# STATE OF MINNESOTA

# Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

### DULUTH AIRPORT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF DULUTH, MINNESOTA)

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

### **Description of the Office of the State Auditor**

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

**Government Information** - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

**Legal/Special Investigations** - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

**Pension** - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

**Tax Increment Financing** - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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### DULUTH AIRPORT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF DULUTH, MINNESOTA)

### For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



### TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Reference	Page
Introductory Section		
Organization		1
Financial Section		
Independent Auditor's Report		2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4
Basic Financial Statements  Comparative Statement of Nat. Agasta	Ershihit A	12
Comparative Statement of Payanuss, Expanses, and	Exhibit A	13
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	Exhibit B	15
Comparative Statement of Cash Flows	Exhibit C	16
Notes to the Financial Statements	Lamon	17
Required Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment		
Benefits Plan	Schedule 1	34
Supplementary Information		
Comparative Statement of Operating Revenues	Schedule 2	35
Management and Compliance Section		
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	Schedule 3	36
Other Required Reports		
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on		
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial		
Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government</i>		40
Auditing Standards		40
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each		
Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in		
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Passenger Facility		
Charge Programs		43
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	Schedule 4	46
Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and		
Expended	Schedule 5	47





### ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Term Ending
Directors	
Nancy Aronson Norr	July 1, 2008
David Boe	July 1, 2008
John Eagleton	July 1, 2010
Conrad Firling	July 1, 2009
Roy Niemi	July 1, 2010
Michael Orman	July 1, 2009
Robert Pearson	July 1, 2009

Executive Director Brian Ryks

Officers

President

Nancy Aronson Norr

Vice President

Michael Orman

Secretary

John Eagleton







# STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Council City of Duluth

Board of Directors Duluth Airport Authority

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Duluth Airport Authority, a component unit of the City of Duluth, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Duluth Airport Authority as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 6 to the financial statements, during the year ended December 31, 2007, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and the other required supplementary information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We applied certain limited procedures, which consisted primarily of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying financial information listed as supplementary information in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Authority. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 13, 2008, on our consideration of the Duluth Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

June 13, 2008





### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

Our discussion and analysis of the Duluth Airport Authority's financial performance provides an overview of the Airport's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Operating expenses (before depreciation and amortization) increased \$451.7 thousand, or 14 percent, compared to Fiscal Year 2006. The increase is attributed primarily to price increases for fuel; employee benefits costs in workers' compensation, travel, and salaries; and increased costs for professional services for an incentive based airline development consultant.
- Operating revenue increased \$420.9 thousand, or 13 percent, due in large part to increased revenues and activity related to and resulting from Midwest Airlines operating in Duluth during much of 2007. Additionally, additional rental properties contributed to the revenue growth.
- Non-operating federal and state grant revenues declined \$3.3 million, or 27 percent, from 2006. Contributed capital increased \$2.6 million from 2006 due primarily to the transfer of a hangar from the Air National Guard. Total net assets increased \$8.3 million, or 14 percent, compared to Fiscal Year 2006.
- Total number of passengers increased by 60.4 thousand, or 21 percent, for a total of 349.5 thousand in 2007.
- Total traffic count as recorded by the FAA tower increased by 3.0 thousand, or 4 percent. Of this figure, approximately 80 percent is commercial and general aviation traffic, with the remaining 20 percent military traffic.
- Landing fee revenues for 2007 increased by \$79.4 thousand, or 25 percent, due to increased traffic count and higher commercial activity.
- Passenger Facility Charge revenue increased \$156.9 thousand in 2007, or 30 percent, compared to 2006, which is attributed to the record passenger counts of 2007.

- Total Parking Lot concession sales increased by \$161.0 thousand, or 25 percent, for 2007.
- Total Car Rental concession sales increased by \$60.8 thousand, or 16 percent, for 2007.
- The 2007/2008 State Maintenance and Operations Agreement, which became effective July 1, 2007, provided for \$185.4 thousand of state aid.
- The Transportation Security Administration extended its agreement with DAA effective October 1, 2007, through September 30, 2012, to reimburse the DAA 14 hours per day for contracted Law Enforcement personnel, or approximately \$7.3 thousand per month.

#### OVERVIEW OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to the Duluth Airport Authority's financial statements. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the Duluth Airport Authority's financial condition and well being. Summary financial statement data, key financial and operational indicators used in the Duluth Airport Authority's strategic plan, budget, and other management tools were used for this analysis.

The financial statements report information about the Duluth Airport Authority using full accrual accounting methods as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector.

The financial statements include a statement of net assets; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets; a statement of cash flows; and notes to the financial statements. The statement of net assets presents the financial position of the Duluth Airport Authority on a full accrual historical cost basis. While the statement of net assets provides information about the nature and amount of resources and obligations at year-end, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets presents the results of the business activities over the course of the fiscal year and information as to how the net assets changed during the year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. This statement also provides certain information about the Authority's recovery of its costs.

The statement of cash flows present changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from operational, financing, and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipts and cash disbursement information without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital assets.

The notes to the financial statements provide required disclosures and other information that are essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the Authority's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events, if any. The financial statements were prepared by the Duluth Airport Authority's staff from the detailed books and records of the Authority. The financial statements were audited and adjusted during the independent external audit process.

(Unaudited)

#### SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

The Legislative Act of 1969, Chapter 577, as approved on May 22, 1969, authorized the organization of the Duluth Airport Authority. The purpose of this act was to promote the public welfare and to serve the public interest, convenience and necessity, promote air navigation and transportation, national, state and local; and to these ends, to develop full potentials of aviation in the City of Duluth as an aviation center; and to provide for the most economical and effective use of aeronautical facilities and services in the City of Duluth; and to this end, the Authority shall cooperate with and assist the federal government and the Director of Aeronautics of this state, and shall seek to coordinate its aeronautic activities with these bodies. This Legislative Act established a Board of seven Directors appointed by the Mayor and conferred upon this Board the power and duty to administer, promote, control, direct, and manage and operate all airports owned. On 9 Oct, 1985, the Bylaws were adopted (amended Oct 16, 1986 & Sep 16, 1997). These Bylaws established: regular monthly meetings, a term for officers and the appointment of an Executive Director.

