State of Minnesota



Office of the State Auditor

Julie Blaha State Auditor

Meeker County

(Including the Meeker County Economic Development Authority)

Litchfield, Minnesota

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 100 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice – conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information – collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations – provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension – monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for Minnesota's local public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing – promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Meeker County

(Including the Meeker County Economic Development Authority)

Litchfield, Minnesota

Year Ended December 31, 2020



Audit Practice Division
Office of the State Auditor
State of Minnesota

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ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE DECEMBER 31, 2020

			Term Expires
Elected			
Commissioners Board Member	Dath Ohama	District 1	Dagambar 21, 2022
Vice Chair	Beth Oberg	District 2	December 31, 2022
Chair	Joe Tacheny	District 2 District 3	December 31, 2020
	Bryan Larson Mike Housman	_	December 31, 2020
Board Member		District 4	December 31, 2020
Board Member	Steve Schmitt	District 5	December 31, 2022
Auditor	Barbara Loch		December 31, 2022
Treasurer	Sharon Euerle		December 31, 2022
Recorder	Christine Paul		December 31, 2022
Sheriff	Brian Cruze		December 31, 2022
Attorney	Brandi Schiefelbein		December 31, 2022
Appointed			
Assessor	Leslie Schroeder		June 1, 2022
Court Administrator	Katie Bloch		Indefinite
Coroner/Medical Examiner	A. Quinn Strobl, M.D.		December 31, 2022
Examiner of Titles	Mark Wood		Indefinite
Highway Engineer	Phillip Schmalz		May 1, 2022
Surveyor	Doug Huhn		December 31, 2020
Veterans Service Officer	Donald Dufner		December 31, 2021
Social Services Director	Paul Bukovich		Indefinite
Emergency Management			
Director	Stephanie Johnson		Indefinite
County Administrator	Paul Virnig		Indefinite
Planning and Zoning	\mathcal{L}		
Administrator	Greg Schultz		Indefinite
Public Health Director	Diane Winter		Indefinite

ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE MEEKER COUNTY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY DECEMBER 31, 2020

Vice President	Tim Benoit	City of Dassel
Treasurer	Brent Bengtson	City of Eden Valley
President	Mike Housman	Meeker County Commissioner
Board Member	Eric Holt	City of Litchfield
Board Member	Joe Tacheny	Meeker County Commissioner
Board Member	Chuck Lietzau	City of Cosmos
Board Member	Mike Lokken	City of Grove City
Board Member	Mark Smith	City of Darwin
Board Member	Dennis Loch	City of Watkins

STATE OF MINNESOTA



Julie Blaha State Auditor Suite 500 525 Park Street Saint Paul, MN 55103

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Meeker County Litchfield, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Meeker County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, including the Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) component unit as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of (1) the Meeker Memorial Hospital, which represents the amounts shown as the business-type activities and the major enterprise fund; or (2) the Meeker County HRA, which represents 12 percent, 7 percent, and 78 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Meeker Memorial Hospital Enterprise Fund and the Meeker County HRA component unit, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Meeker Memorial Hospital were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Meeker County, Minnesota, as of December 31, 2020, including the Meeker County HRA component unit as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.G to the financial statements, in 2020, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which represents a change in accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Meeker County's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2021, on our consideration of Meeker County's and the Meeker County Economic Development Authority component unit's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of their compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of these reports is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Meeker County's or the Meeker County Economic Development Authority component unit's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Meeker County's and the Meeker County Economic Development Authority component unit's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. They do not include the Meeker Memorial Hospital or the Meeker County HRA, which were audited by other auditors.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) is presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial

statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Dianne Syverson

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR DIANNE SYVERSON, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 8, 2021



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Unaudited)

As management of Meeker County, Minnesota, we offer the readers of the Meeker County financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of its financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements that follow this section. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in whole dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Meeker County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on December 31, 2020, by \$128,693,822 (net position). Of this amount, \$50,557,308 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet Meeker County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- Meeker County's total net position increased by \$10,803,491 in 2020. This is attributed primarily to an increase in activity.
- As of the close of 2020, Meeker County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,450,943. Of this fund balance amount, \$23,654,691 was unrestricted by Meeker County, and thus available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of 2020, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,349,184, or 82.98 percent, of the total General Fund expenditures for that year.
- Meeker County's total debt increased by \$10,113,637. This results in an increase of 61.78 percent in total outstanding debt of the County. The key factor in the increase was the issuance of debt by the Meeker Memorial Hospital, through Medicare Accelerated and Advance payments from the CARES Act in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP), and a Collaboration Agreement with CentraCare. About half of this debt may be forgiven between the PPP and Collaboration Agreement.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to Meeker County's basic financial statements. Meeker County's basic financial statements are composed of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund level financial

statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The MD&A is required to accompany the basic financial statements and is included as required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Meeker County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Meeker County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Meeker County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Meeker County's government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from those intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Meeker County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, economic development, and interest. The business-type activities for Meeker County represent the Meeker Memorial Hospital.

The government-wide statements include not only the financial data for Meeker County itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate component units of the Meeker County Economic Development Authority and the Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority, for which Meeker County is legally accountable. Further financial information for the Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority is audited and reported separately from the financial information provided herein for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Level Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Meeker County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Meeker County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds.

(Unaudited)

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Meeker County reports 14 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund, Human Services Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund—all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements after the notes to the financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 3 through 6 of this report.

The proprietary fund is maintained by Meeker County to account for the activities of the Meeker Memorial Hospital. The financial statements for this fund provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in detail.

Proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 7 through 9 of this report.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because these resources are not available to support the County's programs.

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 40 through 110 of this report.

Other information regarding Meeker County's intergovernmental revenues is provided as other schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position serves as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Meeker County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$128,693,822 at the close of 2020. The largest portion of Meeker County's net position (57.01 percent) reflects the County's net investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure such as roads and bridges), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. However, it should be noted that these assets are not available for future spending or for liquidating any remaining debt.

Net Position

		Government	al Activi	ities	Business-T	ype Acti	vities	To	otal	
	20	020		2019	2020		2019	2020		2019
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets		1,555,860 1,366,941	\$	28,752,662 69,006,595	\$ 62,474,631 18,500,389	\$	46,286,687 18,724,306	\$ 94,030,491 89,867,330	\$	75,039,349 87,730,901
Total Assets	\$ 102	2,922,801	\$	97,759,257	\$ 80,975,020	\$	65,010,993	\$ 183,897,821	\$	162,770,250
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,983,254	\$	2,311,331	\$ 1,191,081	\$	759,447	\$ 3,174,335	\$	3,070,778
Liabilities Long-term liabilities Other liabilities		3,947,409 1,848,097	\$	12,761,139 1,835,005	\$ 34,818,295 5,175,824	\$	23,598,172 3,503,728	\$ 48,765,704 7,023,921	\$	36,359,311 5,338,733
Total Liabilities	\$ 1:	5,795,506	\$	14,596,144	\$ 39,994,119	\$	27,101,900	\$ 55,789,625	\$	41,698,044
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,973,215	\$	4,255,015	\$ 615,494	\$	1,970,926	\$ 2,588,709	\$	6,225,941
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		9,983,845 4,512,698 2,640,791	\$	67,409,649 4,351,999 9,457,781	\$ 3,383,700 256,271 37,916,517	\$	4,318,394 184,096 32,195,124	\$ 73,367,545 4,768,969 50,557,308	\$	71,728,043 4,536,095 41,652,905
Total Net Position, as reported	\$ 8'	7,137,334	\$	81,219,429	\$ 41,556,488	\$	36,697,614	\$ 128,693,822	\$	117,917,043

The unrestricted net position amount of \$50,557,308 as of December 31, 2020, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The business-type activities reported in 2020 are comprised of the Meeker Memorial Hospital, an enterprise fund of the primary government.

Changes in Net Position

		Government	tal Activ	vities	Business-Type Activities			Total				
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenues												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	5,788,789	S	5,328,301	\$	39.057.038	\$	36,698,631	\$	44.845.827	\$	42,026,932
Operating grants and	Ф	3,700,709	Ф	3,326,301	Þ	39,037,036	Φ	30,096,031	J	44,043,027	Ф	42,020,932
contributions		11,020,142		10,265,147						11,020,142		10,265,147
Capital grants and		11,020,142		10,203,147		-		-		11,020,142		10,203,147
contributions		1,310,090		_		_		_		1,310,090		_
General revenues		1,510,070								1,510,070		
Property taxes		14,915,671		14,519,972		_		_		14,915,671		14,519,972
Gravel taxes		79,976		66,113		_		_		79,976		66,113
Mortgage registry taxes		31,196		34,643		_		_		31,196		34,643
Other taxes		109,508		118,278		-		-		109,508		118,278
Grants and contributions												
not restricted to specific												
programs		4,668,397		1,438,741		5,006,037		-		9,674,434		1,438,741
Gifts and contributions		-		-		10,866		9,717		10,866		9,717
Investment earnings		369,960		589,691		171,544		671,876		541,504		1,261,567
Miscellaneous		138,686		92,485		202,299		177,363		340,985		269,848
Transfers		(433,666)				433,666				-		
Total Revenues	\$	37,998,749	\$	32,453,371	\$	44,881,450	\$	37,557,587	\$	82,880,199	\$	70,010,958
Expenses												
General government	\$	6,505,053	\$	5,765,259	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,505,053	\$	5,765,259
Public safety		6,203,227		6,710,954		-		-		6,203,227		6,710,954
Highways and streets		6,492,381		6,293,305		-		-		6,492,381		6,293,305
Sanitation		377,733		562,255		-		-		377,733		562,255
Human services		7,964,179		7,474,856		-		-		7,964,179		7,474,856
Hospital		- 1 427 202		-		40,022,576		33,557,192		40,022,576		33,557,192
Health Culture and recreation		1,427,383		1,578,289		-		-		1,427,383 603,947		1,578,289
Conservation of natural		603,947		585,980		-		-		003,947		585,980
resources		1,249,977		1,052,627						1,249,977		1,052,627
Economic development		1,189,683		78,942		_		_		1,189,683		78,942
Interest		40,569		41,736		_		_		40,569		41,736
merest		10,505		11,750						10,505		11,750
Total Expenses	\$	32,054,132	\$	30,144,203	\$	40,022,576	\$	33,557,192	\$	72,076,708	\$	63,701,395
Increase in Net Position	\$	5,944,617	\$	2,309,168	\$	4,858,874	\$	4,000,395	\$	10,803,491	\$	6,309,563
Net Position – January 1, as												
restated		81,192,717		78,910,261		36,697,614		32,697,219		117,890,331		111,607,480
Net Position – December 31	\$	87,137,334	\$	81,219,429	\$	41,556,488	\$	36,697,614	\$	128,693,822	\$	117,917,043

Governmental Activities

Meeker County's governmental activities increased the County's net position during 2020 by \$5,944,617. The primary reason for this increase relates to higher revenues related to fees, charges, and grants and contributions.

Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities of the Meeker Memorial Hospital increased Meeker County's net position by \$4,858,874, accounting for 44.98 percent of the total increase in the County's net position. Charges for services increased \$2,358,407, or 6.43 percent, while expenses increased \$6,465,384, or 19.27 percent.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Meeker County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on short-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Meeker County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$26,450,943, an increase of \$2,972,677 in comparison with the prior year. Of the ending fund balance, \$10,193,189 represents unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been committed, restricted, assigned, or is in non-spendable form.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund for Meeker County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$10,349,184, while total fund balance was \$12,026,442. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 82.98 percent of total General Fund expenditures. The ending fund balance for 2020 in the General Fund increased by \$1,260,905 as compared to the 2019 ending restated balance.

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund's fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$3,270,932. The ending fund balance in the Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund increased by \$1,099,690. This is primarily due to the project for CSAH 6.

The Human Services Special Revenue Fund's fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$6,161,990. The ending fund balance in the Human Services Special Revenue Fund decreased by \$11,904 due to use of fund balance.

The Debt Service Fund's fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$699,689. The ending fund balance in the Debt Service Fund increased by \$5,258.

The Capital Projects Fund's fund balance at the end of the current fiscal year was \$869,887. The ending fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund increased by \$181,096, primarily due to a transfer from the Debt Service Fund.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There are no differences between the original expenditure budget and the final amended budget. (Meeker County did not amend the 2020 expenditure budget.)

(Unaudited)

Actual revenues in the General Fund were more than budgeted revenues by \$222,682, primarily due to an overall increase in intergovernmental revenue.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Meeker County's capital assets for its governmental activities at December 31, 2020, totaled \$71,366,941 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure. The County's governmental investment in capital assets increased \$2,360,346, or 3.42 percent, from the previous year. The major capital asset event was infrastructure.

Governmental Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmen	tal Acti	vities	Business-Type Activities			Total			
	2020		2019	2020		2019		2020		2019
Land	\$ 3,245,943	\$	3,204,571	\$ 2,563,929	\$	2,563,928	\$	5,809,872	\$	5,768,499
Land improvements	-		-	315,579		346,285		315,579		346,285
Infrastructure	50,531,874		50,200,727	-		-		50,531,874		50,200,727
Buildings	7,532,894		8,082,149	10,878,877		11,894,452		18,411,771		19,976,601
Building improvements	3,284,567		3,278,135	-		-		3,284,567		3,278,135
Machinery, equipment,										
and office furniture	4,695,885		4,003,493	4,742,004		3,524,279		9,437,889		7,527,772
Construction in progress	 2,075,778		237,520	 -		395,362		2,075,778		632,882
Total Capital Assets	\$ 71,366,941	\$	69,006,595	\$ 18,500,389	\$	18,724,306	\$	89,867,330	\$	87,730,901

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, Meeker County had total outstanding debt of \$26,483,403. The governmental activities' portion is backed by the full faith and credit of the government; the business-type activities' gross revenue hospital facilities bonds are a limited obligation of Meeker County, payable solely from gross revenues of the Meeker Memorial Hospital.

	Governmen	tal Activ	ities	Business-Ty	pe Acti	vities	To	tal	
	2020		2019	 2020		2019	2020		2019
General obligation bonds Gross revenue hospital	\$ 1,360,000	\$	1,570,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,360,000	\$	1,570,000
facilities bonds	-		-	13,499,781		14,405,912	13,499,781		14,405,912
Loan payable	395,463		373,833	-		-	395,463		373,833
Promissory note	-		-	1,616,908		-	1,616,908		-
PPP loan	-		-	3,613,100		-	3,613,100		-
Medicare accelerated									
and advance payments	-		-	5,584,864		-	5,584,864		-
Interest rate swap	 -		-	 413,287		20,021	 413,287		20,021
Total	\$ 1,755,463	\$	1,943,833	\$ 24,727,940	\$	14,425,933	\$ 26,483,403	\$	16,369,766

The County's total long-term debt increased by \$10,113,637, or 61.78 percent, during the fiscal year.

Meeker County was assigned a bond rating of "AA" by Standard & Poor's.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of debt a county may levy to three percent of its total market value. At the end of 2020, Meeker County is well below the three percent debt limit imposed by state statutes.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The unemployment rate for Meeker County at the end of 2020 was 4.8 percent, which represents a decrease of 0.4 percent from the rate of one year ago. This compares with the state unemployment rate of 4.9 percent.

By the end of 2020, Meeker County approved its balanced 2021 revenue and expenditure budgets.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Meeker County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Meeker County Treasurer, 325 Sibley Avenue North, Litchfield, Minnesota 55355.





EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

				ary Governmen	t			Discretely Presented
	G	Sovernmental	В	usiness-Type		Tatal	C	omponent
	_	Activities	_	Activities		Total		Units
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	25,945,431	\$	29,973,137	\$	55,918,568	\$	1,755,164
Petty cash and change funds		2,340		-		2,340		-
Taxes receivable								
Delinquent		260,908		-		260,908		=
Special assessments receivable								
Delinquent		241,868		-		241,868		-
Noncurrent		859,991		-		859,991		-
Accounts receivable – net		82,127		6,319,349		6,401,476		4,084
Accrued interest receivable		88,463		-		88,463		5,464
Due from other governments		3,227,047		-		3,227,047		-
Due from component unit		394,648		-		394,648		-
Notes receivable		6,000		-		6,000		-
Loans receivable		95,671		-		95,671		635,000
Other receivables		-		343,946		343,946		-
Estimated third-party payor settlements		-		83,140		83,140		_
Inventories		229,410		873,206		1,102,616		_
Prepaid items		121,956		288,050		410,006		10,682
Restricted assets								
Investments		-		23,729,981		23,729,981		-
Restricted by donor		-		256,271		256,271		-
Investment in joint venture		-		607,551		607,551		-
Capital assets				, ,		,		
Non-depreciable		5,321,721		2,563,929		7,885,650		63,966
Depreciable – net of accumulated depreciation		66,045,220		15,936,460		81,981,680		209,150
1								
Total Assets	\$	102,922,801	\$	80,975,020	\$	183,897,821	\$	2,683,510
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred interest rate swap	\$	-	\$	413,287	\$	413,287	\$	-
Deferred other postemployment benefits outflows		126,978		-		126,978		-
Deferred pension outflows		1,856,276		777,794		2,634,070		2,414
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,983,254	\$	1,191,081	\$	3,174,335	\$	2,414

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2020

					Discretely Presented			
	G	overnmental Activities	Bı	usiness-Type Activities		Total	(Component Units
		Activities		Activities		Total		Units
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	620,996	\$	3,765,609	\$	4,386,605	\$	8,594
Salaries payable		776,647		1,389,215		2,165,862		2,418
Retainage payable		97,635		-		97,635		-
Due to other governments		271,651		-		271,651		7,372
Due to primary government		-		-		-		394,648
Accrued interest payable		13,057		21,000		34,057		-
Other accrued liabilities		_		_		_		2,155
Security deposit		22,688		_		22,688		_
Unearned revenue		45,423		_		45,423		6,797
Payables from restricted assets		,				,		-,
Customer deposits		_		_		_		8,070
Long-term liabilities								-,
Due within one year		811,728		4,912,784		5,724,512		1,718
Due in more than one year		2,292,014		19,815,156		22,107,170		164,598
Net pension liability		9,905,168		10,090,355		19,995,523		35,973
Other postemployment benefits		938,499		-		938,499		-
Other postemployment benefits		730,477				730,477		
Total Liabilities	\$	15,795,506	\$	39,994,119	\$	55,789,625	\$	632,343
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>								
Prepaid property taxes	\$	3,787	\$	-	\$	3,787	\$	-
Deferred gain on refunding		-		157,310		157,310		-
Deferred other postemployment benefits inflows		51,571		-		51,571		-
Deferred pension inflows		1,917,857		458,184		2,376,041		48,741
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,973,215	\$	615,494	\$	2,588,709	\$	48,741
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	69,983,845	\$	3,383,700	\$	73,367,545	\$	110,989
Restricted for								
General government		292,309		-		292,309		-
Public safety		233,444		-		233,444		-
Highways and streets		2,010,175		-		2,010,175		-
Conservation of natural resources		802,081		-		802,081		-
Debt service		1,174,689		-		1,174,689		-
Restricted by donor		-		256,271		256,271		-
Restricted for other purposes		-		-		-		22,567
Unrestricted		12,640,791		37,916,517		50,557,308		1,871,284
Total Net Position	\$	87,137,334	\$	41,556,488	\$	128,693,822	\$	2,004,840

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 Expenses	ees, Charges, Fines, and Other	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions			
Functions/Programs						
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 6,505,053	\$ 1,242,443	\$	179,204		
Public safety	6,203,227	1,293,881		489,123		
Highways and streets	6,492,381	774,083		5,296,582		
Sanitation	377,733	315,889		70,892		
Human services	7,964,179	743,116		4,002,920		
Health	1,427,383	407,605		472,280		
Culture and recreation	603,947	99,814		-		
Conservation of natural resources	1,249,977	873,191		509,141		
Economic development	1,189,683	38,767		-		
Interest	 40,569	 -		-		
Total governmental activities	\$ 32,054,132	\$ 5,788,789	\$	11,020,142		
Business-type activities						
Meeker Memorial Hospital	 40,022,576	39,057,038		-		
Total Primary Government	\$ 72,076,708	\$ 44,845,827	\$	11,020,142		
Discretely Presented Component Units	\$ 541,292	\$ 115,602	\$	301,050		

