\$	194,686	\$	8,105,365
\$ -	\$	-	\$	716,686	\$	716,686
-		-		-		224,986
-		-		-		1,110,394
-		-		-		314,467
-		-		-		7,906
-		-		-		148,359
-		-		-		453,887
-		-		-		63,294
-		-		-		22,800
-		-		-		175,208
-		-		-		512,981
-		-		-		615,521
-		-		-		4,249,605
1,419,526		-		-		3,676,315
53,344		-		-		412,527
-		-		-		6,389,636
-		-		-		2,362
50,925		-		-		364,882
-		776,303		-		776,303
-		-		-		13,520
9,747,412		7,150,392		-		17,936,472
-		-		992,836		992,836
 -		-		3,032,241		3,032,241
\$ 11,271,207	\$	7,926,695	\$	4,741,763	\$	42,213,188
\$ 12,841,655	\$	7,994,534	\$	4,936,449	\$	50,318,553

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2010

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 42,213,188
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		115,366,707
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and,		1 100 (01
therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		4,488,631
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
General obligation bonds	\$ (5,715,000)	
Revenue bonds	(12,325,000)	
Other postemployment benefits	(532,988)	
Facility lease revenue bonds	(5,030,000)	
Bond discount	49,761	
Bond premiums	(24,037)	
Deferred charges	128,011	
Accrued interest payable	(345,411)	
Compensated absences	(4,480,962)	
Capital leases payable	 (1,303,180)	 (29,578,806)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 132,489,720

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		General	Road and Bridge		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$	14,185,017	\$	2,379,512	
Special assessments	ψ	23,593	Ψ	2,379,312	
Licenses and permits		356,125		_	
Intergovernmental		3,354,986		14,835,214	
Charges for services		1,351,639		1,361,972	
Fines and forfeits		8,340		1,501,972	
Gifts and contributions		425		-	
Investment earnings		250,859		-	
Miscellaneous		740,647		95,162	
wiscenatieous		740,047		95,102	
Total Revenues	\$	20,271,631	\$	18,671,860	
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	\$	9,745,692	\$	-	
Public safety		8,068,939		-	
Highways and streets		-		15,767,517	
Human services		-		-	
Health		-		-	
Culture and recreation		872,218		-	
Conservation of natural resources		646,302		-	
Economic development		21,800		-	
Intergovernmental					
Highways and streets		-		1,031,166	
Debt service					
Principal		71,930		-	
Interest		26		-	
Total Expenditures	\$	19,426,907	\$	16,798,683	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	844,724	\$	1,873,177	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	\$	800	\$	-	
Transfers out	·	(768,870)	·	-	
Proceeds from capital lease/installment purchase		57,240		-	
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(710,830)	\$	-	
Change in Fund Balance	\$	133,894	\$	1,873,177	
Fund Balance - January 1		15,891,425		387,698	
Increase (decrease) in reserved for inventories		-		(12,671)	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	16,025,319	\$	2,248,204	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Human Services	Ir	Capital nprovement	G	Other overnmental Funds		Total	
\$	7,689,760	\$	1,566,749	\$	1,785,743 65,255	\$	27,606,781 88,848	
	-		-		-		356,125	
	11,036,473 1,740,527		422,725 774		113,566		29,762,964 4,454,912	
	-		-		61,832		70,172	
	-		-		-		425	
	-		42,932		1,276		295,067	
	499,378		73,585		548,465		1,957,237	
\$	20,966,138	\$	2,106,765	\$	2,576,137	\$	64,592,531	
\$	-	\$	222,431	\$	44,572	\$	10,012,695	
·	1,065,596		512,902		8,756	•	9,656,193	
	-		287,229		-		16,054,746	
	16,351,324		95,225		19,698		16,466,247	
	2,446,081		-		-		2,446,081	
	-		40,652		74,314		912,870 720,616	
	-		-		-		21,800	
	-		-		-		1,031,166	
	-		_		1,815,000		1,886,930	
	-		-		1,060,341		1,060,367	
\$	19,863,001	\$	1,158,439	\$	3,022,681	\$	60,269,711	
\$	1,103,137	\$	948,326	\$	(446,544)	\$	4,322,820	
\$	- - -	\$	20,001	\$	967,549 (219,480) -	\$	988,350 (988,350) 57,240	
\$		\$	20,001	\$	748,069	\$	57,240	
\$	1,103,137	\$	968,327	\$	301,525	\$	4,380,060	
	10,168,070		6,958,368		4,440,238		37,845,799 (12,671)	
\$	11,271,207	\$	7,926,695	\$	4,741,763	\$	42,213,188	

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ 4,380,060
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenue deferred as unavailable.		
Deferred revenue - December 31 Deferred revenue - January 1	\$ 4,488,631 (4,114,100)	374,531
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure Current year depreciation	\$ 5,582,366 (5,525,028)	57,338
Issuing long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets.		
Capital lease/installment purchase issued		(57,240)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Facility lease revenue bonds Capital lease	\$ 625,000 905,000 285,000 71,930	1,886,930
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable Amortization of premiums, discounts, and deferred issuance charges Change in compensated absences Change in other postemployment benefits	\$ 27,659 (15,927) 21,261 (196,962)	
Change in inventories	 (12,671)	 (176,640)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 6,464,979

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PROPRIETARY FUND

EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2010

Assets

Current assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	3,851,076
Petty cash and change funds		18,740
Undistributed cash in agency funds		73,670
Accounts receivable		391,071
Due from other funds		2,172
Due from other governments		230,122
Total current assets	\$	4,566,851
Restricted assets		
Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	1,263,453
Noncurrent assets		
Capital assets		
Nondepreciable	\$	195,934
Depreciable - net		6,593,325
Total noncurrent assets	\$	6,789,259
Total Assets	\$	12,619,563
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	107,524
Salaries payable		63,054
Compensated absences payable		69,506
Due to other funds		84,270
Due to other governments		156,688
Advance from other funds		202,798
Total current liabilities	\$	683,840
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences payable	\$	255,091
Advance from other funds		811,190
Estimated liability for landfill closure/postclosure care		1,065,867
Other postemployment benefits liability		32,977
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	2,165,125
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	2,848,965

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

9,770,598

\$

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2010

<u>Net Assets</u>	
Invested in capital assets	\$ 6,789,259
Restricted for postclosure care costs	197,586
Unrestricted	2,783,753

Total Net Assets

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 5,966,747
Licenses and permits	5,300
Sale of recyclable materials	 824,895
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 6,796,942
Operating Expenses	
SCORE	\$ 1,137,731
Waste management	3,397,263
Household hazardous waste	146,519
Processing costs	1,616,487
Depreciation	608,105
Landfill closure and postclosure care costs	 (22,347)
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 6,883,758
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (86,816)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Intergovernmental	\$ 174,925
Interest income	17,557
Interest income restricted for sanitation	6,485
Gain on disposal of capital assets	36,959
Interest expense	 (44,616)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ 191,310
Change in Net Assets	\$ 104,494
	0
Net Assets - January 1	 9,666,104

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 6,650,790
Payments to suppliers	(4,690,537)
Payments to employees	 (1,501,131)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 459,122
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Intergovernmental	\$ 174,925
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	\$ 36,959
Purchases of capital assets	(373,038)
Interest paid on advance	(48,672)
Payment on advance from other funds	 (202,798)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$ (587,549)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Investment earnings received	\$ 24,013
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 70,511
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1	 5,136,428
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	\$ 5,206,939
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Exhibit 7	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 3,851,076
Petty cash and change funds	18,740
Undistributed cash in agency funds	73,670
Restricted cash and pooled investments	 1,263,453
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,206,939

EXHIBIT 9 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS WASTE MANAGEMENT ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$ (86,816)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	
provided by (used in) operating activities	
Depreciation expense	\$ 608,105
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(68,168)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	(78,020)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	35
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(19,368)
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable	(1,986)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences - current	2,547
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	84,270
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments	27,241
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences - long-term	1,521
Increase (decrease) in other postemployment benefits liability	12,108
Increase (decrease) in landfill closure/postclosure care costs	 (22,347)
Total adjustments	\$ 545,938
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 459,122

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS AGENCY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

Assets		
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$	1,360,308
Due from other funds		41 746,119
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	2,106,468
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	22,480
Due to other funds		746,003
Due to other governments		1,337,985
Total Liabilities	\$	2,106,468

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989, (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the County has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the County has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Otter Tail County was established March 18, 1858, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

Joint Ventures

The County participates in several joint ventures described in Note 8.C. The County also participates in the jointly-governed organizations described in Note 8.D.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) display information about the County. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. <u>Government-Wide Statements</u> (Continued)

In the government-wide statement of net assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net assets are reported in three parts: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted net assets; and (3) unrestricted net assets. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities and different business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs.

The <u>Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to finance equipment acquisition or repair of buildings and other capital improvements. Financing will be provided by a tax levy and appropriations from other County funds.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The <u>Waste Management Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for the financial activities relating to the operation of waste disposal sites owned by Otter Tail County.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Debt service funds</u> account for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The <u>Construction Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for the construction of the Sheriff's Operations Center and the Chemical Dependency Facility.

<u>Agency funds</u> are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Otter Tail County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

2. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at fair value at December 31, 2010, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments of governmental and fiduciary funds are credited to the General Fund. Investment earnings on business-type activities are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2010 were \$320,560.

3. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

No allowance has been made for uncollectible receivables.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

4. Advance to Other Governments

Noncurrent portions of intergovernmental advances, reported as "advance to other governments," are offset by a fund balance reserve account, which indicates that they do not constitute available resources.

In 2007, an advance of \$47,906 was made to the City of Underwood to cover the local share requirement for S.A.P. 56-635-30. In June 2007, 2008, 2009, and 2010, the City made payments of \$10,000. The remaining balance of \$7,906 as of December 31, 2010, will be repaid in 2011.

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories in proprietary funds and at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

6. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.
1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

7. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current period, the County did not have any capitalized interest.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	5 - 20
Buildings	40
Building improvements	Up to 30
Public domain infrastructure	20 - 100
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	3 - 20

The County landfill is depreciated based on capacity used.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

8. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds for up to the annual accrual of vacation and vested sick leave if matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

9. Deferred Revenue

All County funds and the government-wide financial statements defer revenue for resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Governmental funds also report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues not considered as available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

10. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

11. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans subject to change.

12. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

A. Ditch Fund Deficits

Of 31 drainage systems, 4 have incurred expenditures in excess of revenues and available resources. These deficits will be eliminated with future special assessment levies against benefited properties. The following summary shows the fund balances of the Ditch Special Revenue Fund as of December 31, 2010.

Account balances Account deficits	\$ 168,459 (87,648)
Fund Balance	\$ 80,811

For internal purposes, the County accounts for its ditches on the accrual basis. Under the full accrual basis where revenues are recognized when earned, the Ditch Special Revenue Fund reports a positive fund balance of \$126,670, with three ditches reporting a deficit.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u> (Continued)

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following is a summary of individual funds that had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2010.

	Exp	oenditures	Final Budget]	Excess
County Ditch Special Revenue						
Fund	\$	74,314	\$	20,000	\$	54,314
Debt Service Funds						
Chemical Dependency		550,996		548,678		2,318
Ethanol Plant		765,900		765,018		882
Government Service Center		940,662		939,244		1,418
Sheriff Operations		492,668		491,900		768
Veterans Home		125,115		124,365		750

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

Reconciliation of the County's total cash and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Primary government	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 43,462,787
Restricted assets	
Cash with escrow agent	764,540
Cash and pooled investments	1,263,453
Fiduciary assets	
Cash and pooled investments	
Agency funds	 1,360,308
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 46,851,088

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2010, the County's bank deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk in the amount of \$36,409 as uninsured and uncollateralized.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

b. <u>Investments</u>

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

The County does not have additional policies for the investment risks described below beyond complying with the requirements of Minnesota statutes.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in both short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County invests only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have a policy on custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2010, \$367,081 of government securities and \$5,606,378 of U.S. Treasuries were exposed to custodial credit risk because they were held by the counterparty.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. Typically, the County invests in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities, and obligations backed by the U.S. Treasury and/or U.S. agency securities without limit.