The Duluth International Airport consists of two runways, which provide take-off and landing facilities for all types of commercial and general aviation aircraft, as well as military aircraft. The main runway 9-27 is 10,152 feet long by 150 feet wide and can handle the world's largest aircraft. The cross runway 3-21 is 5,699 feet long by 150 feet wide. The Duluth International Airport is located on 3,294 acres of land and encompasses approximately one-half of the old Duluth air force base. The DAA also operates Sky Harbor Airport, which is both a sea plane base and a general aviation airport. The landside runway is 3,050 long by 75 feet wide. In the bay, there is also a 10,000 foot by 2,000 foot water runway.

Operating revenue for the Duluth Airport Authority comes from a variety of sources including: car rental concessions, parking, space and land rentals, Fixed Base Operator concessions, TSA reimbursement for law enforcement, maintenance and operations grant funds from the State of Minnesota, landing fees, and Air National Guard joint use funds. The DAA is self-sufficient and is not subsidized by the City of Duluth for operations or capital improvement costs.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following comparative condensed financial statements and other selected information serve as the key financial data and indicators for management, monitoring, and planning. Comments regarding year-to-year variances follow.

### Condensed Statement of Net Assets (000s)

	F	Y 2007	F	Y 2006	F	Y 2005
Current and restricted assets Capital assets Construction in progress	\$	3,920 56,811 9,185	\$	9,167 28,225 29,254	\$	5,663 25,791 20,606
Total Assets	\$	69,916	\$	66,646	\$	52,060
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	2,583 1,075	\$	7,745 981	\$	4,191 670
Total Liabilities	\$	3,658	\$	8,726	\$	4,861
Net Assets Restricted passenger facility charge revenue Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	65,081 1,177	\$	56,439 1,481	\$	45,622 1,577
Total Net Assets	\$	66,258	\$	57,920	\$	47,199

As can be seen from the table, net assets increased by \$8.3 million to \$66.3 million in 2007, up from \$57.9 million in 2006. The increase in net assets was primarily due to the \$8.6 million increase in invested in capital assets, as well as a decrease of \$304 thousand in unrestricted net assets.

### Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets (000s)

	FY 2007		FY 2006		FY 2005		
	Actual		Budget		Actual		Actual
Total operating revenues Total operating expenses	\$ 3,617 (7,613)	\$	3,332 (5,457)	\$	3,196 (5,509)	\$	2,811 (5,275)
Income (Loss)	\$ (3,996)	\$	(2,125)	\$	(2,313)	\$	(2,464)
Non-operating revenues Other revenues Non-operating expenses	\$ 790 11,657 (113)	\$	773 3,501 (23)	\$	666 12,413 (45)	\$	584 12,811 (9)
Change In Net Assets	\$ 8,338	\$	2,126	\$	10,721	\$	10,922

#### **REVENUES**

Operating revenues increased by \$420.9 thousand, or 13 percent, in 2007 relative to 2006. The increase is due to several factors, the most significant being additional activity associated with a record passenger year including landing fees, parking and rental car concessions, and space rental income. Additionally, the Authority acquired additional hangar and other properties that generated rental revenues.

### **EXPENSES**

Duluth Airport Authority's expenses increased by \$2,104 thousand to \$7,613 thousand in 2007, up from \$5,509 thousand in 2006. The increase was due primarily to increased depreciation expense from completed construction projects and equipment purchases, increased fuel costs, and to increased employee benefits expense in workers' compensation and other postemployment benefits. Expenses for repairs and maintenance increased by \$44.8 thousand due to upkeep of aging facilities and due to airfield lighting component cost increases. Expense for operating supplies increased by \$33.9 thousand due primarily to increased fuel costs. Employee benefits expenses increased by \$236.1 thousand due largely to an increase of \$164.8 thousand in health insurance and other postemployment benefits costs and to workers' compensation expense increases of \$68.1 thousand from claim payments. Payroll costs increased from \$867 thousand in 2006 to \$910.4 thousand in 2007.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Duluth Airport Authority develops an annual operating budget which includes proposed expenses as well as proposed sources of revenue to pay for them. The Duluth Airport Authority Board approves the operating budget, and it also receives final approval from the Duluth City Council. The Authority's operating budget remains in effect for the entire fiscal year without being revised. Management and the Board of Directors are presented detailed monthly financial statements as well as an in-depth quarterly analysis of key indicators and budgetary progress.

The past five years have been challenging and tumultuous for the aviation industry. The return of passenger travel has been gradual. The effects of 9/11, which transformed airline and passenger security, resulted in increased costs and numerous airline bankruptcies.

The airline industry remains intensely competitive and volatile. Increased fuel costs plague profitability and continued service to smaller marginally profitable markets. Positively for Duluth, Allegiant Airlines had another full and productive year of service to Las Vegas from Duluth twice weekly. Midwest Airlines began operating two flights daily from Duluth to Milwaukee but unfortunately discontinued service in November 2007. Finally, Monaco Air has had a productive and successful year of operations as the Fixed Base Operator. Their marketing efforts for international servicing have shown very positive results. Monaco's operations have led to more services for corporate, charter, and general aviation users as well as increased revenues for the DAA.

The DAA continued to make improvements to facilities, infrastructure, and respond to new security directives with the following major projects completed in 2007: (1) Runway 9/27 Rehabilitation/Shoulder and Lighting Project - \$8.4 million, (2) Perimeter Road and Fencing - \$10.7 million, and (3) TSA Baggage Screening Expansion - \$2.2 million.

The union contract between the Duluth Airport Authority and AFSCME Local 66 was renegotiated in 2006 and is effective through December 31, 2009.