General Revenues

Property taxes

Gravel taxes

Mortgage registry and deed tax

Payments in lieu of tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific

programs

Gifts and contributions

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues

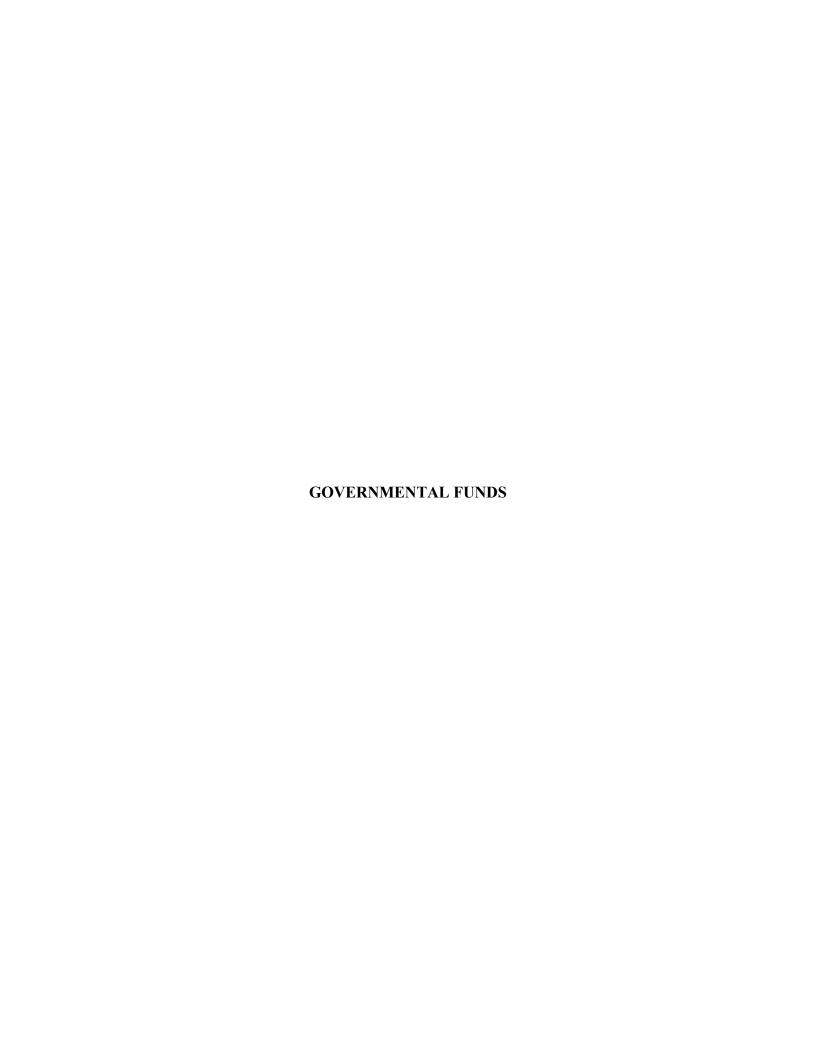
Change in Net Position

Net Position - January 1, as restated (Note 1.G)

Net Position - December 31

Control			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government						N 4 . I	
Capital Grants and			Sovernmental		usiness-Type				Discretely Presented	
Contributions		G	Activities		Activities		Total	Component Units		
\$	-	\$	(5,083,406)	\$	-	\$	(5,083,406)			
	-		(4,420,223)		-		(4,420,223)			
	1,310,090		888,374		-		888,374			
	-		9,048		-		9,048			
	-		(3,218,143)		-		(3,218,143)			
	-		(547,498)		-		(547,498)			
	-		(504,133) 132,355		-		(504,133) 132,355			
	-		(1,150,916)		- -		(1,150,916)			
	-		(40,569)		_		(40,569)			
			(1)- 11/		_	-	(), , ,			
\$	1,310,090	\$	(13,935,111)	\$	-	\$	(13,935,111)			
	-		-		(965,538)		(965,538)			
		-			<u> </u>					
\$	1,310,090	\$	(13,935,111)	\$	(965,538)	\$	(14,900,649)			
\$								\$	(124,640)	
		\$	14,915,671 79,976	\$	- -	\$	14,915,671 79,976	\$	-	
			31,196		-		31,196		-	
			109,508		-		109,508		-	
			4,668,397		5,006,037		9,674,434		33,146	
			-		10,866		10,866		-	
			369,960		171,544		541,504		15,439	
			138,686		202,299		340,985		-	
			(433,666)		433,666					
		\$	19,879,728	\$	5,824,412	\$	25,704,140	\$	48,585	
		\$	5,944,617	\$	4,858,874	\$	10,803,491	\$	(76,055)	
			81,192,717		36,697,614		117,890,331		2,080,895	
		\$	87,137,334	\$	41,556,488	\$	128,693,822	\$	2,004,840	





BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General			Road and Bridge		
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and pooled investments	\$	11,404,255	\$	3,226,160		
Petty cash and change funds		2,340		-		
Taxes receivable						
Delinquent		153,124		33,662		
Special assessments receivable						
Delinquent		-		-		
Noncurrent		-		-		
Accounts receivable		36,892		600		
Accrued interest receivable		88,463		-		
Due from other funds		90,167		39,873		
Due from other governments		262,821		2,019,248		
Due from component unit		394,648		-		
Notes receivable		-		-		
Loans receivable		-		-		
Inventories		-		229,410		
Advances to other funds		402,800		-		
Prepaid items		121,450				
Total Assets	\$	12,956,960	\$	5,548,953		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	278,942	\$	43,442		
Salaries payable		390,307		94,864		
Retainage payable		· -		97,635		
Due to other funds		41,311		5,545		
Due to other governments		54,635		2,374		
Advances from other funds		- -		-		
Security deposit		22,688		-		
Unearned revenue		34,068				
Total Liabilities	\$	821,951	\$	243,860		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue	\$	106,279	\$	2,033,676		
Prepaid property taxes		2,288		485		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	108,567	\$	2,034,161		

Human Services		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 6,210,788	\$	1,171,175	\$	414,452	\$	3,518,601	\$	25,945,431 2,340		
55,510		12,890		-		5,722		260,908		
-		-		-		241,868		241,868		
-		_		-		859,991		859,991		
44,635		-		-		-		82,127		
-		-		-		-		88,463		
8,528		-		475,000		4,427		617,995		
614,558		-		-		330,420		3,227,047		
-		-		-		-		394,648		
-		-		-		6,000 95,671		6,000 95,671		
-		-		-		93,6/1		229,410		
_		_		-		- -		402,800		
 -		_		-		506		121,956		
\$ 6,934,019	\$	1,184,065	\$	889,452	\$	5,063,206	\$	32,576,655		
\$ 224,051	\$	-	\$	19,565	\$	54,996	\$	620,996		
207,345		-		-		84,131		776,647 97,635		
37,272		475,000		_		58,867		617,995		
204,702		-		-		9,940		271,651		
-		-		-		402,800		402,800		
-		-		-		-		22,688		
 -		-		-		11,355		45,423		
\$ 673,370	\$	475,000	\$	19,565	\$	622,089	\$	2,855,835		
\$ 97,842 817	\$	9,321 55	\$	- -	\$	1,018,972 142	\$	3,266,090 3,787		
\$ 98,659	\$	9,376	\$	_	\$	1,019,114	\$	3,269,877		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	General	Road and Bridge
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,		
and Fund Balances		
(Continued)		
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable		
Inventories	\$ -	\$ 229,410
Prepaid items	121,450	-
Advances to other funds	402,800	_
Notes receivable	-	-
Missing heirs	8,563	-
Restricted for	2,2 42	
Debt service	_	-
Recorder's technology equipment	58,698	-
Recorder's compliance	227,767	-
Prosecutorial purposes	37,443	-
Law enforcement – Sheriff forfeiture	45,496	-
Gravel pit restoration	174,517	-
Law enforcement – Sheriff contingencies	-	-
Aquatic invasive species	456,548	-
Permit to carry administration	138,132	-
Veterans grant	5,844	-
Ditch maintenance and construction	-	-
Committed for		
Regional library	-	-
Assigned to		
General government	-	-
Highways and streets	-	3,041,522
Sanitation	-	, , , <u>-</u>
Human services	-	-
Health	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-
Economic development	-	-
Capital projects	-	-
Unassigned	10,349,184	
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 12,026,442</u>	\$ 3,270,932
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,		
and Fund Balances	\$ 12,956,960	\$ 5,548,953

Human Services		Debt Service		Capital Projects			Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	229,410	
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	506	Ψ	121,956	
	-		_		_		-		402,800	
	-		-		_		6,000		6,000	
	-		-		-		-		8,563	
	-		699,689		-		-		699,689	
	-		-		-		-		58,698	
	-		-		-		-		227,767	
	-		-		-		-		37,443	
	-		-		-		-		45,496	
	-		-		-		-		174,517	
	-		-		-		12,373		12,373	
	-		-		-		-		456,548	
	-		-		-		-		138,132	
	-		-		-		-		5,844	
	-		-		-		171,016		171,016	
	-		-		-		61,207		61,207	
	=		-		-		328,416		328,416	
	-		-		-		-		3,041,522	
	-		-		-		752,808		752,808	
	6,161,990		=		-		-		6,161,990	
	-		-		-		736,900		736,900	
	-		-		-		204,244		204,244	
	-		-		-		1,304,528		1,304,528	
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		869,887		(155,995)	<u> </u>	869,887 10,193,189	
\$	6,161,990	\$	699,689	\$	869,887	\$	3,422,003	\$	26,450,943	
\$	6,934,019	\$	1,184,065	\$	889,452	\$	5,063,206	\$	32,576,655	

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2020

Fund balance – total governmental funds		\$ 26,450,943
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		71,366,941
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.		3,266,090
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
General obligation bonds and any related unamortized discounts/premiums Loan payable Other postemployment benefits Compensated absences Net pension liability Accrued interest payable	\$ (1,383,096) (395,463) (938,499) (1,325,183) (9,905,168) (13,057)	(13,960,466)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are created as a result of various differences related to other postemployment benefits and pensions that are not recognized in the governmental funds.		
Deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits Deferred inflows related to pensions	\$ 126,978 1,856,276 (51,571) (1,917,857)	13,826
Net Position of Governmental Activities	 (1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$ 87,137,334

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 <u>General</u>		Road and Bridge		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 9,046,094	\$	1,894,377		
Special assessments	-		-		
Licenses and permits	137,401		-		
Intergovernmental	2,202,754		7,194,096		
Charges for services	1,981,293		514,225		
Fines and forfeitures	23,457		-		
Gifts and contributions	1,500		-		
Investment earnings	365,911		-		
Miscellaneous	 344,892		259,858		
Total Revenues	\$ 14,103,302	\$	9,862,556		
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	\$ 5,200,285	\$	250		
Public safety	6,315,711		-		
Highways and streets	-		8,212,321		
Sanitation	-		-		
Human services	-		-		
Health	-		-		
Culture and recreation	33,200		-		
Conservation of natural resources	747,322		-		
Economic development	53,500		-		
Capital outlay					
General government	-		-		
Public safety	-		-		
Human services	-		-		
Conservation of natural resources	-		-		
Intergovernmental					
General government	122,434		-		
Highways and streets	-		529,148		
Economic development	-		-		
Debt service					
Principal	-		-		
Interest	-		-		
Administrative and fiscal charges	 -		-		
Total Expenditures	\$ 12,472,452	\$	8,741,719		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 1,630,850	\$	1,120,837		

	Human Services		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	3,094,344	\$	653,135	\$	-	\$	343,569	\$	15,031,519
*	-	*	-	•	-	*	576,534	*	576,534
	-		-		-		-		137,401
	4,411,525		70,448		3,104,293		596,028		17,579,144
	502,858		- -		-		726,822		3,725,198
	-		-		-		683		24,140
	-		-		-		-		1,500
	-		-		-		4,049		369,960
	240,258				66,225		536,517		1,447,750
\$	8,248,985	\$	723,583	\$	3,170,518	\$	2,784,202	\$	38,893,146
\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,273	\$	427,561	\$	5,656,369
	-		-		-		-		6,315,711
	-		-		-		-		8,212,321
	-		-		-		317,008		317,008
	8,260,889		-		-		-		8,260,889
	=		-		42,642		1,515,692		1,558,334
	-		-		-		541,533		574,733
	-		-		-		486,060		1,233,382
	-		-		1,040,538		62,500		1,156,538
	-		-		641,567		-		641,567
	-		-		560,375		-		560,375
	-		-		44,167		-		44,167
	-		-		14,906		-		14,906
	-		-		-		-		122,434
	-		-		-		-		529,148
	-		-		33,145		-		33,145
	-		210,000		-		43,528		253,528
	-		32,825		-		12,934		45,759
	-		500		<u>-</u>		-		500
\$	8,260,889	\$	243,325	\$	2,405,613	\$	3,406,816	\$	35,530,814
\$	(11,904)	\$	480,258	\$	764,905	\$	(622,614)	\$	3,362,332

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 General	Road and Bridge
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers in	\$ 544,194	\$ -
Transfers out	(914,139)	-
Loans issued	 	 -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (369,945)	\$
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,260,905	\$ 1,120,837
Fund Balances – January 1, as restated (Note 1.G)	10,765,537	2,171,242
Increase (decrease) in inventories	 	 (21,147)
Fund Balances – December 31	\$ 12,026,442	\$ 3,270,932

EXHIBIT 5 (Continued)

 Human Services	 Debt Service	 Capital Projects	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	<u>G</u>	Total overnmental Funds
\$ - - -	\$ (475,000) -	\$ 475,000 (1,058,809)	\$ 995,088 - 65,158	\$	2,014,282 (2,447,948) 65,158
\$ 	\$ (475,000)	\$ (583,809)	\$ 1,060,246	\$	(368,508)
\$ (11,904)	\$ 5,258	\$ 181,096	\$ 437,632	\$	2,993,824
6,173,894	694,431	 688,791	2,984,371		23,478,266 (21,147)
\$ 6,161,990	\$ 699,689	\$ 869,887	\$ 3,422,003	\$	26,450,943

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES—GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances – total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)			\$ 2,993,824
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
In the governmental funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenues between the governmental fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenues deferred as unavailable.			
Unavailable revenue – December 31 Unavailable revenue – January 1	\$	3,266,090 (3,371,336)	(105,246)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the assets sold.			
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure	\$	5,318,970	
Net book value of assets disposed		(23,291)	
Current year depreciation expense		(2,935,333)	2,360,346
Proceeds from debt issuances provide current financial resources to funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Debt issued – loans			(65,158)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Principal payments			
General obligation bonds	\$	210,000	
Loan payable		43,528	253,528
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, so are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.			
Change in account distance transpla	\$	1,840	
Change in accrued interest payable Amortization of discounts/premiums	Ф	3,850	
Change in compensated absences		(75,119)	
Change in inventories		(21,147)	
Change in other postemployment benefits		7,670	
Change in deferred other postemployment benefits outflows		(11,857)	
Change in deferred other postemployment benefits inflows		(27,340)	
Change in deferred pension outflows		(316,220)	
Change in deferred pension inflows		2,256,687	
Change in net pension liability		(1,311,041)	 507,323
Net Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)			\$ 5,944,617

PROPRIETARY FUND – MEEKER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL FUND

EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION MEEKER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL ENTERPRISE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2020

Assets

Current assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	29,973,137
Accounts receivable – net		6,319,349
Other receivables		343,946
Estimated third-party payor settlements		83,140
Inventories		873,206
Prepaid items		288,050
Total current assets	<u>\$</u>	37,880,828
Restricted assets		
Investments	\$	23,729,981
Restricted by donor		256,271
Total restricted assets	<u>\$</u>	23,986,252
Noncurrent assets		
Investment in joint venture	\$	607,551
Capital assets		
Nondepreciable		2,563,929
Depreciable – net		15,936,460
Total noncurrent assets	<u>\$</u>	19,107,940
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	80,975,020
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		
Deferred interest rate swap	\$	413,287
Deferred pension outflows		777,794
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$</u>	1,191,081

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION MEEKER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL ENTERPRISE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2020

Liabilities

Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	3,765,609
Salaries payable		1,389,215
Accrued interest payable		21,000
Bonds payable		933,693
Loan payable		783,919
Payable to Medicare		3,195,172
Total current liabilities	\$	10,088,608
Noncurrent liabilities		
Bonds payable	\$	12,566,088
Promissory note		1,616,908
Loans payable		2,829,181
Payable to Medicare		2,389,692
Interest rate swap		413,287
Net pension liability		10,090,355
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$</u>	29,905,511
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	39,994,119
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred pension inflows	\$	458,184
Deferred gain on refunding		157,310
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$</u>	615,494
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,383,700
Restricted by donor		256,271
Unrestricted		37,916,517
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	41,556,488

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION MEEKER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Operating Revenues		
Patient services revenues	\$	38,424,421
Miscellaneous		632,617
Total Operating Revenues	\$	39,057,038
Operating Expenses		
Professional care of patients	\$	29,868,114
Administration and fiscal services		6,078,951
Property, housekeeping, and laundry		1,401,457
Dietary		557,848
Depreciation		2,269,286
Amortization of pension adjustments		(459,755)
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	39,715,901
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$</u>	(658,863)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Noncapital contributions	\$	10,866
Investment earnings		171,544
Interest expense		(306,675)
Federal and state grant funds		5,006,037
Other		202,299
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$</u>	5,084,071
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses Before Transfers	\$	4,425,208
Transfers in		433,666
Change in Net Position	\$	4,858,874
Net Position – January 1	<u>—</u>	36,697,614
Net Position – December 31	\$	41,556,488

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MEEKER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from third-party payors and patients	\$ 42,558,810
Other receipts	695,924
Payments to suppliers	(16,921,236)
Payments to employees	 (19,361,889)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 6,971,609
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Purchases of capital assets	\$ (428,463)
Paycheck Protection Program funds	3,613,100
Grants and noncapital contributions received	5,219,202
Transfer in	433,666
Principal payments on long-term debt	(906,131)
Interest paid	 (306,675)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$ 7,624,699
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	\$ 38,232,662
Purchase of investments	(37,856,716)
Investment earnings received	 171,544
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ 547,490
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,143,798
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	 14,829,339
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 29,973,137

EXHIBIT 9 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MEEKER MEMORIAL HOSPITAL ENTERPRISE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss)	\$ (658,863)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	
cash provided by (used in) operating activities	
Depreciation expense	\$ 2,269,286
Equity in joint venture	(158,112)
Distributions received from joint venture	218,691
Provision for bad debts	2,202,026
Adjustment to deferred (gain) loss on refunding	(13,200)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(3,379,658)
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(224,257)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	1,631
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	2,297,771
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable	(435,972)
Increase (decrease) in payable to Medicare	5,584,864
Increase (decrease) in estimated third-party payor settlements	(272,843)
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows	 (459,755)
Total adjustments	\$ 7,630,472
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 6,971,609
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities	
Cash paid for interest	\$ 306,675
Property and equipment purchased through promissory note	1,616,908

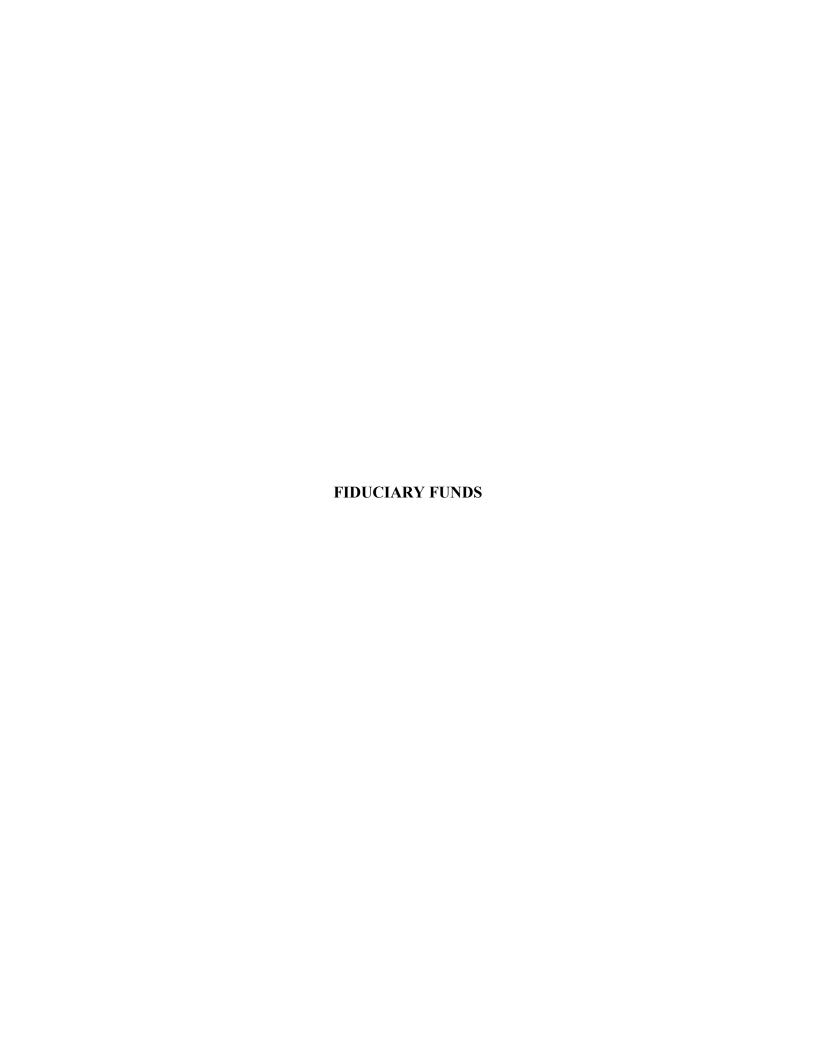


EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Priva	al Welfare nte-Purpose ust Fund	Custodial Funds	
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments Taxes receivable for other governments Accounts receivable	\$	38,994	\$	628,046 467,780 2,432
Total Assets	\$	38,994	\$	1,098,258
Liabilities				
Due to other governments Due to others	\$	10,234	\$	575,151 5,949
Total Liabilities	\$	10,234	\$	581,100
Net Position				
Restricted for Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$</u>	28,760	\$	517,158