The following table represents the County's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2010, and information relating to potential investment risks:

	Cree	lit Risk	Concentration Risk	Interest Rate	Carrying
	Credit	Rating	Over 5 Percent	Risk	(Fair)
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	of Portfolio	Maturity Date	 Value
U.S. government agency securities					
Federal National Mortgage Association	N/R	N/A		08/25/2018	\$ 221,873
Federal National Mortgage Association	N/R	N/A		08/25/2018	150,134
Federal National Mortgage Association	N/R	N/A		06/25/2022	 25,800
Total Federal National Mortgage Association			<5.0%		\$ 397,807
U.S. Treasury Note	N/A	N/A		08/31/2011	\$ 1,028,828
U.S. Treasury Note	N/A	N/A		11/30/2011	1,004,102
U.S. Treasury Note	N/A	N/A		05/31/2012	1,004,927
U.S. Treasury Note	N/A	N/A		09/30/2012	997,774
U.S. Treasury Note	N/A	N/A		10/31/2012	997,110
U.S. Treasury Note	N/A	N/A		12/31/2012	 1,000,703
Total U.S. Treasury Notes			N/A		\$ 6,033,444
U.S. Treasury Bond - Stripped	N/A	N/A		08/15/2017	\$ 13,388
U.S. Treasury Bond - Stripped	N/A	N/A		08/15/2019	 28,820
Total U.S. Treasury Bonds - Stripped			N/A		\$ 42,208
Mutual Fund					
Wells Fargo Government Backed	N/R	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$ 7,803,080
Total investments					\$ 14,276,539
Deposits					31,779,669
Cash with escrow agent					764,540
Change funds					 30,340
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 46,851,088

N/R - Not Rated; N/A - Not Applicable

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets (Continued)

2. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables as of December 31, 2010, for the County's governmental activities and business-type activities are as follows:

	R	Total eceivables	Scheo Col Dur	unts Not luled for lection ing the uent Year
Governmental Activities				
Taxes	\$	868,993	\$	-
Special assessments		48,954		-
Accounts		319,296		-
Interest		84,108		-
Due from other governments		5,777,013		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,098,364	\$	-
Business-Type Activities Accounts Due from other governments	\$	391,071 230,122	\$	-
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	621,193	\$	

3. Leases Receivable

Otter Tail County has provided funding to the Viking Library System for the purpose of constructing a new headquarters office building for the Library. Viking Library System pays lease amounts to the County that equal the annual debt service (principal plus interest) for the Public Purpose Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

3. <u>Leases Receivable</u> (Continued)

Otter Tail County has leased seven vehicles for use by West Central Minnesota Narcotics Task Force. The vehicles were then subleased to the Task Force. The Task Force is responsible for making the quarterly lease payments on behalf of the County.

Amounts due from the Viking Library System and West Central Minnesota Narcotics Task Force have been recorded as leases receivable in the General Fund at December 31, 2010. The amounts for 2011 are considered current and due within one year. Amounts remaining to be paid are as follows:

	Viking Library		Narcotics			
Year Due		System	Ta	Task Force		
2011	\$	40,000	\$	41,820		
2012		40,000		41,820		
2013		40,000		41,820		
2014		45,000		12,720		
2015		45,000		-		
2016 - 2020		265,000		-		
2021 - 2025		340,000		-		
2026 - 2029		350,000				
Total leases	\$	1,165,000	\$	138,180		
Funds in escrow		(47,854)		-		
Total Leases Receivable	\$	1,117,146	\$	138,180		
Due Within One Year	\$	40,000	\$	41,820		

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets</u> (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2010, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	 Beginning Balance	 Increase	E	Decrease	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$ 3,280,244	\$ 77,540	\$		\$ 3,357,784
Capital assets depreciated Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Machinery, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 924,757 28,054,342 3,836,527 13,449,427 127,404,392	\$ 40,652 657,264 4,806,910	\$	850,920	\$ 924,757 28,054,342 3,877,179 13,255,771 132,211,302
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 173,669,445	\$ 5,504,826	\$	850,920	\$ 178,323,351
Less: accumulated depreciation for Land improvements Buildings Building improvements Machinery, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 539,277 6,874,136 722,637 9,454,522 44,049,748	\$ 73,857 691,194 108,212 1,097,005 3,554,760	\$	- - 850,920 -	\$ 613,134 7,565,330 830,849 9,700,607 47,604,508
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 61,640,320	\$ 5,525,028	\$	850,920	\$ 66,314,428
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 112,029,125	\$ (20,202)	\$		\$ 112,008,923
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 115,309,369	\$ 57,338	\$	-	\$ 115,366,707

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

4. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

	1	Beginning Balance]	Increase	D	ecrease		Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated	\$	195,934	\$	_	\$	_	\$	195,934
Land	Ψ	175,754	ψ		ψ		Ψ	175,754
Capital assets depreciated								
Buildings	\$	6,710,609	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,710,609
Landfill		2,848,323		35,255		-		2,883,578
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		2,417,622		219,425		142,222		2,494,825
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	11,976,554	\$	254,680	\$	142,222	\$	12,089,012
1 1				<u> </u>		· · · ·		
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings	\$	2,049,177	\$	227,182	\$	-	\$	2,276,359
Landfill		1,429,919		137,361		-		1,567,280
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		1,550,708		243,562		142,222		1,652,048
<i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>, </u>		<u> </u>
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	5,029,804	\$	608,105	\$	142,222	\$	5,495,687
				· · · · ·		· · · · ·		
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	6,946,750	\$	(353,425)	\$	-	\$	6,593,325
1 1 /		· · · · ·	<u>_</u>					· · · ·
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	7,142 684	\$	(353,425)	\$	-	\$	6,789,259
· · r		.,	-	()	-		-	.,,

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 984,055
Public safety	496,519
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	3,984,365
Human services	43,621
Culture and recreation	3,690
Health	 12,778
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,525,028
Business-Type Activities Solid waste	\$ 608,105

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2010, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Human Services Special Revenue Fund Waste Management Enterprise Fund	\$ 5,798 84,270
Total due to General Fund		\$ 90,068
Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 158,187
Waste Management Enterprise Fund	General Fund	\$ 2,172
Agency Funds School District	Agency Funds Taxes and Penalties Fund	\$ 306,123
Hospital Districts	Taxes and Penalties Fund	12,974
Otter Tail Lakes Area Sewer District	Taxes and Penalties Fund	679
State Tax	Taxes and Penalties Fund	68,653
Towns and Cities	Taxes and Penalties Fund	355,305
Watershed District	Taxes and Penalties Fund	2,269
Family Services Collaborative	General Fund	 116
Total due to Agency Funds		\$ 746,119
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$ 996,546

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

2. Advances From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount		
General Fund	County Ditch Special Revenue Fund Waste Management Enterprise Fund	\$	96,406 1,013,988		
Total General Fund		\$	1,110,394		

The County Ditch Special Revenue Fund advance is to provide working capital to ditch systems with low reserves and operating costs in excess of revenues. This balance will be paid from future ditch special assessments.

The Waste Management Enterprise Fund advance is to partially fund the Fergus Falls transfer station project. This balance will be paid back with annual principal and semi-annual interest payments through July 1, 2015.

3. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2010, consisted of the following:

Transfer to General Fund from Sheriff's Contingent Special Revenue Fund	\$ 800	To transfer excess funds from the contingent fund balance.
Transfer to Capital Improvement Special Revenue Fund from Construction Capital Projects Fund	20,001	To transfer funds to close the capital projects fund due to completion.
Transfer to Ethanol Plant Debt Service Fund from General Fund	640,115	To transfer funds to use for debt service expenditures.
Transfer to Sheriff Operations Debt Service Fund from Construction Capital Projects Fund	198,679	To transfer funds to close the capital projects fund due to completion.
Transfer to Construction Capital Projects Fund from General Fund	 128,755	To transfer funds to close the capital projects fund due to completion.
Total Transfers Between Funds	\$ 988,350	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Liabilities

1. <u>Payables</u>

Payables at December 31, 2010, were as follows:

	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Accounts	\$ 883,498	\$	107,524	
Salaries	1,138,832		63,054	
Contracts	525,322		-	
Due to other governments	96,319		156,688	
Employee deposits	 161,442		-	
Total Payables	\$ 2,805,413	\$	327,266	

2. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue as of December 31, 2010, for the County's governmental funds is as follows:

	Deferred Inavailable	_	Deferred Unearned		
Governmental funds					
Taxes	\$ 737,270	\$	-		
State-aid highway allotments	2,575,463		-		
Charges for services	132,751		-		
Grants	988,016		541,179		
Accrued interest	 55,131		-		
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,488,631	\$	541,179		

3. Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of December 31, 2010.

	Spe	ent-to-Date	emaining mmitment
Governmental Activities Roads and Bridges Road and bridge projects	\$	251,364	\$ 224,986

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

4. Other Postemployment Benefits - Retirees

The County provides post-retirement health care benefits for employees who retire or resign in good standing. Seventy-five percent of the employees' accumulated sick leave may be applied toward health insurance premiums. Benefits start from the date they leave the County's employment until death or the balance of their sick leave is depleted, whichever comes first. The rates are based on the County's group health policy rates. After ten years of service, employees have the option of being paid for a portion of their sick leave balance in accordance with the personnel policy instead of applying it toward health insurance.

As of year-end, the County has two eligible participants. The County finances the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. During 2010, the County expended \$1,446 for these benefits.

5. <u>Capital Leases</u>

The County has entered into lease agreements as a lessee for financing the acquisition of a new headquarters office building for the Viking Library System and seven vehicles for the West Central Minnesota Narcotics Task Force. These capital leases consist of the following at December 31, 2010:

Lease	Maturity	Installment	Payment Amount	Original Amount	Balance
Governmental Activities					
2010 Viking Library System	2029	Annually	\$40,000 - \$95,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,165,000
2010 Viking Library System	202)	Annuarry	\$75,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,105,000
2009 Task Force vehicles	2013	Quarterly	\$29,100	130,950	87,300
2010 Task Force vehicles	2014	Quarterly	\$12,720	57,240	50,880
Total Governmental Activities					\$ 1,303,180

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

5. <u>Capital Leases</u> (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations as of December 31, 2010, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Governmental Activities
2011 2012	\$ 81,820 81,820
2013	81,820
2014	57,720
2015	45,000
2016 - 2020	265,000
2021 - 2025	340,000
2026 - 2029	350,000
Total Payments	\$ 1,303,180

As shown in Note 3.A.3., the Viking Library System and the West Central Minnesota Narcotics Task Force pay lease amounts to the County that equal the annual debt service (principal plus interest). To offset these receivables, the County liability is shown as the total of the scheduled payments rather than the present value of their future lease payments.

6. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)		Original Issue Amount		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		Issue		utstanding Balance ecember 31, 2010
General obligation bonds																																					
		\$100,000 -	2.05 -																																		
2004 Veterans Home Refunding Bonds	2016	\$125,000	3.70	\$	1,050,000	\$	670,000																														
		\$480,000 -	4.05 -																																		
2007 Tax Abatement Bonds	2019	\$640,000	5.00		5,245,000		5,045,000																														
Total general obligation bonds				\$	6,295,000	\$	5,715,000																														
Add: unamortized premium							11,579																														
Total General Obligation Bonds, Net						\$	5,726,579																														
						I	Page 60																														

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities

6. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities (Continued)

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2010
Revenue bonds 2002 Government Services Building Lease Housing and Redevelopment Authority Revenue Bonds	2019	\$625,000 - \$930,000	3.50 - 5.00	\$ 9,995,000	\$ 6,795,000
2007 Public Project Housing and Redevelopment Authority Revenue Bonds	2024	\$320,000 - \$515,000	3.40 - 4.50	6,140,000	5,530,000
Total revenue bonds				\$ 16,135,000	\$ 12,325,000
Less: unamortized discount					(49,761)
Total Revenue Bonds, Net					\$ 12,275,239
Lease revenue bonds 2007 Law Enforcement Lease Housing and Redevelopment Authority Revenue Bonds	2023	\$295,000 - \$495,000	4.00	\$ 5,590,000	\$ 5,030,000
Add: unamortized premium					12,458
Total Lease Revenue Bonds, Net					\$ 5,042,458

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

7. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2010, were as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds				Revenue Bonds				
December 31	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2011	\$ 580,000	\$	239,255	\$	945.000	\$	545,365		
2012	605,000		215,835		980,000		504,751		
2013	630,000		190,990		1,025,000		461,360		
2014	655,000		164,713		1,065,000		414,966		
2015	680,000		137,008		1,115,000		365,545		
2016 - 2020	2,565,000		245,396		5,470,000		979,678		
2021 - 2024	-		-		1,725,000		177,318		
Total	\$ 5,715,000	\$	1,193,197	\$	12,325,000	\$	3,448,983		

Year Ending	Lease Revenue Bonds									
December 31	Principal		Interest							
2011	\$ 295,000	\$	195,300							
2012	310,000		183,200							
2013	320,000		170,600							
2014	335,000		157,500							
2015	350,000		143,800							
2016 - 2020	1,995,000		491,500							
2021 - 2023	 1,425,000		87,100							
Total	\$ 5,030,000	\$	1,429,000							

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities (Continued)

8. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2010, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	 Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable General obligation bonds Revenue bonds Lease revenue bonds Add: unamortized premium Less: unamortized discount	\$ 6,340,000 13,230,000 5,315,000 26,500 (53,366)	\$		\$	625,000 905,000 285,000 2,463 (3,605)	\$	5,715,000 12,325,000 5,030,000 24,037 (49,761)	\$	580,000 945,000 295,000 -
Total bonds payable	\$ 24,858,134	\$	-	\$	1,813,858	\$	23,044,276	\$	1,820,000
Capital leases Compensated absences OPEB liability	 1,317,870 4,502,223 336,026		57,240 2,182,338 196,962		71,930 2,196,020 -		1,303,180 4,488,541 532,988		81,820 1,081,568 -
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 31,014,253	\$	2,436,540	\$	4,081,808	\$	29,368,985	\$	2,983,388

Business-Type Activities

	Beginning Balance		6 6		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Estimated liability for landfill closure/postclosure care costs Compensated absences OPEB liability	\$	1,088,214 320,530 20,869	\$	123,102 12,108	\$	22,347 119,035	\$	1,065,867 324,597 32,977	\$	- 69,506 -
Business-Type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	1,429,613	\$	135,210	\$	141,382	\$	1,423,441	\$	69,506

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Otter Tail County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Fund (the Public Employees Correctional Fund), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

General Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, and benefits vest after three years of credited service (five years for those first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010).

