STATE OF MINNESOTA Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

MAHNOMEN COUNTY MAHNOMEN, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 150 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 650 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2017



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota

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Introductory Section

ORGANIZATION SCHEDULE DECEMBER 31, 2017

Office	Name	Term Expires
Commissioners		
1st District	Darvin Schoenborn	January 2021
2nd District	Scott McCollum ¹	January 2019
3rd District	Brad Athmann ²	January 2019
4th District	Karen Ahmann	January 2021
5th District	David Geray	January 2021
Officials		
Elected		
Attorney	Darlene Spalla	January 2019
Auditor	Frank Thompson	January 2019
County Recorder	Susan Bendickson	January 2019
Registrar of Titles	Susan Bendickson	January 2019
Sheriff	Douglas Krier	January 2019
Treasurer	Brenda Lundon	January 2019
Appointed		
Assessor	Terrie Johnson	December 2020
Court Administrator	Camille Bessler	Indefinite
Highway Engineer	Jonathan Large	May 2021
Veterans Service Officer	John Nelson	Indefinite
Medical Examiner	Dr. Mary Ann Sens	Indefinite
Solid Waste Officer	Mark Diekman	Indefinite
Social Services Director	Julie Hanson	Indefinite

¹Chair

²Vice Chair

Financial Section



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Mahnomen County Mahnomen, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mahnomen County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Mahnomen Health Center, the discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Mahnomen Health Center, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mahnomen County as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Mahnomen County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying

accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 6, 2018, on our consideration of Mahnomen County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Mahnomen County's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Mahnomen County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. It does not include the Mahnomen Health Center, which was audited by other auditors.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA), as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The SEFA is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Rebecca Otto

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 6, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2017 (Unaudited)

INTRODUCTION

Mahnomen County's Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year and past year's activities, resulting changes, and known facts, it should be read in conjunction with Mahnomen County's financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Governmental activities: total net position is \$34,537,233, of which Mahnomen County has a net investment in capital assets of \$32,049,091; \$3,299,547 is restricted to specific purposes/uses; and (\$811,405) is classified as unrestricted by the County.
- The County's net position decreased by \$211,391 for the year ended December 31, 2017.
- The net costs (expenses) of Mahnomen County's governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$6,055,279. General property tax revenues and other revenue sources funded those costs.
- Mahnomen County's total governmental funds' fund balances decreased by \$604,641.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three parts: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The MD&A (this section) and certain budgetary comparison schedules are required to accompany the basic financial statements and, therefore, are included as required supplementary information. The following chart demonstrates how the different pieces are inter-related.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)

Government-Wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements Notes to the Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information (Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis)

Mahnomen County presents two government-wide financial statements. They are the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These two government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Mahnomen County's fund financial statements follow these two government-wide financial statements. For governmental activities, these statements tell how the County financed services in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant/major funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements--The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about Mahnomen County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps the reader determine whether the County's financial condition has improved or declined as a result of the current year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

These two statements consider all of Mahnomen County's current year revenues and expenses regardless of when the County receives the revenue or pays the expenditure. These two statements report Mahnomen County's net position and changes in net position. You can think of the County's net position as the difference between assets and liabilities. This is one way to measure the County's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the general economic conditions of the state and County, in order to assess the overall financial health of Mahnomen County.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide Mahnomen County into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Mahnomen County reports its basic services in the "Governmental Activities" column of these reports. The activities reported by the County include general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, economic development, and interest. Mahnomen County finances the majority of these activities with local property taxes, state-paid aids, fees, charges for services, and federal and state grants.
- Component unit The County includes a separate legal entity in its report. This entity is the Mahnomen Health Center. Although legally separate, this component unit is important because the County is financially accountable for it.

Fund Financial Statements

Mahnomen County's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the significant funds--not the County as a whole. Funds may be established by the County to meet requirements of a specific state law; to help control and manage money for a particular purpose/project; or to show that it is meeting specific legal responsibilities and obligations when expending property tax revenues, grants, and/or other funds designated for a specific purpose.

Governmental Funds

The County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Mahnomen County reports these funds in its financial statements using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This accounting method measures cash and other financial assets that the County can readily convert to cash. The County's governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether financial resources are available that the County can spend in the near future to finance various programs within the County. Mahnomen County has described the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation statement following each governmental fund financial statement.

Reporting the County's Fiduciary Responsibilities

Mahnomen County is the trustee, or fiduciary, over assets which can be used only for the trust beneficiaries, based on the trust arrangement. The County reports all of its fiduciary activities in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the County's other financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

(Unaudited)

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Mahnomen County's combined total net position, as reported for the year ended December 31, 2017, was \$34,537,233. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the County's governmental activities.

Table 1 Net Position

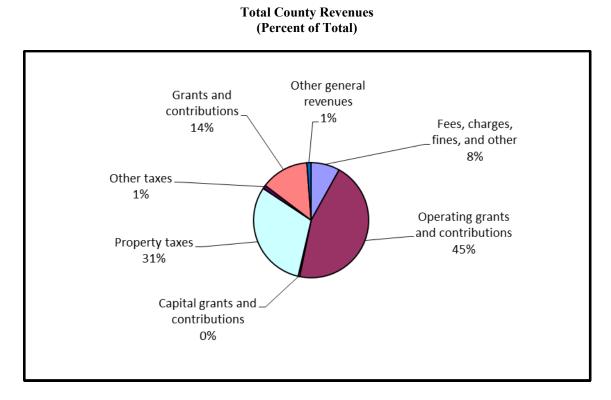
		2017		2016
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$	8,563,458	\$	8,671,344
Capital assets		32,057,745		32,240,105
Total Assets	\$	40,621,203	\$	40,911,449
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred pension outflows	\$	3,344,629	\$	4,273,963
Liabilities				
Long-term liabilities	\$	6,063,147	\$	8,562,444
Other liabilities		710,980	-	713,982
Total Liabilities	¢	6 774 107	¢	0.276.426
Total Liabilities	\$	6,774,127	\$	9,276,426
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pension inflows	\$	2,554,453	\$	1,160,362
Prepaid taxes		100,019		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,654,472	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,160,362</u>
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	32,049,091	\$	32,235,274
Restricted		3,299,547		2,570,666
Unrestricted		(811,405)		(57,316)
Total Net Position	\$	34,537,233	\$	34,748,624

Unrestricted net assets totaling (\$811,405) are not available to Mahnomen County to finance day-to-day operations.

Table 2Change in Net Position

	 2017		2016	
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Fees, charges, fines, and other	\$ 1,019,763	\$	964,828	
Operating grants and contributions	5,688,494		5,702,892	
Capital grants and contributions	54,029		56,108	
General revenues				
Property taxes	3,865,779		3,771,436	
Other taxes	127,928		100,647	
Grants and contributions	1,699,325		1,769,576	
Other general revenues	 150,856		168,135	
Total Revenues	\$ 12,606,174	\$	12,533,622	
Expenses				
Program expenses				
General government	\$ 2,510,125	\$	2,529,441	
Public safety	3,360,370		3,265,569	
Highways and streets	3,515,435		3,054,713	
Sanitation	256,920		219,789	
Human services	2,308,000		2,932,161	
Health	99,596		156,710	
Culture and recreation	231,851		111,008	
Conservation of natural resources	252,353		248,002	
Economic development	281,787		116,642	
Interest	 1,128		1,858	
Total Expenses	\$ 12,817,565	\$	12,635,893	
Change in Net Position	\$ (211,391)	\$	(102,271)	
Net Position - January 1	 34,748,624		34,850,895	
Net Position - December 31	\$ 34,537,233	\$	34,748,624	

Mahnomen County's total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$12,606,174. The total cost of County programs and services for the year ended December 31, 2017, was \$12,817,565. The net position for governmental activities decreased by \$211,391. The following pie chart depicts those revenues in seven categories.