EXHIBIT 11

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Social Welfare Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Cu	Custodial Funds	
Additions					
Contributions					
Individuals	\$	193,953	\$	-	
Property tax collections for other governments		-		22,700,759	
Licenses and fees collected for the state		-		74,303	
Licenses and fees collected for other governments		-		66,285	
Miscellaneous		-		94,748	
Total Additions	\$	193,953	\$	22,936,095	
Deductions					
Beneficiary payments to individuals	\$	181,663	\$	-	
Payments of property tax to other governments		-		19,972,143	
Payments to the state		-		2,741,391	
Administrative expense		-		4,424	
Distribution to participants		-		72,082	
Payments to other entities		-		61,861	
Total Deductions	\$	181,663	\$	22,851,901	
Change in net position	\$	12,290	\$	84,194	
Net Position – January 1, as restated (Note 1.G)		16,470		432,964	
Net Position – December 31	\$	28,760	\$	517,158	

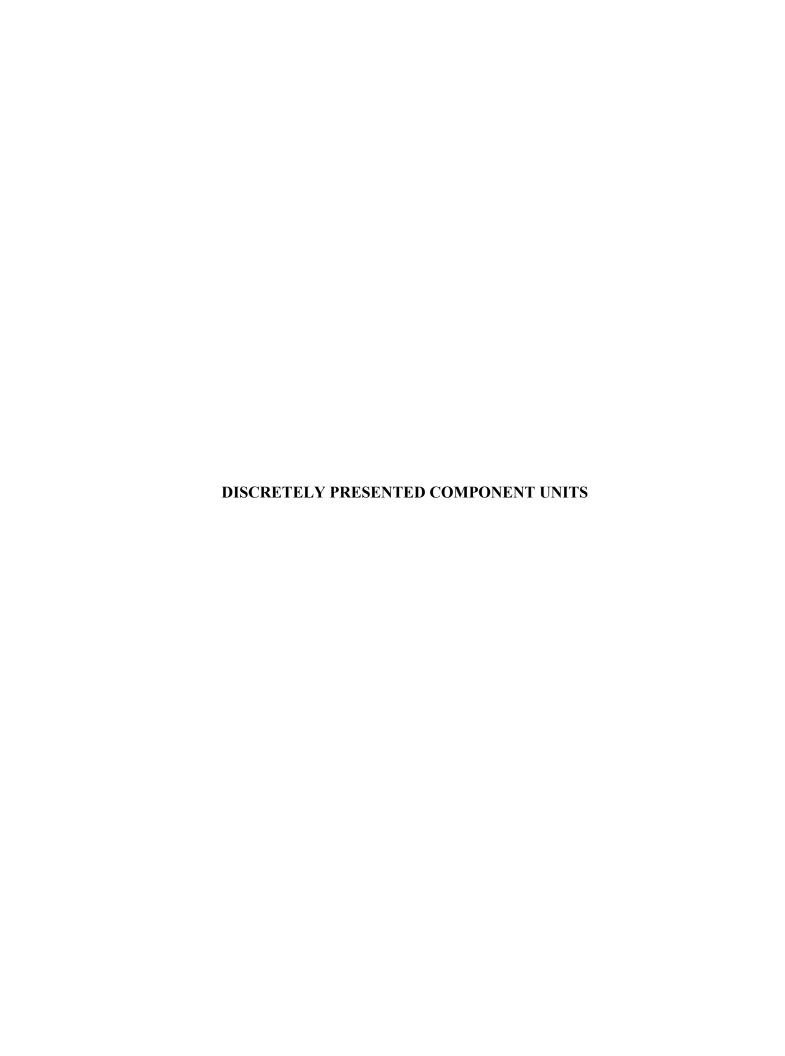


EXHIBIT 12

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	D	Economic evelopment Authority	Red	Housing and Redevelopment Authority		Total		
Assets								
Current assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	1,710,098	\$	45,066	\$	1,755,164		
Accounts receivable		771		3,313		4,084		
Accrued interest receivable		5,464		-		5,464		
Loans receivable		200,000		-		200,000		
Prepaid items		700		9,982		10,682		
Total current assets	\$	1,917,033	\$	58,361	\$	1,975,394		
Noncurrent assets								
Loans receivable	\$	435,000	\$	-	\$	435,000		
Capital assets								
Nondepreciable		-		63,966		63,966		
Depreciable – net		-		209,150		209,150		
Total noncurrent assets	\$	435,000	\$	273,116	\$	708,116		
Total Assets	\$	2,352,033	\$	331,477	\$	2,683,510		
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred pension outflows	\$	2,414	\$		\$	2,414		

EXHIBIT 12 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Economic Development Authority		Red	ousing and evelopment authority	Total		
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Current liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	5,657	\$	2,937	\$	8,594	
Salaries payable		2,418		-		2,418	
Due to other governments		-		7,372		7,372	
Due to primary government		394,648		-		394,648	
Other accrued liabilities		-		2,155		2,155	
Unearned revenue		-		6,797		6,797	
Customer deposits		-		8,070		8,070	
Compensated absences payable – current		1,718				1,718	
Total current liabilities	\$	404,441	\$	27,331	\$	431,772	
Noncurrent liabilities							
Compensated absences payable – long-term	\$	2,471	\$	-	\$	2,471	
Long-term debt – mortgage		-		162,127		162,127	
Net pension liability		35,973				35,973	
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	38,444	\$	162,127	\$	200,571	
Total Liabilities	\$	442,885	\$	189,458	\$	632,343	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred pension inflows	\$	48,741	\$		\$	48,741	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	\$	-	\$	110,989	\$	110,989	
Restricted for other purposes		-		22,567		22,567	
Unrestricted		1,862,821		8,463		1,871,284	
Total Net Position	\$	1,862,821	\$	142,019	\$	2,004,840	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

			 Program
	1	Expenses	es, Charges, s, and Other
Functions/Programs			
Economic Development Authority (EDA) Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA)	\$	133,900 407,392	\$ 29,700 85,902
Total Component Units	\$	541,292	\$ 115,602

General Revenues

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs
Investment earnings

Total general revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position – January 1

Net Position – December 31

	nes Operating Trants and	Net (Exp	oense) Revenu	e and Changes in Ne	t Position	
Co	ntributions	 EDA		HRA		Total
\$	25,000 276,050	\$ (79,200)	\$	- (45,440)	\$	(79,200) (45,440)
\$	301,050	\$ (79,200)	\$	(45,440)	\$	(124,640)
		\$ 33,146 15,386	\$	53	\$	33,146 15,439
		\$ 48,532	\$	53	\$	48,585
		\$ (30,668)	\$	(45,387)	\$	(76,055)
		 1,893,489		187,406		2,080,895
		\$ 1,862,821	\$	142,019	\$	2,004,840

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Meeker County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Meeker County was established February 23, 1856, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted to counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Meeker County (primary government) and its component units for which the County is financially accountable. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

Discretely Presented Component Units

While part of the reporting entity, discretely presented component units are presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following component units of Meeker County are discretely presented:

Component Unit	Component Unit of Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
Meeker County Economic Development Authority (EDA)	The Board of Directors consists of two County Commissioners and six members appointed by the County Commissioners. Meeker County is obligated for any debt and any operating deficits of the EDA.	The Meeker County EDA does not issue separate financial statements.
Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA)	The Board of Directors consists of five members who are appointed by the County Commissioners. Meeker County is obligated for the debt and any operating deficits of the HRA.	Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority 840 North Third Street PO Box 277 Dassel, Minnesota 55325

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Joint Ventures

The County participates in several joint ventures described in Note 5.B.

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about Meeker County (the primary government) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental activities and business-type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

Meeker County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position. Meeker County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for restricted revenues from the federal and state government and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for restricted revenue resources from federal, state, and other oversight agencies used for economic assistance and community social services programs.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal, interest, and related costs of the County's long-term debt.

The <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for financial resources to be used for anticipated capital projects.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

The <u>Meeker Memorial Hospital Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the Meeker Memorial Hospital.

Additionally, the County reports the following funds:

The <u>Social Welfare Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u> accounts for funds held in trust the County is holding on behalf of individuals receiving social welfare assistance.

<u>Custodial funds</u> are custodial in nature. These funds account for activity the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Meeker County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect and the revenues are available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met and are available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in one of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Meeker County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2020. A market approach is used to value all investments other than external investment pools, which are measured at the net asset value. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments of governmental and fiduciary funds are credited to the General Fund. Investment earnings on business-type activities are credited to the Meeker Memorial Hospital Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Investment earnings for 2020 were \$365,911.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance

2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Meeker County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The investment in the pool is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool.

3. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Any residual balances outstanding between the primary government and the component units are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "due to/from primary government" and "due to/due from component unit."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the General Fund to indicate the asset is not in spendable form.

No allowance for uncollectible receivables of the governmental activities or discretely presented component units have been provided because such amounts are not expected to be material.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance

3. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Special assessments receivable consist of delinquent special assessments payable in the years 2015 through 2020 and noncurrent special assessments in 2021 and after. Unpaid special assessments at December 31 are classified in the financial statements as delinquent special assessments.

The Meeker Memorial Hospital Enterprise Fund grants credit to its patients, most of whom are local residents or are employed by the businesses of Litchfield, Minnesota, and the surrounding area. The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors, which provide for reimbursement to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates.

Patient accounts receivable, where a third-party payor is responsible for paying the amount, are carried at a net amount determined by the original charge for the services provided, less an estimate made for contractual adjustments or discounts provided to third-party payors.

Patient accounts receivable due directly from the patients are carried at the original charge for the services provided, less amounts covered by third-party payors and less an estimated allowance for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by identifying troubled accounts; by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts; and by considering a patient's financial history, credit history, and current economic conditions. Patient accounts receivable are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of receivables previously written off are recorded as a reduction of the provision for bad debts when received.

The County reports unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method. The inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories in proprietary funds and at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items (Continued)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by Meeker County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Building improvements	40 - 50
Office furniture and equipment	20
Machinery and equipment	5 - 25
Infrastructure	50 - 25

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance (Continued)

7. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The current portion consists of an amount based on a trend analysis of current usage of vacation and sick leave. The noncurrent portion consists of the remaining amount of vacation and sick leave. Compensated absences are generally paid by the General Fund and other governmental funds that have personal services.

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. The County reports deferred outflows of resources only under the full accrual basis of accounting associated with interest rate swaps, other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and pension plans and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has five types of deferred inflows in this category: unavailable revenue, prepaid property taxes, deferred gain on refunding, deferred OPEB, and deferred pension inflows.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Prepaid property taxes represent the County's share of tax collections collected prior to year-end that were not due until the following year. Since the property taxes were levied for use in a future year, the revenue is deferred and recognized in the period for which the amount is levied. These amounts arise under both the modified accrual and the full accrual basis of accounting and are reported in both the governmental fund balance sheet and the statement of net position. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from delinquent taxes receivable, delinquent and noncurrent special assessments receivable, grant receivables, money from state-aid highway allotments, and other revenues. Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. Unavailable revenue are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available. The County also reports deferred inflows of resources associated with OPEB and pension benefits. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position. Finally, the County reports a deferred gain on a refunding bond issue in the major enterprise fund and the business-type activities.

9. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund type in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance</u> (Continued)

10. Pension Plan

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value. The pension liability is liquidated through the General Fund and other governmental funds that have personal services.

11. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide statements is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

12. Classification of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which Meeker County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance

12. Classification of Fund Balances (Continued)

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned – amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Board or the County Administrator who has been delegated that authority by Board resolution.

<u>Unassigned</u> – the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

Meeker County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> Balance

12. Classification of Fund Balances (Continued)

Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

13. Minimum Fund Balance

Meeker County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The General Fund is heavily reliant on property tax revenues to fund current operations. However, current property tax revenues are not available for distribution until June. Therefore, the County Board has determined it needs to maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund (committed, assigned, and unassigned) of no less than five months of operating expenditures based on the previous year, or approximately 35 to 50 percent of fund operating revenues. The fund balance policy was adopted by the County Board on December 8, 2011. At December 31, 2020, unrestricted fund balance for the General Fund was at or above the minimum fund balance level.

14. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. <u>Hospital Enterprise Fund – Net Patient and Resident Service Revenue</u>

As services are rendered or goods are provided, patient service revenue is recognized at the Hospital's established rates, with contractual adjustments and charity care allowances deducted to arrive at net patient service revenue. Because the Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

E. <u>Hospital Enterprise Fund – Net Patient and Resident Service Revenue</u> (Continued)

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for reimbursement at amounts different from its established rates. Blue Cross Blue Shield reimbursements are based on the lower of the Hospital's established rates or a prospectively established rate for most inpatient and outpatient services. The Hospital has also entered into reimbursement agreements with certain other commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. Reimbursement under these agreements includes discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily rates.

The Hospital has elected Critical Access Hospital (CAH) designation. As a CAH, inpatient acute-care services and outpatient services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid based on a cost-reimbursement method. The Hospital is reimbursed for cost-reimbursable items at a tentative rate, with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports and audits thereof by the Medicare administrative contractor.

Retroactive contractual adjustments arising under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors are recognized on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

The laws and regulations under which the Medicare and Medicaid programs operate are complex, subject to frequent change, and subject to interpretation. As part of operating under these programs, there is a possibility that governmental authorities may review the Hospital's compliance with these laws and regulations. Such review may result in adjustments to reimbursements previously received and subject the Hospital to fines and penalties. Although the outcome of pending reviews cannot be ascertained, management believes the Hospital is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and has complied with the requirements of these programs.

F. <u>Hospital Enterprise Fund – Operating Revenues and Expenses</u>

The Hospital's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses result from exchange transactions associated with providing health care services (the Hospital's principal activity) and supporting the activities of the Hospital. Nonexchange revenues, including interest income, grants, and contributions, are reported as nonoperating revenues.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

G. Change in Accounting Principles

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the County adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The implementation of this statement has resulted in changing the presentation of the financial statements by removing revenue from the governmental activities and the General Fund that is not own-source revenue, recording the Social Welfare Private-Purpose Trust Fund that was not previously reported, and including accruals and ending net position to custodial funds not previously required. Beginning net position/fund balance has been restated to reflect this change.

	<u> </u>	overnmental Activities	 General Fund	Priva	ial Welfare ate-Purpose rust Fund	 Custodial Funds
Net Position/Fund Balance, January 1, 2020, as previously reported Change in accounting principles	\$	81,219,429 (26,712)	\$ 10,792,249 (26,712)	\$	16,470	\$ 432,964
Net Position/Fund Balance, January 1, 2020, as restated	\$	81,192,717	\$ 10,765,537	\$	16,470	\$ 432,964

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Deficit Fund Equity

The Ditch Special Revenue Fund had a positive fund balance of \$15,021 as of December 31, 2020, although 12 ditches had deficit balances. The deficits will be eliminated with future special assessment levies against the benefited properties. The following is a summary of the individual ditch systems:

41 ditches with positive balances 12 ditches with deficit balances	\$ 171,016 (155,995)
Net Fund Balance	\$ 15,021

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

Reconciliations of the County's total deposits, cash on hand, and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Government-wide statement of net position		
Governmental activities		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	25,945,431
Petty cash and change funds		2,340
Business-type activities		
Cash and pooled investments		29,973,137
Investments, restricted		23,986,252
Statement of fiduciary net position		
Cash and pooled investments		667,040
Total Cash and Investments	•	80,574,200
Total Cash and investments	<u> </u>	80,374,200
Deposits	\$	23,301,752
Petty cash and change funds		2,340
Investments		57,270,108
Total Deposits, Cash on Hand, and Investments	\$	80,574,200

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; state and local general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

a. Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the County's policy to minimize custodial credit risk over deposits by obtaining collateral or bond for all uninsured amounts on deposit and obtaining necessary documentation to show compliance with state law and a perfected security interest under federal law.

b. <u>Investments</u>

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, it instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

(6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's investment policy is to invest in both short-term and long-term investments to limit exposure to interest rate risk.

At December 31, 2020, the County had the following investments:

	Fair Less Than Value 1 Year		1 - 5 Years	5+ Years
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	\$	\$	\$	\$
Corporation	244,752	-	244,752	-
Federal National Mortgage				
Association	589,790	-	589,790	-
MAGIC Fund	48,196,227	48,196,227	-	-
Negotiable CDs	8,239,339	5,747,723	2,491,616	-
Total Investments	\$ 57,270,108	\$ 53,943,950	\$ 3,326,158	\$ -

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u>

Credit Risk (Continued)

The County's exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

	S & P Rating	 Fair Value		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	AA+	\$ 244,752		
Federal National Mortgage Association	AA+	589,790		
MAGIC Fund	N/R	48,196,227		
Negotiable CDs	N/A	 8,239,339		
Total		\$ 57,270,108		

N/R - Not Rated; N/A - Not Applicable

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. It is the County's policy to minimize custodial credit risk over investments by permitting brokers that obtained investments for the County to hold them only to the extent there is Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) and excess SIPC coverage available, and securities purchased that exceed excess SIPC coverages shall be transferred to the County's custodian. As of December 31, 2020, Meeker County's investments were not subject to custodial credit risk.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. It is the County's policy that investments in the MAGIC Fund, U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. agency securities, and obligations backed by U.S. Treasury and/or U.S. agency securities may be held without limit.

During 2020, the County did not have any investments in any one issuer that represents five percent or more of the County's investments.

Fair Value Measurement

The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and
- *Level 3:* Unobservable inputs.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u>

Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, the County had the following recurring fair value measurements:

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
	December 31, 2020		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Investments by fair value level Debt securities								
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	834,542	\$	_	\$	834,542	\$	_
Negotiable CDs	Ψ	8,239,339	Ψ	-	Ψ	8,239,339	Ψ	-
Interest rate swap		(413,287)		-		(413,287)		-
Total Investments Included in the								
Fair Value Hierarchy	\$	8,660,594	\$		\$	8,660,594	\$	
Investments measured at the net asset value MAGIC Portfolio MAGIC Term	\$	24,894,417 23,301,810						
Total Investments Measured at the NAV	\$	48,196,227						

Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches:

- U.S. Treasuries: a market approach by utilizing quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active;
- Negotiable CDs: matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices; and
- Interest Rate Swap: prices based on securities with similar characteristics in active markets.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

b. Investments (Continued)

The MAGIC Fund is a local government investment pool which is quoted at a net asset value (NAV). The County invests in this pool for the purpose of the joint investment of the County's money with those of other counties to enhance the investment earnings accruing to each member. The MAGIC Fund currently consists of the MAGIC Portfolio and the MAGIC Term Series.

MAGIC Portfolio is valued using amortized cost. Shares of the MAGIC Portfolio are available to be redeemed upon proper notice without restrictions under normal operating conditions. There are no limits to the number of redemptions that can be made as long as the County has a sufficient number of shares to meet their redemption request. The Fund's Board of Trustees can suspend the right of withdrawal or postpone the date of payment if the Trustees determine that there is an emergency that makes the sale of a Portfolio's securities or determination of its NAV not reasonably practical.

Shares of MAGIC Term Series are purchased to mature upon pre-determined maturity dates selected by the County at the time of purchase. Should the County need to redeem shares in a MAGIC Term Series prematurely, they must provide notice at least seven days prior to the premature redemption date. The value of a premature redemption is equal to the original price for such share, plus dividends thereon, at the projected yield, less such share's allocation of any losses incurred by the series, less a premature redemption penalty, if any.

2. Receivables

Governmental activities had no allowance for doubtful accounts recorded, while the business-type activities had the following in allowance for doubtful accounts:

]	Total Receivables
Business-Type Activities		
Accounts	\$	16,009,902
Allowance for contractual adjustments		(4,745,141)
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		(4,945,412)
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	6,319,349

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

2. Receivables (Continued)

The County had no receivables scheduled to be collected beyond one year, except for \$859,991 of noncurrent special assessments, \$3,000 in notes, and \$73,887 in loans.