All police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. Members who are employed in a county correctional institution as a correctional guard or officer, a joint jailer/dispatcher, or as a supervisor of correctional guards or officers or of joint jailer/dispatchers and are directly responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional institution and its inmates are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Fund. For members first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a graduated schedule starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Members eligible for membership before July 1, 2010, are fully vested after three years of service.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute. Defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average yearly salary for the five highest-paid consecutive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description (Continued)

Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Fund Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For all General Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and for all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members and Public Employees Correctional Fund members, and either 65 or 66 (depending on date hired) for General Employees Retirement Fund members. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

A. <u>Defined Benefit Plans</u> (Continued)

Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. General Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members are required to contribute 9.10 and 6.00 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members were required to contribute 9.40 percent. Public Employees Correctional Fund members are required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary.

The County is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll in 2010:

General Employees Retirement Fund	
Basic Plan members	11.78%
Coordinated Plan members	7.00
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	14.10
Public Employees Correctional Fund	8.75

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008, for the General Employees Retirement Fund, the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, and the Public Employees Correctional Fund, were:

2010	2009	2008
\$ 1,206,029 308,116	\$ 1,054,631 289,511	\$ 1,099,087 274,160 136,133
\$	1,206,029	1,206,029 \$ 1,054,631 308,116 289,511

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

4. <u>Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u>

Three Otter Tail County Commissioners are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer, deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the State Legislature. The plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employees may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by the County during the year ended December 31, 2010, were:

	Employee		Employer	
Contribution amount	\$	5,301	\$	5,301
Percentage of covered payroll		5.00%		5.00%

Required contribution rates were 5.00 percent.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Otter Tail County provides a single-employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical insurance benefits. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b.

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Otter Tail County Board of Commissioners. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Retirees and their spouses contribute to the health care plan at the same rate as County employees.

This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. For 2010, there were approximately 421 participants in the plan, including 34 retirees and surviving spouses.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 305,833 16,060 (21,623)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	\$ 300,270 (91,200)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	\$ 209,070 356,895
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 565,965

The County's annual OPEB cost for December 31, 2010, was \$300,270. The percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan was 30.0 percent, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 was \$565,965.

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

GASB Statement 45 was adopted effective January 1, 2008. Therefore, disclosure of annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years ending December 31, 2007, and earlier are not applicable.

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year ending 2010 and the preceding two years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	 Annual OPEB Cost	E	Annual mployer ntribution	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed (%)	et OPEB bligation
December 31, 2008 December 31, 2009 December 31, 2010	\$ 189,820 293,084 300,270	\$	- 126,009 91,200	43.0 30.0	\$ 189,820 356,895 565,965

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was zero percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,667,501, and the actuarial value of assets was zero, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,667,501. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$19,419,051, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 13.7 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

C. <u>Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit cost between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2010, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), which is Otter Tail County's implicit rate of return on the General Fund. The annual health care cost trend is 8.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.0 percent over 7 years. Both rates included a 2.5 percent inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2010, was 27 years.

5. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the Board reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$1,065,867 landfill closure and postclosure care liability at December 31, 2010, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the use of 75 percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care in 2010. The Board expects to close the landfill in 2028. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

5. <u>Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs</u> (Continued)

The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. The Board is in compliance with these requirements. At December 31, 2010, investments of \$1,263,453 are held for these purposes. These are reported as restricted assets on the statement of net assets. Otter Tail County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from investment earnings on these annual contributions. However, if investment earnings are inadequate or additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws and regulations, for example), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from future tax revenue.

6. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. The County self-insures for employee health and dental coverage. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$450,000 per claim in 2010 and 2011. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

7. Conduit Debt

In 2007, Otter Tail Ag Enterprises, LLC, issued \$20,000,000 Subordinate Exempt Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A, to finance the development, acquisition, construction, and installation of that portion of certain equipment used to process grain unmarketable by-products of the ethanol production process constituting solid waste, but not including equipment to further process marketable by-products. The project is deemed to be in the public interest. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the note is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2010, the outstanding principal amount was \$20,000,000. Otter Tail Ag Enterprises, LLC, filed for bankruptcy in 2010. The debt will be settled with the bond holders as a part of the bankruptcy proceeding.

In 2005, Productive Alternatives, Inc., issued a \$775,000 Health Care Facilities Revenue Note, Series 2005, to refinance the financing on the Willows Day Program building in order to build a new facility to operate its detox operations for the benefit of Otter Tail County as well as other counties. The project is deemed to be in the public interest. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the note. Accordingly, the note is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2010, the outstanding principal amount payable was \$695,612.

In 2001, the Lake Region Healthcare Corporation issued a \$6,000,000 Health Care Facilities Revenue Note, Series 2001, to finance the remodeling and equipping of the Corporation's nursing home and 108-bed hospital and the remodeling of a portion of the Corporation's nursing home for use as an inpatient rehabilitation unit. The project is deemed to be in the public interest. The note is secured by the property financed through a series of loan agreements and is payable solely from revenues of the entity. Neither the County, the state, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the note. Accordingly, the note is not reported as a liability in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2010, the outstanding principal amount payable was \$3,651,968.

8. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

A. Contingency - Ethanol Plant Bankruptcy Settlement

In 2007, the County issued General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds of \$6,010,000 and signed a lease agreement with Otter Tail Ag Enterprises, LLC. Otter Tail Ag Enterprises agreed to repay the bonds, but did not make the payments. The County has been making the bond payments. At December 31, 2010, \$5,045,000 remained outstanding on the bonds. Otter Tail Ag Enterprises filed for bankruptcy in 2010. In January 2011, the County Board accepted a proposed stipulation agreement that establishes the County's claim in the bankruptcy at \$6,010,000. The County received two of three distributions totaling \$3,741,869 in 2011. The amount of the third distribution to the County has not yet been determined.

B. Contingent Liabilities

In 2001, the City of Perham issued \$8,215,000 of general obligation bonds to finance or refinance the retrofitting and equipping of the existing municipal solid waste combustion facility. The bonds are payable primarily from the revenues derived from the project; however, if these revenues are not sufficient for the payment of the bonds, then the City shall levy and certify to the County Auditor for collection in the following year a tax at least five percent in excess of the amounts adequate to make good the deficiency. The County has entered into an agreement for waste deliveries to the Perham solid waste facility. Under this agreement, the County has agreed to make payments of its respective share of debt service payments to the City to provide for additional security for the bonds. The probability that the County may be required to make expenditures for this debt and the amount that may be required cannot be determined at this time.

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various judgments, claims, and litigation; it is expected that the final settlement of these matters will not materially affect the financial statements of the County.

8. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

C. Joint Ventures

West Central Area Agency on Aging

The West Central Area Agency on Aging was established June 2, 1992, by a joint powers agreement among Becker, Clay, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail, Pope, Stevens, Traverse, and Wilkin Counties. The agreement was established to administer all aspects of the Older Americans Act by providing programs to meet the needs of the elderly in the nine-county area. Each county may be assessed a proportional share of the 25 percent of the administrative costs incurred in the carrying out of this agreement. Each county's proportional share of this 25 percent of the administrative costs will be based upon the number of persons age 60 or older living within that county.

Any county may withdraw by providing notice to the chair of the Board 90 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. The chair shall forward a copy to each of the counties. Withdrawal shall not act to discharge any liability incurred or chargeable to any county before the effective date of withdrawal.

Control is vested in the West Central Board on Aging. The Board consists of one Commissioner from each of the counties. The County Commissioners of the county he or she represents appoint each member of the Board.

Complete financial information can be obtained from:

West Central Area Agency on Aging 313 South Mill Street P. O. Box 726 Fergus Falls, Minnesota 56537

Minnesota River Basin

The Minnesota River Basin Joint Powers Board was established July 12, 1995, by an agreement between Otter Tail County and 30 other counties. The agreement was made to promote orderly water quality improvement and management of the Minnesota River Watershed. Each county is responsible for its proportionate share of the administrative budget and for its share of benefits from any special project.

8. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Joint Ventures

Minnesota River Basin (Continued)

In the event of termination of the agreement, all property, real and personal, held by the Joint Powers Board shall be distributed by resolution of the policy committee to best accomplish the continuing purpose of the project.

Control is vested in an Executive Board of five officers elected from the membership of the Joint Powers Board, consisting of one representative and alternate from each County Board of Commissioners included in this agreement.

During 2010, Otter Tail County did not contribute any funds to the Joint Powers Board.

Separate financial information can be obtained from:

Minnesota River Basin Joint Powers Board Administration Building No. 14 600 East 4th Street Chaska, Minnesota 55318

West Central Minnesota Drug Task Force

The West Central Minnesota Drug Task Force was established in 1996 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Becker, Clay, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail, and Todd Counties, and the Cities of Alexandria, Breckenridge, Detroit Lakes, Fargo, Fergus Falls, Moorhead, Pelican Rapids, Perham, and Wahpeton. The Task Force's objectives are to detect, investigate, and apprehend controlled substance offenders in the six-county area.

Control of the Task Force is vested in a Board of Directors. The Board of Directors consists of department heads or a designee from each participating full-time member agency. In the event of dissolution of the Task Force, the equipment will be divided and returned to the appropriate agencies. If only one agency terminates its agreement and the unit continues, all equipment will remain with the Task Force.

Fiscal agent responsibilities for the Task Force are with Douglas County. Financing and equipment will be provided by the full-time and associate member agencies. Otter Tail County did not contribute any funds to this organization in 2010.

8. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Pomme de Terre River Association

The Pomme de Terre River Association Joint Powers Board was established August 11, 1981, by an agreement between Otter Tail County and five other counties and their respective soil and water conservation districts. The agreement was made to develop and implement plans to protect property from damage of flooding; control erosion of land; protect streams and lakes from sedimentation and pollution; and maintain or improve the quality of water in the streams, lakes, and ground water lying within the boundaries of the watershed of the Pomme de Terre River. Administrative costs are apportioned equally to the soil and water conservation districts based on actual costs.

Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board

The Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board was established in 2007, under the authority conferred upon the member parties by Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39, and includes the City of St. Cloud and the Counties of Benton, Big Stone, Douglas, Grant, Kandiyohi, Meeker, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Otter Tail, Pope, Sherburne, Stearns, Stevens, Swift, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, Wilkin, and Wright.

The purpose of the Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board is to provide for regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER) owned and operated by the State of Minnesota.

Control of the Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board is vested in the Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board, which is composed of one Commissioner of each county appointed by their respective County Board and one City Council member from each city appointed by their respective City Council, as provided in the Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board's by-laws.

In the event of dissolution of the Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board, all property, assets, and funds of the Board shall be distributed to the parties of the agreement upon termination in direct proportion to their participation and contribution. Any city or county that has withdrawn from the agreement prior to termination of the Board shall share in the distribution of property, assets, and funds of the Board only to the extent they shared in the original expense.

8. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Joint Ventures

Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board (Continued)

The Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from member parties and by state and federal grants. During 2010, Otter Tail County did not contribute to the Board.

Complete financial information can be obtained from:

Central Minnesota Regional Radio Board City of St. Cloud Office of the Mayor City Hall 400 Second Street South St. Cloud, Minnesota 56303

Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board

The Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board was established in 2010, under the authority conferred upon the member parties by Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59, 115A, and 400, and includes Becker, Otter Tail, Todd, and Wadena Counties.

The purpose of the Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board is to jointly exercise powers common to each participating party dealing with the ownership and operation of the Perham Resource Recovery Facility, as well as cooperation with efforts in other solid waste management activities that affect the operations of the Perham Resource Recovery Facility. The Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board is composed of one Commissioner each from Becker, Todd, and Wadena Counties, and two members from the Otter Tail County Board. Each party may appoint alternate Board members and shall represent one vote on the Board.

In the event of dissolution of the Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board, all assets and liabilities of the Board shall be distributed and/or retired based on the contracted debt obligation of each of the parties of the agreement providing such entity is a party to the agreement at the time of the discharge of assets and liabilities.

8. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Joint Ventures

Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Joint Powers Board (Continued)

Otter Tail County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Board as an agency fund on its financial statements. During 2010, the County did not contribute any funds to the Board.