## Capital Assets (000s)

	 FY 2007	FY 2006	lar Change se (Decrease)	Total % Change
Land	\$ 3,361	\$ 2,898	\$ 463	15.98
Runways	66,491	41,441	25,050	60.45
Buildings	21,077	15,777	5,300	33.59
Equipment	6,485	4,763	1,722	36.15
Construction in progress	 9,185	 29,254	 (20,069)	(68.60)
Total capital assets	\$ 106,599	\$ 94,133	\$ 12,466	13.24
Less: accumulated depreciation	 41,169	 37,318	 3,851	10.32
Net Capital Assets	\$ 65,430	\$ 56,815	\$ 8,615	15.16

At the end of 2007, the Duluth Airport Authority has invested approximately \$106.6 million in capital assets since its inception. The \$12 million increase in capital assets this past year is due to several major projects including the Phase 3 Rehabilitation of Runway 9/27, the North Perimeter Road and Fencing construction, completion of the TSA Terminal Expansion, equipment purchases of \$1.5 million, and Sky Harbor Dock and Ramp improvements.

The Duluth Airport Authority recently submitted a new Airport Capital Improvement Program (ACIP) through 2019, which includes for 2008:

- \$2.4 million for Phase 1 of the new Terminal design,
- \$3.0 million for General Aviation site development,
- \$1.2 million for General Aviation hangars,
- \$400 thousand for an additional passenger loading bridge, and
- \$677 thousand for Sky Harbor Airport environmental assessment.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

The City of Duluth obtained a \$500,000 loan from the Minnesota Investment Fund (MIF) to remedy soil conditions on Duluth Airport Authority (DAA) property. On December 20, 2005, the DAA entered into an agreement with the Duluth Economic Development Authority (DEDA) that provided that DAA agreed to make payments due on the loan in the amount of \$400,000. The loan is non-interest bearing, payable in 180 monthly installments of \$2,222 beginning February 2006. The non-current portion of the loan payable is \$322,222.

The Duluth Airport Authority entered into a Lease Acquisition Agreement with North Country Aviation (NCA) on November 1, 2005, where DAA agrees to pay NCA \$497,378.55. The purpose of the note was to acquire the NCA's FBO lease agreement and to facilitate its transfer to Monaco Air. Such amount shall be payable by the DAA as Airport Facility Revenue Note, Series 2005A. The note is for a term of 13 years, payable each June 1st and December 1st commencing June 1, 2007. Interest is compounded at 8.85 percent per annum.

**Debt** (000s)

A summary of changes in the revenue note balances are:	FY 2007			
Balance - January 1 Additions	\$	497		
Payments		<u>-</u>		
Balance - December 31	\$	497		

### ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS

When setting the 2007 budget, the Duluth Airport Authority took many factors into consideration: the continuing financial turmoil of the commercial aviation sector, the still lingering effects of 9/11 and its effects on commercial air travel as well as airport security, weather conditions which dictate utility costs and overtime for snow removal crews, energy price increases, and a general review of all rates and services so that revenue will keep pace with expenses. The Duluth Airport Authority has taken steps to raise all rental and concession fees to competitive rates and carefully manages costs for supplies and services. The DAA actively seeks new lessees to occupy vacant space as well as economic development opportunities that are a good fit for the aviation sector. An example of this is the DAA's development efforts for the North Business Area and its partnership with the Duluth Economic Development Authority to facilitate Cirrus Design's leasing of the former Northwest Airlines Maintenance Facility. The Duluth Airport Authority will continue to seek diversifying revenue sources in order to be less reliant on airline revenue sources.

### FINANCIAL CONTACT

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the Duluth Airport Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Finance, Duluth Airport Authority, 4701 Grinden Drive, Duluth, Minnesota 55811.







EXHIBIT A

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	2007		2006		
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	383,492	\$	1,456,121	
Accounts receivable		718,754		405,343	
Grants receivable		60,999		57,855	
Inventory		87,100		64,759	
Prepaid items		49,849		49,375	
Assets restricted for construction					
Cash and cash equivalents		366,495		4,487,234	
Accounts receivable		48,221		75,272	
Grants receivable		2,205,271		2,570,990	
Total current assets	\$	3,920,181	\$	9,166,949	
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets					
Nondepreciable	\$	12,546,485	\$	32,151,871	
Depreciable		94,051,962		61,980,161	
Less: allowance for depreciation		(41,168,791)		(37,317,485)	
Net capital assets	\$	65,429,656	\$	56,814,547	
Other assets					
Airport planning costs, net of accumulated amortization of					
\$543,625 in 2007 and \$481,881 in 2006	\$	147,252	\$	208,996	
Lease buyout costs, net of accumulated amortization of					
\$108,853 in 2007 and \$72,460 in 2006		418,526		454,919	
Total other assets	\$	565,778	\$	663,915	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	65,995,434	\$	57,478,462	
Total Assets	\$	69,915,615	\$	66,645,411	

EXHIBIT A (Continued)

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

		2007		2006		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	73,168	\$	70,793		
Due to City of Duluth		30,900		29,939		
Due to other governments		31,417		24,573		
Accrued salaries payable		28,885		21,008		
Accrued vacation payable		63,419		57,234		
Construction contracts payable		1,870,906		2,898,574		
Accrued interest payable		41,050		52,904		
Deferred revenue		416,567		4,563,133		
Loans payable		26,667		26,667		
Total current liabilities	\$	2,582,979	\$	7,744,825		
Noncurrent liabilities						
Deferred revenue	\$	96,339	\$	134,433		
Loans payable		322,222		348,889		
Revenue notes payable		497,379		497,379		
Net other postemployment benefits liability		158,824		-		
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	1,074,764	\$	980,701		
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	3,657,743	\$	8,725,526		
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	65,080,767	\$	56,438,991		
Unrestricted		1,177,105	· —	1,480,894		
Total Net Assets	\$	66,257,872	\$	57,919,885		