Loans Receivable

Loans receivable represent amounts owing from businesses within the County for economic development. The loan receivable is reported in the Revolving Loan Special Revenue Fund. The annual payments to the County for the loans are as follows:

Year Ended	Loans			
December 31	Receivable			
	_			
2021	\$	25,167		
2022		13,592		
2023		5,942		
2024		5,942		
2025		5,942		
2026 - 2030		29,710		
2031 - 2035		29,710		
2036 - 2038		13,865		
Total	\$	129,870		
Less: interest		(34,199)		
Present Value of Loans Receivable	\$	95,671		

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	 Beginning Balance		Increase				Decrease		Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated Land Right-of-way Construction in progress	\$ 1,413,650 1,790,921 237,520	\$	18,500 42,372 1,871,180	\$	19,500 - 32,922	\$	1,412,650 1,833,293 2,075,778		
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 3,442,091	\$	1,932,052	\$	52,422	\$	5,321,721		
Capital assets depreciated Buildings Building improvements Office furniture and equipment Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 19,258,186 4,726,011 5,145,504 10,839,204 71,693,635	\$	53,107 6,432 394,404 1,161,660 1,804,237	\$	15,818 - 614,506 374,247	\$	19,295,475 4,732,443 4,925,402 11,626,617 73,497,872		
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 111,662,540	\$	3,419,840	\$	1,004,571	\$	114,077,809		
Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings Building improvements Office furniture and equipment Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 11,176,037 1,447,876 4,698,100 7,283,115 21,492,908	\$	602,362 - 119,292 740,589 1,473,090	\$	15,818 - 614,506 370,456	\$	11,762,581 1,447,876 4,202,886 7,653,248 22,965,998		
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 46,098,036	\$	2,935,333	\$	1,000,780	\$	48,032,589		
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 65,564,504	\$	484,507	\$	3,791	\$	66,045,220		
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 69,006,595	\$	2,416,559	\$	56,213	\$	71,366,941		

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

3. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Business-Type Activities

	-	Beginning Balance Increase Decrease		Increase		Increase Decrease				Ending Balance	
Capital assets not depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	2,563,928 395,362	\$	1 1,302,452	\$	- 1,697,814	\$	2,563,929			
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$	2,959,290	\$	1,302,453	\$	1,697,814	\$	2,563,929			
Capital assets depreciated Land improvements Buildings Machinery, furniture, and equipment	\$	1,509,438 29,811,757 22,150,121	\$	9,751 20,727 2,410,252	\$	216,047	\$	1,519,189 29,832,484 24,344,326			
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	53,471,316	\$	2,440,730	\$	216,047	\$	55,695,999			
Less: accumulated depreciation for Land improvements Buildings Machinery, furniture, and equipment	\$	1,163,153 17,917,305 18,625,842	\$	40,457 1,036,302 1,192,527	\$	- - 216,047	\$	1,203,610 18,953,607 19,602,322			
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	37,706,300	\$	2,269,286	\$	216,047	\$	39,759,539			
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	15,765,016	\$	171,444	\$		\$	15,936,460			
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	18,724,306	\$	1,473,897	\$	1,697,814	\$	18,500,389			

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 564,783
Public safety	142,686
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	2,084,923
Sanitation	59,986
Human services	21,227
Health	2,385
Culture and recreation	58,672
Conservation of natural resources	 671
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ 2,935,333
Business-Type Activities Hospital	\$ 2,269,286

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Interfund Receivables</u>, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2020, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
General	Road and Bridge Human Services Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	1,265 37,272 51,630	
Total due to General Fund		\$	90,167	
Road and Bridge	General Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	32,970 6,903	
Total due to Road and Bridge Fund		\$	39,873	
Human Services	General Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	8,341 187	
Total due to Human Services Fund		\$	8,528	
Capital Projects	Debt Service	\$	475,000	
Nonmajor governmental funds	Road and Bridge Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	4,280 147	
Total due to nonmajor governmental funds		\$	4,427	
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$	617,995	

2. Advances From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount		
General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 402,800		

The advance from the General Fund to the Ditch Special Revenue Fund is to cover negative cash balances.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

B. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

Transfer to General Fund from Capital		
Projects Fund	\$ 544,194	CARES expenditures reimbursement
Transfer to Capital Projects Fund from		
Debt Service Fund	475,000	Project funding
Transfer to nonmajor governmental funds		
from Capital Projects Fund	80,949	CARES expenditures reimbursement
Transfers to nonmajor governmental		
funds from General Fund	914,139	Annual appropriation
Transfer to Meeker Memorial Hospital		
Enterprise Fund from Capital Projects		
Fund	 433,666	CARES expenditures reimbursement
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 2,447,948	

C. Liabilities

1. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

a. Governmental Activities

The County issues long-term debt obligations to provide for the acquisition, construction, and betterment of major capital facilities and infrastructure.

b. Business-Type Activities

(1) Bonds Payable

The Gross Revenue Hospital Facilities Refunding Note Series A (Series A Note) was issued in November 2017. The Series A Note paid issuance costs and refinanced a portion of the Series 2007 Note. The interest rate on the note will be adjusted to a per annum rate equal to 67.0 percent of the sum of 2.0 percent plus the one-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) in effect as of the 15th day of each calendar month. The note is payable over three monthly interest-only payments through February 2018, and 180 months principal and interest payments of approximately \$40,000,

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

b. <u>Business-Type Activities</u>

(1) Bonds Payable (Continued)

with maturity in February 2033. The Gross Revenue Hospital Facilities Refunding Note Series B (Series B Note) was issued in November 2017. The Series B Note paid issuance costs and refinanced the remaining portion of the Series 2007 Note. The interest rate on the note will be adjusted to a per annum rate equal to 67.0 percent of the sum of 2.0 percent plus the one-month LIBOR in effect as of the 15th day of each calendar month. As discussed below, in February 2018, a forward fixed interest rate swap became effective, fixing the interest rate per annum to 2.53 percent. The note is payable over three monthly interest-only payments through February 2018, and 180 monthly principal and interest payments of approximately \$67,000, with maturity in February 2033.

The November 2017 refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$196,000. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred gain on refunding, is being charged to operations through the year 2033, using the effective-interest method. This debt refunding was done to take advantage of lower interest rates and improve cash flow characteristics over the life of the debt.

Under the terms of the Series A and Series B Notes (the Notes), Meeker Memorial Hospital is required to maintain certain deposits with a trustee. Such deposits are included within cash and cash equivalents in the statements of net position, including a depository relationship with the lender in the amount of \$1,000,000. The Notes require the Hospital to meet certain annual financial performance measures as long as the Notes are outstanding, including, among others, the maintenance of a minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.25 to one, a minimum of 100 days cash on hand, and to provide audited financial statements within 180 days of the calendar year-end. The Hospital obtained a waiver for the 180-day covenant.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

b. <u>Business-Type Activities</u> (Continued)

(2) Promissory Note

As part of a collaboration agreement with CentraCare, the Hospital issued a promissory note of approximately \$1,600,000 to CentraCare to cover the Hospital's cost of the installation of an electronic medical record and billing system. The note accrues interest at 4.0 percent. All principal and accrued interest becomes payable upon maturity in February 2023. Should the Hospital affiliate with a third party other than CentraCare, the principal and all accrued interest becomes payable immediately. Should the Hospital enter into an affiliation with CentraCare, the principal and interest will be forgiven.

(3) Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loan

The Hospital is a recipient of a Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan of \$3,613,100 granted by the Small Business Administration (SBA) under the CARES Act. The loan bears interest at 1.0 percent and includes provisions for interest and principal payment deferral, and loan forgiveness. PPP loans are forgiven and recognized as revenue if the loan proceeds are used to maintain compensation costs and employee head count, and other qualifying expenses incurred following receipt of the loan over a qualifying period. Any portion not forgiven would be due and payable before loan maturity in May 2022. The Hospital has accounted for the loan proceeds under GASB Statement 70, par. 12. The proceeds are recognized as long-term debt until the loans are either paid off by the debtor, or the debtor is legally released as the primary obligor. As of December 31, 2020, the Hospital has recorded \$783,919 of loan proceeds within current maturities of long-term debt, and \$2,829,181 within long-term debt. In July 2021, the SBA approved forgiveness of the full amount of principal and interest on the loan. The loan is subject to audit by the SBA for the next six years. If the SBA does not agree with the Hospital's eligibility to receive the loans, forgiveness determinations may be reversed.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

b. <u>Business-Type Activities</u> (Continued)

(4) Medicare Accelerated and Advance Payments

Medicare accelerated and advance payments of \$5,584,864 were received by the Hospital during the year ended December 31, 2020. These are advances that must be repaid. The Medicare accelerated and advance payments are interest-free for up to 26 months, and the program currently requires that the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) recoup the accelerated payments beginning one year after receipt by the provider by withholding future Medicare payments for claims until such time as the full accelerated payment has been recouped. The program currently requires that any outstanding balance remaining after 26 months must be repaid by the provider or be subjected to a 4.0 percent annual interest rate. Recoupment of accelerated payments received by the Hospital began in April 2021. As of December 31, 2020, Medicare accelerated and advance payments are reflected as payables to Medicare in the statement of net position.

c. Bonds and Notes

(1) Governmental Activities

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Balance December 31, 2020
General obligation bonds 2012 G.O. Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds	2026	\$200,000 - \$310,000	2.00 - 2.50	\$ 3,175,000	\$ 1,360,000

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities</u>

1. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

c. Bonds and Notes (Continued)

(2) Business-Type Activities

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2020
2017 Gross Revenue Hospital Facilities Refunding Bonds	2033	\$217,436 - \$1,298,201	2.53	\$ 16,000,000	\$ 13,499,781
Promissory Note with CentraCare	2023	\$0 - \$1,616,908	4.00	1,616,908	1,616,908
Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Loan	2022	\$783,919 - \$2,829,181	1.00	3,613,100	3,613,100
Medicare accelerated and advance payments	2022	\$2,389,692 - \$3,195,172	4.00	5,584,864	5,584,864
Total				\$ 26,814,872	\$ 24,314,653

d. Loans Payable

In 2012, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for financing of the Minnesota Clean Water Partnership Project. These loans are also secured by special assessments placed on the individual parcels requesting repair of a failing septic system. According to the agreement, the County can borrow as much as \$200,000. The total amount received by the County through December 31, 2016, was \$142,214; accumulated interest was \$3,494. Repayment began in 2017.

In 2016, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for financing of the Minnesota Clean Water Partnership Project. These loans are also secured by special assessments placed on the individual parcels requesting repair of a failing septic system. According to the agreement, the County can borrow as much as \$400,000. The total amount received by the County through December 31, 2019, was \$311,347; accumulated interest was \$11,291. Repayment began in 2020.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. Liabilities

1. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

d. Loans Payable (Continued)

In 2019, the County entered into a loan agreement with the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency for financing of the Minnesota Clean Water Partnership Project. These loans are also secured by special assessments placed on the individual parcels requesting repair of a failing septic system. According to the agreement, the County can borrow as much as \$275,000. As of December 31, 2020, the total amount borrowed was \$90,020. Repayment schedules are not currently available for the 2019 loan and are not included in the debt service requirements.

2. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2020, were as follows:

a. Governmental Activities

Year Ending		General Obligation Bonds				Septic Sys	em Loans		
December 31		Principal	Interest		Principal		I	nterest	
2021	\$	215,000	\$	28,575	\$	44,401	\$	5,888	
2022	,	215,000	•	24,275	,	36,683	•	5,003	
2023		220,000		19,650		30,170		4,337	
2024		230,000		14,588		30,776		3,731	
2025		235,000		9,063		31,395		3,112	
2026 - 2030		245,000		3,063		132,018		6,010	
Total	\$	1,360,000	\$	99,214	\$	305,443	\$	28,081	

b. <u>Business-Type Activities</u>

Year Ending	Business-Type Activities Debt						
December 31	Principal			Interest			
2021	\$	4,912,784	\$	301,996			
2022	Ψ	6,180,964	Ψ	270,464			
2023		2,608,262		432,155			
2024		1,021,507		211,429			
2025		1,052,578		189,848			
2026 - 2030		5,763,039		601,837			
2031 - 2033		2,775,519		65,662			
Total	\$	24,314,653	\$	2,073,391			

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

3. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

a. Governmental Activities

	 Beginning Balance	 Additions	R	Leductions	Ending Balance	 ue Within One Year
Governmental activities Long-term liabilities Bonds payable General obligation bonds	\$ 1,570,000	\$ -	\$	210,000	\$ 1,360,000	\$ 215,000
Add: unamortized premium	 26,946	 		3,850	 23,096	
Total bonds payable	\$ 1,596,946	\$ -	\$	213,850	\$ 1,383,096	\$ 215,000
Loans payable Compensated absences	 373,833 1,250,064	 65,158 993,484		43,528 918,365	 395,463 1,325,183	 53,403 543,325
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 3,220,843	\$ 1,058,642	\$	1,175,743	\$ 3,103,742	\$ 811,728

b. Business-Type Activities

	 Beginning Balance	 Additions	Re	eductions	 Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
Business-type activities Long-term liabilities							
Bonds payable							
Refunding gross revenue							
hospital facilities bonds	\$ 14,405,912	\$ -	\$	906,131	\$ 13,499,781	\$	933,693
Promissory note	-	1,616,908		-	1,616,908		-
PPP loan	-	3,613,100		-	3,613,100		783,919
Medicare accelerated and advance							
payments	-	5,584,864		-	5,584,864		3,195,172
Interest rate swap	 20,021	 393,266			 413,287		
Business-Type Activities							
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 14,425,933	\$ 11,208,138	\$	906,131	\$ 24,727,940	\$	4,912,784

For the governmental activities, loans payable are paid by the Septic Loans Special Revenue Fund. Bonded debt is paid from the Debt Service Fund.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

D. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

Unavailable Revenue

Unavailable revenue consists of taxes and special assessments receivable, state and federal grants not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period, money from state-aid highway allotments received but not yet earned, and other revenues. Unavailable revenue at December 31, 2020, is summarized by fund:

	axes and Special		State-Aid Highway		
	sessments	 Grants	Allotments	 Other	 Total
Major governmental funds					
General	\$ 106,279	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 106,279
Special Revenue					
Road and Bridge	23,501	-	2,010,175	-	2,033,676
Human Services	38,886	58,956	-	-	97,842
Debt Service	9,321	-	-	-	9,321
Nonmajor governmental funds					
Regional Library	2,389	-	-	-	2,389
County Nurse	-	58,568	-	-	58,568
Ditch	566,806	-	-	-	566,806
Family Services Building	1,499	-	-	-	1,499
Septic System Loan Program	-	-	-	294,039	294,039
Revolving Loan	 	 	 	 95,671	 95,671
Total	\$ 748,681	\$ 117,524	\$ 2,010,175	\$ 389,710	\$ 3,266,090

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

a. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Meeker County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan (the General Employees Plan), the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (the Police and Fire Plan), and the Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan (the Correctional Plan), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

a. Plan Description (Continued)

The General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and the Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service. No Meeker County employees belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Police and Fire Plan (accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund). For members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years. Benefits for members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years and increasing five percent for each year of service until fully vested after 20 years.

Local government employees of a county-administered facility who are responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional facility and its inmates are covered by the Correctional Plan (accounted for in the Correctional Fund). For members hired after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing ten percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

b. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January.

General Employees Plan benefit recipients will receive a post-retirement increase equal to 50 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.00 percent and maximum of 1.50 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under the Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients will receive a 1.00 percent post-retirement increase. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

Correctional Plan benefit recipients will receive a post-retirement increase equal to 100 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.00 percent and maximum of 2.50 percent. If the Correctional Plan's funding status declines to 85 percent or below for two consecutive years or 80 percent for one year, the maximum will be lowered from 2.50 percent to 1.50 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

b. Benefits Provided (Continued)

June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not yet receiving them, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any 60 consecutive months of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. In the General Employees Plan, two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.20 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.70 percent of average salary for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 1.70 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. For Police and Fire Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.00 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Correctional Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.90 percent of average salary for each year of service.

For General Employees Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. For Police and Fire Plan and Correctional Plan members, normal retirement age is 55, and for members who were hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. <u>Pension Plans</u>

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

c. Contributions

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. General Employees Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in 2020. Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80 percent of their annual covered salary in 2020. Correctional Plan members were required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary in 2020.

In 2020, the County was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

General Employees Plan – Coordinated Plan members	7.50%
Police and Fire Plan	17.70
Correctional Plan	8.75

The Police and Fire Plan member and employer contribution rates increased 0.50 percent and 0.75 percent, respectively, from 2019.

The County's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2020, to the pension plans were:

General Employees Plan	\$ 1,608,995
Police and Fire Plan	293,624
Correctional Plan	79,181

The contributions are equal to the statutorily required contributions as set by state statute.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

d. <u>Pension Costs</u>

General Employees Plan

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$17,992,367 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.3001 percent. It was 0.2931 percent measured as of June 30, 2019. The County recognized pension expense of \$1,314,282 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$48,290 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's expense related to its contribution to the General Employees Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$16 million to the General Employees Plan annually until September 15, 2031.

The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 17,992,367
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability associated with the County	 554,870
	10 - 1 - 00 -
Total	\$ 18,547,237

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

d. Pension Costs

General Employees Plan (Continued)

The County reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of Resources	Ir	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual						
economic experience	\$	122,141	\$	29,898		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		_		661,043		
Difference between projected and actual						
investment earnings		321,264		-		
Changes in proportion		311,008		146,760		
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to						
the measurement date		807,358				
Total	\$	1,561,771	\$	837,701		

The \$807,358 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension			
Year Ended	Expense			
December 31	Amount			
	,			
2021	\$ (980,74	6)		
2022	24,54	8		
2023	438,20	19		
2024	434 70	1		

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

d. Pension Costs (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$1,892,802 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.1436 percent. It was 0.1412 percent measured as of June 30, 2019. The County recognized pension expense of \$234,097 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

The State of Minnesota also contributed \$13.5 million to the Police and Fire Plan in the plan fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The contribution consisted of \$4.5 million in direct state aid that meets the definition of a special funding situation and \$9 million in supplemental state aid that does not meet the definition of a special funding situation.

Legislation required the State of Minnesota to pay direct state aid of \$4.5 million on October 1, 2019, and to pay \$9 million by October 1 of each subsequent year until full funding is reached, or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier. The County recognized an additional \$13,720 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's pension expense related to the special funding situation.

 44,596
\$ 1,937,398

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. <u>Pension Plans</u>

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

d. Pension Costs

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

Legislation also requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$9 million to the Police and Fire Plan each year, starting in fiscal year 2014, until the plan is 90 percent funded, or until the State Patrol Plan is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. The County also recognized \$12,924 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contribution to the Police and Fire Plan.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred atflows of esources	I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	81,950	\$	89,512
Changes in actuarial assumptions		631,667		1,128,310
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		69,626		_
Changes in proportion		50,878		82,158
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				
the measurement date		158,695		
Total	\$	992,816	\$	1,299,980

The \$158,695 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

d. Pension Costs

Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

		Pension
Year Ended	Expense	
December 31	Amount	
2021	\$	(132,246)
2022		(525,776)
2023		94,242
2024		92,326
2025		5,595

Correctional Plan

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$110,354 for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.4067 percent. It was 0.4167 percent measured as of June 30, 2019. The County recognized pension expense of (\$161,632) for its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's pension expense.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Correctional Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. <u>Pension Plans</u>

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

d. Pension Costs

<u>Correctional Plan</u> (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual					
economic experience	\$	903	\$	40,699	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		196,623	
Difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings		29,083		-	
Changes in proportion		8,763		1,038	
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to					
the measurement date		40,734			
Total	\$	79,483	\$	238,360	

The \$40,734 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension	
Year Ended		Expense	
December 31	Amour		
2021	\$	(217,252)	
2022		(8,094)	
2023		5,827	
2024		19,908	

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the County for the year ended December 31, 2020, was \$1,386,747.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

e. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

General Employees Fund		Police and Fire Fund	Correctional Fund
Inflation	2.25% per year	2.50% per year	2.50% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.00% per year	3.25% per year	3.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table for the General Employees Plan and the RP-2014 mortality tables for the Police and Fire and the Correctional Plans, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan and 2.00 percent for the Correctional Plan. For the Police and Fire Plan, cost of living benefit increases for retirees are 1.00 percent as set by state statute.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study for the General Employees Plan was dated June 27, 2019. The experience study for the Police and Fire Plan was dated August 30, 2016. The experience study for the Correctional Plan was dated February 2012. The mortality assumption for the Correctional Plan is based on the Police and Fire Plan experience study. Inflation and investment assumptions for all plans were reviewed in the experience study report for the General Employees Plan.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

e. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. equities	35.50%	5.10%
Broad international stock pool	17.50	5.30
Bond pool	20.00	0.75
Alternatives	25.00	5.90
Cash equivalents	2.00	0.00

f. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent in 2020, which remained consistent with 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Plan, the Police and Fire Plan, and the Correctional Plan were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2020:

General Employees Plan

• The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

- 1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>
 - g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

General Employees Plan (Continued)

- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two to five and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Retiree Mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

g. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Plan Provisions

General Employees Plan (Continued)

- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 35 percent to 45 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 15 percent to 30 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023, and 0.00 percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

Police and Fire Plan

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Correctional Plan

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

h. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

1. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u>

h. Pension Liability Sensitivity (Continued)

			Proportion	ate Share of the		
	General l	Employees Plan	Police a	and Fire Plan	Corre	ectional Plan
	Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability	Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability	Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% Decrease	6.50%	\$ 28,835,523	6.50%	\$ 3,772,626	6.50%	\$ 685,839
Current	7.50	17,992,367	7.50	1,892,802	7.50	110,354
1% Increase	8.50	9,047,634	8.50	337,576	8.50	(350,409)

i. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

2. Defined Contribution Plan

Four Board members of Meeker County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the state legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes five percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives two percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

E. Pension Plans

2. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u> (Continued)

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by Meeker County during the year ended December 31, 2020, were:

	Employee		Employer	
Contribution amount	\$	6,414	\$	6,414
Percentage of covered payroll	5.00%			5.00%

F. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Plan Description

Meeker County administers an other postemployment benefits plan, a single-employer defined benefit health care plan, to eligible retirees and their dependents.