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Otter Tail County, in conjunction with other governmental entities and various private organizations, has formed the jointly-governed organizations listed below:

District IV Transportation Planning

Otter Tail County and 13 other cities and counties entered into a joint powers agreement to establish the District IV Transportation Planning Joint Powers Board, effective December 11, 1996, and empowered under Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The purpose of the Board is to develop a multi-modal transportation plan for the geographical jurisdiction of the member cities and counties. The Board is composed of 14 members, with one member appointed by each member city and county.

Otter Tail County Family Services Collaborative

The Otter Tail County Family Services Collaborative was established in 1999 under the authority of Minn. Stat. §§ 124D.23 and 245.491. The Collaborative includes the Otter Tail County Human Services Board, Court Services, Public Health, and Social Services, nine school districts within the County, and ten private agencies. The purpose of the Collaborative is to establish an integrated fund to support interventions, services, and programs for children and families in the County.

Control of the Otter Tail County Family Services Collaborative is vested in a Board of Directors comprised of one representative from each participating agency. The representatives come from the elected board of the governmental entities and from the boards of the private agencies.

8. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Otter Tail County Family Services Collaborative (Continued)

Any party may withdraw from the agreement by the passage of a resolution by its governing board declaring its intent to withdraw. A party exercising its option to withdraw shall remain liable for financial obligations incurred prior to its withdrawal and shall not be entitled to a refund of contributions to the integrated fund. Upon termination of the agreement, any surplus funds will be distributed by resolution of the governing board in accordance with law in a manner to best accomplish the continuing purposes of the Collaborative.

Financing is provided by state and federal grants and cash and in-kind contributions from its member parties. Otter Tail County, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Collaborative as an agency fund on its financial statements. During 2010, the County did not contribute any funds to the Collaborative.

9. <u>Subsequent Event</u>

Prairie Lakes Municipal Solid Waste Authority Bonds

On June 1, 2011, the County issued General Obligation Disposal System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011, of \$10,475,000. The purpose of the bonds is to finance the cost of the acquisition and improvement of the solid waste facilities known as the Perham Resource Recovery Facility.
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	14,450,097	\$	14,450,097	\$	14,185,017	\$	(265,080)	
Special assessments	Ψ	20,742	Ψ	20,742	Ψ	23,593	Ψ	2,851	
Licenses and permits		324,300		324,300		356,125		31,825	
Intergovernmental		3,286,525		3,286,525		3,354,986		68,461	
Charges for services		1,181,104		1,181,104		1,351,639		170,535	
Fines and forfeits		35,000		35,000		8,340		(26,660)	
Gifts and contributions		2,000		2,000		425		(1,575)	
Investment earnings		577,467		577,467		250,859		(326,608)	
Miscellaneous		759,202		759,202		740,647		(18,555)	
Wiscenalcous		139,202		159,202		740,047		(10,555)	
Total Revenues	\$	20,636,437	\$	20,636,437	\$	20,271,631	\$	(364,806)	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government									
Commissioners	\$	335,777	\$	335,777	\$	334,052	\$	1,725	
Courts		30,000		30,000		39,018		(9,018)	
Public defender		233,520		233,520		141,300		92,220	
Personnel coordinator		477,546		477,546		455,838		21,708	
County auditor		757,716		757,716		760,857		(3,141)	
License bureau		380,720		380,720		379,734		986	
County treasurer		323,980		323,980		306,252		17,728	
County assessor		1,045,719		1,045,719		990,071		55,648	
Elections		203,665		203,665		163,471		40,194	
Accounting and auditing		118,000		118,000		107,097		10,903	
Board of adjustments		24,376		24,376		20,843		3,533	
Data processing		966,159		966,159		849,449		116,710	
Attorney		1,157,003		1,164,503		1,143,609		20,894	
Recorder		394,908		394,908		595,477		(200,569)	
Planning and zoning		970,838		970,838		935,266		35,572	
Environmental services		34,700		34,700		20,995		13,705	
Buildings and plant		2,008,593		2,008,593		1,806,333		202,260	
Veterans service officer		323,022		323,022		314,389		8,633	
Unallocated		686,553		689,096		381,641		307,455	
Total general government	\$	10,472,795	\$	10,482,838	\$	9,745,692	\$	737,146	

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 Budgetee	l Amou	ints	Actual	Variance with		
	 Original		Final	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
xpenditures							
Current (Continued)							
Public safety							
Sheriff	\$ 4,944,225	\$	4,944,225	\$ 4,757,776	\$	186,449	
Boat and water safety	129,976		129,976	98,650		31,326	
Coroner	79,920		79,920	100,496		(20,576	
County jail	3,123,171		3,123,171	2,703,052		420,119	
DARE program	12,500		12,500	10,044		2,456	
Civil defense	22,800		22,800	60,260		(37,460	
Geographical information survey	 297,038		297,038	338,661		(41,623	
Total public safety	\$ 8,609,630	\$	8,609,630	\$ 8,068,939	\$	540,691	
Culture and recreation							
Historical society	\$ 48,273	\$	48,273	\$ 48,273	\$	-	
Tourism	30,000		30,000	30,000		-	
County fairs	26,000		26,000	26,000		-	
Phelps Mill Park	44,810		44,810	42,609		2,20	
Humane society	57,159		57,159	57,159		-	
Viking Library	481,478		481,478	481,478		-	
Snowmobile trails	 -		-	 186,699		(186,699	
Total culture and recreation	\$ 687,720	\$	687,720	\$ 872,218	\$	(184,498	
Conservation of natural resources							
County extension	\$ 350,441	\$	350,441	\$ 344,402	\$	6,039	
Soil and water conservation	158,546		158,546	158,546		-	
Predator control	5,500		5,500	5,250		25	
Lake improvement districts	140,440		140,440	137,513		2,927	
Other conservation	 -		-	 591		(59)	
Total conservation of natural							
resources	\$ 654,927	\$	654,927	\$ 646,302	\$	8,625	
Economic development							
Community development	\$ 20,000	\$	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	-	
Rural life outreach	1,000		1,000	1,000		-	
Other economic development	 800		800	 800		-	
Total economic development	\$ 21,800	\$	21,800	\$ 21,800	\$	-	

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Expenditures (Continued) Debt service									
Principal	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,930	\$	(71,930)	
Interest		-		-		26		(26)	
Total debt service	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-	\$	71,956	\$	(71,956)	
Total Expenditures	\$	20,446,872	\$	20,456,915	\$	19,426,907	\$	1,030,008	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	\$	189,565	\$	179,522	\$	844,724	\$	665,202	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	\$	73,535	\$	73,535	\$	800	\$	(72,735)	
Transfers out		(957,749)		(957,749)		(768,870)		188,879	
Proceeds from capital lease/installment purchase		-		-		57,240		57,240	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(884,214)	\$	(884,214)	\$	(710,830)	\$	173,384	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(694,649)	\$	(704,692)	\$	133,894	\$	838,586	
Fund Balance - January 1		15,891,425		15,891,425		15,891,425			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	15,196,776	\$	15,186,733	\$	16,025,319	\$	838,586	

EXHIBIT A-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	inal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,447,558	\$	2,447,558	\$ 2,379,512	\$	(68,046)
Intergovernmental		14,636,192		14,636,192	14,835,214		199,022
Charges for services		201,300		201,300	1,361,972		1,160,672
Miscellaneous		19,000		19,000	 95,162		76,162
Total Revenues	\$	17,304,050	\$	17,304,050	\$ 18,671,860	\$	1,367,810
Expenditures							
Current							
Highways and streets							
Administration	\$	522,500	\$	522,500	\$ 542,429	\$	(19,929)
Maintenance		4,427,650		4,427,650	3,724,827		702,823
Construction		10,309,700		10,309,700	10,576,466		(266,766)
Equipment maintenance and shop		1,087,700		1,087,700	919,130		168,570
Materials and services for resale		1,000		1,000	 4,665		(3,665)
Total highways and streets	\$	16,348,550	\$	16,348,550	\$ 15,767,517	\$	581,033
Intergovernmental							
Highways and streets		955,500		955,500	 1,031,166		(75,666)
Total Expenditures	\$	17,304,050	\$	17,304,050	\$ 16,798,683	\$	505,367
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,873,177	\$	1,873,177
Fund Balance - January 1 Increase (decrease) in reserved for		387,698		387,698	387,698		-
inventories		-		-	 (12,671)		(12,671)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	387,698	\$	387,698	\$ 2,248,204	\$	1,860,506

EXHIBIT A-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgetee	d Amo	unts	Actual		Variance with	
	 Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 7,876,716	\$	7,876,716	\$	7,689,760	\$	(186,956)
Intergovernmental	11,174,821		11,174,821		11,036,473		(138,348)
Charges for services	1,458,314		1,458,314		1,740,527		282,213
Miscellaneous	 501,700		501,700		499,378		(2,322)
Total Revenues	\$ 21,011,551	\$	21,011,551	\$	20,966,138	\$	(45,413)
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety							
Community corrections	\$ 1,069,337	\$	1,069,337	\$	1,065,596	\$	3,741
Human services							
Income maintenance	\$ 4,581,061	\$	4,581,061	\$	4,422,101	\$	158,960
Social services	12,911,401		12,911,401		11,580,164		1,331,237
Fuel assistance	 -		-		349,059		(349,059)
Total human services	\$ 17,492,462	\$	17,492,462	\$	16,351,324	\$	1,141,138
Health							
Nursing service	\$ 2,449,752	\$	2,449,752	\$	2,446,081	\$	3,671
Total Expenditures	\$ 21,011,551	\$	21,011,551	\$	19,863,001	\$	1,148,550
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,103,137	\$	1,103,137
Fund Balance - January 1	 10,168,070		10,168,070		10,168,070		-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 10,168,070	\$	10,168,070	\$	11,271,207	\$	1,103,137

EXHIBIT A-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints	Actual	Variance with		
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 1,603,245	\$	1,603,245	\$ 1,566,749	\$	(36,496)	
Intergovernmental	223,922		223,922	422,725		198,803	
Charges for services	-		-	774		774	
Investment earnings	105,000		105,000	42,932		(62,068)	
Miscellaneous	 66,950		66,950	 73,585		6,635	
Total Revenues	\$ 1,999,117	\$	1,999,117	\$ 2,106,765	\$	107,648	
Expenditures							
Current							
General government							
License bureau	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 998	\$	(998)	
County assessor	17,000		17,000	-		17,000	
Elections	84,500		84,500	49,312		35,188	
Data processing	180,000		180,000	146,121		33,879	
Attorney	8,500		8,500	-		8,500	
Planning and zoning	27,000		27,000	-		27,000	
Transit	-		-	 26,000		(26,000)	
Total general government	\$ 317,000	\$	317,000	\$ 222,431	\$	94,569	
Public safety							
Sheriff	\$ 394,800	\$	394,800	\$ 293,262	\$	101,538	
Boat and water safety	-		-	14,261		(14,261)	
Emergency services	-		-	109,350		(109,350)	
Radio board	-		-	66,579		(66,579)	
County jail	39,500		39,500	12,290		27,210	
Geographical information survey	15,000		15,000	15,068		(68)	
Court services	51,500		51,500	 2,092		49,408	
Total public safety	\$ 500,800	\$	500,800	\$ 512,902	\$	(12,102)	
Highways and streets							
Maintenance	\$ 47,025	\$	47,025	\$ -	\$	47,025	
Construction	291,555		291,555	-		291,555	
Equipment and maintenance shop	 711,420		711,420	 287,229		424,191	
Total highways and streets	\$ 1,050,000	\$	1,050,000	\$ 287,229	\$	762,771	
Human services							
Social services	\$ 72,000	\$	72,000	\$ 95,225	\$	(23,225)	

EXHIBIT A-4 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	inal Budget	
Expenditures								
Current (Continued)								
Health								
Nursing service	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	\$ -	\$	35,000	
Culture and recreation								
Phelps Mill Park	\$	104,500	\$	104,500	\$ 40,651	\$	63,849	
Other culture and recreation		-		-	 1		(1)	
Total culture and recreation	\$	104,500	\$	104,500	\$ 40,652	\$	63,848	
Conservation of natural resources								
Extension	\$	24,000	\$	24,000	\$ -	\$	24,000	
Total Expenditures	\$	2,103,300	\$	2,103,300	\$ 1,158,439	\$	944,861	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(104,183)	\$	(104,183)	\$ 948,326	\$	1,052,509	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		197,001		197,001	 20,001		(177,000)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	92,818	\$	92,818	\$ 968,327	\$	875,509	
Fund Balance - January 1		6,958,368		6,958,368	 6,958,368			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	7,051,186	\$	7,051,186	\$ 7,926,695	\$	875,509	

EXHIBIT A-5

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Governmental Activities

			Unfunded			
		Actuarial	Actuarial			UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Accrued			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2008	\$ -	\$ 2,496,957	\$ 2,496,957	0.0%	\$ 17,216,511	14.50%
January 1, 2010	-	2,566,299	2,566,299	0.0%	18,471,873	13.89%

Business-Type Activities

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
January 1, 2008	\$ -	\$ 85,955	\$ 85,955	0.0%	\$ 909,490	9.45%
January 1, 2010	-	101,202	101,202	0.0%	947,178	10.68%

See Note 4.C., Other Postemployment Benefits, for more information.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before mid-June of each year, all departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations to the County Auditor so that a budget can be prepared. Before October 31, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The County's department head may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

Encumbrances (such as purchase orders and contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reapportioned and honored during the subsequent year.