Governmental Activities

Mahnomen County's costs for all governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$12,817,565 as shown on the Statement of Activities. The net cost of services was ultimately funded through local property taxes and applicable offsetting revenues such as fees, fines, interest income, and grants.

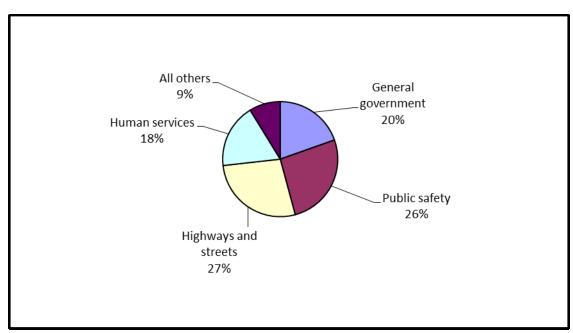
Table 3 presents the cost of each of Mahnomen County's four largest program functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost, less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3Governmental Activities

	2017			
		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost f Services
Program Expenses				
General government	\$	2,510,125	\$	2,197,273
Public safety		3,360,370		2,967,231
Highways and streets		3,515,435		158,611
Human services		2,308,000		475,104
All others		1,123,635		257,060
Totals	\$	12,817,565	\$	6,055,279

(Unaudited)

Governmental Activities' Expenses (Percent of Total)



The County's Funds

As Mahnomen County completed the year, its governmental funds, as presented in the balance sheet, reported a combined fund balance of \$4,822,172, which is below last year's total combined fund balance of \$5,426,813. This decrease of \$604,641 represents an 11.14 percent total decrease. Included in this total fund balance is the County's General Fund balance of \$2,775,541. The General Fund's change in fund balance (a decrease of \$450,361 from 2016) represented a 13.96 percent decrease in the General Fund balance. The General Fund's decrease was due to excess expenditures over revenues of \$503,198 offset by net other financing sources in the amount of \$52,837. The Road and Bridge Revenue Fund balance increased by \$212,981, or 63.36 percent.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Mahnomen County Board of Commissioners, over the course of a budget year, may amend/revise the County's General Fund budget; however, in 2017, the County Board of Commissioners did not make any budgetary amendments/revisions. If the County Board of Commissioners had made changes to the budget as originally adopted on Tuesday, December 20, 2016, these budget amendments/revisions would have fallen into one of three categories: new information changing original budget estimations, greater than anticipated revenues or costs, and final agreement reached on employee contracts.

In the County's General Fund, the actual revenues were over the budgeted revenues by \$224,091. The total actual expenditures in the County's General Fund were over the budgeted expenditures by \$162,892. The actual General Fund balance decreased by a total of \$450,361.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2017, Mahnomen County had \$32,057,745 invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, highways and streets, and equipment (see Table 4). This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$182,360, or 0.57 percent, less than last year.

Capital Assets at (Net of Deprec		
	 2017	 2016
Land	\$ 534,639	\$ 534,639
Construction in progress	54,029	877,992
Land improvements	662,126	682,391
Buildings and improvements	1,342,589	705,159
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	1,499,522	1,558,443
Infrastructure	 27,964,840	 27,881,481
Totals	\$ 32,057,745	\$ 32,240,105

Table 4

Mahnomen County's fiscal year 2017 capital budget plans did not call for any other major expenditures outside of the normal equipment, vehicles, and road construction projects. More detailed information about the County's capital assets can be found in Note 3.A.3. to the Mahnomen County financial statements.

Debt

As of December 31, 2017, Mahnomen County had \$155,000 in bonds outstanding, compared with \$300,000 as of December 31, 2016, a decrease of 48.33 percent as shown in Table 5.

Table 5 **Outstanding Debt at Year-End**

	2017		2016	
Bonds payable - revenue bonds	\$	155,000	\$	300,000

It is imperative to point out that Table 5 illustrates the County's amount due on bonded debt. The City of Mahnomen has 22 percent ownership of the Mahnomen Health Center and is responsible for its portion of the bond payments for the general obligation bonds. That amount is included in the totals.

Mahnomen County's gross revenue bonds were non-rated. The last scheduled payment on these bonds will be in 2018. The state limits the amount of net debt that the counties can issue to three percent (Minn. Stat. § 475.53) of the market value of all taxable property in the county. Mahnomen County's outstanding 2017 net debt is below this \$20,109,784 state-imposed limit. Other obligations may include capital leases, compensated absences, and other postemployment benefits. Mahnomen County's notes to the financial statements provide detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2017 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for governmental activities.

- The State of Minnesota is addressing its budget surplus issues. This may or may not have a significant impact on future Mahnomen County budgets. Major revenue sources for the County are state-paid aids, credits, and grants.
- Mahnomen County's average net tax capacity rates have remained relatively consistent. The County also has a good seasonal, residential, commercial/industrial, and agricultural base. Keeping this tax base vital and healthy is very important to the County's overall financial health and condition.
- Mahnomen County's annual unemployment rate for 2017 averaged 5.0 percent. The County's unemployment rate for 2016 averaged 5.7 percent according to the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.
- The Minnesota state demographer's census data has estimated Mahnomen County's 2017 population at 5,572 residents, which is an increase of 2.37 percent from the estimated 2016 population estimate of 5,443.
- The 2018 net property tax levies are established as of the time of this printing and remained the same from 2017.
- Planning and financing for facility space needs and the possibility of a new public safety facility center project are continuing to be monitored by the County Board.
- Union contracts and employment-related issues have been established for the 2018 budget.

• Reviewing revenue sources and considering cost-effective and efficient means for the delivery of Mahnomen County programs and services will influence the development of future budgets.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Mahnomen County's financial report provides citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances, and it shows the County's accountability for the money it receives and spends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Frank Thompson, Mahnomen County Auditor, (218-935-5669) at 311 North Main Street, P. O. Box 379, Mahnomen, Minnesota 56557.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Primary Government		Mahnomen		
		overnmental		alth Center	
		Activities	Con	nponent Unit	
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	4,925,742	\$	1,189,028	
Departmental cash		100,107		-	
Taxes receivable - delinquent		107,830		-	
Special assessments receivable					
Delinquent		11,161		-	
Noncurrent		33,000		-	
Accounts receivable - net		132,319		1,508,412	
Accrued interest receivable		1,295		-	
Due from other governments		3,066,557		-	
Inventories		131,606		113,580	
Prepaid items		-		75,833	
Noncurrent assets					
Other long-term investments		-		427,600	
Contract for deed		53,841		-	
Investment in joint venture		-		223,824	
Held by trustee for debt service		-		157,971	
Capital assets					
Non-depreciable		588,668		44,229	
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation		31,469,077		3,091,698	
Total Assets	\$	40,621,203	\$	6,832,175	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred pension outflows	<u>\$</u>	3,344,629	\$	1,005,863	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Primary Government Governmental Activities		Mahnomen Health Center	
				nponent Unit
Liabilities				•
Accounts payable	\$	261,754	\$	1,853,374
Salaries payable	Ψ	199,710	Ψ	140,925
Compensated absences/vacation/sick payable - current		-		174,831
Contracts payable		67,608		-
Due to other governments		178,937		-
Accrued interest payable		2,971		2,971
Residents' personal funds		2,971		3,534
Gross revenue bonds - current		-		202,177
		-		,
Capital leases payable - current		-		38,037
Long-term liabilities				222.077
Long-term debt payable - noncurrent		-		322,067
Due within one year		295,102		-
Due in more than one year		48,057		-
Other postemployment benefits		1,212,158		-
Net pension liability		4,507,830		3,204,735
Total Liabilities	\$	6,774,127	\$	5,942,651
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred pension inflows	\$	2,554,453	\$	883,177
Prepaid property taxes		100,019		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,654,472	\$	883,177
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	32,049,091	\$	2,573,646
Restricted for				
General government		150,880		-
Public safety		57,746		-
Highways and streets		2,144,174		-
Social services		46,265		-
Sanitation		69,440		-
Culture and recreation		112,337		-
Conservation of natural resources		565,194		-
Debt service		153,011		-
Held in trust for other purposes		500		-
Capital		500		27,600
Unrestricted		(811,405)		(1,589,036)
Total Net Position	\$	34,537,233	\$	1,012,210
i our i tot i usition	φ	07,001,200	Ψ	1,012,210