The County provides health insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their dependents. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. Retirees are required to pay 100 percent of the total premium cost. Since the premium is determined on the entire active and retiree population, the retirees are receiving an implicit rate subsidy.

No assets have been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75. The OPEB plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

As of the January 1, 2020, actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving beneficiaries	efit
payments	8
Active plan participants	199
Total	207

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

F. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

2. Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$938,499 was measured as of January 1, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. The total OPEB liability is primarily liquidated by funds that have personnel services.

The total OPEB liability in the fiscal year-end December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50 percent Salary increases Service graded table

Health care cost trend 6.50 percent, decreasing to 5.00 percent over 6 years then to

4.00 percent over the next 48 years

The current year discount rate is 2.90 percent, a change from the prior year rate of 3.80 percent. For the current valuation, the discount rate was selected from the 20-year Municipal Bond Yield.

Mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire personnel).

The actuarial assumptions are currently based on historical information.

3. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at January 1, 2020	\$	946,169
Changes for the year		
Service cost	\$	89,970
Interest		37,240
Differences between expected and actual experience		(38,625)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		17,081
Benefit payments		(113,336)
Net change	\$	(7,670)
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	938,499

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

F. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

4. OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		To	tal OPEB
	Discount Rate	I	Liability
1% Decrease	1.90%	\$	991,479
Current	2.90		938,499
1% Increase	3.90		888,328

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the health care cost trend previously disclosed, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rate:

Health Care Trend Rate		_	otal OPEB Liability
1% Decrease	5.50% Decreasing to 4.00%	\$	863,040
Current	6.50% Decreasing to 5.00%		938,499
1% Increase	7.50% Decreasing to 6.00%		1,027,025

5. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$31,527. The County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

F. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

5. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Contributions paid subsequent to the measurement	\$	20,399 14,234	\$	32,187 19,384	
date		92,345			
Total	\$	126,978	\$	51,571	

The \$92,345 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	(OPEB Expense		
Year Ended	E			
December 31		Amount		
2021	\$	(3,338)		
2022		(3,338)		
2023		(3,338)		
2024		(3,335)		
2025		(3,589)		

6. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2020:

- The discount rate used changed from 3.80 percent to 2.90 percent.
- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.

3. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

F. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

- 6. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)
 - The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables (Blue Collar for Public Safety, White Collar for others) with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.
 - The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00 percent per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and employee classification.

4. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). MCIT is a public entity risk pool currently operated as a common risk management and insurance program for its members. The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For group employee health benefits, the County has entered into a joint powers agreement, the PrimeHealth Joint Self Insurance Pool (PrimeHealth). For all other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2020 and 2021. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

4. Risk Management (Continued)

In 2018, the County entered into an agreement with PrimeHealth to provide a mechanism for utilizing a pooled self-funded health insurance program under the authority granted to the counties in Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Premiums are paid to PrimeHealth, who provides bookkeeping services to the entity, including the payment of claims. For 2020, the County has retained risk with a specific annual deductible of \$400,000 per member for the health plan.

The Hospital is covered by professional liability insurance on a claims-made basis. Individual and aggregate claims coverage is \$1,000,000 and \$3,000,000, respectively. The Hospital also has an excess liability policy that provides an additional \$2,000,000 in coverage over the individual and aggregate coverages. Hospital management is of the opinion that insurance coverage is adequate to cover anticipated losses, if any.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

The Hospital is involved in various claims, litigations, and judgments. Hospital management believes the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have an adverse effect on the financial position of the Hospital.

5. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

B. Joint Ventures

Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board

In November 1997, the Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board was created under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Presently, its members include Big Stone, Chippewa, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, McLeod, Meeker, Nobles, Renville, Swift, and Yellow Medicine Counties; Southwest Health and Human Services representing Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Pipestone, Redwood, and Rock Counties; and Des Moines Valley Health and Human Services (DVHHS), representing Cottonwood and Jackson Counties. The Board is headquartered in Windom, Minnesota, where DVHHS acts as fiscal agent.

The Board takes actions and enters into agreements as necessary to plan and develop within the Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board's geographic jurisdiction, a system of care that serves the needs of adults with serious and persistent mental illness. The governing board is composed of one Board member from each of the participating counties. Financing is provided by state proceeds or appropriations for the development of the system of care.

A complete financial report of the Southwestern Minnesota Adult Mental Health Consortium Board can be obtained by contacting DVHHS at 11 Fourth Street, Windom, Minnesota 56111.

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services

Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 145A.09 to 145A.14, Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and a joint powers agreement, effective April 19, 1990. The Community Health Services consists of nine members, three each from McLeod, Meeker, and Sibley Counties. The primary function of the joint venture is to provide health services and to promote efficiency and economy in the delivery of health services.

The joint venture is financed primarily from state and federal grants.

Current financial statements are available from the Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services, 114 North Holcombe Avenue, Suite 250, Litchfield, Minnesota 55355.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

PrimeWest Health

The PrimeWest Central County-Based Purchasing Initiative (since renamed PrimeWest Health) was established in December 1998 by a joint powers agreement with Big Stone, Douglas, Grant, McLeod, Meeker, Pipestone, Pope, Renville, Stevens, and Traverse Counties under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Beltrami, Clearwater, and Hubbard Counties were later added to PrimeWest Health. Pipestone County has since joined Southwest Health and Human Services for public health and human services functions. The partnership is organized to directly purchase health care services for county residents who are eligible for Medical Assistance and General Assistance Medical Care as authorized by Minn. Stat. § 256B.692. County-based purchasing is the local control alternative favored for improved coordination of services to prepaid Medical Assistance programs in complying with Minnesota Department of Health requirements as set forth in Minn. Stat. chs. 62D and 62N.

Control of PrimeWest Health is vested in a Joint Powers Board of Directors, composed of two Commissioners from each member county (one active and one alternate). Each member of the Joint Powers Board of Directors is appointed by the County Commissioners of the county represented.

In the event of termination of the joint powers agreement, all assets owned pursuant to this agreement shall be sold, and the proceeds, together with monies on hand, will be distributed to the current members based on their proportional share of each member's county-based purchasing eligible population.

Financing is provided by Medical Assistance and General Assistance Medical Care payments from the Minnesota Department of Human Services, initial start-up loans from the member counties, and by proportional contributions from member counties, if necessary, to cover operational costs. Meeker County did not make any contributions to PrimeWest in 2020.

Complete financial information can be obtained from its administrative office at PrimeWest Health, 3905 Dakota Street, Suite 101, Alexandria, Minnesota 56308.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. <u>Joint Ventures</u> (Continued)

Supporting Hands Nurse Family Partnership

The Supporting Hands Nurse Family Partnership Board was established pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 145A.17 and 471.59 and a joint powers agreement, effective May 31, 2007. The Board is comprised of one representative from each county to the agreement. The counties in the agreement are Big Stone, Chippewa, Douglas, Grant, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, Lincoln, Lyon, McLeod, Meeker, Murray, Pipestone, Pope, Redwood, Renville, Rock, Stevens, Swift, Traverse, and Yellow Medicine. Southwest Health and Human Services represents Lincoln, Lyon, Murray, Pipestone, Redwood, and Rock Counties in this agreement. Horizon Public Health represents Douglas, Grant, Pope, Stevens, and Traverse Counties in this agreement. Countryside Public Health represents Big Stone, Chippewa, Lac qui Parle, Swift, and Yellow Medicine Counties in this agreement. The purpose of this agreement is to organize, govern, plan, and administer a multi-county based nurse family partnership program specifically within the jurisdictional boundaries of the counties involved.

The governing board is composed of one Board member from each of the participating counties. Each participating county will contribute to the budget of the Supporting Hands Nurse Family Partnership. In 2020, Meeker County made \$35,417 in contributions to the Partnership.

Renville County acts as fiscal agent for Supporting Hands Nurse Family Partnership. A complete financial report of Supporting Hands Nurse Family Partnership can be obtained from Renville County at Renville County Public Health, Renville County Government Services Center, 105 South 5th Street, Suite 1194, Olivia, Minnesota 56277.

Central Minnesota Diagnostics, Inc.

The Meeker Memorial Hospital and other hospitals (all unrelated parties to the Hospital) formed a non-profit corporation known as Central Minnesota Diagnostics, Inc. (CMDI). CMDI was organized to provide certain agreed-upon shared services to those hospitals who are members of this corporation. CMDI operates as a non-profit cooperative and allocates income to its member hospitals based on the services the member hospitals purchase from CMDI. The Hospital records its investment in CMDI on the equity method of accounting, which approximates the Hospital's equity in the underlying book value of CMDI.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. <u>Joint Ventures</u> (Continued)

Putting All Communities Together for Families Collaborative

A county may withdraw from PACT by giving a 30-day written notice to PACT; however, the contribution will remain in the integrated fund for the implementation period. In the event of termination, any property acquired as a result of this agreement and any surplus monies on hand shall be distributed to the parties of this agreement in proportion to their contributions.

Management of PACT is vested in an Executive Board composed of nine members representing all counties. The Board includes an administrative representative of social services, public health services, community corrections, school districts, two parents (one parent of a child diagnosed with a serious emotional disturbance), and three members at large, one of whom is of a mental health background. The Board appoints a fiscal agent to handle and be responsible for safekeeping the funds of PACT.

McLeod County Human Services has acted as fiscal agent for PACT since January 1, 2016. Financial information can be obtained from PACT for Families Collaborative, 2200 – 23rd Street Northeast, Suite 2030, Willmar, Minnesota 56201.

Coordinated Enforcement Effort VI Task Force

The Coordinated Enforcement Effort (CEE) VI Task Force was established under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Chippewa, Kandiyohi, Meeker, Swift, and Yellow Medicine Counties; and the Cities of Appleton, Benson, Clara City, Cosmos, Granite Falls, Litchfield, Montevideo, and Willmar.

Control of the Task Force is vested in a Board of Directors comprised of 13 members. The Board consists of the department heads or a designee from each participating full-time member agency.

The Task Force was established to receive and expend federal, state, and local grants and other related funds for the purpose of investigation of burglary, theft, narcotics, stolen property, and crimes of violence. Meeker County has no operational or financial control over the CEE VI Task Force. During the year, Meeker County contributed \$115,845 in funds to the Task Force. In an agent capacity, Kandiyohi County reports the cash transactions of the CEE VI Task Force as an agency fund on its financial statements.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Pioneerland Regional Library System

Meeker County, along with 32 cities and nine other counties, participates in the Pioneerland Regional Library System in order to provide efficient and improved regional library service. The Pioneerland Regional Library System is governed by the Pioneerland Library System Board composed of 35 members appointed by member cities and counties. During the year, Meeker County contributed \$241,084 to the System.

Separate financial information can be obtained from the Pioneerland Regional Library System, 410 – 5th Street Southwest, Willmar, Minnesota 56201.

Central Minnesota Jobs and Training Services, Inc.

Central Minnesota Jobs and Training Services, Inc., (CMJTS) is a nonprofit employment and training agency and a partner in the Minnesota WorkForce Center System. CMJTS is a joint venture established pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 268 and § 471.59, consisting of 11 counties in central Minnesota, including Chisago, Isanti, Kanabec, Kandiyohi, McLeod, Meeker, Mille Lacs, Pine, Renville, Sherburne, and Wright Counties, and is also a partner of Workforce Service Area 5.

CMJTS's mission is to match job seekers, youth, businesses, and those seeking training with the resources available to them. Funding is to be provided through block grants from the U.S. Department of Labor. One County Commissioner from each participating county is appointed to the Joint Powers Board.

Counties Providing Technology

Counties Providing Technology (CPT) was established in 2018, under the authority conferred upon by member parties by Minn. Stat. § 471.59, for the purpose of purchasing the former software vendor, Computer Professionals Unlimited, Inc., (CPUI) and to provide for the development, operation, and maintenance of technology applications and systems. Meeker County and 22 other counties are members of CPT. Each member county provided an initial contribution to start up CPT and provide funds for the purchase of CPUI. CPT purchased CPUI in September 2018 for a purchase price of \$3,600,000.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

B. Joint Ventures

Counties Providing Technology (Continued)

Control is vested in the CPT Board, which consists of one individual appointed by each member county's Board of Commissioners. The joint powers agreement provides that initial operating capital contributed by each member is to be repaid from any excess in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year, in proportion to the initial contribution. Once the initial contribution is repaid, there is no remaining equity interest for the member counties.

Financing is primarily from county member contributions. During 2020, Meeker County did not provide any contributions to CPT. Current financial information can be obtained from the Stevens County Auditor/Treasurer, 400 Colorado Avenue, Suite 303, Morris, Minnesota 56267.

C. Tax Abatements

The County entered into property tax abatement agreements with various developers, under Minn. Stat. §§ 469.1812 through 469.1815, as amended. Under statute, a political subdivision may grant a current or prospective abatement of property taxes if it expects the benefits to the political subdivision of the proposed abatement agreement to at least equal the costs to the political subdivision of the proposed agreement and it will provide benefits, such as increasing or preserving the tax base or providing employment opportunities, in the County. The County has no minimum threshold for reporting tax abatements.

Hilltop Health Care Center, LLC

The County entered into a property tax abatement agreement with Hilltop Health Care Center, LLC, in January 2015, for a period of ten years effective in the years 2016 through 2026. The abatement will equal 60 percent of the County's share of the real estate taxes multiplied by the County's tax rate and multiplied by the percentage of construction completed.

Contractual stipulations require County payments to not exceed \$8,900 annually, or an aggregate amount of \$89,000. Meeker County provided a tax abatement in the form of a tax refund in the amount of \$7,290 for 2020. The developer agreed to construct an approximately 30,000 square-foot expansion to an already existing health care facility,

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. <u>Tax Abatements</u>

Hilltop Health Care Center, LLC (Continued)

consisting of 34 units of assisted living, 12 of which will be available to residents qualifying for waivered services. Further, the developer agreed to create at least five new full-time equivalent jobs within six months of June 30, 2015, and maintain these jobs for the term of the agreement.

Mies Outland, Inc.

The County entered into a property tax abatement agreement with Mies Outland, Inc., in an original agreement dated November 18, 2003, and amended on September 17, 2013, for a period of 18 years, effective in the years 2003 through 2021.

The abatement is contractually set annually at \$6,000 of the County's share of the ad valorem taxes received by the County from the tax abatement property. The County provided a tax abatement in the form of a tax refund in the amount of \$6,000 for 2020. The developer agreed to construct an approximately 18,000 square-foot addition to the company's existing Polaris and John Deere retail sales and service facility, which was amended to include an additional 3,000 square feet to be added to the addition.

First District Association

The County entered into a property tax abatement agreement with the City of Litchfield and First District Association, dated October 6, 2009, for a period of 20 years, effective in the years 2011 through 2030. The abatement will equal 60 percent of the County's share of the real estate taxes multiplied by the County's tax rate and multiplied by the percentage of construction completed and adjusted for the removal of the value of land and the existing building. Contractual stipulations require aggregate County payments to not exceed \$190,000. Meeker County provided a tax abatement in the form of a tax refund in the amount of \$9,119 for 2020. The developer agreed to construct an approximately 13,350 square-foot facility to house evaporator equipment to process whey.

5. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. <u>Tax Abatements</u> (Continued)

Quadion, Inc.

The County entered into a property tax abatement agreement with the City of Litchfield and Quadion, Inc., dated November 19, 2013, for a period of up to 15 years, effective in the years 2012 through 2026. The abatement will be determined by subtracting the base tax capacity from the current year tax capacity and then multiplying the increased tax capacity by the County's current tax capacity rate. Contractual stipulations require aggregate County payments not to exceed \$145,000. The County provided a tax abatement in the form of a tax refund in the amount of \$7,348 for 2020. The developer agrees to construct an approximately 30,000 square-foot addition to the developer's existing manufacturing facility and create at least five new full-time equivalent positions over and above the base of 185 full-time equivalent positions at a wage of at least \$12.00 per hour, plus benefits.

D. Subsequent Event

On March 11, 2021, the President of the United States signed an amended version of the COVID Relief Package, the American Rescue Plan, which includes \$65.1 billion in direct, flexible aid for counties in America. The U.S. Department of the Treasury will oversee and administer payments of the State and Local Coronavirus Recovery Funds to state and local governments, for which every county is eligible to receive a direct allocation from the Treasury. Counties will receive funds in two tranches – 50 percent in 2021 and the remaining 50 percent no earlier than 12 months from the first payment. The U.S. Treasury is required to pay the first tranche to counties no later than 60 days after enactment. Meeker County's projected allocation of the State and Local Coronavirus Recovery Funds is \$4,510,601.

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u>

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

In addition to those identified in Note 1, the County's discretely presented component units have the following significant accounting policies.

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u>

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

1. Reporting Entities

The Meeker County Economic Development Authority (EDA) is governed by a nine-member Board of Directors: two are County Commissioners, and seven are appointed by the Commissioners. Meeker County is obligated for the debt and any operating deficits of the EDA.

The Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) is governed by a six-member Board appointed by the County Commissioners. The HRA has a year-end of June 30, 2020. Meeker County is obligated for the debt and any operating deficits of the HRA.

Because of the significance of their financial relationship, Meeker County considers these entities major component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The Meeker County EDA and the Meeker County HRA are discrete component units of Meeker County and are accounted for as proprietary fund types. The Meeker County EDA and the Meeker County HRA are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Financial information is presented as a separate column in the statement of net position and statement of activities.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents, Deposits, and Investments

All cash and investments of the Meeker County EDA are on deposit with the County, which also are cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of cash flows. The EDA's pooled cash and investments consist of pooled cash and investments with Meeker County and certificates of deposit. The cash and pooled investments of the EDA are not subject to custodial credit risk.

The EDA invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The investment in the pool is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool.

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u>

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

3. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents, Deposits, and Investments</u> (Continued)

Cash of the Meeker County HRA is in the custody of the HRA. All checking, savings, certificates of deposit, and cash on hand are cash and cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2020, the HRA's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk. State statutes authorize the HRA to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the state or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days. As of and during the year ended June 30, 2020, the HRA did not own any investments.

4. Liabilities

The liability for compensated absences reported for the EDA in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated paid time off. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments receive such payments upon termination. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred.

5. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide statements for the Meeker County EDA and Meeker County HRA is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> – the amount of net assets for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

1. Assets

a. <u>Investments</u>

(1) Interest Rate Risk

The EDA follows the County's investment policy for interest rate risk. At December 31, 2020, the EDA had the following investments:

	Fair Value	 Less Than 1 Year
MAGIC Fund	\$ 1,569,098	\$ 1,569,098

(2) Credit Risk

The EDA follows the County's investment policy for credit risk. The MAGIC Fund the EDA invests in is not rated.

(3) <u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>

As of December 31, 2020, the EDA's investments were not subject to custodial credit risk.

(4) Concentration of Credit Risk

During 2020, the EDA did not have any investments in any one issue that represents five percent or more of the EDA's investments.

The EDA measures and records its investments following the County's fair value measurement guidelines that are established by generally accepted accounting principles. At December 31, 2020, the EDA did not have any investments that had recurring fair value measurements. The EDA had the following investments measured at net asset value:

	De	2020 2020
Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) MAGIC Portfolio	_\$	1,569,098

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u>

B. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

1. Assets

a. <u>Investments</u>

(4) Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

Information regarding these measurements and definition can be found in Note 3.A.1.b.

b. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Meeker County EDA as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000. The EDA had no capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020. Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, for the HRA, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance]	Increase	De	ecrease	Ending Balance		
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$	63,966	\$		\$		\$	63,966	
Capital assets depreciated Buildings and equipment	\$	1,422,130	\$	890	\$	4,794	\$	1,418,226	
Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings and equipment		1,169,818		43,980		4,722		1,209,076	
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	252,312	\$	(43,090)	\$	72	\$	209,150	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	316,278	\$	(43,090)	\$	72	\$	273,116	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the discretely presented component units as follows:

HRA \$ 43,980

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u>

B. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Liabilities</u>

a. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2020, for the HRA consists of a deferred forgivable mortgage agreement with the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency (MHFA). If there is no default or transfer of the property and all program requirements are met, the debt listed below will be forgiven on the final maturity date.