2. Other Postemployment Benefits

Otter Tail County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. See Note 4.C. to the financial statements for more information.

GASB Statement 45 requires a Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits for the three most recent valuations and accompanying notes to describe factors that significantly affect the trends in the amounts reported.

Currently, only two actuarial valuations are available. Future reports will provide additional trend analysis to meet the three most recent valuation funding status requirements as the information becomes available.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

<u>County Ditch</u> - to account for the financing of repairs to the ditch system that are deemed to benefit the properties against which special assessments are levied.

<u>Law Library</u> - to account for the financial activities relating to the operation of the County's law library. Financing is provided by a charge for services levied on cases in district and County court. Expenditures for law library books and periodicals are made from the Law Library Fund upon approval of the Law Library Board of Trustees.

<u>Postemployment Obligation</u> - to account for the financing and payment of postemployment benefits.

<u>Sheriff's Contingent</u> - to account for both the advance and reimbursement of travel expenses by the County Sheriff and one-quarter of liquor and narcotics fines to be used for investigating violations of liquor and narcotics laws.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

<u>Chemical Dependency</u> - to account for the retirement of bonds issued for the construction of the Chemical Dependency Facility.

<u>Ethanol Plant</u> - to account for the retirement of bonds issued for the construction of the ethanol plant and road.

<u>Government Service Center</u> - to account for the retirement of bonds issued for the remodeling of the Government Service Center.

<u>Sheriff Operations</u> - to account for the retirement of bonds issued for the construction of a Sheriff's Operations Center.

<u>Veterans Home</u> - to account for the retirement of bonds issued for the construction of a veterans home.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

<u>Construction</u> - to account for the construction of the Ottertail Operations Center and the Chemical Dependency Facility. This fund was closed in 2010.

EXHIBIT B-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	(H	Special Revenue Exhibit B-3)	(I	Debt Service Exhibit B-5)	Total (Exhibit 3)		
Assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	1,088,916	\$	2,995,183	\$	4,084,099	
Undistributed cash in agency funds		3,031		29,084		32,115	
Taxes receivable				26 697		26 697	
Current Prior		-		36,687 18,506		36,687 18,506	
Special assessments receivable		-		18,500		18,500	
Current		2,135		-		2,135	
Prior		4,048		-		4,048	
Deferred		42,173		-		42,173	
Restricted assets							
Temporarily restricted							
Cash with escrow agent				716,686		716,686	
Total Assets	\$	1,140,303	\$	3,796,146	\$	4,936,449	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	5,202	\$	3,518	\$	8,720	
Deferred revenue - unavailable		45,859		43,701		89,560	
Advance from other funds		96,406		-		96,406	
Total Liabilities	\$	147,467	\$	47,219	\$	194,686	
Fund Balances							
Reserved for debt service	\$	-	\$	716,686	\$	716,686	
Unreserved							
Designated for debt service		-		3,032,241		3,032,241	
Designated for compensated absences		804,647		-		804,647	
Undesignated		188,189		-		188,189	
Total Fund Balances	\$	992,836	\$	3,748,927	\$	4,741,763	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		1,140,303	\$	3,796,146	\$	4,936,449	

EXHIBIT B-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Special Revenue xhibit B-4)	<u>(</u>	Debt Service Exhibit B-6)		onstruction Capital Projects	Total (Exhibit 5)		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	-	\$	1,785,743	\$	-	\$	1,785,743	
Special assessments		65,255		-		-		65,255	
Intergovernmental		-		113,566		-		113,566	
Fines and forfeits		61,832		-		-		61,832	
Investment earnings		-		1,276		-		1,276	
Miscellaneous		-		548,465		-		548,465	
Total Revenues	\$	127,087	\$	2,449,050	\$	-	\$	2,576,137	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government	\$	44,572	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,572	
Public safety		8,756		-		-		8,756	
Human services		19,698		-		-		19,698	
Conservation of natural resources		74,314		-		-		74,314	
Debt service									
Principal		-		1,815,000		-		1,815,000	
Interest		-		1,060,341		-		1,060,341	
Total Expenditures	\$	147,340	\$	2,875,341	\$	-	\$	3,022,681	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures	\$	(20,253)	\$	(426,291)	\$	-	\$	(446,544)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	838,794	\$	128,755	\$	967,549	
Transfers out		(800)		-		(218,680)		(219,480)	
Total Other Financing Sources									
(Uses)	\$	(800)	\$	838,794	\$	(89,925)	\$	748,069	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(21,053)	\$	412,503	\$	(89,925)	\$	301,525	
net Change in Fullu Dalance	Φ	(21,053)	Φ	412,303	φ	(09,923)	Φ	501,525	
Fund Balance - January 1		1,013,889		3,336,424		89,925		4,440,238	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	992,836	\$	3,748,927	\$	-	\$	4,741,763	

EXHIBIT B-3

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 County Ditch	Law Library		employment Obligation	Sheriff's Ontingent	 Total
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments Undistributed cash in agency funds Special assessments receivable	\$ 171,713 3,031	\$	96,840 -	\$ 804,647 -	\$ 15,716 -	\$ 1,088,916 3,031
Current	2,135		-	-	-	2,135
Prior	4,048		-	-	-	4,048
Deferred	 42,173		-	 -	 -	 42,173
Total Assets	\$ 223,100	\$	96,840	\$ 804,647	\$ 15,716	\$ 1,140,303
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 24	\$	4,938	\$ -	\$ 240	\$ 5,202
Deferred revenue - unavailable	45,859		-	-	-	45,859
Advance from other funds	 96,406		-	 -	 -	 96,406
Total Liabilities	\$ 142,289	\$	4,938	\$ 	\$ 240	\$ 147,467
Fund Balances Unreserved						
Designated for compensated absences	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 804,647	\$ -	\$ 804,647
Undesignated	 80,811		91,902	 -	 15,476	 188,189
Total Fund Balances	\$ 80,811	\$	91,902	\$ 804,647	\$ 15,476	\$ 992,836
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 223,100	\$	96,840	\$ 804,647	\$ 15,716	\$ 1,140,303

EXHIBIT B-4

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	County Ditch]	Law Library	Postemployment Obligation		Sheriff's Contingent		Total	
Revenues									
Special assessments	\$ 65,255	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	65,255	
Fines and forfeits	 -		54,344	 -		7,488		61,832	
Total Revenues	\$ 65,255	\$	54,344	\$ -	\$	7,488	\$	127,087	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government	\$ -	\$	44,572	\$ -	\$	-	\$	44,572	
Public safety	-		-	-		8,756		8,756	
Human services	-		-	19,698		-		19,698	
Conservation of natural resources	 74,314		-	 -		-		74,314	
Total Expenditures	\$ 74,314	\$	44,572	\$ 19,698	\$	8,756	\$	147,340	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (9,059)	\$	9,772	\$ (19,698)	\$	(1,268)	\$	(20,253)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out	 			 		(800)		(800)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (9,059)	\$	9,772	\$ (19,698)	\$	(2,068)	\$	(21,053)	
Fund Balance - January 1	 89,870		82,130	 824,345		17,544		1,013,889	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 80,811	\$	91,902	\$ 804,647	\$	15,476	\$	992,836	

EXHIBIT B-5

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2010

				G	overnment						
-			Ethanol		Service	0	Sheriff				Total
	ependency		Plant		Center		perations		Home		Total
\$	176,341	\$	1,261,407	\$	931,660	\$	467,416	\$	158,359	\$	2,995,183
			11 128		11 864		5 788		804		29,084
	-		11,120		11,004		5,200		004		29,084
	-		15,358		14,101		6,384		844		36,687
	-		-		11,927		4,978		1,601		18,506
					4 40 00 7						
	256,681		-		460,005		-		-		716,686
\$	433,022	\$	1,287,893	\$	1,429,557	\$	484,066	\$	161,608	\$	3,796,146
\$	2,304	\$	303	\$	305	\$	303	\$	303	\$	3,518
	-		11,349		21,118		9,168		2,066		43,701
\$	2,304	\$	11,652	\$	21,423	\$	9,471	\$	2,369	\$	47,219
\$	256,681	\$	-	\$	460,005	\$	-	\$	-	\$	716,686
	174,037	_	1,276,241		948,129		474,595		159,239		3,032,241
\$	430,718	\$	1,276,241	\$	1,408,134	\$	474,595	\$	159,239	\$	3,748,927
\$	433,022	\$	1,287,893	\$	1,429,557	\$	484,066	\$	161,608	\$	3,796,146
	b \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	 256,681 433,022 433,022 2,304 2,304 2,304 174,037 430,718 	Dependency \$ 176,341 \$ - - - 256,681 - - \$ 256,681 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ \$ 256,681 \$ \$ 256,718 \$	Dependency Plant \$ 176,341 \$ 1,261,407 - 11,128 - 15,358 - 15,358 - 256,681 \$ 433,022 \$ 1,287,893 \$ 2,304 \$ 303 - \$ 11,652 \$ 2,56,681 \$ - 174,037 1,276,241 \$ 430,718 \$ 1,276,241	Chemical Dependency Ethanol Plant \$ 176,341 \$ 1,261,407 \$ - 11,128 - - 11,128 - - 15,358 - - 256,681 - \$ 433,022 \$ 1,287,893 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 303 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 11,652 \$ \$ 2,56,681 - \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 11,652 \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ \$ 2,50,681 \$ - \$ \$ 2,50,681 \$ - \$ \$ 430,718 \$ 1,276,241 \$ \$	Dependency Plant Center \$ 176,341 \$ 1,261,407 \$ 931,660 - 11,128 11,864 - 11,128 11,864 - 15,358 14,101 - 256,681 - 460,005 \$ 433,022 \$ 1,287,893 \$ 1,429,557 \$ 2,304 \$ 1,287,893 \$ 1,429,557 \$ 2,304 \$ 303 11,349 \$ 21,118 \$ 2,304 \$ 11,652 \$ 21,423 \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 174,037 1,276,241 948,129 \$ 430,718 \$ 1,276,241 \$ 1,408,134	Chemical Dependency Ethanol Plant Service Center O \$ 176,341 \$ 1,261,407 \$ 931,660 \$ - 11,128 11,864 - 11,128 11,864 - 15,358 14,101 - 15,358 14,101 - 256,681 - 460,005 \$ 433,022 \$ 1,287,893 \$ 1,429,557 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 1,287,893 \$ 1,429,557 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 11,652 \$ 21,118 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 11,652 \$ 21,423 \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ \$ 430,718 \$ 1,276,241 \$ 1,408,134 \$	Chemical DependencyEthanol PlantService CenterSheriff Operations\$176,341\$1,261,407\$931,660\$467,416-11,12811,8645,288-15,35814,1016,38411,9274,978256,681-460,005-\$433,022\$1,287,893\$1,429,557\$\$2,304\$303\$30521,1189,168\$2,304\$11,652\$21,423\$9,471\$256,681\$-\$460,005\$-\$256,681\$-\$460,005\$-\$256,681\$-\$460,005\$-\$256,681\$-\$460,005\$-\$256,681\$-\$460,005\$-\$256,681\$-\$460,005\$-\$256,681\$-\$460,005\$-\$430,718\$1,276,241\$948,129474,595\$430,718\$1,276,241\$1,408,134\$474,595	Chemical Dependency Ethanol Plant Service Center Sheriff Operations \$ 176,341 \$ 1,261,407 \$ 931,660 \$ 467,416 \$ - - 11,128 11,864 5,288 - - 11,128 11,864 5,288 - - 15,358 14,101 6,384 - - - 15,358 14,101 6,384 - - - 11,927 4,978 256,681 - 460,005 - - \$ 433,022 \$ 1,287,893 \$ 1,429,557 \$ 484,066 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 303 \$ 21,118 9,168 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 11,652 21,423 9,471 \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ - \$ \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ - \$ \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ - \$ \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ - \$ \$ 174,037 1,276,241 948,129 474,595 \$ \$ 430,	Chemical Dependency Ethanol Plant Service Center Sheriff Operations Veterans Home \$ 176,341 \$ 1,261,407 \$ 931,660 \$ 467,416 \$ 158,359 - 11,128 11,864 5,288 804 - 11,128 11,864 5,288 804 - 15,358 14,101 6,384 844 - - 460,005 - - \$ 433,022 \$ 1,287,893 \$ 1,429,557 \$ 484,066 \$ 161,608 \$ 2,304 \$ 303 \$ 11,349 \$ 21,118 9,168 \$ 2,066 \$ 2,304 \$ 11,652 \$ 21,423 \$ 9,471 \$ 2,369 \$ 256,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 - \$ - 174,037 1,276,241 948,129 474,595 159,239 \$ 430,718 \$ 1,276,241 \$ 1,408,134 \$ 474,595 \$ 159,239	Chemical Dependency Ethanol Plant Service Center Sheriff Operations Veterans Home \$ 176,341 \$ 1,261,407 \$ 931,660 \$ 467,416 \$ 158,359 \$ - 11,128 11,864 5,288 804 - 15,358 14,101 6,384 844 - - 11,927 4,978 1,601 256,681 - 460,005 - - - \$ 433,022 \$ 1,287,893 \$ 1,429,557 \$ 484,066 \$ 161,608 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 303 \$ 21,118 9,168 2,066 \$ \$ 2,304 \$ 11,652 \$ 21,423 9,471 \$ 2,369 \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ 460,005 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 2,56,681 \$ - \$ 1,276,241 948,129 474,595 \$ 159,239 \$