EXHIBIT B

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	2007		2006		
Operating Revenues					
Charges for services	\$	3,616,723	\$	3,195,847	
Operating Expenses					
Personal services	\$	1,471,756	\$	1,259,992	
Supplies		119,115		110,802	
Utilities		442,317		452,535	
Other services and charges		1,615,385		1,373,499	
Depreciation		3,865,686		2,188,723	
Amortization		98,137		123,851	
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$	7,612,396	\$	5,509,402	
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(3,995,673)	\$	(2,313,555)	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Earnings on investments	\$	568	\$	91,401	
Passenger facility charge		685,633		528,706	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(65,081)		-	
Interest expense		(48,146)		(45,630)	
Marketing grant		77,713		46,042	
Small community air service development grant		26,461		-	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	677,148	\$	620,519	
Net Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	\$	(3,318,525)	\$	(1,693,036)	
Capital Contributions					
Capital grants					
Federal	\$	8,548,529	\$	12,199,085	
State		459,435		120,066	
Contributed capital		2,648,548		94,432	
<b>Total Capital Contributions</b>	\$	11,656,512	\$	12,413,583	
Change in Net Assets	\$	8,337,987	\$	10,720,547	
Net Assets - January 1		57,919,885		47,199,338	
Net Assets - December 31	<u>\$</u>	66,257,872	\$	57,919,885	

EXHIBIT C

### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

		2007	 2006
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash received from customers	\$	3,032,130	\$ 3,066,836
Cash paid to suppliers		(2,189,452)	(2,293,021)
Cash paid to employees		(1,457,694)	(1,247,153)
Other cash receipts		239,674	 223,476
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(375,342)	\$ (249,862)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Small community air service development grant	\$	26,461	\$ 76,493
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Principal paid on loans	\$	(26,667)	\$ (24,444)
Capital grants - federal		5,204,961	16,242,713
Capital grants - state		118,656	161,760
Passenger facility charge		712,684	513,091
Acquisition or construction of capital assets		(10,854,689)	 (13,167,286)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	<u></u> \$	(4,845,055)	\$ 3,725,834
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest on investments	\$	568	\$ 91,401
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(5,193,368)	\$ 3,643,866
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1		5,943,355	 2,299,489
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	\$	749,987	\$ 5,943,355
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities			
Net operating income (loss)	\$	(3,995,673)	\$ (2,313,555)
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities			
Depreciation		3,865,686	2,188,723
Amortization		98,137	123,851
Marketing grant		77,713	46,042
Changes in assets and liabilities		(216.555)	02.250
Decrease (increase) in receivables		(316,555)	83,358
Decrease (increase) in inventory		(22,341)	(9,775) 10,240
Decrease (increase) in prepaids Increase (decrease) in payables		(474) 24,242	(343,811)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		(106,077)	 (34,935)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(375,342)	\$ (249,862)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Duluth Airport Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Duluth Airport Authority was created by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota in 1969 to operate and maintain the aeronautic facilities and services in the City of Duluth. The Authority is a component unit of the City of Duluth according to criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for determining the financial reporting entity. Specific criteria include: the management of the Authority is vested in seven Directors appointed by the Mayor of Duluth and approved by the City Council, and the City Council approves the budget of the Authority.

### B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Duluth Airport Authority are presented as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues from nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing and delivering services in connection with a principal ongoing activity. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are charges to customers for the use and lease of airport facilities. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues.

### C. Basis of Accounting

The Authority uses the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Pursuant to GASB Statement 20, the Authority has elected to not apply accounting standards issued after November 30, 1989, by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### D. Budget

The Authority adopts an annual budget, which is approved by the Duluth City Council. The budget is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and investments held by the Duluth City Treasurer. Investments are stated at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

### F. Accounts Receivable

Amounts due from individuals and organizations are recorded as receivables at year-end. These include amounts owed pursuant to lease agreements.

### G. Inventory

Inventories of materials and supplies are priced at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis.

### H. Restricted Assets

Monies restricted for the payment of construction contracts and passenger facility charge revenues are accounted for as restricted assets. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

### I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost. The Authority's policy is to capitalize assets with a useful life of one year or more and a minimum cost of \$5,000.

### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

### J. Depreciation

Depreciation of capital assets is determined using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Classification	Years
Runways	15
Buildings	30
Equipment	5 to 10

#### K. Other Assets

Airport planning costs and lease buyout costs are being amortized by the straight-line method over 10 to 20 years.

### L. Deferred Revenue

Amounts received as advance payments for construction, rentals, and parking lot commissions are reported as deferred revenue until they are earned. In addition, a rent abatement agreement for land improvements is reported as deferred revenue until earned.

### M. Passenger Facility Charges

The Duluth Airport Authority has been authorized by the Federal Aviation Administration to collect passenger facility charges to finance capital improvements at Duluth International Airport and Duluth Sky Harbor Airport.

### N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

### A. Deposits and Investments

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the Authority and the City Council of Duluth to designate a depository of public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that all Authority deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral.

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 authorize the types of securities available to the Authority for investment.

Additional disclosures, as required by GASB Statement No. 3, *Deposits with Financial Institutions, Investments (Including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements*, and GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, are disclosed on an entity-wide basis in the City of Duluth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The Duluth Airport Authority is a component unit of the City of Duluth.

The following is a summary of the Authority's cash:

	December 31			
		2007		2006
City pooled cash and investments	\$	196,667	\$	242,582
Authority checking accounts		7,631		6,816
Authority savings account		545,439		5,693,707
Petty cash funds		250		250
Total	\$	749,987	\$	5,943,355
Detail as shown on Comparative Balance Sheet Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	383,492	\$	1,456,121
Assets restricted for construction  Cash and cash equivalents		366,495		4,487,234
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	749,987	\$	5,943,355