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	Original Issue Amount	Remaining Commitment			
1 ype of indebtedness	Maturity	(70)	 Amount		IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII		
MHFA – Publicly Owned Housing Program	2035	0	\$ 162,127	\$	162,127		

b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the long-term debt transactions of the EDA for the year ended December 31, 2020.

	_	ginning lance	Additions Reductions		Ending ions Balance			Within Year		
Compensated absences	\$	3,817	\$	372	\$		\$	4,189		\$ 1,718

3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

a. Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the Meeker County Economic Development Authority are covered by a defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan (the General Employees Plan), which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u>

B. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

a. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

The General Employees Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and the Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service. No Meeker County Economic Development Authority employees belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

b. Contributions

The EDA's contributions for the General Employees Plan for the year ended December 31, 2020, were \$3,283. The contributions are equal to the statutorily required contributions as set by state statute.

c. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2020, the EDA reported a liability of \$35,973 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The EDA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the EDA's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019, through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the EDA's proportion was 0.0006 percent. It was 0.0014 percent measured as of June 30, 2019. The EDA recognized pension expense of (\$16,164) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense.

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u>

B. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

c. <u>Pension Costs</u> (Continued)

The EDA also recognized \$97 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's expense related to its contribution to the General Employees Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$16 million to the General Employees Plan annually until September 15, 2031.

The EDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 35,973
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability associated with the EDA	 1,109
Total	\$ 37,082

The EDA reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	In	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual	Ф	764	¢	126		
economic experience	\$	764	\$	136		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		-		2,497		
Difference between projected and actual						
investment earnings		-		4,550		
Changes in proportion		-		41,558		
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				ŕ		
the measurement date		1,650				
Total	\$	2,414	\$	48,741		

6. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit Disclosures</u>

B. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

3. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

c. Pension Costs (Continued)

The \$1,650 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

			Pension			
Year Ended]	Expense				
December 31	_		Amount			
_						
2021		\$	(22,083)			
2022			(16,461)			
2023			(10,302)			
2024			869			

d. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the EDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the EDA's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Proportionate Share of the						
	General Employees Plan						
	Discount	Net Pension					
	Rate	Rate Liability					
		· .					
1% Decrease	6.50%	\$	57,652				
Current	7.50		35,973				
1% Increase	8.50		18,089				

Additional pension information regarding benefits provided, contributions, actuarial assumptions, discount rates, and pension plan fiduciary net position can be found in Note 3.E.1.



EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	9,068,237	\$	9,068,237	\$	9,046,094	\$	(22,143)	
Licenses and permits	*	104,335	•	104,335	•	137,401	•	33,066	
Intergovernmental		2,013,328		2,013,328		2,202,754		189,426	
Charges for services		1,948,340		1,948,340		1,981,293		32,953	
Fines and forfeits		26,000		26,000		23,457		(2,543)	
Gifts and contributions		700		700		1,500		800	
Investment earnings		380,000		380,000		365,911		(14,089)	
Miscellaneous		339,680		339,680		344,892		5,212	
Total Revenues	\$	13,880,620	\$	13,880,620	\$	14,103,302	\$	222,682	
Expenditures									
Current									
General government									
Commissioners	\$	236,682	\$	236,682	\$	224,734	\$	11,948	
Courts		100,000		100,000		163,810		(63,810)	
Law library		21,247		21,247		22,341		(1,094)	
County administration		330,524		330,524		341,947		(11,423)	
County auditor		327,818		327,818		454,596		(126,778)	
County treasurer		420,326		420,326		396,188		24,138	
County assessor		460,131		460,131		397,028		63,103	
Accounting and auditing		76,000		76,000		57,067		18,933	
Data processing		541,016		541,016		455,281		85,735	
Central services		55,300		55,300		40,544		14,756	
Attorney		918,551		918,551		861,436		57,115	
Recorder		297,348		297,348		320,409		(23,061)	
Surveyor		7,500		7,500		7,500		-	
Planning and zoning		494,824		494,824		500,294		(5,470)	
Maintenance		524,226		524,226		470,455		53,771	
Veterans service officer		185,862		185,862		181,868		3,994	
Appropriations		30,790		30,790		30,790		-	
Other		313,527		313,527		273,997		39,530	
Total general government	\$	5,341,672	\$	5,341,672	\$	5,200,285	\$	141,387	
Public safety									
Sheriff	\$	5,778,855	\$	5,778,855	\$	5,670,698	\$	108,157	
Coroner		65,905		65,905		59,105		6,800	
Court services		554,719		554,719		153,943		400,776	
E-911 system		130,126		130,126		122,961		7,165	
Wireless communication		182,401		182,401		161,835		20,566	
Emergency management		79,026		79,026		124,376		(45,350)	
Appropriations		21,385		21,385		22,793		(1,408)	
Total public safety	\$	6,812,417	\$	6,812,417	\$	6,315,711	\$	496,706	

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
	 Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Expenditures								
Current (Continued)								
Culture and recreation								
Appropriations	\$ 33,200	\$	33,200	\$	33,200	\$	-	
Conservation of natural resources								
Aquatic invasive species	\$ 354,705	\$	354,705	\$	397,217	\$	(42,512)	
County extension	206,622		206,622		198,236		8,386	
Extension committee	2,597		2,597		1,101		1,496	
Agricultural inspections	5,000		5,000		5,000		-	
Appropriations	 145,768		145,768		145,768			
Total conservation of natural								
resources	\$ 714,692	\$	714,692	\$	747,322	\$	(32,630)	
Economic development								
Community development	\$ 25,000	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	-	
Appropriations	 28,500		28,500		28,500		-	
Total economic development	\$ 53,500	\$	53,500	\$	53,500	\$		
Intergovernmental								
General government	\$ 61,000	\$	61,000	\$	122,434	\$	(61,434)	
Total Expenditures	\$ 13,016,481	\$	13,016,481	\$	12,472,452	\$	544,029	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$ 864,139	\$	864,139	\$	1,630,850	\$	766,711	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	\$ -	\$	-	\$	544,194	\$	544,194	
Transfers out	 (914,139)		(914,139)		(914,139)			
Total Other Financing Sources								
(Uses)	\$ (914,139)	\$	(914,139)	\$	(369,945)	\$	544,194	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	1,260,905	\$	1,310,905	
Fund Balance – January 1, restated								
(Note 1.G)	 10,765,537		10,765,537		10,765,537			
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ 10,715,537	\$	10,715,537	\$	12,026,442	\$	1,310,905	

EXHIBIT A-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	inal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,891,605	\$	1,891,605	\$	1,894,377	\$	2,772
Intergovernmental	•	5,292,915	-	5,292,915	*	7,194,096	•	1,901,181
Charges for services		545,000		545,000		514,225		(30,775)
Miscellaneous		242,000		242,000		259,858		17,858
Total Revenues	\$	7,971,520	\$	7,971,520	\$	9,862,556	\$	1,891,036
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
GIS	\$		\$		\$	250	\$	(250)
Highways and streets								
Administration	\$	379,630	\$	379,630	\$	349,457	\$	30,173
Maintenance		2,345,791		2,345,791		2,370,443		(24,652)
Engineering/construction		3,426,868		3,426,868		4,175,919		(749,051)
Equipment, maintenance, and shop		1,294,231		1,294,231		1,316,502		(22,271)
Total highways and streets	\$	7,446,520	\$	7,446,520	\$	8,212,321	\$	(765,801)
Intergovernmental								
Highways and streets	\$	525,000	\$	525,000	\$	529,148	\$	(4,148)
Total Expenditures	\$	7,971,520	\$	7,971,520	\$	8,741,719	\$	(770,199)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,120,837	\$	1,120,837
Fund Balance – January 1		2,171,242		2,171,242		2,171,242		_
Increase (decrease) in inventories		-		<u> </u>		(21,147)		(21,147)
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	2,171,242	\$	2,171,242	\$	3,270,932	\$	1,099,690

EXHIBIT A-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	3,159,867	\$	3,409,388	\$	3,094,344	\$	(315,044)	
Intergovernmental		3,736,847		3,487,326		4,411,525		924,199	
Charges for services		624,858		624,858		502,858		(122,000)	
Miscellaneous		198,228		198,228		240,258		42,030	
Total Revenues	\$	7,719,800	\$	7,719,800	\$	8,248,985	\$	529,185	
Expenditures									
Current									
Human services									
Income maintenance	\$	2,443,948	\$	2,443,948	\$	2,376,095	\$	67,853	
Social services		5,996,054		5,996,054		5,884,794		111,260	
Total Expenditures	\$	8,440,002	\$	8,440,002	\$	8,260,889	\$	179,113	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(720,202)	\$	(720,202)	\$	(11,904)	\$	708,298	
Fund Balance – January 1		6,173,894		6,173,894		6,173,894			
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	5,453,692	\$	5,453,692	\$	6,161,990	\$	708,298	

EXHIBIT A-4

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	2020			2019	2018	
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$	89,970	\$	71,660	\$	75,415
Interest		37,240		31,579		31,166
Differences between expected and actual experience		(38,625)		30,599		-
Changes of assumption or other inputs		17,081		(29,078)		-
Benefit payments		(113,336)		(87,013)		(93,567)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(7,670)	\$	17,747	\$	13,014
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning, as restated		946,169		928,422		915,408
Total OPEB Liability – Ending	\$	938,499	\$	946,169	\$	928,422
Covered-employee payroll	\$	11,420,344	\$	11,011,467	\$	10,754,574
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.22%		8.59%		8.63%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

EXHIBIT A-5

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	Sh Ne I A wit	State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with Meeker County (b)		Employer's roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
<u> </u>	(Fisser)	(11)		(8)		(a · b)	<u>(c)</u>	(iii c)	Liability
2020	0.3001 %	\$ 17,992,367	\$	554,870	\$	18,547,237	\$ 21,405,656	84.05 %	79.06 %
2019	0.2931	16,205,457		503,757		16,709,214	20,803,287	77.90	80.23
2018	0.2973	16,495,656		541,073		17,036,729	20,044,502	82.30	79.53
2017	0.2979	19,018,544		239,156		19,257,700	19,166,313	99.23	75.90
2016	0.2957	23,871,949		311,817		24,183,766	18,245,701	130.84	68.91
2015	0.2972	15,400,185		N/A		15,400,185	17,440,521	88.30	78.19

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A - Not Applicable

EXHIBIT A-6

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contributions (a)		Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b)		Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2020	\$ 1,608,995	\$	1,608,995	\$	-	\$ 21,453,270	7.50 %
2019	1,591,584		1,591,584		-	21,221,114	7.50
2018	1,525,198		1,525,198		-	20,336,045	7.50
2017	1,473,265		1,473,265		-	19,662,219	7.49
2016	1,396,804		1,396,804		-	18,654,843	7.49
2015	1,327,077		1,327,077		-	17,807,137	7.45

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

EXHIBIT A-7

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pro Sh No	mployer's portionate are of the et Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	Prop Sha Net Li Ass	State's portionate are of the Pension iability sociated a Meeker inty EDA (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b)		Covered Payroll (c)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2020	0.0006 %	\$	35,973	\$	1,109	\$	37,082	\$ 43,342	83.00 %	79.06 %
2019	0.0014		76,788		2,387		79,175	98,389	78.05	80.23
2018	0.0017		91,638		3,006		94,644	111,027	82.54	79.53
2017	0.0017		107,722		1,354		109,076	108,283	99.48	75.90
2016	0.0017		137,424		1,795		139,219	104,589	131.39	68.91
2015	0.0017		90,364		N/A		90,364	100,223	90.16	78.19

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A - Not Applicable

EXHIBIT A-8

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Year Ending			Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b)		(Det	tribution ficiency) Excess b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2020	\$	3,283	\$	3,283	\$	_	\$ 43,779	7.50 %
2019		4,789		4,789		-	63,849	7.50
2018		8,409		8,409		-	112,127	7.50
2017		8,241		8,241		-	109,885	7.50
2016		7,998		7,998		-	106,643	7.50
2015		7,658		7,658		-	102,111	7.50

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

EXHIBIT A-9

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Measurement	Employer's Employer's Proportionate Proportion Share of the of the Net Net Pension Pension Liability		Sh No l A wit	State's Net I Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated with Meeker Share		Employer's roportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Liabre Payroll			Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension	
Date	Liability (Asset)		(Asset) (a)		(b)		(a + b)		(c)	(a/c)	Liability
2020 2019	0.1436 % 0.1412	\$	1,892,802 1,503,217	\$	44,596 N/A	\$	1,937,398 1,503,217	\$	1,622,340 1,509,683	116.67 % 99.57	87.19 % 89.26
2018	0.1380		1,468,806		N/A		1,468,806		1,451,821	101.17	88.84
2017	0.1370		1,849,663		N/A		1,849,663		1,411,033	131.09	85.43
2016	0.1430		5,738,839		N/A		5,738,839		1,381,373	415.44	63.88
2015	0.1440		1,636,177		N/A		1,636,177		1,449,107	112.91	86.61

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A - Not Applicable

EXHIBIT A-10

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contributions g (a)		Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b)		Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b - a)		Covered Payroll (c)		Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)	
2020	\$	293,624	\$	293,624	\$	-	\$	1,658,892	17.70 %	
2019		259,108		259,108		-		1,528,660	16.95	
2018		246,319		246,319		-		1,520,487	16.20	
2017		226,557		226,557		-		1,399,201	16.19	
2016		231,561		231,561		-		1,429,392	16.20	
2015		223,220		223,220		-		1,465,493	15.23	

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

EXHIBIT A-11

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pr Si N	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)		Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
2020	0.4067 %	\$	110,354	\$	884,963	12.47 %	96.67 %	
2019	0.4167		57,692		889,745	6.48	98.17	
2018	0.3600		58,420		725,472	8.05	97.64	
2017	0.3500		997,504		693,823	143.77	67.89	
2016	0.3500		1,278,599		654,007	195.50	58.16	
2015	0.3700		57,202		707,121	8.09	96.95	

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

EXHIBIT A-12

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES LOCAL GOVERNMENT CORRECTIONAL SERVICE RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2020

Year Ending	R	atutorily dequired atributions (a)	in	Actual ontributions Relation to Statutorily Required ontributions (b)	(Def E	ribution iciency) xcess b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2020	\$	79,181	\$	79,181	\$	-	\$ 904,927	8.75 %
2019		77,931		77,931		-	890,638	8.75
2018		70,615		70,615		-	807,028	8.75
2017		60,747		60,747		-	702,633	8.65
2016		58,951		58,951		-	673,727	8.75
2015		60,136		60,136		-	693,592	8.67

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. <u>Budgetary Information</u>

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all major governmental funds and most nonmajor governmental funds. All appropriations lapse at year-end. On or before mid-August of each year, all departments submit requests for appropriations to the County Auditor so a budget can be prepared. Before October 31, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Transfers of appropriations within a department and between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control—the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations—is the departmental level. The Board made no supplemental budgetary appropriations throughout the year.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following funds and departments had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	_Ex ₁	Expenditures Budget				Excess	
Major governmental funds General Fund Current							
General government	¢	162 010	Ф	100.000	¢.	(2.010	
Courts Law library	\$	163,810 22,341	\$	100,000 21,247	\$	63,810 1,094	
County administration		341,947		330,524		11,423	
County auditor		454,596		327,818		126,778	
Recorder		320,409		297,348		23,061	
Planning and zoning		500,294		494,824		5,470	
Public safety							
Emergency management		124,376		79,026		45,350	
Appropriations		22,793		21,385		1,408	
Conservation of natural resources							
Aquatic invasive species		397,217		354,705		42,512	
Intergovernmental							
General government		122,434		61,000		61,434	

2. <u>Excess of Expenditures Over Budget</u> (Continued)

	Expenditures	Budget	Excess
Major governmental funds (Continued) Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund			
Current			
General government			
GIS	250	-	250
Highways and streets			
Maintenance	2,370,443	2,345,791	24,652
Engineering/construction	4,175,919	3,426,868	749,051
Equipment, maintenance, and shop	1,316,502	1,294,231	22,271
Intergovernmental			
Highways and streets	529,148	525,000	4,148

3. Other Postemployment Benefits Funded Status

Assets have not been accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph four of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

4. Other Postemployment Benefits – Changes in Significant Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The following changes occurred in actuarial assumptions:

2020

- The discount rate used changed from 3.80 percent to 2.90 percent.
- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables (Blue Collar for Public Safety, White Collar for others) with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Safety) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00 percent per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and employee classification.

4. Other Postemployment Benefits – Changes in Significant Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

2019

• The discount rate used changed from 3.30 percent to 3.80 percent.

<u>2018</u>

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- Mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire personnel) to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale (with Blue Collar adjustment for Police and Fire personnel).
- The retirement and withdrawal tables for all employees were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.50 percent to 3.30 percent.
- 5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the fiscal year June 30:

General Employees Retirement Plan

2020

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial</u> Methods, and Assumptions

General Employees Retirement Plan

2020 (Continued)

- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two to five and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Retiree Mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 35 percent to 45 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100 percent Joint and Survivor option changed from 15 percent to 30 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.
- Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023, and 0.00 percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

General Employees Retirement Plan (Continued)

2019

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.
- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90 percent funding to 50 percent of the Social Security cost of living adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to the Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

General Employees Retirement Plan (Continued)

2017

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members). The revised CSA loads are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21 million in calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31 million through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16 million in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6 million annually through calendar year 2031.

2016

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was also changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial</u> Methods, and Assumptions (Continued)

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2020

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

2019

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

<u>2018</u>

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- Post-retirement benefit increases changed to 1.00 percent for all years, with no trigger.
- An end date of July 1, 2048, was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. Additionally, annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter, until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier.
- Member contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 10.80 percent to 11.30 and 11.80 percent of pay, respectively. Employer contributions were changed effective January 1, 2019, and January 1, 2020, from 16.20 percent to 16.95 and 17.70 percent of pay, respectively. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

2017

- The assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- The assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA load has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality table assumed for healthy retirees.
- The assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- The assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- The assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2017 (Continued)

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

2016

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan

2020

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

2019

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018

• The single discount rate was changed from 5.96 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan

<u>2018</u> (Continued)

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 2.50 percent per year to 2.00 percent per year.
- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 2.50 percent per year with a provision to reduce to 1.00 percent if the funding status declines to a certain level, to 100 percent of the Social Security cost of living adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 2.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. If the funding status declines to 85 percent for two consecutive years, or 80 percent for one year, the maximum increase will be lowered to 1.50 percent.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017

• The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods, and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Local Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan

2017 (Continued)

changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2016).

- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA load has been changed to 35 percent for vested members and 1.00 percent for non-vested members.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.31 percent per annum to 5.96 percent per annum.

2016

- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.31 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.



EXHIBIT B-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted			unts	Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	668,208	\$	668,208	\$	653,135	\$	(15,073)
Intergovernmental		50,792		50,792		70,448		19,656
Total Revenues	\$	719,000	\$	719,000	\$	723,583	\$	4,583
Expenditures								
Debt service								
Principal	\$	210,000	\$	210,000	\$	210,000	\$	-
Interest		32,825		32,825		32,825		-
Administrative and fiscal charges		1,175		1,175		500		675
Total Expenditures	\$	244,000	\$	244,000	\$	243,325	\$	675
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	475,000	\$	475,000	\$	480,258	\$	5,258
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(475,000)		(475,000)		(475,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,258	\$	5,258
Fund Balance – January 1		694,431		694,431		694,431		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	694,431	\$	694,431	\$	699,689	\$	5,258

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally or administratively used for specified purposes. The Ditch Fund, the Septic System Loan Program Fund, the Sheriff's Contingent Fund, and the Revolving Loan Fund do not have legally adopted budgets.

The <u>County Parks Fund</u> accounts for funds used to maintain the County's parks. Financing is provided by transfers from the General Fund, intergovernmental grants, and the rental of facilities.

The <u>Regional Library Fund</u> accounts for the County's contribution to the Crow River Regional Library. Financing is provided by property taxes authorized by the County Board.

The <u>County Nurse Fund</u> accounts for funds used by the County Nurse. Financing is provided by transfers from the General Fund, intergovernmental grants, and charges for services.

The <u>Ditch Fund</u> accounts for funds used to maintain County ditches. Financing is provided by special assessments against the benefited properties.

The <u>Transfer Station Fund</u> accounts for the construction and operation of the County's solid waste transfer station facility. Financing is provided by transfers from the General Fund and charges for services.