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Fee	es, Charges,
Expenses			es, and Other
\$	2,510,125	\$	184,270
	3,360,370		169,570
	3,515,435		85,115
	256,920		214,694
	2,308,000		237,470
	99,596		19,288
	231,851		-
	252,353		82,068
	281,787		27,288
	1,128		-
\$	12,817,565	\$	1,019,763
<u>\$</u>	8,675,198	\$	8,180,399
Proper Specia Mortga Grants Payme Unrest Miscel	ty taxes l assessments age registry and deed ta and contributions not onts in lieu of tax ricted investment earni llaneous l general revenues	restricted to sp	becific programs
	\$ Genera Proper Specia Mortg: Grants Payme Unrest Miscel Total Chang Net Pos	3,360,370 3,515,435 256,920 2,308,000 99,596 231,851 252,353 281,787 1,128 \$ 12,817,565 \$ 8,675,198 General Revenues Property taxes Special assessments Mortgage registry and deed ta Grants and contributions not Payments in lieu of tax	3,360,370 3,515,435 256,920 2,308,000 99,596 231,851 252,353 281,787 1,128 <u>\$ 12,817,565</u> <u>\$</u> <u>\$ 8,675,198</u> <u>\$</u> <u>S 8,675,198</u> <u>\$</u> <u>General Revenues</u> Property taxes Special assessments Mortgage registry and deed tax Grants and contributions not restricted to sp Payments in lieu of tax Unrestricted investment earnings Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position Net Position - Beginning

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(m RevenuesOperatingCapitalGrants andGrants andContributionsContributions				ary Government overnmental Activities	nd Changes in Net Position Mahnomen Health Center <u>Component Unit</u>		
5	128,582 223,569 3,271,709 71,365 1,595,426 162,130 145,958 28,823 60,932 - -	\$ 	- - - - 54,029 - - 54,029	\$ \$	(2,197,273) (2,967,231) (158,611) 29,139 (475,104) 81,822 (85,893) (87,433) (193,567) (1,128) (6,055,279)			
	30,721		54,027	.p	(0,033,277)			
	30,721	\$				\$	(464,078	
	50,721	3		\$	3,865,779 - 3,699 1,699,325 124,229 46,878 103,978	<u>\$</u> \$	(464,078 55,808 225,804 5,925	
	50,721	2		\$ 	3,699 1,699,325 124,229 46,878		55,808 225,804 5,925	
	50,721	2			3,699 1,699,325 124,229 46,878 103,978	\$	55,808 225,804 5,925	
	30,721	3		\$	3,699 1,699,325 124,229 46,878 103,978 5,843,888	\$ \$	55,808 225,804 5,925 - 287,537	

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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EXHIBIT 3

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 General	 Road and Bridge	 Social Services	Go	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,724,047	\$ 1,107,419	\$ 108,529	\$	746,597	\$ 4,686,592
Petty cash and change funds	1,700	-	-		-	1,700
Undistributed cash in agency						
funds	161,327	31,143	35,108		9,872	237,450
Departmental cash	100,107	-	-		-	100,107
Taxes receivable - delinquent	79,854	13,168	14,787		21	107,830
Special assessments						
Delinquent	-	113	-		11,048	11,161
Noncurrent	-	-	-		33,000	33,000
Accounts receivable	50,191	400	23,589		58,139	132,319
Accrued interest receivable	1,280	-	-		15	1,295
Due from other funds	18,159	142	-		-	18,301
Due from other governments	224,334	2,617,526	224,697		-	3,066,557
Inventories	-	131,606	-		-	131,606
Noncurrent assets	52 0 4 1					52 0 41
Contract for deed	 53,841	 -	 		-	 53,841
Total Assets	\$ 3,414,840	\$ 3,901,517	\$ 406,710	\$	858,692	\$ 8,581,759
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u>						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 73,274	\$ 103,240	\$ 70,450	\$	14,790	\$ 261,754
Salaries payable	120,865	24,787	52,104		1,954	199,710
Contracts payable	-	67,608	-		-	67,608
Due to other funds	-	616	27,108		142	27,866
Due to other governments	 135,584	 3,434	 18,227		12,127	 169,372
Total Liabilities	\$ 329,723	\$ 199,685	\$ 167,889	\$	29,013	\$ 726,310
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue	\$ 240,058	\$ 2,536,763	\$ 99,273	\$	57,164	\$ 2,933,258
Prepaid property taxes	 69,518	 14,111	 16,390			 100,019
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 309,576	\$ 2,550,874	\$ 115,663	\$	57,164	\$ 3,033,277

EXHIBIT 3 (Continued)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	General	Road and Bridge	 Social Services	Go	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u> (Continued)						
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Inventories	\$ -	\$ 131,606	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 131,606
Contract for deed	53,841	-	-		-	53,841
Missing heirs	500	-	-		-	500
Restricted for						
Debt service	-	-	-		155,982	155,982
Recorder's technology equipment	60,183	-	-		_	60,183
E-911	6,004	25,203	-		-	31,207
Recorder's compliance	90,697	-	-		-	90,697
Child protection grant	-	-	46,265		-	46,265
Extension youth grant	395	-	-		-	395
Handgun permits	21,161	-	-		-	21,161
SCORE	-	-	-		69,440	69,440
Highway projects	-	13,416	-		-	13,416
Gravel pit restoration	-	19,770	-		-	19,770
Ditch maintenance and construction	-		-		278,620	278,620
DARE	378	-	-		_, .,	378
Timber development	194,471	-	-		_	194,471
Parks and recreation	112,337	_	-		_	112,337
Riparian Protection Aid	60,565	_	-		_	60,565
Aquatic invasive species prevention aid	31,143	_	_		_	31,143
Sheriff's contingencies	5,000	_	_		_	5,000
Assigned to	5,000					5,000
Highways and streets	_	960,963	_		_	960,963
Social services	_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	76,893		_	76,893
Solid waste		_	70,895		235,182	235,182
Drug eradication	1,475	_	_		255,162	1,475
County development	2,692	_	_			2,692
Extension programming funds	139	_			_	139
Hospital reserve	159	_	_		33,291	33,291
Unassigned	 2,134,560	 -	 		-	 2,134,560
Total Fund Balances	\$ 2,775,541	\$ 1,150,958	\$ 123,158	\$	772,515	\$ 4,822,172
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 3,414,840	\$ 3,901,517	\$ 406,710	\$	858,692	\$ 8,581,759