#### 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u> (Continued)

#### B. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets at December 31, 2007 and 2006, follows:

	 Balance January 1, 2007		Increase	D	ecrease	 Transfers	De	Balance ecember 31, 2007
Capital assets not depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,898,360 29,253,511	\$	9,755,952	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 463,074 (29,824,412)	\$	3,361,434 9,185,051
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 32,151,871	\$	9,755,952	\$		\$ (29,361.338)	\$	12,546,485
Capital assets depreciated Buildings Runways Equipment	\$ 15,776,863 41,440,774 4,762,524	\$	2,779,940 9,982 -	\$	74,611 - 4,848	\$ 2,593,861 25,040,406 1,727,071	\$	21,076,053 66,491,162 6,484,747
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 61,980,161	\$	2,789,922	\$	79,459	\$ 29,361,338	\$	94,051,962
Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings Runways Equipment	\$ 8,649,109 25,084,755 3,583,621	\$	422,549 3,168,288 274,849	\$	9,948 - 4,432	\$ - - -	\$	9,061,710 28,253,043 3,854,038
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 37,317,485	\$	3,865,686	\$	14,380	\$ 	\$	41,168,791
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 24,662,676	\$	(1,075,764)	\$	65,079	\$ 29,361,338	\$	52,883,171
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 56,814,547	\$	8,680,188	\$	65,079	\$ -	\$	65,429,656
	 Balance January 1, 2006	Increase		D	ecrease	 Transfers	D	Balance ecember 31, 2006
Capital assets not depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,228,456 20,605,786	\$	518,603 12,807,998	\$	- -	\$ 151,301 (4,160,273)	\$	2,898,360 29,253,511
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 22,834,242	\$	13,326,601	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ (4,008,972)	\$	32,151,871
Capital assets depreciated Buildings Runways Equipment	\$ 15,737,438 37,449,467 4,733,288	\$	39,425 - 28,110	\$	3,184	\$ 3,991,307 4,310	\$	15,776,863 41,440,774 4,762,524
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 57,920,193	\$	67,535	\$	3,184	\$ 3,995,617	\$	61,980,161

#### 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

#### B. Capital Assets (Continued)

	 Balance January 1, 2006	Increase		Decrease		Transfers		Balance December 31, 2006	
Less: accumulated depreciation for									
Buildings	\$ 8,214,890	\$	434,219	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,649,109
Runways	23,535,228		1,549,527		-		-		25,084,755
Equipment	 3,381,828		204,977		3,184		<u>-</u>		3,583,621
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 35,131,946	\$	2,188,723	\$	3,184	\$		\$	37,317,485
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 22,788,247	\$	(2,121,188)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,995,617	\$	24,662,676
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 45,622,489	\$	11,205,413	\$	-	\$	(13,355)	\$	56,814,547

Included in capital asset additions for 2006 is \$94,432 in contributed capital. This is comprised of \$89,406 from the City of Duluth for soil cleanup on Airport grounds and \$5,026 from an Airport lessee for improvement to the restaurant facilities.

Included in capital asset additions for 2007 is \$2,648,548 in contributed capital. This is for two buildings on Airport grounds turned over to the Authority from other governmental units. These are recorded at fair market value.

As of December 31, 2007, the Authority had the following commitments with respect to unfinished construction projects:

Projects	Remaining Construction Commitment
AIP 05	\$ 569,493
AIP 38	244,458
AIP 39	164,713
AIP 40	1,225,052
AIP 41	477,478
AIP 43	228,409
SP 6901-151	278,470
Air National Guard By-pass Project	397,282
Total	\$ 3,585,355

#### 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

#### B. Capital Assets (Continued)

As of December 31, 2006, the Authority had the following commitments with respect to unfinished construction projects:

Projects	Remaining Construction Commitment
AIP 38	\$ 384,74
AIP 39	173,38
AIP 40	1,024,04
AIP 41	549,09
AIP 42	1,561,23
SP 6901-151	252,45
Air National Guard By-pass Project	397,28
Air National Guard ARFF II/paving	4,142,88
Total	\$ 8,485,1

#### C. <u>Vacation and Sick Leave</u>

Full-time employees are granted from 12 to 28 days of vacation time per year depending on their years of service. Maximum amounts of vacation time that can be accumulated range from 18 to 42 days. Unpaid vacation time earned at year-end is recognized as a liability in the financial statements. Sick leave is granted to a maximum of 120 days per illness and is recorded as an expense when paid. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave. Any liability for earned, unused sick leave is not recognized in the financial statements.

#### D. Leases

The Authority leases space and other facilities under various rates and terms. All such leases are considered to be operating leases.

#### 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

#### D. Leases (Continued)

Minimum future rents receivable on noncancellable leases are:

2008	\$ 185,857
2009	185,857
2010	185,857
2011	170,603
2012	166,831
After 2012	 1,913,575
Total	\$ 2,808,580

Contingent rental income from operating leases for 2007 and 2006 was \$1,209,390 and \$957,269, respectively.

#### E. Budgets

The Duluth Airport Authority adopts a budget to be approved by the Duluth City Council. A summary of the operating budget for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, is:

	2007					
	Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 3,331,750	\$	3,616,723	\$	284,973	
Operating Expenses						
Personal services	\$ 1,703,200	\$	1,471,756	\$	231,444	
Supplies	174,400		119,115		55,285	
Utilities	486,500		442,317		44,183	
Other services and charges	1,012,900		1,615,385		(602,485)	
Depreciation	2,000,000		3,865,686		(1,865,686)	
Amortization	 80,000		98,137		(18,137)	
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 5,457,000	\$	7,612,396	\$	(2,155,396)	
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (2,125,250)	\$	(3,995,673)	\$	(1,870,423)	