The <u>Family Services Building Fund</u> accounts for the revenues and expenditures associated with the County's Family Services Building. Financing is provided by property taxes authorized by the County Board and miscellaneous revenue.

The <u>Septic System Loan Program Fund</u> accounts for activity associated with the Lake Minnie Belle Restoration Clean Water Partnership Project. Initial financing is provided by loans from the State of Minnesota. Ongoing financing is provided by repayment of existing loans.

The <u>Sheriff's Contingent Fund</u> accounts for funds used in special investigations by the County Sheriff. Financing is provided by forfeitures.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

The <u>Revolving Loan Fund</u> accounts for the restricted revenues and expenditures associated with the County's economic development loan program. Financing is provided by repayment of existing loans.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 County Parks		legional Library	County Nurse
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 200,337	\$	60,069	\$ 699,186
Taxes receivable				
Delinquent	-		3,555	-
Special assessments receivable				
Delinquent	-		-	-
Noncurrent	-		-	-
Due from other funds	-		-	-
Due from other governments	9,768		-	176,725
Notes receivable	6,000		-	-
Loans receivable	-		-	-
Prepaid items	 			 -
Total Assets	\$ 216,105	\$	63,624	\$ 875,911
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,</u> <u>and Fund Balances</u>				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,062	\$	-	\$ 7,052
Salaries payable	3,795		-	64,317
Due to other funds	4		-	188
Due to other governments	-		-	1,511
Advances from other funds	-		-	-
Unearned revenue	 -			 7,375
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,861	\$		\$ 80,443
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue	\$ -	\$	2,389	\$ 58,568
Prepaid property taxes	 		28	 -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 	\$	2,417	\$ 58,568

Ditch	7	pecial Rever Fransfer Station	,	Family Services Building	Septic stem Loan Program	Sheriff's ontingent	 Revolving Loan		Total
\$ 112,964	\$	700,755	\$	355,083	\$ 73,318	\$ 12,361	\$ 1,304,528	\$	3,518,601
-		-		2,167	-	-	-		5,722
241,868 565,952 4,427 143,915		- - - -		- - - -	- 294,039 - - -	- - - 12	- - - -		241,868 859,991 4,427 330,420 6,000
- -		- -		- 506	- -	 -	95,671 -		95,671 506
\$ 1,069,126	\$	700,755	\$	357,756	\$ 367,357	\$ 12,373	\$ 1,400,199	\$	5,063,206
\$ 23,986 3,038 57,475 - 402,800	\$	7,476 4,160 1,200 8,429	\$	14,420 8,821 - - - 3,980	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$	54,996 84,131 58,867 9,940 402,800 11,355
\$ 487,299	\$	21,265	\$	27,221	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	622,089
\$ 566,806	\$	- -	\$	1,499 114	\$ 294,039	\$ - -	\$ 95,671	\$	1,018,972 142
\$ 566,806	\$	_	\$	1,613	\$ 294,039	\$ _	\$ 95,671	\$	1,019,114

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 -						
	 County Parks		Regional Library		County Nurse		
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,</u> <u>and Fund Balances</u> (Continued)							
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable							
Prepaid items	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		
Notes receivable	6,000		-		-		
Restricted for							
Law enforcement – Sheriff contingencies	-		-		-		
Ditch maintenance and construction	-		-		-		
Committed for							
Regional library	-		61,207		-		
Assigned to							
General government	-		-		-		
Sanitation	-		-		-		
Health	-		-		736,900		
Culture and recreation	204,244		-		-		
Economic development	-		-		-		
Unassigned	 -				-		
Total Fund Balances	\$ 210,244	\$	61,207	\$	736,900		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		_		_			
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 216,105	\$	63,624	\$	875,91		

		5	Special Rever	nue Fu	ınds									
	Ditch		Transfer Station			fer Services System Loan				heriff's ontingent	Revolving Loan			Total
\$	_	\$	_	\$	506	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	506	
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	6,000	
	_		_		_		_		12,373		_		12,373	
	171,016		-		-		-		-		-		171,016	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		61,207	
	_		_		328,416		_		_		_		328,416	
	-		679,490		, -		73,318		-		-		752,808	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		736,900	
	-		-		-		-		-		-		204,244	
	-		-		-		-		-		1,304,528		1,304,528	
	(155,995)	_			-								(155,995)	
\$	15,021	\$	679,490	\$	328,922	\$	73,318	\$	12,373	\$	1,304,528	\$	3,422,003	
\$	1,069,126	\$	700,755	\$	357,756	\$	367,357	\$	12,373	\$	1,400,199	\$	5,063,206	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	 County Parks		Regional Library		County Nurse
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ -	\$	218,305	\$	-
Special assessments	-		-		-
Intergovernmental	-		23,701		487,929
Charges for services	98,400		-		405,544
Fines and forfeits	-		-		-
Investment earnings	-		-		-
Miscellaneous	 8,635			_	2,061
Total Revenues	\$ 107,035	\$	242,006	\$	895,534
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Sanitation	-		-		-
Health	-		-		1,515,692
Culture and recreation	300,449		241,084		-
Conservation of natural resources	-		-		-
Economic development	-		-		-
Debt service					
Principal	-		-		-
Interest	 				
Total Expenditures	\$ 300,449	\$	241,084	\$	1,515,692
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (193,414)	\$	922	\$	(620,158)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	\$ 201,659	\$	-	\$	793,429
Loans issued	 -				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 201,659	\$		\$	793,429
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 8,245	\$	922	\$	173,271
Fund Balance – January 1	 201,999		60,285		563,629
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ 210,244	\$	61,207	\$	736,900

Ditch	7	Special Revo	Family Services Building		Program Contingent Loan		Revolving Loan	 Total		
\$ -	\$	-	\$ 125,264	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 343,569
487,241		-	-		89,293		-		-	576,534
-		70,892	13,506		-		-		-	596,028
-		222,878	-		-		-		-	726,822
-		-	-		-		683		-	683
-		-	-		-		-		4,049	4,049
 			 487,318	-		-			38,503	 536,517
\$ 487,241	\$	293,770	\$ 626,088	\$	89,293	\$	683	\$	42,552	\$ 2,784,202
\$ -	\$	-	\$ 427,561	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 427,561
-		251,850	-		65,158		-		-	317,008
-		-	-		-		-		-	1,515,692
496,060		-	-		-		-		-	541,533
486,060		-	-		-		-		62,500	486,060 62,500
									ŕ	
-		-	-		43,528		-		-	43,528
 6,171		-	 		6,763	-			-	 12,934
\$ 492,231	\$	251,850	\$ 427,561	\$	115,449	\$		\$	62,500	\$ 3,406,816
\$ (4,990)	\$	41,920	\$ 198,527	\$	(26,156)	\$	683	\$	(19,948)	\$ (622,614)
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 995,088
 		-	 -		65,158	(-	 65,158
\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	65,158	\$		\$		\$ 1,060,246
\$ (4,990)	\$	41,920	\$ 198,527	\$	39,002	\$	683	\$	(19,948)	\$ 437,632
 20,011		637,570	 130,395		34,316		11,690		1,324,476	 2,984,371
\$ 15,021	\$	679,490	\$ 328,922	\$	73,318	\$	12,373	\$	1,304,528	\$ 3,422,003

EXHIBIT C-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY PARKS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amoi	unts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 102,855	\$	102,855	\$ 98,400	\$	(4,455)
Miscellaneous	 6,700		6,700	 8,635		1,935
Total Revenues	\$ 109,555	\$	109,555	\$ 107,035	\$	(2,520)
Expenditures Current						
Culture and recreation						
Parks	 311,214		311,214	 300,449		10,765
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ (201,659)	\$	(201,659)	\$ (193,414)	\$	8,245
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	 201,659		201,659	 201,659		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 8,245	\$	8,245
Fund Balance – January 1	 201,999		201,999	201,999		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$ 201,999	\$	201,999	\$ 210,244	\$	8,245

EXHIBIT C-4

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE REGIONAL LIBRARY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted A			ints	Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fina	al Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	218,691	\$	218,691	\$ 218,305	\$	(386)
Intergovernmental		22,393		22,393	23,701		1,308
Total Revenues	\$	241,084	\$	241,084	\$ 242,006	\$	922
Expenditures							
Current							
Culture and recreation		241,084		241,084	 241,084		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 922	\$	922
Fund Balance – January 1		60,285		60,285	 60,285		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	60,285	\$	60,285	\$ 61,207	\$	922

EXHIBIT C-5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COUNTY NURSE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Am					Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	562,949	\$	562,949	\$	487,929	\$	(75,020)
Charges for services		308,000		308,000		405,544		97,544
Miscellaneous		6,500		6,500		2,061		(4,439)
Total Revenues	\$	877,449	\$	877,449	\$	895,534	\$	18,085
Expenditures								
Current								
Health								
Nursing service		1,664,929		1,664,929		1,515,692		149,237
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(787,480)	\$	(787,480)	\$	(620,158)	\$	167,322
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		712,480		712,480		793,429		80,949
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(75,000)	\$	(75,000)	\$	173,271	\$	248,271
Fund Balance – January 1		563,629		563,629		563,629		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	488,629	\$	488,629	\$	736,900	\$	248,271

EXHIBIT C-6

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE TRANSFER STATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$ 70,892	\$	(9,108)
Charges for services		182,213		182,213	 222,878		40,665
Total Revenues	\$	262,213	\$	262,213	\$ 293,770	\$	31,557
Expenditures							
Current							
Sanitation							
Solid waste		262,213		262,213	 251,850		10,363
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 41,920	\$	41,920
Fund Balance – January 1		637,570		637,570	 637,570		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	637,570	\$	637,570	\$ 679,490	\$	41,920

EXHIBIT C-7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FAMILY SERVICES BUILDING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	125,360	\$	125,360	\$	125,264	\$	(96)
Intergovernmental	•	12,450	*	12,450	-	13,506	-	1,056
Miscellaneous		351,200		351,200		487,318		136,118
Total Revenues	\$	489,010	\$	489,010	\$	626,088	\$	137,078
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Central services		489,010		489,010		427,561		61,449
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	198,527	\$	198,527
Fund Balance – January 1		130,395		130,395		130,395		
Fund Balance – December 31	\$	130,395	\$	130,395	\$	328,922	\$	198,527

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

The <u>Forfeiture Land Fund</u> accounts for the collection of funds from the sale of forfeited land and their payment to the various taxing districts.

The <u>Jail Inmate Fund</u> accounts for any funds collected from the jail inmates at the time of booking or other monies brought in for their personal use, and the disbursement of these funds for commissary purchases, bonds, booking fees, and other similar fees.

The <u>State Revenue Fund</u> accounts for the collection and payment of the state's share of fees, fines, and mortgage registry and state deed taxes collected by the County.

The <u>Taxes and Penalties Fund</u> accounts for the collection of taxes and penalties and their payment to the various taxing districts.

EXHIBIT D-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2020

		Jail Inmate	State Revenue		Taxes and Penalties		Total Custodial Funds	
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments Taxes receivable for other governments Accounts receivable	\$	53,273 - 2,432	\$	182,155 34,615	\$	392,618 433,165	\$	628,046 467,780 2,432
Total Assets	\$	55,705	\$	216,770	\$	825,783	\$	1,098,258
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Due to other governments Due to others	\$	378 5,949	\$	182,155	\$	392,618	\$	575,151 5,949
Total Liabilities	\$	6,327	\$	182,155	\$	392,618	\$	581,100
Net Position								
Restricted for Individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$</u>	49,378	\$	34,615	\$	433,165	\$	517,158

EXHIBIT D-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS – CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	F	orfeiture Land		Jail Inmate		State Revenue	 Taxes and Penalties	 Total Custodial Funds
Additions								
Property tax collections for other governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,683,756	\$ 20,017,003	\$ 22,700,759
Licenses and fees collected for the state		-		-		74,303	-	74,303
Licenses and fees collected for other governments		66,285						66,285
Miscellaneous		00,283		94,748		-	-	94,748
Wilsechalicous			-	71,710			 	 21,710
Total Additions	\$	66,285	\$	94,748	\$	2,758,059	\$ 20,017,003	\$ 22,936,095
Deductions								
Payments of property tax to other								
governments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 19,972,143	\$ 19,972,143
Payments to the state		-		-		2,741,391	-	2,741,391
Administrative expense		4,424		-		-	-	4,424
Distributions to participants		-		72,082		-	-	72,082
Payments to other entities		61,861			_	-	 	 61,861
Total Deductions	\$	66,285	\$	72,082	\$	2,741,391	\$ 19,972,143	\$ 22,851,901
Change in net position	\$	-	\$	22,666	\$	16,668	\$ 44,860	\$ 84,194
Net Position – January 1, as restated								
(Note 1.G)				26,712		17,947	 388,305	 432,964
Net Position – December 31	\$	_	\$	49,378	\$	34,615	\$ 433,165	\$ 517,158



EXHIBIT E-1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY DECEMBER 31, 2020

Assets

Current assets Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Accrued interest receivable Loan receivable Prepaid items	\$ 1,710,098 771 5,464 200,000 700
Total current assets	\$ 1,917,033
Noncurrent assets	
Loan receivable	 435,000
Total Assets	\$ 2,352,033
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
Deferred pension outflows	\$ 2,414
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 5,657
Salaries payable	2,418
Due to primary government	394,648
Compensated absences payable – current	 1,718
Total current liabilities	\$ 404,441
Noncurrent liabilities	
Compensated absences payable – long-term	\$ 2,471
Net pension liability	 35,973
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 38,444
Total Liabilities	\$ 442,885
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
Deferred pension inflows	\$ 48,741
Net Position	
Unrestricted	\$ 1,862,821

EXHIBIT E-2

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Operating Revenues		
Administrative fees	\$	27,500
Intergovernmental revenue		25,000
Total Operating Revenues	<u>\$</u>	52,500
Operating Expenses		
Personnel services	\$	50,428
Professional services		56,262
Administration and fiscal services		6,105
Other services and charges		1,350
Supplies		2,279
Grants		8,000
Telephone		1,727
Advertising		592
Insurance		1,915
Licenses and dues		2,500
Miscellaneous		1,540
Web site and internet		1,202
Total Operating Expenses	\$	133,900
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(81,400)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings	\$	15,386
Management fees		2,200
Intergovernmental		33,146
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	50,732
Change in Net Position	\$	(30,668)
Net Position – January 1		1,893,489
Net Position – December 31	<u>\$</u>	1,862,821

EXHIBIT E-3

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	80,368
Payments to suppliers		(84,540)
Payments to employees		(68,422)
Payments to loan recipients		(635,000)
Other nonoperating revenue		35,346
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(672,248)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Borrowing from primary government		394,648
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Investment earnings received		32,821
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(244,779)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1		1,954,877
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	<u>\$</u>	1,710,098
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	¢	(91 400)
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	(81,400)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities		
Other nonoperating revenue	\$	35,346
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		368
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(31)
(Increase) decrease in loans receivable		(635,000)
(Increase) decrease in due from primary government		27,500
(Increase) decrease in deferred pension outflows		1,478
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(1,035)
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable		621
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		(2)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		372
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(40,815)
Increase (decrease) in deferred pension inflows		20,350
Total adjustments	<u>\$</u>	(590,848)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	(672,248)

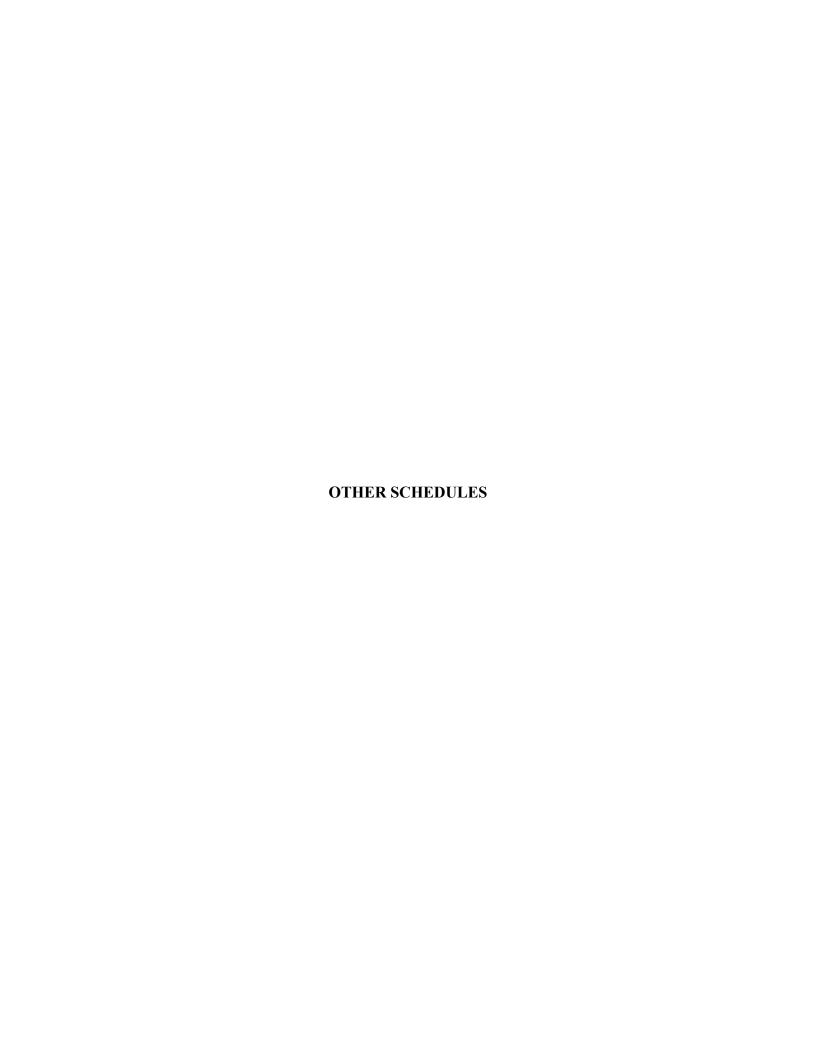


EXHIBIT F-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Appropriations and Shared Revenue State		
Highway users tax	\$	5,679,594
County program aid	Ψ	1,187,119
Market value credit – agricultural		329,078
PERA rate reimbursement		46,936
Disparity reduction aid		14,960
Police aid		185,870
Aquatic invasive species		228,859
Riparian Protection Aid		96,045
E-911		98,333
Total appropriations and shared revenue	\$	7,866,794
Reimbursement for Services		
State		
Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$	1,506,219
Local		
Local contributions	\$	51,935
Payments in lieu of taxes		109,508
Total local	\$	161,443
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department/Board of		
Corrections	\$	57,879
Public Safety		24,651
Health		554,598
Natural Resources		44,877
Secretary of State		26,906
Human Services		899,918
Water and Soil Resources		112,738
Veterans Affairs		10,000
Peace Officer Standards and Training		29,168
Pollution Control Agency	-	104,479
Total state	\$	1,865,214

EXHIBIT F-1 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Grants (Continued)		
Federal		
Department of		
Agriculture	\$	332,294
Justice		62,757
Transportation		1,310,204
Treasury		3,113,306
Education		2,024
Health and Human Services		6,318,748
Homeland Security		21,810
Election Assistance Commission		24,368
Total federal	<u>\$</u>	11,185,511
Total state and federal grants	<u>\$</u>	13,050,725
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>\$</u>	22,585,181
Intergovernmental Revenue		
Governmental funds	\$	17,579,144
Proprietary fund	·	5,006,037
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	22,585,181

EXHIBIT F-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers		xpenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health Services					
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	Not Provided	\$	148,785	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services SNAP Cluster					
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental					
Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	202MN101S2514		193,675	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$	342,460	
U.S. Department of Justice					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety					
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	F-CVS-2020-MEEKERAO	\$	62,757	
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1030047	\$	1,310,090	
Passed Through City of Saint Cloud, Minnesota					
E-911 Grant Program	20.615	A-DECN-NGGIS-2019-CMESB-1		114	
•					
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	1,310,204	
U.S. Department of the Treasury					
Passed Through Minnesota Management and Budget					
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	SLT0016	\$	3,089,387	
Deced Thomas Term of Vinceton Minnesote					
Passed Through Town of Kingston, Minnesota COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Not Provided		21,800	
CC 112 17 COLONNING INSIGNATION	21.019	1.00110.1.000		21,000	
Passed Through Town of Cedar Mills, Minnesota					
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	Not Provided		2,119	
(Total COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund					
CFDA 21.019 \$3,113,306)					
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury			\$	3,113,306	
U.S. Department of Education					
Passed Through Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health					
Services			_		
Special Education – Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	Not Provided	\$	2,601	

EXHIBIT F-2 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Numbers	Expenditures		
Program or Cluster Title	Number	Grant Numbers	_ <u>Ex</u>	penuntures	
U.S. Election Assistance Commission					
Passed Through Minnesota Secretary of State					
COVID-19 2018 HAVA Election Security Grants	90.404	Not Provided	\$	24,368	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed Through Meeker-McLeod-Sibley Community Health					
Services	02.251	N. D. 11.1	Ф	1.075	
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention	93.251	Not Provided	\$	1,275	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	Not Provided		29,757	
(Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA 93.558 \$209,214)					
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance					
Abuse	93.959	Not Provided		59,210	
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	Not Provided		16,449	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health					
Small Rural Hospital Improvement Grant Program	93.301	1 H3JRH37452-01-00		48,542	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services					
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556	2001MNFPSS		5,343	
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	2001MNTANF		179,457	
(Total Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA 93.558 \$209,214)				,	
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	2001MNCSES		89,046	
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	2001MNCEST		302,459	
(Total Child Support Enforcement CFDA 93.563 \$391,505)				,	
Refugee and Entrant Assistance – State Administered					
Programs	93.566	2001MNRCMA		231	
CCDF Cluster					
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	2001MNCCDF		6,360	
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590	1901MNBCAP		2,557	
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	2001MNCWSS		3,451	
COVID-19 Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare					
Services Program	93.645	Not Provided		7,589	
(Total Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services					
Program CFDA 93.645 \$11,040)					
Foster Care – Title IV-E	93.658	2001MNFOST		100,909	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	2001MNSOSR		124,698	
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	2005MN5021		440	
Medicaid Cluster					
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	2005MN5MAP		21,530	
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	2005MN5ADM		758,641	
(Total Medical Assistance Program CFDA 93.778 \$780,171)					
Passed Through Minnesota Hospital Association		***************************************			
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889	U3REP0643C3/U3REP0643CV		17,304	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$	1,775,248	

EXHIBIT F-2 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through		
Program or Cluster Title	Number Grant Numbers		Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	MEEKER FBE-092420	\$	988
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	F-EMPG-2019- MEEKERCO-3125		20,822
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$	21,810
Total Federal Awards			<u>\$</u>	6,652,754
Totals by Cluster				
Total expenditures for SNAP Cluster Total expenditures for Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Total expenditures for CCDF Cluster Total expenditures for Medicaid Cluster			\$	193,675 1,310,090 6,360 780,171

Meeker County did not pass any federal awards through to subrecipients during the year ended December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Meeker County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements. Meeker County's financial statements include the operations of the Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) component unit, which expended \$263,561 in federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2020, which are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards because the HRA was audited by other auditors.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Meeker County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Meeker County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Meeker County.