EXHIBIT B-6

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Chemical ependency	 Ethanol Plant	G	overnment Service Center	_0	Sheriff Dperations	 Veterans Home	 Total
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 740,734	\$	692,272	\$	311,099	\$ 41,638	\$ 1,785,743
Intergovernmental	-	47,430		44,010		19,560	2,566	113,566
Investment earnings	-	1,271		5		-	-	1,276
Miscellaneous	 548,465	 -		-	_	-	 -	 548,465
Total Revenues	\$ 548,465	\$ 789,435	\$	736,287	\$	330,659	\$ 44,204	\$ 2,449,050
Expenditures								
Debt service								
Principal	\$ 310,000	\$ 525,000	\$	595,000	\$	285,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 1,815,000
Interest	 240,996	 240,900		345,662		207,668	 25,115	 1,060,341
Total Expenditures	\$ 550,996	\$ 765,900	\$	940,662	\$	492,668	\$ 125,115	\$ 2,875,341
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (2,531)	\$ 23,535	\$	(204,375)	\$	(162,009)	\$ (80,911)	\$ (426,291)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	 -	 640,115		-	_	198,679	 -	 838,794
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,531)	\$ 663,650	\$	(204,375)	\$	36,670	\$ (80,911)	\$ 412,503
Fund Balance - January 1	 433,249	 612,591		1,612,509		437,925	 240,150	 3,336,424
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 430,718	\$ 1,276,241	\$	1,408,134	\$	474,595	\$ 159,239	\$ 3,748,927

EXHIBIT B-7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CONSTRUCTION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Final Budget		
Expenditures							
Capital outlay							
Human services	\$ 78,235	\$	78,235	\$ -	\$	78,235	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$ 152,571	\$	152,571	\$ 128,755	\$	(23,816)	
Transfers out	 (203,724)		(203,724)	 (218,680)		(14,956)	
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	\$ (51,153)	\$	(51,153)	\$ (89,925)	\$	(38,772)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (129,388)	\$	(129,388)	\$ (89,925)	\$	39,463	
Fund Balance - January 1	 89,925		89,925	89,925			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ (39,463)	\$	(39,463)	\$ -	\$	39,463	

EXHIBIT B-8

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with		
		Original	 Final	A	mounts	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Special assessments	\$	70,449	\$ 70,449	\$	65,255	\$	(5,194)
Expenditures							
Current							
Conservation of natural resources							
Drainage ditches		20,000	 20,000		74,314		(54,314)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	50,449	\$ 50,449	\$	(9,059)	\$	(59,508)
Fund Balance - January 1		89,870	 89,870		89,870		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	140,319	\$ 140,319	\$	80,811	\$	(59,508)

EXHIBIT B-9

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LAW LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Am		l Amour	mounts		Actual	Variance with	
	0	Original		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget	
Revenues								
Fines and forfeits	\$	56,000	\$	56,000	\$	54,344	\$	(1,656)
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Law library		54,400		54,400		44,572		9,828
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	1,600	\$	1,600	\$	9,772	\$	8,172
Fund Balance - January 1		82,130		82,130		82,130		-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	83,730	\$	83,730	\$	91,902	\$	8,172

EXHIBIT B-10

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SHERIFF'S CONTINGENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
	(Original	 Final	A	mounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues							
Fines and forfeits	\$	8,500	\$ 8,500	\$	7,488	\$	(1,012)
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety							
Sheriff		8,900	 8,900		8,756		144
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	(400)	\$ (400)	\$	(1,268)	\$	(868)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out		(1,182)	 (1,182)		(800)		382
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,582)	\$ (1,582)	\$	(2,068)	\$	(486)
Fund Balance - January 1		17,544	 17,544		17,544		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	15,962	\$ 15,962	\$	15,476	\$	(486)

EXHIBIT B-11

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Var	iance with	
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues							
Miscellaneous	\$	548,877	\$	548,877	\$ 548,465	\$	(412)
Expenditures							
Debt service							
Principal	\$	310,000	\$	310,000	\$ 310,000	\$	-
Interest		238,678		238,678	 240,996		(2,318)
Total Expenditures	\$	548,678	\$	548,678	\$ 550,996	\$	(2,318)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	199	\$	199	\$ (2,531)	\$	(2,730)
Fund Balance - January 1		433,249		433,249	 433,249		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	433,448	\$	433,448	\$ 430,718	\$	(2,730)

EXHIBIT B-12

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ETHANOL PLANT DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted An		Amou	ints	Actual	Var	riance with
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	768,507	\$	768,507	\$ 740,734	\$	(27,773)
Intergovernmental		46,910		46,910	47,430		520
Investment earnings		-		-	 1,271		1,271
Total Revenues	\$	815,417	\$	815,417	\$ 789,435	\$	(25,982)
Expenditures							
Debt service							
Principal	\$	525,000	\$	525,000	\$ 525,000	\$	-
Interest		240,018		240,018	 240,900		(882)
Total Expenditures	\$	765,018	\$	765,018	\$ 765,900	\$	(882)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$	50,399	\$	50,399	\$ 23,535	\$	(26,864)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$	651,178	\$	651,178	\$ 640,115	\$	(11,063)
Transfers out		(72,353)		(72,353)	 -		72,353
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	\$	578,825	\$	578,825	\$ 640,115	\$	61,290
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	629,224	\$	629,224	\$ 663,650	\$	34,426
Fund Balance - January 1		612,591		612,591	 612,591		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,241,815	\$	1,241,815	\$ 1,276,241	\$	34,426

EXHIBIT B-13

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GOVERNMENT SERVICE CENTER DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 Budgeted	l Amou	ints	Actual	Va	riance with
	 Original		Final	Amounts	Fiı	nal Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 705,978	\$	705,978	\$ 692,272	\$	(13,706)
Intergovernmental	43,527		43,527	44,010		483
Investment earnings	 -		-	 5		5
Total Revenues	\$ 749,505	\$	749,505	\$ 736,287	\$	(13,218)
Expenditures						
Debt service						
Principal	\$ 595,000	\$	595,000	\$ 595,000	\$	-
Interest	 344,244		344,244	 345,662		(1,418)
Total Expenditures	\$ 939,244	\$	939,244	\$ 940,662	\$	(1,418)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ (189,739)	\$	(189,739)	\$ (204,375)	\$	(14,636)
Fund Balance - January 1	 1,612,509		1,612,509	 1,612,509		-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 1,422,770	\$	1,422,770	\$ 1,408,134	\$	(14,636)

EXHIBIT B-14

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SHERIFF OPERATIONS DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts			nts		Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	316,942	\$	316,942	\$	311,099	\$	(5,843)
Intergovernmental		19,346		19,346		19,560		214
Total Revenues	\$	336,288	\$	336,288	\$	330,659	\$	(5,629)
Expenditures Debt service								
Principal	\$	285,000	\$	285,000	\$	285,000	\$	
Interest	φ	206,900	φ	206,900	φ	207,668	φ	(768)
merest		200,900		200,900		207,000		(700)
Total Expenditures	\$	491,900	\$	491,900	\$	492,668	\$	(768)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(155,612)	\$	(155,612)	\$	(162,009)	\$	(6,397)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		160,723		160,723		198,679		37,956
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	5,111	\$	5,111	\$	36,670	\$	31,559
Fund Balance - January 1		437,925		437,925		437,925		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	443,036	\$	443,036	\$	474,595	\$	31,559

EXHIBIT B-15

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE VETERANS HOME DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	 Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual	Vari	ance with
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fina	l Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 41,587	\$	41,587	\$ 41,638	\$	51
Intergovernmental	 2,538		2,538	 2,566		28
Total Revenues	\$ 44,125	\$	44,125	\$ 44,204	\$	79
Expenditures						
Debt service						
Principal	\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 100,000	\$	-
Interest	 24,365		24,365	 25,115		(750)
Total Expenditures	\$ 124,365	\$	124,365	\$ 125,115	\$	(750)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ (80,240)	\$	(80,240)	\$ (80,911)	\$	(671)
Fund Balance - January 1	 240,150		240,150	 240,150		-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 159,910	\$	159,910	\$ 159,239	\$	(671)

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

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EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

		Balance January 1 Additions		Additions	Deductions		Balance December 31	
ASSURANCE FUND								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$	- 23	\$	41	\$	41 23	\$	-
Total Assets	\$	23	\$	41	\$	64	\$	-
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	23	\$	41		64	\$	
FAMILY SERVICES COLLABORATIV FUND	<u>E</u>							
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$	252,988 107	\$	295,123 116	\$	275,304 107	\$	272,807 116
Total Assets	\$	253,095	\$	295,239	\$	275,411	\$	272,923
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	20,012 233,083	\$	277,306 17,933	\$	274,838 573	\$	22,480 250,443
Total Liabilities	\$	253,095	\$	295,239	\$	275,411	\$	272,923
HOSPITAL DISTRICTS FUND								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$	12,258	\$	12,258 12,974	\$	12,258 12,258	\$	- 12,974
Total Assets	\$	12,258	\$	25,232	\$	24,516	\$	12,974
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	12,258	\$	25,232	\$	24,516	\$	12,974

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
MORTGAGE REGISTRATION FUND								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	103,588	\$	1,140,269	\$	1,125,113	\$	118,744
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	103,588	\$	1,140,269	\$	1,125,113	\$	118,744
OTTER TAIL LAKES AREA SEWER DISTRICT FUND								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$	1,032	\$	1,032 679	\$	1,032 1,032	\$	- 679
Total Assets	\$	1,032	\$	1,711	\$	2,064	\$	679
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	1,032	\$	1,711	\$	2,064	\$	679
<u>PRAIRIE LAKES MUNICIPAL SOLID</u> <u>WASTE</u>								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	-	\$	8,274	\$		\$	8,274
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	-	\$	8,274	\$	-	\$	8,274
EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Balance anuary 1	 Additions]	Deductions	Balance cember 31
SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$ 314,745	\$ 314,745 306,123	\$	314,745 314,745	\$ 306,123
Total Assets	\$ 314,745	\$ 620,868	\$	629,490	\$ 306,123
Liabilities					
Due to other governments	\$ 314,745	\$ 620,868	\$	629,490	\$ 306,123
STATE TAX FUND					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ 106,975 25,158 95,667	\$ 8,576,405 - 68,653	\$	8,549,734 25,158 95,667	\$ 133,646 - 68,653
Total Assets	\$ 227,800	\$ 8,645,058	\$	8,670,559	\$ 202,299
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 227,800	\$ 8,645,058	\$	8,670,559	\$ 202,299
TAXES AND PENALTIES FUND					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$ 782,963 4,628	\$ 71,789,429 41	\$	71,745,555 4,628	\$ 826,837 41
Total Assets	\$ 787,591	\$ 71,789,470	\$	71,750,183	\$ 826,878
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 730,378 57,213	\$ 25,750,131 46,039,339	\$	25,734,506 46,015,677	\$ 746,003 80,875
Total Liabilities	\$ 787,591	\$ 71,789,470	\$	71,750,183	\$ 826,878

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Balance January 1	 Additions	 Deductions	D	Balance ecember 31
TOWNS AND CITIES FUND					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$ - 305,756	\$ 305,756 355,305	\$ 305,756 305,756	\$	355,305
Total Assets	\$ 305,756	\$ 661,061	\$ 611,512	\$	355,305
Liabilities					
Due to other governments	\$ 305,756	\$ 661,061	\$ 611,512	\$	355,305
WATERSHED DISTRICT FUND					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$ - 920	\$ 920 2,269	\$ 920 920	\$	2,269
Total Assets	\$ 920	\$ 3,189	\$ 1,840	\$	2,269
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 920	\$ 3,189	\$ 1,840	\$	2,269
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$ 1,246,514 29,809 730,485	\$ 82,444,252 41 746,119	\$ 82,330,458 29,809 730,485	\$	1,360,308 41 746,119
Total Assets	\$ 2,006,808	\$ 83,190,412	\$ 83,090,752	\$	2,106,468
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 20,012 730,378 1,256,418	\$ 277,306 25,750,131 57,162,975	\$ 274,838 25,734,506 57,081,408	\$	22,480 746,003 1,337,985
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,006,808	\$ 83,190,412	\$ 83,090,752	\$	2,106,468