#### 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

#### E. <u>Budgets</u> (Continued)

	2007					
		Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable Infavorable)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Earnings on investments Passenger facility charge Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets Interest expense Marketing grant Small community air service development grant	\$	70,000 650,000 - (22,500) 52,500	\$	568 685,633 (65,081) (48,146) 77,713 26,461	\$	(69,432) 35,633 (65,081) (25,646) 25,213 26,461
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	750,000	\$	677,148	\$	(72,852)
Net Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	\$	(1,375,250)	\$	(3,318,525)	\$	(1,943,275)
Capital Contributions Capital grants - federal Capital grants - state Contributed capital	\$	2,863,550 637,300 -	\$	8,548,529 459,435 2,648,548	\$	5,684,979 (177,865) 2,648,548
Total Capital Contributions  Change in Net Assets	<u>\$</u> \$	3,500,850 2,125,600	<u>\$</u> \$	11,656,512 8,337,987	<u>\$</u> \$	8,155,662 6,212,387
	_	Budget		2006 Actual		Variance Favorable Infavorable)
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$	3,117,756	\$	3,195,847	\$	78,091
Operating Expenses Personal services Supplies Utilities Other services and charges Depreciation Amortization	\$	1,561,600 154,200 520,180 906,250 2,005,000 90,000	\$	1,259,992 110,802 452,535 1,373,499 2,188,723 123,851	\$	301,608 43,398 67,645 (467,249) (183,723) (33,851)
Total Operating Expenses	\$	5,237,230	\$	5,509,402	\$	(272,172)
Net Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(2,119,474)	\$	(2,313,555)	\$	(194,081)

#### 2. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

#### E. Budgets (Continued)

				2006		
	Budget			Actual		Variance Favorable Infavorable)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	40.000	\$	01 401	\$	£1 401
Earnings on investments Passenger facility charge	Э	520,000	Э	91,401 528,706	•	51,401 8,706
Interest expense		520,000		(45,630)		(45,630)
Marketing grant		<u>-</u>		46,042		46,042
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	560,000	\$	620,519	\$	60,519
Net Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	\$	(1,559,474)	\$	(1,693,036)	\$	(133,562)
Capital Contributions						
Capital grants - federal	\$	10,388,045	\$	12,199,085	\$	1,811,040
Capital grants - state		2,459,290		120,066		(2,339,224)
Contributed capital		-		94,432		94,432
Total Capital Contributions	\$	12,847,335	\$	12,413,583	\$	(433,752)
Change in Net Assets	\$	11,287,861	\$	10,720,547	\$	(567,314)

#### F. Long-Term Debt

On November 1, 2005, the Authority issued an Airport Facility Revenue Note, Series 2005A, to finance the lease buyout of the Authority's Fixed Base Operator. The principal of the note is \$497,379, payable in semi-annual payments on June 1 and December 1 each year, commencing June 1, 2007, until final maturity on June 1, 2019, with an annual interest rate of 8.85 percent.

The City of Duluth obtained a loan from the Minnesota Investment Fund (MIF). Proceeds from the loan have been used to remedy soil conditions on Duluth Airport Authority property. The Duluth Airport Authority has agreed to make payments when due on the loan in the total amount of \$400,000. Payments are due in 180 monthly installments of \$2,222 from February 2006 to January 2021. There is no interest charged on this loan.

#### 2. Detailed Notes

#### F. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to service the debt follow:

Year Ended		Reveni		M	IF Loan	
December 31	F	Principal	]	Interest	P	rincipal
2000	Φ.		Φ.	<b>5</b> 5.000	Φ.	2445
2008	\$	-	\$	75,000	\$	26,667
2009		22,170		52,830		26,667
2010		33,673		41,327		26,667
2011		36,719		38,281		26,667
2012		40,040		34,960		26,667
2013 - 2017		261,545		113,455		133,334
2018 - 2021		103,232		9,268		82,220
Total	\$	497,379	\$	365,121	\$	348,889

A summary of the changes in the long-term debt follows:

	2007			2006		
Balance - January 1 Additions Payments	\$	872,935 - (26,667)	\$	497,379 400,000 (24,444)		
Balance - December 31	\$	846,268	\$	872,935		
Due Within One Year	\$	26,667	\$	26,667		

#### 3. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and dental; and natural disasters. The Authority participates in the City of Duluth internal service funds to provide its employees health and dental benefits and to insure against its obligation to provide benefits to employees pursuant to the Minnesota Workers' Compensation Act. The Authority purchases commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past three fiscal years.

#### 3. Risk Management (Continued)

Employee health and dental benefits are provided through the City of Duluth Group Health Internal Service Fund at premium rates established by the City for all plan participants.

An annual contribution is made to the City of Duluth Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund to provide for payment of workers' compensation claims and costs. Additional amounts may be charged to the Authority for contested claims.

#### 4. Major Customers

Major customers of services provided by the Duluth Airport Authority in 2007 were:

	Operating Revenues	of Total Operating Revenues
Northwest Airlines	\$ 509,182	14.1
APCOA, Inc.	799,740	22.1

Major customers of services provided by the Duluth Airport Authority in 2006 were:

			Percentage of Total
		perating Revenues	Operating Revenues
Northwest Airlines	<u> </u>	495,750	15.5
APCOA, Inc.	Ψ	638,755	20.0

#### 5. <u>Pension Plans</u>

#### A. <u>Plan Description</u>

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the Duluth Airport Authority are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The PERA administers the Public Employees Retirement Fund, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

#### 5. Pension Plans

#### A. Plan Description (Continued)

Public Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute and vest after three years of credited service. The retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Using Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service.

For Public Employees Retirement Fund members whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

The PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

#### 5. Pension Plans (Continued)

#### B. Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Minn. Stat. ch. 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. The Authority makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. Public Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 and 5.75 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2007. Contribution rates in the Coordinated Plan increased in 2008 to 6.00 percent.

The Authority is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll:

	2007	2008	
Public Employees Retirement Fund			
Basic Plan members	11.78%	11.78%	
Coordinated Plan members	6.25	6.50	

The Authority's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005, for the Public Employees Retirement Fund were:

 2007	 2006	 2005
\$ 57,354	\$ 51,299	\$ 44,088

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

#### 6. Other Postemployment Benefits

In 2007, the Authority prospectively implemented the requirements of a new accounting pronouncement, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

#### 6. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### A. Plan Description and Funding Policy

The Authority provides postemployment health care benefits and term life insurance coverage in accordance with union contract or Authority policy. Union contract postemployment benefits extend to Authority employees retiring on or after January 1, 1983, who receive retirement benefits from the Public Employees Retirement Association. In addition, the Authority has extended the same postemployment benefits to Authority employees retired prior to January 1, 1983. Sixteen retirees meet these eligibility requirements.