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2017

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 4,822,172
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		32,057,745
Deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension obligations are not available resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds		3,344,629
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		2,933,258
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Revenue bonds Capital leases Accrued interest payable Compensated absences	\$ (155,000) (8,654) (2,971) (179,505)	
Net other postemployment benefits liability Net pension liability	 (1,212,158) (4,507,830)	(6,066,118)
Deferred inflows resulting from pension obligations are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		 (2,554,453)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 34,537,233

EXHIBIT 5

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 General	Road and Bridge	 Social Services	Go	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,703,192	\$ 557,026	\$ 609,375	\$	322	\$ 3,869,915
Special assessments	-	-	-		51,963	51,963
Licenses and permits	11,169	-	-		-	11,169
Intergovernmental	2,202,228	2,833,170	1,920,766		234,897	7,191,061
Charges for services	265,871	74,404	83,988		200,778	625,041
Fines and forfeits	20,873	-	-		-	20,873
Gifts and contributions	-	-	1,526		-	1,526
Investment earnings	46,690	-	-		188	46,878
Miscellaneous	 194,345	 18,717	 153,482		7,731	 374,275
Total Revenues	\$ 5,444,368	\$ 3,483,317	\$ 2,769,137	\$	495,879	\$ 12,192,701
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	\$ 2,329,440	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,329,440
Public safety	2,947,979	-	-		-	2,947,979
Highways and streets	-	3,272,151	-		-	3,272,151
Sanitation	-	-	-		265,046	265,046
Human services	-	-	2,982,118		-	2,982,118
Health	99,596	-	-		-	99,596
Culture and recreation	231,851	-	-		-	231,851
Conservation of natural resources	212,302	-	-		42,909	255,211
Economic development	122,306	-	-		-	122,306
Intergovernmental						
Highways and streets	-	149,000	-		-	149,000
Debt service						
Principal	3,520	-	-		145,000	148,520
Interest	 572	 -	 -		10,465	 11,037
Total Expenditures	\$ 5,947,566	\$ 3,421,151	\$ 2,982,118	\$	463,420	\$ 12,814,255
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$ (503,198)	\$ 62,166	\$ (212,981)	\$	32,459	\$ (621,554)

EXHIBIT 5 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 General	 Road and Bridge	 Social Services	Go	Other vernmental Funds	 Total
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	\$ 45,494	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 45,494
Transfers out	-	-	-		(45,494)	(45,494)
Capital lease purchase	 7,343	 -	 -		-	 7,343
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)	\$ 52,837	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(45,494)	\$ 7,343
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (450,361)	\$ 62,166	\$ (212,981)	\$	(13,035)	\$ (614,211)
Fund Balance - January 1 Increase (decrease) in inventories	 3,225,902	 1,079,222 9,570	 336,139 -		785,550	 5,426,813 9,570
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 2,775,541	\$ 1,150,958	\$ 123,158	\$	772,515	\$ 4,822,172

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ (614,211)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenue deferred as unavailable.		
Unavailable revenue - December 31 Unavailable revenue - January 1	\$ 2,933,258 (2,381,299)	551,959
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In the statement of activities, the net book value of assets disposed of is expensed, while not reported in the fund statements.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure Current year depreciation	\$ 1,599,611 (1,781,971)	(182,360)
Issuing long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of debt consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the net effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, those amounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of net position.		
Proceeds of new debt Capital lease purchase		(7,343)
Principal repayments Revenue bonds Capital lease	\$ 145,000 3,520	148,520
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences Change in net other postemployment benefits liability Change in net pension liability Change in deferred outflows of resources Change in deferred inflows of resources Change in inventories	\$ 2,779 5,425 (95,005) 2,447,700 (929,334) (1,394,091) 9,570	
Change in advance to other governments	 (155,000)	 (107,956)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ (211,391)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.		Page 24

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

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EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Col Ir	nily Services ollaborative Investment Trust Fund		Agency Funds
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	84,983	\$	161,359
Receivables Interest		19		-
Due from other funds		9,565		-
Total Assets	\$	94,567	\$	161,359
Liabilities				
Due to other governments		-	\$	161,359
Net Position				
Net position held in trust for pool participants	\$	94,567		

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FAMILY SERVICES COLLABORATIVE INVESTMENT TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Additions	
Contributions from participants Interest earnings	\$ 42,518 247
Total Additions	\$ 42,765
Deductions	
Distributions to participants	 77,096
Change in net position	\$ (34,331)
Net Position - January 1	 128,898
Net Position - December 31	\$ 94,567

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

Mahnomen County was established December 27, 1906, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Mahnomen County (primary government) and its component unit for which the County is financially accountable. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year.

The Social Services Board governs the activities of the Social Services Department and consists of seven members: five County Commissioners and two lay members appointed by the Commissioners and approved by the Minnesota Department of Human Services.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

While part of the reporting entity, the discretely presented component unit is presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the County. The following component unit of Mahnomen County is discretely presented:

Component Unit	Component Unit Included in Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements Available at
Mahnomen Health Center	The County appoints a majority of the Mahnomen Health Center Board and may be obliged to finance a deficit or debt of the Health Center.	Mahnomen Health Center 414 West Jefferson P. O. Box 396 Mahnomen, Minnesota 56557

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Joint Ventures

The County participates in joint ventures, jointly-governed organizations, and a related organization, which are described in Notes 6.B., 6.C., and 6.D., respectively.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

1. <u>Government-Wide Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column: (a) is presented on a consolidated basis; and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position is reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways. Sources of revenues include property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services.

The <u>Social Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs. Sources of revenues include property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The <u>Debt Service Funds</u> account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of governmental funds.

The <u>Family Services Collaborative Investment Trust Fund</u> accounts for the external pooled and non-pooled investments held on behalf of the Family Services Collaborative.

<u>Agency funds</u> are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Mahnomen County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied provided they are also available. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect and the revenues are available. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met and are available. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2017, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. The pooled investment income for 2017 was \$46,878.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 2. External Investment Pools

Included in total cash and pooled investments are the assets held for the Mahnomen County Interagency Collaborative in an external investment pool. For the purposes of financial reporting, the Collaborative's portion of the County's pool of cash and investments is reported as an investment trust fund. Assets in the pool are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. The pool is not subject to regulatory oversight. Fair value amounts are determined at year-end. The County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the pool.

Cash and pooled investments Held for internal pool participants (County funds) Held for external pool participants (Interagency Collaborative)	\$ 5,187,208 84,983
Total	\$ 5,272,191

3. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds representing lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All receivables, including those of the discretely presented component unit, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 4. Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable consist of delinquent special assessments payable in the years 1999 through 2017 and noncurrent special assessments payable in 2018 and after. Unpaid special assessments at December 31 are classified in the financial statements as delinquent special assessments. All special assessments receivable are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles.

5. Advance to Other Governments

The noncurrent portion of an intergovernmental advance, reported as "advance to other governments," is offset by revenue bonds payable - noncurrent at the government-wide level.

In 2008, an advance of \$1,260,000 was made to the Mahnomen Health Center to cover capital expenditures to remodel its facilities. During 2017, the Mahnomen Health Center repaid \$145,000. The balance of \$155,000 as of December 31, 2017, will be repaid in monthly installments through 2018. The County will use these payments to cover the principal and interest due on \$1,260,000 Gross Revenue Hospital Facilities Bonds issued for the purpose of funding the Mahnomen Health Center remodeling project.

6. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the weighted average method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 7. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (for example, roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than the capitalization threshold and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. The County's capitalization threshold for capital assets is as follows:

Assets	1	talization reshold
Land	\$	1
Buildings		5,000
Building improvements		5,000
Public domain infrastructure		1
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles		5,000

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. During the current period, the County did not have any capitalized interest.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	15 - 40
Building improvements	10 - 30
Public domain infrastructure	50 - 75
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	3 - 15

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 8. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The government-wide statement of net position reports both current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences. The current portion consists of an amount based upon what the employee can accrue within one year, or the balance, whatever is smaller. The noncurrent portion consists of the remaining amount of vacation leave. Compensated absences are liquidated by each fund that has personal services.