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OTHER SCHEDULES

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EXHIBIT D-1

SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Number	Interest Rate (%)	Maturity Dates	 Fair Value
Cash and Pooled Investments Noninterest-bearing checking	-	-	Continuous	\$ 50,000
Interest-bearing checking	Seven	Varies	Continuous	14,351,625
Certificates of deposit	Forty-seven	0.14 to 2.00	January 12, 2011 to July 28, 2012	16,906,904
Money market savings	Five	0.25 to 0.85	Continuous	471,140
Mutual fund	-	Varies	Continuous	7,803,080
U.S. Treasury notes	Six	0.38 to 4.63	May 31, 2012 to December 31, 2012	6,033,444
U.S. Treasury bonds - stripped interest payment	Two	-	August 15, 2017 to August 15, 2019	42,208
Federal National Mortgage Association	Three	4.50 to 7.50	August 25, 2018 to June 25, 2022	 397,807
Total Cash and Pooled Investments				\$ 46,056,208

BALANCE SHEET - BY DITCH COUNTY DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2010

					As	sets				
	Cash and Pooled		istributed				al Assessments Receivable			
	Inve	estments	 Cash	(Current	Del	inquent	D	eferred	
Judicial Ditches										
2	\$	33,699	\$ 9	\$	4	\$	1	\$	6,027	
3		92	-		-		-		-	
County Ditches										
4		22,691	290		1,510		2,898		7,438	
5		8,626	1		-		-		1,678	
8		162	-		-		-		-	
11		4,260	-		-		-		770	
12		15,477	53		58		78		4,510	
14		68	-		-		-		-	
16		-	-		-		-		-	
17		475	-		-		-		-	
19		217	-		-		-		-	
21		12,789	31		9		-		4,018	
29		2,447	219		59		-		1,673	
37		-	4		61		79		3,654	
38		22,545	2,376		416		193		3,740	
39		1,415	-		_		-		935	
41		2,510	-		-		-		-	
43		2,269	-		-		-		1,180	
44		15	-		-		-		-	
45		225	-		-		-		-	
48		25	-		-		-		-	
52		1,005	48		-		-		1,930	
53		10,326	_		18		779		2,310	
54		92	-		_		-		-	
56		15,672	-		-		-		2,310	
59		146	-		-		-		-	
62		154	-		-		-		-	
63		13,819	-		-		20		-	
64		11	-		-		-		-	
68		481	-		-		-		-	
70		-	 -		-		-		-	
Total	\$	171,713	\$ 3,031	\$	2,135	\$	4,048	\$	42,173	

				Liab	ilities					Total		
 Total		Accounts Payable		eferred Revenue		Advance from Other Funds		Total		Balance nreserved designated	a	iabilities and Fund Balance
\$ 39,740	\$	-	\$	6,032	\$	-	\$	6,032	\$	33,708	\$	39,740
92		-		-		-		-		92		92
34,827		-		9,373		7,469		16,842		17,985		34,827
10,305		_		1,678		-		1,678		8,627		10,305
162		_		-		-		_		162		162
5,030		-		770		-		770		4,260		5,030
20,176		-		4,646		-		4,646		15,530		20,176
68		-		-		-		-		68		68
-		-		-		73,046		73,046		(73,046)		-
475		-		-		-		-		475		475
217		-		-		-		-		217		217
16,847		-		4,022		-		4,022		12,825		16,847
4,398		-		1,713		257		1,970		2,428		4,398
3,798		-		3,795		9,555		13,350		(9,552)		3,798
29,270		-		4,349		-		4,349		24,921		29,270
2,350		-		935		-		935		1,415		2,350
2,510		-		-		-		-		2,510		2,510
3,449		-		1,180		-		1,180		2,269		3,449
15		-		-		-		-		15		15
225		-		-		-		-		225		225
25		-		-		-		-		25		25
2,983		-		1,930		1,504		3,434		(451)		2,983
13,433		-		3,106		-		3,106		10,327		13,433
92		-		-		-		-		92		92
17,982		-		2,310		-		2,310		15,672		17,982
146		-		-		-		-		146		146
154		-		-		-		-		154		154
13,839		-		20		-		20		13,819		13,839
11		-		-		-		-		11		11
481		-		-		-		-		481		481
 -		24		-		4,575		4,599		(4,599)		-
\$ 223,100	\$	24	\$	45,859	\$	96,406	\$	142,289	\$	80,811	\$	223,100

EXHIBIT D-3

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Governmental Funds		E	Enterprise Fund		All Funds
Shared Revenue						
State						
Highway users tax	\$	10,322,115	\$	-	\$	10,322,115
County program aid		1,255,123		-		1,255,123
PERA rate reimbursement		64,946		-		64,946
Police aid		210,132		-		210,132
Flood aid		200,000		-		200,000
Market value credit		1,697,830		-		1,697,830
Market value credit - MH		10,113		-		10,113
Local option disaster abatement		5,774		-		5,774
Disparity reduction aid		13,021		-		13,021
Total shared revenue	\$	13,779,054	\$		\$	13,779,054
Reimbursement for Services						
State						
Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$	1,082,599	\$	-	\$	1,082,599
Payments						
Local						
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	422,582	\$	-	\$	422,582
Grants						
State						
Minnesota Department/Board of						
Agriculture	\$	47,276	\$	-	\$	47,276
Corrections		315,398		-		315,398
Public Safety		168,317		-		168,317
Transportation		2,860,490		-		2,860,490
Health		611,086		-		611,086
Veterans Affairs		10,000		-		10,000
Natural Resources		243,048		-		243,048
Human Services		3,765,242		-		3,765,242
Water and Soil Resources		207,412		-		207,412
Peace Officer Standards and Training Board		11,472		-		11,472
Minnesota Pollution Control Agency		-		174,925		174,925
Total state	\$	8,239,741	\$	174,925	\$	8,414,666

EXHIBIT D-3 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Governmental Funds			Interprise Fund	All Funds		
Grants (Continued)							
Federal							
Department of							
Agriculture	\$	726,661	\$	-	\$	726,661	
Commerce		55,619		-		55,619	
Justice		13,044		-		13,044	
Transportation		1,193,931		-		1,193,931	
Health and Human Services		4,074,856		-		4,074,856	
Homeland Security		152,077		-		152,077	
Election Assistance Commission		22,800		-		22,800	
Total federal	\$	6,238,988	\$	-	\$	6,238,988	
Total state and federal grants	\$	14,478,729	\$	174,925	\$	14,653,654	
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	29,762,964	\$	174,925	\$	29,937,889	

EXHIBIT D-4

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	E	xpenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	\$	282,646
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance			
Program	10.561		444,015
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$	726,661
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety and City of St. Cloud			
Public Safety Interoperable Communication Grant Program	11.555	\$	55,619
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct			
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program/Grants to	1 < 0.0 1	<i>.</i>	12.044
Units of Local Government - ARRA	16.804	\$	13,044
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Highway Safety Cluster			
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	\$	17,766
Alcohol Impaired Driving Countermeasures	20.601	φ	10,815
Occupant Protection	20.602		1,540
Safety Belt Performance	20.609		4,886
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608		13,250
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		1,019,821
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$	1,068,078
U.S. Election Assistance Commission			
Passed Through Minnesota Secretary of State			
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	90.401	\$	21,198

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT D-4 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Commerce				
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	\$	305,001	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health				
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069		91,425	
Universal Newborn Hearing Screening	93.251		825	
Immunization Cluster				
Immunization Grants	93.268		2,500	
Immunization - ARRA	93.712		5,731	
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical				
Assistance	93.283		27,509	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		75,832	
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994		65,720	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services				
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		35,463	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		520,998	
Child Support Enforcement Cluster				
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		1,043,523	
Child Support Enforcement - ARRA	93.563		65,397	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State-Administered Programs	93.566		550	
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and				
Development Fund	93.596		24,490	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645		15,095	
Foster Care Title IV-E Cluster				
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658		202,644	
Foster Care Title IV-E - ARRA	93.658		10,045	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		406,420	
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		7,181	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		648	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		1,064,220	
Passed Through West Central Area Agency on Aging				
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive				
Services and Senior Centers	93.044		72,439	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$	4,043,656	

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT D-4 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA		
Grant Program Title	Number	E	xpenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources			
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	\$	22,252
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036		35,351
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042		58,243
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety and the City of St. Cloud			
Interoperable Emergency Communications	97.055		8,366
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		40,516
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		\$	164,728
Total Federal Awards		\$	6,092,984

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Otter Tail County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Otter Tail County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2010. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Otter Tail County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Otter Tail County.

3. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.

4. <u>Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue</u>

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 6,238,988
Grants received in 2006, recognized in 2010	
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	21,198
Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, deferred in 2010	
Highway Planning and Construction	129,517
Disaster Assistance - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	12,651
Grants deferred in 2009, recognized as revenue in 2010	
Highway Planning and Construction	(194,965)
Highway Planning and Construction - ARRA	(60,405)
Child Support Enforcement	(31,200)
Grants received in 2010, to be recognized as expended	. , ,
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments	 (22,800)
Expenditures Per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 6,092,984

5. <u>Subrecipients</u>

During 2010, Otter Tail County did not pass any federal awards through to subrecipients.

6. American Recovery and Reinvestment Act

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) requires recipients to clearly distinguish ARRA funds from non-ARRA funding. In the schedule, ARRA funds are denoted by the addition of ARRA to the program name.

Management and Compliance Section This page was left blank intentionally.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- A. Our report expresses unqualified opinions on the financial statements of Otter Tail County.
- B. Significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of financial statements of Otter Tail County and are reported in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards.*" One of the significant deficiencies is a material weakness.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Otter Tail County were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No matters involving internal control over compliance relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133."
- E. The Auditor's Report on Compliance for the major federal award programs for Otter Tail County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- F. No findings were disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- G. The major programs are:

State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental	
Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	CFDA #10.561
Highway Planning and Construction	CFDA #20.205
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	CFDA #93.558
Child Support Enforcement Cluster	
Child Support Enforcement	CFDA #93.563
Child Support Enforcement - ARRA	CFDA #93.563

Foster Care Title IV-E Cluster Foster Care Title IV-E Foster Care Title IV-E - ARRA Social Services Block Grant - Title XX

CFDA #93.658 CFDA #93.658 CFDA #93.667

- H. The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. Otter Tail County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

96-6 Segregation of Duties

Due to the limited number of office personnel within several departments of Otter Tail County, segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. This is not unusual in operations the size of Otter Tail County; however, the County's management should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an accounting point of view.

Without proper segregation of duties, errors or irregularities may not be detected timely.

We recommend that Otter Tail County's management be aware of the lack of segregation of the accounting functions and implement oversight and monitoring procedures to ensure that internal control policies and procedures are being followed as directed.

Client's Response:

Otter Tail County's management is aware that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an internal accounting control point of view. Otter Tail County's management does concur with the recommendation and will work toward formalizing existing oversight procedures and will implement additional oversight procedures as necessary, to ensure that internal control policies and procedures are being followed as directed.

96-7 Disaster Recovery Plan for Data Processing

The County does not have a written disaster recovery plan. Some elements of disaster recovery procedures are operational: off-site storage of back-up programs and data, off-site supply of special forms, and an automated back-up and recovery management system. Effective December 2008, the County entered a "High Availability Agreement" with the City of Fergus Falls as an alternative processing site in the event that the County system should fail. The continued use of these procedures is advisable but is not sufficient to ensure operational recovery from a physical disaster or major computer outage.

Disaster recovery planning involves predetermined methods and procedures to restore and continue operations in the event of a catastrophic emergency in the data processing area. A written plan should cover the loss of any or all programs, data, forms, computer media, operating instructions, and other documentation.

We recommend that the Management Information Systems Department continue its efforts in developing a detailed plan that will ensure continued operations in the event of a disaster. We also recommend the plan include all computer systems and be coordinated with other County departments.

Client's Response:

Otter Tail County's management does concur with the recommendation. Based on our Auditor's comment, it would appear that many of the major components for a disaster recovery plan for data processing are already in place and that the deficiency is the lack of written documentation detailing a plan that will ensure continued operations in the event of a disaster. The Director of the Information Technology Department has indicated that he will pursue the development of a detailed plan.

06-1 Preparation of Financial Statements

Otter Tail County is required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The preparation of the financial statements is the responsibility of the County's management. Financial statement preparation in accordance with GAAP requires internal controls over both: (1) recording, processing, and summarizing accounting data (maintaining internal books and records); and (2) preparing and reporting appropriate government-wide and fund financial statements, including the related notes to the financial statements.

Otter Tail County has established controls and procedures for the recording, processing, and summarizing of its accounting data used in the preparation of its financial statements.

As is the case with many small and medium-sized entities, the County has relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the basic financial statements, including notes to the financial statements, as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the County's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, at least in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered part of the government's internal control. As a result of this condition, the government lacks internal control over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP.