The Authority participates in the City of Duluth Group Health Internal Service Fund and pays the required premiums to provide health care benefits and term life insurance for eligible retirees and claimed dependents. Health care premiums are paid by the Authority to the same extent as active employees for the life of the retiree or the surviving spouse. Life insurance premiums are also paid by the Authority for the life of the retiree. Premiums paid for eligible retirees and claimed dependents for health care insurance in 2007 totaled \$105,372. In 2006, the amount paid was \$121,046.

#### B. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Authority's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for 2007, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation:

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 264,196 - -
Annual OPEB cost Contributions during the year	\$ 264,196 (105,372)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB, beginning of year	\$ 158,824
Net OPEB, end of year	\$ 158,824

#### 6. Other Postemployment Benefits

#### B. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2007 were as follows:

		Percentage of		
Annual	Employer	Annual OPEB Cost	Ne	et OPEB
OPEB Cost	Contribution	Contributed	Ot	oligation
\$ 264 196	\$ 105 372	39.88%	\$	158.824
		OPEB Cost Contribution	Annual Employer Annual OPEB Cost OPEB Cost Contribution Contributed	Annual Employer Annual OPEB Cost Notice OPEB Cost Contribution Contributed Ob

#### C. Funding Status and Funding Progress

The actuarial accrued liability for benefits at December 31, 2007, is \$2,913,973. The Authority currently has no assets that have been irrevocably deposited in a trust for future health benefits, thus the entire amount is unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) is \$933,230. The ratio of the unfunded actuarially accrued liabilities (UAAL) to covered payroll is 312.25 percent.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

#### 6. Other Postemployment Benefits

#### D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

In the June 1, 2007, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.7 percent discount rate, which is based on the estimated long-term investment yield on the general assets of the Authority. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 10 percent initially, reduced incrementally to an ultimate rate of 5 percent after ten years. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over 30 years.







Schedule 1

#### SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2007

			Unfunded Actuarial			UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued			Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	Liability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b - a)/c)
June 1, 2007	\$ -	\$ 2,913,973	\$ 2,913,973	0.00%	\$ 933,230	312.25%

#### **Notes**

The Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 45 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. Information for prior years is not available.

The Authority currently has no assets that have been irrevocably deposited in a trust for future health benefits. Therefore, the actuarial value of assets is zero.







#### Schedule 2

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING REVENUES YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	2007		2006	
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services				
Tower building				
Space rental and services		169,531	\$	211,110
Terminal building				
Loading bridges rent	\$	44,952	\$	32,620
Space rental		388,372		344,807
Utility sales		32,438		32,436
Car rental commissions		430,994		370,244
Other commissions		5,009		1,974
Percentage of lessees' sales		10,969		12,312
Other income		161,170		146,411
Total terminal building	\$	1,073,904	\$	940,804
Parking lot				
Parking lot commissions	\$	799,740	\$	638,755
Land, field, and runways				
Airport use contract - Minnesota Air National Guard	\$	42,500	\$	50,000
Transportation Security Administration charges		86,371		88,938
State aid for maintenance and operation		165,105		176,211
Rental income		378,034		331,511
Fuel flowage fees		132,582		121,807
Landing fees		396,032		316,589
Percentage of lessees' sales		33,693		30,690
Utility sales		12,905		10,563
Total land, field, and runways	\$	1,247,222	\$	1,126,309
Hangar				
Space rental	\$	176,585	\$	126,021
Utility sales		32,260		25,390
Total hangar	\$	208,845	\$	151,411
Sky Harbor				
State aid for maintenance and operation	\$	20,285	\$	20,285
Rental income		24,378		24,368
Fuel sales		64,657		73,146
Percentage of lessees' sales		2,871		2,947
Other income		5,290		6,712
Total Sky Harbor	<u></u> \$	117,481	\$	127,458
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$	3,616,723	\$	3,195,847





Schedule 3

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

#### I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- A. Our report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Duluth Airport Authority.
- B. A significant deficiency in internal control was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements of the Duluth Airport Authority and is reported in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*." The significant deficiency is not considered a material weakness.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Duluth Airport Authority were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No matters involving internal control over compliance relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Passenger Facility Charge Programs."
- E. The Auditor's Report on Compliance for the major federal award programs for the Duluth Airport Authority expresses an unqualified opinion.
- F. No findings were disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- G. The major programs are:

Airport Improvement Program
Port Security Research and Development Grant

CFDA #20.106 CFDA #97.060

- H. The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. The Duluth Airport Authority was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

## II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INTERNAL CONTROL

#### PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

#### 06-1 Internal Control/Segregation of Duties

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. This responsibility includes the internal control over the various accounting cycles, the fair presentation of the financial statements and related notes, and the accuracy and completeness of all financial records and related information. Adequate segregation of duties is a key internal control in an organization's accounting system. The size of the Duluth Airport Authority and its staffing limits the internal control that management can design and implement into the organization. Management should be aware that segregation of duties is not adequate from an internal control point of view.

Management is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of all financial records and related information. Also, management is responsible for controls over the period-end financial reporting process, including controls over procedures used to enter transaction totals into the general ledger; initiate, authorize, record, and process journal entries into the general ledger; and record recurring and nonrecurring adjustments to the financial statements.

Management has requested that we prepare the annual financial statements and related notes. This arrangement is not unusual for an organization the size of the Duluth Airport Authority. This decision was based on the availability of the Authority's staff and the cost benefit of using our expertise. During our audit, we proposed the following adjustments to convert the Authority's financial records to the financial statements as reported.

- Capital assets and contributed capital were increased by \$2,648,548 to recognize the transfer of ownership of two buildings to the Authority from other governmental units;
- \$25,639,640 of construction in progress was reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts for items that were put into use or projects substantially complete; and
- \$1,485,653 of additional depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation was recognized.

We recommend the Authority Board be mindful that limited staffing causes inherent risks in safeguarding the Authority's assets and the proper reporting of its financial activity. We recommend the Authority Board continue to implement oversight procedures and monitor those procedures to determine if they are still effective internal controls.