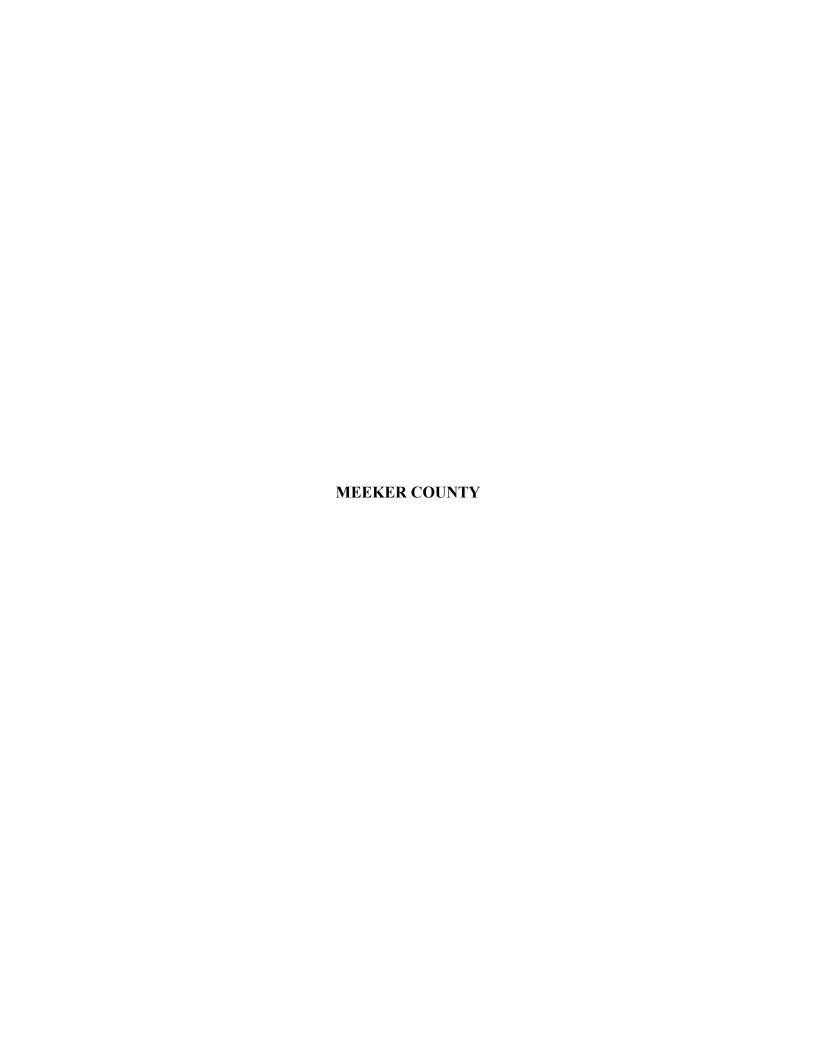
Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

2. De Minimis Cost Rate

Meeker County has elected to not use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

3. Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, unavailable in 2020	\$ 11,185,511
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10,166
Special Education – Grants for Infants and Families	1,589
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention	75
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	14,642
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	3,185
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	57,056
Grants with reporting delayed until 2021 by the grantor agency	27,020
Provider Relief Funds	(4,505,466)
Unavailable in 2019, recognized as revenue in 2020	(1,000,100)
Special Education – Grants for Infants and Families	(1,012)
Early Hearing Detection and Intervention	(75)
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	(12,384)
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	(33)
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	(81,832)
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	(652)
Child Care and Development Block Grant	(529)
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	(98)
Foster Care – Title IV-E	(17,389)
Expenditures Per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 6,652,754



STATE OF MINNESOTA



Julie Blaha State Auditor Suite 500 525 Park Street Saint Paul, MN 55103

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Meeker County Litchfield, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Meeker County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, including the Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2021. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Meeker Memorial Hospital, an enterprise fund of Meeker County, and the Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority, a discretely presented component unit of Meeker County, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the Meeker Memorial Hospital were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. This report does not include the results of our audit testing of the Meeker County Economic Development Authority component unit's internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately within the Management and Compliance Section.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Meeker County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, we did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness and another deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2020-002 to be a material weakness and item 2020-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Meeker County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, we noted that Meeker County failed to comply with the provisions of the deposits and investments section of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters as described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2020-004, and another matter reported as item 2020-005. Also, in connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Meeker County failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

Meeker County's Response to Findings

Meeker County's responses to the internal control and legal compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the Corrective Action Plan. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Dianne Syverson

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR DIANNE SYVERSON, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 8, 2021

STATE OF MINNESOTA



Julie Blaha State Auditor Suite 500 525 Park Street Saint Paul, MN 55103

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Meeker County Litchfield, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Meeker County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020. Meeker County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Meeker County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Meeker County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) component unit, which expended \$263,561 in federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2020, which are not included in the County's Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended December 31, 2020. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the Meeker County HRA because it was audited by other auditors.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Meeker County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Meeker County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Meeker County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2020-003. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Meeker County's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Meeker County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over

compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we did identify a deficiency in internal control over compliance, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2020-003, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Meeker County's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Dianne Syverson

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR DIANNE SYVERSON, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 8, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: **Unmodified**

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? Yes
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes

The major federal programs are:

Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Highway Planning and Construction COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund

CFDA No. 20.205 CFDA No. 21.019

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$750,000.

Meeker County qualified as a low-risk auditee? No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

Finding Number: 2020-001

Prior Year Finding Number: 2019-001

Repeat Finding Since: 1996

Segregation of Duties

Criteria: A good system of internal control provides for adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion.

Condition: Several of Meeker County's departments that collect fees and record financial transactions lack proper segregation of duties. These departments generally have one staff person who is responsible for billing, collecting, recording, as well as depositing receipts.

Context: Due to the limited number of office personnel within Meeker County, segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. This is not unusual in operations the size of Meeker County; however, the County's management should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an accounting point of view.

Effect: Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the County's ability to detect misstatements to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Cause: The County informed us that, due to the available resources, it would not be able to hire additional qualified accounting staff to segregate duties in every department.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Recommendation: We recommend the County's elected officials and management be aware of the lack of segregation of duties to the accounting functions and, where possible, implement oversight procedures to ensure that the internal control policies and procedures are implemented by staff to the extent possible.

View of Responsible Official: Concur

Finding Number: 2020-002

Prior Year Finding Number: 2019-002

Repeat Finding Since: 2019

Audit Adjustments

Criteria: A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements of the financial statements on a timely basis. Auditing standards define a material weakness as a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Condition: Material audit adjustments were identified that resulted in significant changes to the County's financial statements.

Context: The inability to detect material misstatements in the financial statements increases the likelihood that the financial statements would not be fairly presented. The adjustments were found in the audit; however, independent external auditors cannot be considered part of the County's internal control.

Effect: The following audit adjustments were reviewed and approved by the appropriate Meeker County staff and are reflected in the financial statements:

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Debt Service Fund

• Increased transfers out and increased due to other funds by \$475,000 to properly record transactions related to a transfer for project funding approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

Capital Projects Fund

• Increased transfers in and increased due from other funds by \$475,000 to properly record transactions related to a transfer for project funding approved by the Board of County Commissioners.

Cause: This activity was not recorded when the financial statements were prepared by County staff due to oversight.

Recommendation: We recommend staff implement additional procedures over financial reporting that include a comprehensive review of balances, disclosures, and supporting documentation by a qualified individual to ensure the information is complete and accurate so the County's financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

View of Responsible Official: Concur

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

Finding Number: 2020-003

Prior Year Finding Number: N/A

Repeat Finding Since: N/A

Activities Allowed or Unallowed, Allowable Costs/Cost Principles, and Period of Performance

Program: U.S. Department of the Treasury's COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund (CFDA No. 21.019), SLT0016, 2020

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Management and Budget

Criteria: Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award.

Section 5001(d) of the *Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act* (CARES Act) provided the eligible purposes for which COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund payments may be used. Payments must have been used to cover costs that were necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency, not accounted for in the County's budget approved as of March 27, 2020, and incurred during the covered period. The State of Minnesota provided requirement, as the pass-through entity, that the covered period for Minnesota counties began on March 1, 2020, and ended on December 1, 2020 (period of performance).

Condition: The County reported departmental payroll costs for the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) program which included payroll amounts for each employee multiplied by the percentage of time spent on CRF activities. The payroll costs used for the Building Maintenance Department were not supported and did not match actual payroll costs.

Questioned Costs: \$28,794 relating to actual payroll costs multiplied by the percentage of time spent on CRF activities for employees.

Context: The County identified total CRF grant expenditures which exceeded the total CRF grant award of \$3,113,306. If grant expenditures were reduced by known and likely questioned costs, they would continue to exceed the total grant award.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits.

Effect: The County identified expenditures as relating to the CRF program which are not in compliance with the activities allowed or unallowed, allowable costs/cost principles, and period of performance requirements.

Cause: Staff turnover contributed to Meeker County not maintaining support for the payroll amount requested.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Recommendation: We recommend the County implement procedures to follow the guidance related to the CRF, claim the actual costs incurred, and maintain documentation to support the amounts claimed.

View of Responsible Official: Concur

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Finding Number: 2020-004

Prior Year Finding Number: N/A

Repeat Finding Since: N/A

Unauthorized Investment

Criteria: Minnesota Statutes, Section 118A.04, Subdivision 5, permits government entities to invest in negotiable certificates of deposit (CDs) that are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The FDIC insures each political subdivision up to \$250,000 for time deposits such as CDs.

Condition: The County and the Meeker Memorial Hospital (Hospital) invested in negotiable CDs issued by the same depositories. Under FDIC regulations, the Hospital is not a "political subdivision" with separate FDIC coverage; as a result, the County's CDs exceeded the available FDIC coverage as of December 31, 2020.

Context: Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage totaled \$1,972,449 on December 31, 2020.

Effect: The County's CDs in excess of FDIC coverage were not permissible investments under Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 5, and exposed the County to risk of loss in the event of a financial institution failure.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Cause: The County informed us their understanding was that the amounts were adequately insured because the County and the Hospital have separate employer identification numbers.

Recommendation: We recommend the County establish procedures to monitor all County investments in CDs, including those for the Meeker Memorial Hospital, to ensure that all CDs are insured and therefore permissible investments under Minn. Stat. § 118A.04.

View of Responsible Official: Acknowledged

Finding Number: 2020-005

Prior Year Finding Number: 2019-004

Repeat Finding Since: 1996

<u>Ditch Special Revenue Fund – Cash and Equity Balances</u>

Criteria: As stated in Minn. Stat. § 385.04, in part, "... every warrant shall be paid only from the cash on hand in the fund from which it may be properly payable." As allowed by Minn. Stat. § 103E.655, subd. 2, loans may be made from ditch systems with surplus funds or from the General Fund to a ditch with insufficient cash to pay expenditures. The loan must be repaid with interest. Also, a fund balance to be used for repairs may be established under Minn. Stat. § 103E.735, subd. 1, for any drainage system, not to exceed 20 percent of the assessed benefits of the ditch system or \$100,000, whichever is larger.

Condition: Eleven of the 53 individual drainage systems had deficit cash balances totaling \$28,410, a decrease of \$283 from the \$28,693 deficit reported in the prior year. Twelve of the 53 individual drainage systems had deficit equity balances totaling \$155,995, an increase of \$15,990 from the \$140,005 deficit reported in the prior year.

Context: If the County transfers money from one account or fund to a drainage system account, the money, plus accrued interest, must be reimbursed from the proceeds of the drainage system that received the transfer. Ditch systems with negative fund balances indicate that an individual ditch system cannot meet financial obligations.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Effect: Allowing a ditch system to maintain a deficit cash balance, in effect, constitutes an interest-free loan from other ditch systems or County funds and, as such, is in noncompliance with Minnesota law.

Cause: Ditch expenditures were necessary; the ditch levies were not sufficient, and no additional loans were formally made between ditch systems or other County funds.

Recommendation: We recommend the County continue its efforts in eliminating the ditch system cash and equity deficits by borrowing from an eligible fund with a surplus cash balance, as it has done for other ditch systems, and by levying assessments pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 103E.735, subd. 1, which permits an accumulation of a surplus balance to provide for the repair and maintenance costs of a ditch system.

View of Responsible Official: Concur

MEEKER COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE



325 North Sibley Avenue Litchfield, MN 55355-2155 Phone: (320) 693-5345 Fax: (320) 693-5217 SHARON M. EUERLE County Treasurer

KATA C. DAHLMAN Deputy Treasurer

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Finding Number: 2020-001

Finding Title: Segregation of Duties

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Paul Bukovich, Social Services Director Phil Schmalz, Public Works Director Amy Rausch, County Assessor

Corrective Action Planned:

County management is aware of this situation and will continue to evaluate its internal control procedures and modify its procedures as necessary to address any issues related to the lack of segregation of duties.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Due to limited staffing levels, the anticipated completion date is ongoing.

Finding Number: 2020-002 Finding Title: Audit Adjustment

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Sharon Euerle, County Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

The transfer between Debt Services & Capital projects was completed in February of 2021 as an accrual journal entry for 2020. Although it was completed correctly in Meeker County's financial system, it was inadvertently missed on the State Auditor reports as these transfers are normally done within the fiscal year.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Completed. Is presented correctly in this Financial Report

Finding Number: 2020-003

Finding Title: Activities Allowed or Unallowed, Allowable Costs/Cost Principles, and

Period of Performance

Program: COVID-19 – Coronavirus Relief Fund (CFDA No. 21.019)

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Sharon Euerle, County Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

In future Federal Grant programs all documents will be kept to support the activities.

Anticipated Completion Date:

11/30/2020

Finding Number: 2020-004

Finding Title: Unauthorized Investment

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Sharon Euerle, County Treasurer

Corrective Action Planned:

FDIC coverage is paid by Tax Payer ID number. Meeker County and Meeker Memorial Hospital have separate TIN's. Meeker County and the broker of the funds held dispute this finding.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Meeker will take this under consideration.

Finding Number: 2020-005

Finding Title: Ditch Special Revenue Fund – Cash and Equity Balances

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Barb Loch, County Auditor

Corrective Action Planned:

Meeker County will continue to increase individual ditch repair fund balances and pre-billing landowners for repairs that have been scheduled with the intent to bring systems to a positive cash balance. The County Board will be asked to make additional short-term loans until levied money is received.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Unavailable

MEEKER COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE

325 North Sibley Avenue Litchfield, MN 55355-2155 Phone: (320) 693-5345 Fax: (320) 693-5217

SHARON M. EUERLE County Treasurer

KATA C. DAHLMAN Deputy Treasurer



REPRESENTATION OF MEEKER COUNTY LITCHFIELD, MINNESOTA

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Finding Number: 2019-001 Repeat Finding Since: 1996

Finding Title: Segregation of Duties

Summary of Condition: Several of Meeker County's departments that collect fees and record financial transactions lack proper segregations of duties. These departments generally have one staff person who is responsible for billing, collecting, recording, as well as depositing receipts.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: County management continues to evaluate segregation of duties to the accounting functions and has implemented more oversight procedures.

Status: Partially Corrected. Meeker County has limited staff in many departments that prevents complete segregation of duties. The County periodically reviews its internal control processes and implements compensating controls as needed to address the lack of segregation of duties.

Was c	corrective act	tion take	en significantly	different th	an the action	previously reported?
Yes	No	X	_			

Finding Number: 2019-002 Repeat Finding Since: 2019 Finding Title: Audit Adjustment

Summary of Condition: A material audit adjustment was identified that resulted in significant changes to the County's financial statements.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: A journal entry was completed twice, once from the Highway Annual Report and once from the 90-day window report in the County's Integrated Financial System. Normally, items in the 90-day window are not included in the Highway Annual Report, so it was a timing issue. This was adjusted correctly for the financial statements and is being reported correctly there.

Status: Partially Corrected. A journal entry was reported twice within the Financial Statements, one in the Highway Report and one in the Integrated Financial System. This was adjusted correctly for the annual financial statement.

Was correcti	ve action	n taken si	gnificantly	different	than the	action p	previously	reported?
Yes	No	X						

Finding Number: 2019-003 Repeat Finding Since: 2018

Finding Title: Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment

Program: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance

Program (CFDA No. 10.561)

Summary of Condition: A sample of two procurement transactions over \$10,000 were tested for compliance with program requirements. For one of the items tested, the County had no documentation to meet the verification requirements to determine whether the vendor was debarred, suspended, or whether other exclusions existed.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The County will verify for procurement, suspension, and debarment prior to engaging into a service agreement.

Status: Partially Corrected. The county was verifying for procurement, suspension, and debarment but it was at the time of payment. Going forward this will be verified prior to the purchase being made.

Was cor	rective action	on taken	significantly	different	than the	action p	previously	y reported?
Yes	No	X						

Finding Number: 2019-004 Repeat Finding Since: 1996

Finding Title: Ditch Special Revenue Fund – Cash and Equity Balances

Summary of Condition: Five of the 53 individual drainage systems had deficit cash balances totaling \$28,693, a decrease of \$111,781 from the \$140,474 deficit reported in the prior year. Ten of the 53 individual drainage systems had deficit equity balances totaling \$140,005, a decrease of \$44,863 from the \$184,869 deficit reported in the prior year.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: Meeker County continues to increase individual ditch repair fund balances and pre-billing landowners for anticipated repairs with the intent to bring all systems to a positive cash balance.

Status: Partially Corrected. Meeker County continues to increase individual ditch repair fund balances with the intent of bringing all systems to a positive cash balance. Of the 11 reported with deficit cash balances, eight have payments received prior to February 28, 2021, that cover the entire deficit reported December 31st. The remaining three have payments and deferred assessments to cover the balances.

Was correcti	ive action	n taken significar	ntly different that	n the action prev	viously reported?
Yes	No	X			

MEEKER COUNTY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

STATE OF MINNESOTA



Julie Blaha State Auditor Suite 500 525 Park Street Saint Paul, MN 55103

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Economic Development Authority Board Meeker County Economic Development Authority Litchfield, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Meeker County, Minnesota, which include as Supplementary Information, the financial statements of the Meeker County Economic Development Authority (EDA), a discretely presented component unit, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the EDA's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the EDA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the EDA's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the EDA's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the EDA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the EDA failed to comply with the provisions of the deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the EDA's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the EDA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Julie Blaha

/s/Dianne Syverson

JULIE BLAHA STATE AUDITOR DIANNE SYVERSON, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

November 8, 2021