9. <u>Pension Plan</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA, except that PERA's fiscal year-end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan investments are reported at fair value. The pension liability is liquidated through the General Fund and other governmental funds that have personal services.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until then. Currently, the County has one item, deferred pension outflows, that qualifies for reporting in this category. These outflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of pension plan contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date, the differences between expected and actual economic experience, pension plan changes in proportionate share, and changes in actuarial assumptions and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the County has three types of deferred inflows, unavailable revenue, prepaid property taxes and deferred pension inflows, that qualify for reporting in this category. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from delinquent taxes receivable, delinquent and noncurrent special assessments receivable, and for amounts that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenue arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting and, accordingly, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The unavailable revenue amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Prepaid property taxes arise under both the modified accrual and the full accrual basis of accounting and accordingly, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of net position. The County also has deferred pension inflows. These inflows arise only under the full accrual basis of accounting and consist of differences between expected and actual pension plan economic experience, the differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in actuarial assumptions, and pension plan changes in proportionate share and, accordingly, are reported only in the statement of net position.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

11. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

12. <u>Classification of Net Position</u>

Net position in the government-wide statements is classified in the following components:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)
 - 13. Classifications of Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts in which constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the County Board or the County Auditor, who has been delegated that authority by Board resolution.

<u>Unassigned</u> - the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

13. <u>Classifications of Fund Balances</u> (Continued)

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

14. Minimum Fund Balance

Unrestricted fund balance (committed, assigned, and unassigned) may be accessed in the event of unexpected expenditures up to the minimum established level upon approval of a budget revision by the County Board. In the event of projected revenue shortfalls, it is the responsibility of the County Auditor to report the projections to the County Board on a quarterly basis and shall be recorded in the minutes.

Any budget revision that will result in the unrestricted fund balance dropping below the minimum level will require the approval of a 3/5 vote of the County Board.

The fund balance policy establishes a minimum unrestricted fund balance equal to 16 percent of total General Fund expenditures. In the event that the balance drops below the established minimum level, the County Board will develop a plan to replenish the fund balance to the established minimum level within two years.

15. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following nonmajor funds had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Expenditures			Budget	Excess	
Solid Waste Special Revenue Fund Ditch Special Revenue Fund	\$	265,046 42,909	\$	230,735 40,500	\$	34,311 2,409

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. Deposits and Investments

Reconciliation of the County's total cash and investments to the basic financial statements follows:

Government-wide statement of net position	
Governmental activities	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 4,925,742
Departmental cash	100,107
Statement of fiduciary net position	
Cash and pooled investments	
Investment trust fund	84,983
Agency funds	 161,359
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 5,272,191

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

- 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)
 - a. <u>Deposits</u>

Mahnomen County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect County deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's policy is to minimize its exposure to custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits to be insured or collateralized in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 118A.03. As of December 31, 2017, the County's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

- 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)
 - b. <u>Investments</u>

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

- 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>
 - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's policy is to diversify use of investment instruments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in overinvesting in specific instruments, individual financial institutions, or maturities. The County invests in both short-term and long-term investments and times cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. As of December 31, 2017, the County's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

- 1. Deposits and Investments
 - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy is to diversify use of investment instruments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in overinvesting in specific instruments, individual financial institutions, or maturities.

The following table presents the County's deposits and investment balances at December 31, 2017, and information relating to potential investment risks:

	Cred	lit Risk	Concentration Risk	Interest Rate Risk	Carrying
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Maturity Date	 (Fair) Value
U.S. government agency securities Federal National Mortgage Association	ААА	Moody's	<5%	03/13/2018	\$ 99,944
Negotiable certificates of deposit			N/A		 2,371,824
Total investments					\$ 2,471,768
Deposits Change funds					 2,798,723 1,700
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 5,272,191

N/A - Not Applicable

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

1. Deposits and Investments

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

The County measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At December 31, 2017, the County had the following recurring fair value measurements.

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
	December 31, 2017		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Unobs In	ificant servable puts vel 3)	
Investments by fair value level Debt securities U.S. agencies Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$	99,944 2,371,824	\$	-	\$	99,944 2,371,824	\$	-	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	\$	2,471,768	\$		\$	2,471,768	\$	-	

Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix yield-based pricing technique based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources (Continued)

2. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables as of December 31, 2017, for the County's governmental activities, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Ro	Total eccivables	Sch Co Du	ounts Not eduled for ollection uring the equent Year
Governmental Activities				
Taxes	\$	107,830	\$	-
Special assessments		44,161		-
Accounts		132,319		-
Accrued interest		1,295		-
Due from other governments		3,066,557		-
Contract for deed		53,841		36,900
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,406,003	\$	36,900

Contract for Deed

Contract for Deed	Date	Interest Rate (%)	Due Date	onthly yment	_	Balance cember 31
MMRL4D1 MMRL2D1	June 1, 2004 September 1, 2013	-	June 1, 2019 September 1, 2022	\$ 500 612	\$	25,767 28,074
Total Contract for Deed					\$	53,841

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources (Continued)

3. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	e		I	Decrease	Ending Balance	
Capital assets not depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 534,639 877,992	\$	- 54,029	\$	- 877,992	\$	534,639 54,029
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 1,412,631	\$	54,029	\$	877,992	\$	588,668
Capital assets depreciated Land improvements Buildings Machinery, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 829,301 3,121,445 4,235,502 45,103,675	\$	27,562 705,365 338,488 1,352,159	\$	7,725	\$	849,138 3,826,810 4,419,729 46,455,834
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 53,289,923	\$	2,423,574	\$	161,986	\$	55,551,511
Less: accumulated depreciation for Land improvements Buildings Machinery, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 146,910 2,416,286 2,677,059 17,222,194	\$	47,827 67,935 397,409 1,268,800	\$	7,725	\$	187,012 2,484,221 2,920,207 18,490,994
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 22,462,449	\$	1,781,971	\$	161,986	\$	24,082,434
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$ 30,827,474	\$	641,603	\$		\$	31,469,077
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 32,240,105	\$	695,632	\$	877,992	\$	32,057,745

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 65,496
Public safety	165,135
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure	
assets	1,389,349
Human services	4,137
Economic development	 157,854
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,781,971

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3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		Amount			
General Fund	Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Social Services Special Revenue	\$	616		
	Fund		17,543		
Total General Fund		\$	18,159		
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	Ditch Special Revenue Fund		142		
Family Services Collaborative Investment Trust Fund	Social Services Special Revenue Fund		9,565		
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$	27,866		

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

2. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2017, consisted of the following:

Transfers to General Fund from Nursing Home Debt		To close the Nursing Home Debt Service
Service Fund	\$ 45,494	Fund

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

1. <u>Payables</u>

Payables at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

	 vernmental Activities
Accounts	\$ 261,754
Salaries	199,710
Contracts	67,608
Due to other governments	178,937
Accrued interest	 2,971
Total Payables	\$ 710,980

2. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) - Retirees

The County provides post-retirement health care benefits for qualified retirees (employees who have been employed by the County for at least ten years, effective July 8, 1986) from retirement until age 65 when they become eligible for Medicare.

As of year-end, the County has seven eligible participants. The County finances the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. During 2017, the County expended \$58,265 for these benefits.