#### Client's Response:

We are aware of the limited number of personnel and the Authority Management has implemented oversight procedures and will continue to monitor the staff to help assure controls and procedures are being followed.

#### III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

#### **COMPLIANCE**

#### PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

#### National Guard Military Construction Cooperative Agreement, Cash Management - CFDA #12.401 (06-2)

The Duluth Airport Authority earned interest on funds advanced to them from the National Guard Bureau and used the interest earned to fund operations of the airport. This is not allowable per National Guard Grant Regulations.

#### Resolution

The amount of interest earned on the advances was determined and paid back to the granting authority.

#### IV. FINDINGS – PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE (PFC) REGULATIONS

None.

#### V. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

#### MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

#### **ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR**

#### 07-1 Vehicle Expense Reimbursement

The Executive Director receives a monthly vehicle allowance of \$250 to cover the cost of the use of his personal vehicle on official Authority business. Our review of travel expenses showed that, in addition, he receives a 48.5 cents per mile reimbursement for out-of-town travel.

Minn. Stat. § 471.665 authorizes public entities to compensate or reimburse their employees for the employees' use of personal vehicles on official business. It allows governing bodies to set a mileage allowance or to pay a "monthly or periodic allowance" in lieu of the mileage allowance. Since one allowance is "in lieu of" the other, public entities can pay either, but not both.

We recommend the Authority Board review its policy for the reimbursement of expenses for personal vehicle use and make appropriate revisions to comply with Minnesota statutes.

#### Client's Response:

The Authority Board and Authority Management have reviewed employee reimbursement policies for personal vehicle use to insure compliance with applicable Minnesota statutes.







# STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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#### REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Council City of Duluth

Board of Directors Duluth Airport Authority

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Duluth Airport Authority, a component unit of the City of Duluth, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Duluth Airport Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Authority's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Authority's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control. We considered the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 06-1 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Duluth Airport Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our study included all of the listed categories.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, the Duluth Airport Authority complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 07-1.

The Duluth Airport Authority's written responses to the significant deficiency and legal compliance finding identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the Authority's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, Mayor, City Council of Duluth, management, others within the Duluth Airport Authority, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

June 13, 2008





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# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAMS

Mayor and City Council City of Duluth

Board of Directors Duluth Airport Authority

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Duluth Airport Authority, a component unit of the City of Duluth, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2007. The Duluth Airport Authority's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit.

We have also audited the Duluth Airport Authority's compliance with requirements applicable to its passenger facility charge (PFC) funds collected and expended for the year ended December 31, 2007. Compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations applicable to PFC funds is the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations;* and *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies*, issued by the Federal Aviation

Administration (FAA). Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or PFC program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Duluth Airport Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Authority's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Duluth Airport Authority complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs and its PFC program for the year ended December 31, 2007.

#### **Internal Control Over Compliance**

The management of the Duluth Airport Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal grant and PFC programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program and on a PFC program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Authority's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

## Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Duluth Airport Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2008. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Duluth Airport Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges Collected and Expended are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and the FAA's *Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies* and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, Mayor, City Council of Duluth, management and others within the Duluth Airport Authority, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

June 13, 2008



Schedule 4

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Number	Ext	penditures
Federal Aviation Administration				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation -				
Aeronautics				
AIP-3-27-0025-04	20.106	6901-26	\$	10,345
AIP-3-27-0025-05	20.106	6901-27		96,421
AIP-3-27-0024-37	20.106	6901-142		86,673
AIP-3-27-0024-38	20.106	6901-144		584,245
AIP-3-27-0024-39	20.106	6901-147		36,574
AIP-3-27-0024-40	20.106	6901-149		438,817
AIP-3-27-0024-41	20.106	6901-150		126,131
AIP-3-27-0024-42	20.106	6901-151		980,469
AIP-3-27-0024-43	20.106	6901-155		1,136,403
Total CFDA No. 20.106			\$	3,496,078
Department of Defense - National Guard Bureau				
Direct				
Military Construction Cooperative Agreement	12.401	W912LM-06-2-2101	\$	4,144,852
Military Construction Cooperative Agreement	12.401	W912LM-05-2-1051		25,874
Military Construction Cooperative Agreement	12.401	W912LM-07-2-1053		42,990
Total CFDA No. 12.401			\$	4,213,716
Department of Labor				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development				
Workforce Investment Act - Dislocated Workers	17.260	5774500	\$	83,064
Department of Transportation				
Direct				
Small Community Air Service Development Pilot Program	20.930	DOT Order 2003-9-14	\$	26,461
Department of Homeland Security Direct				
Port Security Research and Development Grant	97.060	HSTS04-05-A-DEP348	\$	755,671
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	8,574,990

#### Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

- 1. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of federal award programs expended by the Duluth Airport Authority. The Authority's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the basic financial statements.
- 2. The expenditures on this schedule are on the accrual basis of accounting.
- 3. During 2007, the Duluth Airport Authority did not pass any federal money to subrecipients.

Schedule 5

## SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES COLLECTED AND EXPENDED FOR THE YEAR AND EACH QUARTER WITHIN THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Application	
Seventh Application*	
Passenger Facility Charge Collections**	
Prior to January 1, 2007***	\$ 1,010,979
Collections in 2007	
First quarter	\$ 141,081
Second quarter	223,085
Third quarter	136,737
Fourth quarter	 211,781
Total collections in 2007	\$ 712,684
Total Collected Through December 31, 2007	\$ 1,723,663
Approved expenses through December 31, 2007	 (1,723,663)
Unexpended Balance - December 31, 2007	\$ 

<sup>\*</sup>Federal Aviation Administration Record of Decision passenger facility charge effective date for Application Seven is April 1, 2005.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Cash basis of accounting - reported when received rather than when earned in accordance with passenger facility charge reporting guidelines.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Prior year collections include a \$170,581 transfer in of over-collections from PFC's sixth application.