We recommend Otter Tail County obtain the training and expertise to internally prepare its annual financial statements in accordance with GAAP. If Otter Tail County still intends to have staff from the Office of the State Auditor assist in preparation then, at a minimum, it must identify and train individuals to obtain the expertise that it can sufficiently review, understand, and approve the County's financial statements, including notes.

Client's Response:

Otter Tail County's management recognizes the responsibility to prepare our financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The goal of the Otter Tail County Auditor and the Otter Tail County Auditor's office has been, and still is, to reduce our reliance on our independent external auditor and to prepare the County's financial statements, including notes, without the assistance of our independent external auditor. This is an obtainable goal for Otter Tail County, and the County will continue to make this goal a priority until it has been fully obtained.

With the existing expertise already within County's offices, and with the assistance of outside resources to help properly develop and structure our financial reporting software, Otter Tail County will be positioned to prepare its annual financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. We will have individuals who are adequately trained to review, understand, and approve the County's financial statements, including notes.

06-2 Audit Adjustment

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. Statement on Auditing Standards 115 defines a material weakness as a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. The County provides a general ledger, GASB 34 audit list, and supporting schedules necessary to adjust to the modified accrual basis for fund level financial statements and to the full accrual basis for the government-wide financial statements.

During our audit, we identified an adjustment in the General Fund to reclassify collections posted as miscellaneous revenue of \$1,598,477 and charges for services of \$54,200 to revenue for licenses and permits of \$14,120, intergovernmental revenue state grants of \$147,143, intergovernmental revenue federal grants of \$114,293, general government expenses of \$1,130,736, and public safety expenses of \$246,385.

Proposed audit adjustments are reviewed and approved by the appropriate staff and are reflected in the financial statements.

We recommend the County continue its efforts in reducing the audit entries by establishing review procedures to ensure all postings to the general ledger and supporting schedules are accurate and complete.

Client's Response:

Otter Tail County Management, Otter Tail County Auditor, and the Otter Tail County Auditor's staff will continue to work to reinforce existing procedures and to implement new and/or improved procedures to ensure all postings to the account activities report are accurate and complete. Efforts have been made to bring those portions of the chart of accounts which are not in compliance with the COFARS numbering scheme into compliance by contracting for assistance with an outside resource. A concerted effort will be made to review IFS monthly financial reports at the detailed level to help ensure that all financial transactions are being posted to the proper accounts and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and procedures.

08-1 Documenting and Monitoring Internal Controls

County management is responsible for the County's internal control over financial reporting. This responsibility requires performing an assessment of existing controls over significant functions used to produce financial information for the Board, management, and for external financial reporting. The risk assessment is intended to determine if the internal controls that have been established by County management are still effective or if changes are needed to maintain a sound internal control structure. Changes may be necessary due to such things as organizational restructuring, updates to information systems, or changes to services being provided. Although the County may informally assess risks and adjust internal control procedures to address those risks, there are no formal procedures or documentation of those procedures in place.

At a minimum, the following significant internal control areas should be documented:

- cash and investment activities;
- capital assets (capitalization process and related depreciation);
- major funding sources (taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, and miscellaneous items);
- expenditure/expense processing;
- payroll; and
- debt-related items.

We recommend that County management document the significant internal controls in its accounting system, including an assessment of risk and the processes used to minimize the risks. We also recommend that a formal plan be developed that calls for monitoring the internal control structure on a regular basis, no less than annually. The monitoring activity should also be documented to show the results of the review, any changes required, and who performed the work.

Client's Response:

Otter Tail County's management is aware of the significance and importance of routinely reviewing and monitoring internal controls in our accounting system for the purposes of identifying weaknesses, assessing the risk of any weaknesses identified within our existing accounting procedures and policies, establishing procedures and policies to address identified internal control weakness, and monitoring if changes are necessary due to staffing changes, technology and/or legal compliance changes. Otter Tail County's management also realizes that documenting and monitoring the county's internal controls will help to address other issues within your report, for example -- audit finding 96-6.

The Otter Tail County Auditor's office does meet on a regular basis (approximately once every six weeks) to review the internal control procedures and policies within the Auditor's office, and how those procedures and policies relate to our processes, both internally and when working with other departments, regarding accounting and financial record keeping and reporting.

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

10-1 Preparation of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, Auditee Responsibilities,* subpart C § .300(a) and (d) requires, "The auditee shall identify, in its accounts, all Federal awards received and expended and the Federal programs under which they were received. Federal program and award identification shall include, as applicable, the CFDA title and number, award number and year, name of the Federal agency, and name of the pass-through entity. The auditee shall prepare appropriate financial statements, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with subpart C § .310."

Otter Tail County does not prepare a Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA), nor does it adequately identify federal programs by amount received and expended, federal grantor agency, pass-through agency, and Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) title and number as required under OMB Circular A-133.

This condition results in a deficiency in internal control over financial statement preparation and the reporting of federal financial assistance by the County. Since the County has not developed procedures for properly identifying all federal financial assistance, the County relies on its auditors for assistance with preparing the SEFA. Independent auditors cannot be considered part of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

We recommend that Otter Tail County management develop a process, including written procedures that will allow staff to adequately identify federal revenues and accumulate the information needed to prepare the SEFA. Specific measures could include having departments informing accounting/finance when they have received a grant award, holding in suspense accounts until properly identified as to nature and source any intergovernmental revenue receipts, and comparison of the prior year SEFA to the current year. For each federal award identified, the County should determine the correct program CFDA title and number, award number and year, federal grantor agency, pass-through agency, amount received and expended, and whether American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funding is involved. The federal CFDA website is available to assist in this process. Those responsible for compiling the SEFA should obtain the training necessary (through courses or reference materials) to understand the components of the SEFA and properly gather the correct information and maintain supporting documentation. The County should also reconcile the SEFA amounts to the general ledger and financial statements.

Client's Response:

Otter Tail County's management recognizes the responsibility to prepare the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and is in agreement with the recommendation as stated in the Schedule of Findings. Otter Tail County's management recognizes that adequately resolving Audit Finding 06-1, "Preparation of Financial Statements," Audit Finding 06-2, "Audit Adjustment," and Audit Finding 08-1, "Documenting and Monitoring Internal Controls" would significantly help address this issue.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. <u>MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE</u>

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

09-1 <u>Collateral Pledged to Secure Deposits</u>

At December 31, 2010, deposits with First National Bank of Henning exceeded the amount of federal deposit insurance and collateral pledged by \$36,409. In general, Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 3, requires that, "[t]he total amount of the collateral computed at its market value shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day."

We recommend that the County Treasurer monitor deposits and the market values of pledged collateral in designated depositories to ensure that County funds are fully protected at all times as required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03.

Client's Response:

The Otter Tail County Treasurer is aware of the need to monitor deposits and the market value of pledged collateral in designated depositories to ensure that County Funds are fully protected. The County Treasurer's office has implemented procedures to ensure regular monitoring of pledged collateral.

B. <u>MANAGEMENT PRACTICES</u>

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

09-2 Ditch Fund Balance Deficits

Of the 31 individual ditch systems, 4 had deficit unreserved, undesignated fund balances at December 31, 2010, totaling \$87,648, the largest being \$73,046.

As provided by Minn. Stat. § 103E.735, subd. 1, a fund balance to be used for repairs may be established for any drainage system, not to exceed 20 percent of the assessed benefits of the ditch system or \$100,000, whichever is larger.

We recommend that the County eliminate the individual ditch deficit fund balances by levying assessments pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 103E.735, subd. 1, which permits the accumulation of a surplus balance to provide for the repair and maintenance costs of a ditch system.

Client's Response:

Otter Tail County Management is aware of the provisions of Minnesota Statute 103E.735, Subdivision 1. Otter Tail County has implemented annual maintenance assessments on a number of drainage systems and will continue to levy an annual assessment for the purpose of establishing individual drainage accounts with funds sufficient to finance normal and routine repair and maintenance costs. The drainage systems referenced in the above comment are systems that are in the process of undergoing major repairs and which have not had an annual maintenance assessment established. It is anticipated that project assessments will be levied on these drainage systems in December of 2011. Once project assessments are in place, the policy of the county is to continue with annual maintenance assessments.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Uniform and Safety Equipment Allowance or Clothing Allowance (05-3) Certain County employees are eligible for reimbursement of expenses under a uniform and safety equipment allowance or clothing allowance, as stipulated in their union contract or the personnel policy. Certain items purchased through the uniform and safety equipment allowance or clothing allowance did not comply with County policy, appeared to be excessive, or did not comply with Internal Revenue Service regulations as deductible work clothing.

Resolution

Over the past few years, the County has taken steps to ensure compliance with County policy and that purchases are reasonable and serve a public purpose, and on August 17, 2010, the County Board approved a new policy that addresses which uniform items are taxable and how to account for those items to ensure compliance with Internal Revenue Service regulations. This policy further provides that effective January 1, 2011, the Sheriff's uniform policy is amended to exclude all the items identified as taxable.

C. <u>OTHER ITEM FOR CONSIDERATION</u>

GASB Statement 54

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, is effective for Otter Tail County for the year ending December 31, 2011. The standard's objectives are to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information included in the financial report through clearer fund balance classifications that can be consistently applied and to clarify existing governmental fund type definitions.

Fund Balance Reporting

Statement 54 establishes new fund balance classifications based on constraints imposed on how resources can be spent. The existing components of fund balance are reserved, unreserved-designated, and unreserved-undesignated. Statement 54 replaces these components with nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as defined below:

- *Nonspendable* amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (for example, inventory or prepaid items) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as the corpus of a permanent fund).
- *Restricted* amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.
- *Committed* amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of a government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- *Assigned* amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- *Unassigned* spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The County should begin the process for implementing the new fund balance classifications. A key step in successfully implementing the new fund balance requirements is to plan ahead. The County can start with the following steps:

- review the requirements of GASB Statement 54;
- review current fund balances and compare to the new classifications;
- reclassify January 1, 2011, fund balance using the new classifications;
- review/update/prepare a comprehensive fund balance policy;
- prepare appropriate Board resolutions to commit fund balance; and
- if the Board of County Commissioners intends to delegate authority to assign fund balance, prepare the resolutions delegating that authority.

Governmental Fund Type Definitions

The definitions of the general fund, special revenue fund type, capital projects fund type, debt service fund type, and permanent fund type are clarified in the new standard. The new definition for a special revenue fund could have significant impact on the County's current fund classifications.

GASB Statement 54 provides a new and clearer description of when it is appropriate to account for an activity using a special revenue fund. Special revenue funds are used to report specific revenue sources restricted or committed to specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects, where the restricted or committed revenue sources comprise a substantial portion of the fund's resources, and are expected to continue to do so in the future. The standard does not define substantial portion; however, most recommendations are generally that the restricted or committed revenues should comprise at least 35 to 50 percent of total fund revenues. Under this definition, it is possible that some current special revenue funds will no longer meet the requirements for special revenue fund treatment. The County's management should review the County's special revenue funds to ensure these funds continue to warrant treatment as special revenue funds.

The County's management should perform the following steps prior to December 31, 2011:

- prepare a list of the County's special revenue funds;
- determine the sources of revenues for each of those funds;
- identify whether any of those revenues are restricted or committed;
- determine if these restricted or committed revenues represent a substantial portion of the fund's revenues and are expected to continue to be a substantial source of revenues;
 - if yes, the fund may continue to be classified as a special revenue fund;
 - if not, determine whether the County will combine that fund with the general fund or with a similar purpose special revenue fund that meets the new definition;
- code revenues in the general ledger by source constraints--restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned; and
- determine if there needs to be a restatement of beginning fund balances.

Additional implementation steps could include: informing any component units that they also will need to meet the requirements; deciding on how fund balance will be presented in the financials, such as detailed vs. aggregate methods; and developing the potential note disclosures. Additional guidance on GASB Statement 54 can be found on the Office of the State Auditor's website at:

http://www.auditor.state.mn.us/other/Statements/fundbalances_postGASB54_101 2_statement.pdf.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Otter Tail County

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Otter Tail County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Otter Tail County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 06-2 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 96-6, 96-7, 06-1, 08-1, and 10-1, to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Otter Tail County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions* contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our study included all of the listed categories, except we did not test for compliance in tax increment financing because Otter Tail County has no tax increment financing.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, Otter Tail County complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 09-1.

Also included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs is a management practices comment and an other item for consideration. We believe this recommendation and information to be of benefit to Otter Tail County, and they are reported for that purpose.

Otter Tail County's written responses to the internal control, legal compliance, and management practices findings identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management, others within Otter Tail County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 28, 2011

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of County Commissioners Otter Tail County

Compliance

We have audited Otter Tail County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. Otter Tail County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Otter Tail County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

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In our opinion, Otter Tail County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Otter Tail County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management and others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto /s/Greg Hierlinger REBECCA OTTO GREG HIERLINGER, CPA STATE AUDITOR DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR September 28, 2011