The OPEB liability is liquidated through the General Fund and the Road and Bridge and Social Services Special Revenue Funds.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

3. Capital Leases

The County has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of certain equipment. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Payments on these lease agreements are made from the General Fund. These capital leases consist of the following at December 31, 2017:

Lease	Maturity	Installment	Payment Amount	0	Driginal	В	alance
2013 copier 2017 copier	2018 2022	Monthly Monthly	\$ 2,568 952	\$	11,995 7,343	\$	2,263 6,391
Total						\$	8,654

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	 vernmental ctivities
2018 2019	\$ 4,058 1,731
2020	1,731
2021	1,731
2022	 433
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 9,684
Less: amount representing interest	 (1,030)
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 8,654

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

4. Long-Term Debt

Bonds Payable

The payments on the 2007 Gross Revenue Hospital Facilities Bonds are being made from the Mahnomen Health Center Bonds Debt Service Fund.

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rate (%)	 Original Issue Amount		Outstanding Balance December 31, 2017	
Revenue bonds 2007 Gross Revenue Hospital Facilities Bond	2018	\$145,000 - \$155,000	4.60	\$ 1,260,000	\$	155,000	

5. Debt Service Requirements

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Debt service requirements at December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue B	Revenue Bonds			
December 31	Principal	Interest			
2018	\$ 155,000	\$	3,565		

6. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Long-term liabilities Revenue bonds Capital leases	\$ 300,000 4,831	\$ - 7,343	\$ 145,000 3,520	\$ 155,000 8,654	\$ 155,000 3,609
Compensated absences Total Long-Term Liabilities	184,930 \$ 489,761	203,473 \$ 210,816	208,898 \$ 357,418	179,505 \$ 343,159	136,493 \$ 295,102

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

7. <u>Unearned Revenues/Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

Unearned revenues consist of state and/or federal grants received but not earned. Deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue consists of taxes, special assessments, state and/or federal grants and state highway users tax allotments, and other receivables not collected soon enough after year-end to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred inflows of resources - prepaid property taxes consists of the County's share of 2018 property taxes collected in advance. For 2017, Mahnomen County did not have unearned revenue.

	 Taxes	special essments	Grants and Allotments	 Other	 Total
Major governmental funds					
General Special Revenue	\$ 135,337	\$ -	\$ 138,531	\$ 35,708	\$ 309,576
Road and Bridge	24,343	113	2,524,951	1,467	2,550,874
Social Services	27,974	-	87,689	-	115,663
Nonmajor governmental funds Special Revenue					
Solid Waste	-	13,137	-	-	13,137
Ditch	-	44,006	-	-	44,006
Hospital Reserve	 21	 -	 -	 -	 21
Total	\$ 187,675	\$ 57,256	\$ 2,751,171	\$ 37,175	\$ 3,033,277
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue	\$ 87,656	\$ 57,256	\$ 2,751,171	\$ 37,175	\$ 2,933,258
Prepaid property taxes	 100,019	 -	 -	 -	 100,019
Total	\$ 187,675	\$ 57,256	\$ 2,751,171	\$ 37,175	\$ 3,033,277

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

1. <u>Plan Description</u>

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Mahnomen County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Plan, the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan, and the Local

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

1. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

Government Correctional Service Retirement Plan (the Public Employees Correctional Plan), which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Retirement Plan (accounted for in the General Employees Fund) has multiple benefit structures with members belonging to the Coordinated Plan, the Basic Plan, or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was closed to new members during 1978 and merged into the General Employees Retirement Plan in 2015. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan, for which benefits vest after five years of credited service. No County employees belong to either the Basic Plan or the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund.

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (accounted for in the Police and Fire Fund). For members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after 5 years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after 10 years. Benefits for members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after 10 years and increasing 5 percent for each year of service until fully vested after 20 years.

Local government employees of a county-administered facility who are responsible for the direct security, custody, and control of the county correctional facility and its inmates are covered by the Public Employees Correctional Plan (accounted for in the Correctional Fund). For members hired after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a prorated basis starting with 50 percent after 5 years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after 10 years.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

2. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can be modified only by the state legislature. Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. General Employees Retirement Plan and Public Employees Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.0 percent for the post-retirement benefit increase, while Public Employees Retirement Plan and benefit recipients receive 2.5 percent. For the General Employees Retirement Plan and the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan, if the funding ratio reaches 90 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than 80 percent for one year or less than 85 percent for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to 1.0 percent.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraph of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Plan Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. For Public Employees Police and Fire Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Public Employees Correctional Plan members, the annuity accrual rate is 1.9 percent of average salary for each year of service.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

2. <u>Benefits Provided</u> (Continued)

For General Employees Retirement Plan members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90, and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. For Public Employees Police and Fire Plan and Public Employees Correctional Plan members, normal retirement age is 55, and for members who were hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based on years of service and average high-five salary.

3. <u>Contributions</u>

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. General Employees Retirement Plan Basic members, Coordinated members, and Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members were required to contribute 9.10 percent, 6.50 percent, and 9.75 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2017. Public Employees Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 10.80 percent of their annual covered salary in 2017. Public Employees Correctional Plan members were required to contribute 5.83 percent of their annual covered salary in 2017.

In 2017, the County was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered salary:

General Employees Retirement Plan	
Coordinated Plan members	7.50%
Public Employees Police and Fire Plan	16.20
Public Employees Correctional Plan	8.75

The employee and employer contribution rates did not change from the previous year.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

3. <u>Contributions</u> (Continued)

The County's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2017, to the pension plans were:

General Employees Retirement Plan	\$ 230,594
Public Employees Police and Fire Plan	120,463
Public Employees Correctional Plan	25,810

The contributions are equal to the contractually required contributions as set by state statute.

4. <u>Pension Costs</u>

General Employees Retirement Plan

At December 31, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$3,121,744 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was 0.0489 percent. It was 0.0458 percent measured as of June 30, 2016. The County recognized pension expense of (\$134,964) for its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's pension expense.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs

General Employees Retirement Plan (Continued)

The County also recognized \$1,133 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution to the General Employees Retirement Plan, which qualifies as a special funding situation. Legislation required the State of Minnesota to contribute \$6 million to the General Employees Retirement Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,121,744
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the County	 39,242
Total	\$ 3,160,986

The County reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Retirement Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred outflows of Resources	Ir	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual						
economic experience	\$	102,883	\$	189,492		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		485,420		312,955		
Difference between projected and actual						
investment earnings		-		10,794		
Changes in proportion		998,822		308,003		
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				-		
the measurement date		112,335		-		
Total	\$	1,699,460	\$	821,244		

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. <u>Pension Costs</u>

General Employees Retirement Plan (Continued)

The \$112,335 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	_ <u>_</u>	Pension Expense Amount
2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	313,213 395,596 189,585 (132,513)

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

At December 31, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$958,584 for its proportionate share of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was 0.071 percent. It was 0.067 percent measured as of June 30, 2016. The County recognized pension expense of \$233,755 for its proportionate share of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan's pension expense.

The County also recognized \$6,390 as revenue, which results in a reduction of the net pension liability, for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contribution to the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan. Legislation requires the State of Minnesota to contribute \$9 million to the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan each year, starting in fiscal year 2014, until the plan is 90 percent funded.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. Pension Costs

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

The County reported its proportionate share of the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	С	Deferred outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	22,065	\$	246,252
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,183,823		1,360,952
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		-		753
Changes in proportion		133,772		41,100
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to		,		,
the measurement date		59,591		_
Total	\$	1,399,251	\$	1,649,057

The \$59,591 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	-	ension se Amount
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	12,464 12,464 (22,675) (70,626) (241,024)

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. <u>Pension Costs</u> (Continued)

Public Employees Correctional Plan

At December 31, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$427,502 for its proportionate share of the Public Employees Correctional Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2017, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was 0.15 percent. It was 0.15 percent measured as of June 30, 2016. The County recognized pension expense of \$161,424 for its proportionate share of the Public Employees Correctional Plan's pension expense.

The County reported its proportionate share of the Public Employees Correctional Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	286	\$	6,915
Changes in actuarial assumptions		232,749		74,415
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		-		2,634
Changes in proportion		-		188
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to				
the measurement date		12,883		-
Total	\$	245,918	\$	84,152

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

4. <u>Pension Costs</u>

Public Employees Correctional Plan (Continued)

The \$12,883 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31	-	Pension Ise Amount
2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	91,948 95,092 (26,255) (11,902)

Total Pension Expense

The total pension expense for all plans recognized by the County for the year ended December 31, 2017, was \$260,215.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following additional actuarial assumptions:

Inflation Active member payroll growth Investment rate of return

2.50 percent per year3.25 percent per year7.50 percent

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

5. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. For the General Employees Retirement Plan and the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan, cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.0 percent through 2044 and 2064, respectively, and 2.5 percent thereafter. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 2.5 percent for the Public Employees Correctional Plan.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study for the General Employees Retirement Plan was dated June 30, 2015. The experience study for the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan was dated August 30, 2016. The experience study for the Public Employees Correctional Plan was dated February 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	39%	5.10%
International stocks	19	5.30
Bonds	20	0.75
Alternative assets	20	5.90
Cash	2	0.00

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

- A. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)
 - 6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent in 2017, which remained consistent with 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Retirement Plan and the Public Employees Police and Fire Plan were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In the Public Employees Correctional Plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members through June 30, 2061. Beginning in fiscal year ended June 30, 2062, when projected benefit payments exceed the Plan's projected fiduciary net position, benefit payments were discounted at the municipal bond rate of 3.56 percent based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating at the measurement date. An equivalent single discount rate of 5.96 percent for the Public Employees Correctional Plan was determined that produced approximately the same present value of projected benefits when applied to all years of projected benefits as the present value of projected benefits using 7.50 percent applied to all years of projected benefits to the point of asset depletion and 3.56 percent thereafter.

7. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2017:

General Employees Retirement Plan

• The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members). The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

7. <u>Changes in Actuarial Assumptions</u>

General Employees Retirement Plan (Continued)

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21,000,000 in PERA's calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31,000,000 through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16,000,000 in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6,000,000 annually through calendar year 2031.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

- The assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- The assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2.0 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality table assumed for healthy retirees.
- The assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

7. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

- The assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- The assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

Public Employees Correctional Plan

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2016).
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 35 percent for vested members and 1.0 percent for non-vested members.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

7. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

Public Employees Correctional Plan (Continued)

• The single discount rate was changed from 5.31 percent per annum to 5.96 percent per annum.

8. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate previously disclosed, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.0 percentage point lower or 1.0 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

				Proportion	nate Sha	are of the			
	Genera	al Emp	l Employees Public Employees					Public Employee	
	Retin	rement Plan		Police and Fire Plan		Corre	ctional	Plan	
	Discount	Net Pension		Discount Net Pension		Discount		et Pension	
	Rate		Liability	Rate		Liability	Rate	I	Liability
1% Decrease	6.50%	\$	4,842,056	6.50%	\$	1,805,294	4.96%	\$	704,469
Current	7.50		3,121,744	7.50		958,584	5.96		427,502
1% Increase	8.50		1,713,355	8.50		259,579	6.96		211,325

9. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

4. <u>Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u>

Three commissioners of Mahnomen County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the state legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by Mahnomen County during the year ended December 31, 2017, were:

	En	nployee	Employer		
Contribution amount	\$	2,801	\$	2,801	
Percentage of covered payroll		5%		5%	

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

Mahnomen County provides a single-employer, defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees and their spouses. The plan offers medical insurance benefits. The County provides benefits for retirees as required by Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Mahnomen County Board of Commissioners. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Retirees and their spouses contribute to the health care plan at the same rate as County employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. For 2015, there were 88 participants in the plan, including 9 retirees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation to the plan.

ARC Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$ 320,350 44,686 (68,234)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	\$ 296,802 (201,797)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	\$ 95,005 1,117,153
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 1,212,158

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

C. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (Continued)

The County's annual OPEB cost for December 31, 2017, was \$296,802. The percentage of OPEB cost contributed to the plan was 68.0 percent, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 was \$1,212,158.

The County's annual OPEB cost; the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan; and the net OPEB obligation for 2015, 2016, and 2017 were as follows:

	А	nnual	E	mployer	Percenta of Annu OPEB C	al	Ν	let OPEB
Fiscal Year-End	OP	EB Cost	Co	ntribution	Contribu	ted	0	Obligation
December 31, 2015 December 31, 2016 December 31, 2017	\$	302,967 299,912 296,802	\$	182,686 187,193 201,797	60. 62. 68.	4	\$	1,004,434 1,117,153 1,212,158

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0.0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$2,633,010, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,633,010. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,472,700, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 75.8 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

4. Pension Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

C. <u>Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit cost between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of investment expenses), which is Mahnomen County's implicit rate of return on the General Fund. The annual health care cost trend is 7.25 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent over 9 years. Both rates included a 2.50 percent inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized over 30 years on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2017, was 21 years.

5. <u>Risk Management</u>

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$500,000 per claim in 2017 and 2018. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

5. <u>Risk Management</u> (Continued)

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

A. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various judgments, claims, and litigation. The County Attorney identified no potential claims against the County that would materially affect the financial statements.

B. Joint Ventures

Joint County Natural Resources Board

The Joint County Natural Resources Board was formed in 1985 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Aitkin, Beltrami, Clearwater, Koochiching, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, and Roseau Counties.

The purpose of the Natural Resources Board is to gather information on and formulate policies for the development, utilization, and protection of natural resources in northern Minnesota, and to ensure that there is an interrelated plan for the use and protection of both public and private resources.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

B. Joint Ventures

Joint County Natural Resources Board (Continued)

Control of the Natural Resources Board is vested in the Joint County Natural Resources Board, which is composed of at least one resident of each county appointed by its respective County Board, as provided in the Natural Resources Board's by-laws.

In the event of dissolution of the Joint County Natural Resources Board, the net assets of the Natural Resources Board at that time shall be distributed to the respective member counties in proportion to the contribution of each. Mahnomen County did not make any contributions during 2017 to the Joint County Natural Resources Board.

The Natural Resources Board has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from member counties. Complete financial information can be obtained from:

Mr. Wayne Bendickson Treasurer Joint County Natural Resources Board Box 808 Baudette, Minnesota 56623

Mahnomen County Interagency Collaborative

The Mahnomen County Interagency Collaborative (MCIC) was established in 1998, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 124D.23, between Mahnomen County Human Services, Mahnomen County Sheriff's Department, Independent School Districts Nos. 432 and 435, Minnesota Department of Corrections, Multi-County Nursing Service (now Polk-Norman-Mahnomen Public Health), Northwestern Mental Health Center, Stellher Human Services, University of Minnesota Mahnomen County Extension Office, Mahnomen Health Center, Mahube-OTWA Community Council, White Earth Human Services, and White Earth Mental Health. Mahnomen County Human Services is the acting fiscal agent of the MCIC. The purpose of the MCIC is to provide healthier communities and families and to reduce the number of out-of-home placements.

The management of the MCIC is vested in the interagency agreements. Each participating agency is granted one vote upon the receipt of a resolution from its governing board. Mahnomen County is granted two votes.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

B. Joint Ventures

Mahnomen County Interagency Collaborative (Continued)

In the event of dissolution of the MCIC, the withdrawing party shall give a 30-day notice. Should the MCIC cease to exist, all property, real and personal, held by the MCIC at the time of termination shall be distributed by resolution of the MCIC in accordance with law and in a manner to best accomplish the continuing purposes of the MCIC.

Financing is provided by state and federal grants. During 2017, Mahnomen County did not contribute any funds to the MCIC.

Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board (formerly known as the Northwest Minnesota Regional Radio Board) was formed in 2008, pursuant to the authority conferred upon the member parties by Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39, and includes the City of Moorhead; the Counties of Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau; and the White Earth Reservation.

The purpose of the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board is to provide for regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER) owned and operated by the State of Minnesota and to enhance and improve interoperable public safety communications along with coordination of 911 and public safety broadband data services within the region.

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board is composed of one Commissioner of each county appointed by their respective County Board, one City Council member from the city appointed by their City Council, and one representative appointed by the Tribal Council from each tribal entity party to the agreement, as provided in the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board's bylaws.

In the event of dissolution of the Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board, all property, assets, and funds of the Board shall be distributed to the parties of the agreement upon termination in direct proportion to their participation

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

B. Joint Ventures

Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board (Continued)

and contribution. Any city, county or tribal entity that has withdrawn from the agreement prior to termination of the Board shall share in the distribution of property, assets, and funds of the Board only to the extent they shared in the original expense.

The Northwest Minnesota Regional Emergency Communications Board has no long-term debt. Financing is provided by appropriations from member parties and by state and federal grants. Mahnomen County's contribution for 2017 was \$2,500.

Complete financial information can be obtained from:

Headwaters Regional Development Commission 403 - 4th Street Northwest, Suite 310 Bemidji, Minnesota 56601

Rural Minnesota Concentrated Employment Programs, Inc. (WIA - Rural Minnesota Workforce Service Area 2)

The Rural Minnesota Concentrated Employment Programs, Inc. (RMCEP), is a private non-profit corporation that provides workforce development services in a 19-county area in North Central and West Central Minnesota. The agency was incorporated in 1968 to operate employment and training programs which include Workforce Investment Act (WIA) services. RMCEP was established to create job training and employment opportunities for economically disadvantaged, underemployed and unemployed persons, and youthful persons in both the private and the public sector.

During 2017, Mahnomen County did not contribute any funds to this organization.

Land of the Dancing Sky Area Agency on Aging

The Land of the Dancing Sky Area Agency on Aging provides services to a 21-county service area. This is a partnership between the Northwest Regional Development Commission, the 5-county service area of Region 2, and the West Central Area Agency on Aging. This combined area on aging was established to administer all aspects of the Older Americans Act by providing programs to meet the needs of the elderly in the 21-county area.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

B. Joint Ventures

Land of the Dancing Sky Area Agency on Aging (Continued)

The Land of the Dancing Sky umbrella board meets quarterly to discuss and approve major items such as the area plan and dollar allocations, while the advisory councils and joint powers boards of the two areas on aging continue to meet monthly to make decisions affecting their local counties.

During 2017, Mahnomen County contributed \$878 to the Land of the Dancing Sky.

Paul Bunyan Task Force

The Paul Bunyan Task Force was established July 16, 1992, under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, and includes Beltrami, Clearwater, Hubbard, Lake of the Woods, and Mahnomen Counties; the Bureau of Indian Affairs; the Leech Lake and White Earth Reservations; and the Cities of Bemidji and Park Rapids. The purpose of the Paul Bunyan Task Force is to assist member organizations in the investigation and prosecution of persons in violation of Minnesota statutes.

Control of the Paul Bunyan Task Force is established by a majority vote represented with one vote from each member of the organization. In the event of dissolution of the Paul Bunyan Task Force, the net assets shall be liquidated to the member organizations based on the percentage of population of all member counties and cities.

The Paul Bunyan Task Force has no long-term debt. During 2017, Mahnomen County did not contribute to the Paul Bunyan Task Force. Financing is provided by the profits from forfeitures and seizures pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 609.531. The City of Bemidji, in an agent capacity, reports the cash transactions of the Paul Bunyan Task Force on its financial statements.

Complete financial information can be obtained from:

The Honorable Kay Mack, Auditor-Treasurer Beltrami County 701 Minnesota Avenue, Suite 220 Bemidji, Minnesota 56601

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Wild Rice Watershed District

The Wild Rice Watershed District was established in 1969, pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 103D, and includes Becker, Clay, Clearwater, Mahnomen, Norman, and Polk Counties. The purpose of the Watershed District is to oversee watershed projects, conduct studies for future project planning, administration of legal drainage systems, issuance of applications and permits, public education on conservation issues, and dispute resolution.

Control of the Watershed District is vested in the Board of Managers, which is composed of seven members appointed by the County Commissioners of Becker, Clay, Mahnomen, and Norman Counties. Becker County appoints one member, Clay County appoints one member, Mahnomen County appoints two members, and Norman County appoints three members.

Complete financial information can be obtained from:

Wild Rice Watershed District Office 11 East 5th Avenue Ada, Minnesota 56510

Minnesota Red River Basin of the North Joint Powers Board

The Minnesota Red River Basin of the North Joint Powers Board was established November 29, 1999, by an agreement between Mahnomen County and 17 other counties. The agreement was made to serve as a focal point for land and water concerns for those counties surrounding the Minnesota Red River Basin. Each county is responsible for its proportionate share of the administrative budget.

Control is vested in a Joint Powers Board comprised of one Commissioner from each member county. Each member of the Board is appointed by the County Commissioners of the county he or she represents.

In the event of termination of the agreement, any unexpended funds and surplus property shall be disposed of equally among the member counties. During 2017, Mahnomen County contributed \$130 to the Joint Powers Board.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Minnesota Red River Basin of the North Joint Powers Board (Continued)

Complete financial statements can be obtained from:

The International Coalition for Land – Water Stewardship in the Red River Basin 119 - 5th Street South Moorhead, Minnesota 56560

Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus

The Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus was established in 1997 and includes Aitkin, Becker, Beltrami, Big Stone Clay, Clearwater, Cottonwood, Douglas, Grant, Itasca, Kittson, Koochiching, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, McLeod, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Pope, Red Lake, Renville, Roseau, Stevens, Todd, Traverse, Wadena, Watonwan, and Wilkin Counties. Control of the Caucus is vested in the Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus Executive Committee, which is composed of 12 appointees, each with an alternate, who are appointed annually by each respective County Board. Mahnomen County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

During 2017, Mahnomen County contributed \$2,100 to this organization.

Lake Agassiz Regional Library

The Lake Agassiz Regional Library was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 134.20 and 471.59, effective January 1, 1961, and includes Becker, Clay, Clearwater, Mahnomen, Norman, Polk, and Wilkin Counties. Control of the Library is vested in the Lake Agassiz Regional Library Board, with 23 members with staggered terms made up of the following: one member appointed by each Board of County Commissioners who may be a member of the Board of Commissioners; one member appointed by each participating city; and one additional member appointed by each county and city for each 6,000 of population or major percentage (85 percent) thereof. In 2017, Mahnomen County provided \$41,405 in the form of an appropriation.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative

Under Minnesota Joint Powers Law, Minn. Stat. § 471.59, Minnesota counties have created the Minnesota Counties Computer Cooperative to jointly provide for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of data processing systems, facilities, and management information systems.

<u>Region Three - Northwest Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management</u> <u>Organization</u>

The Region Three - Northwest Minnesota Security Emergency Management Organization was formed in 2007 under the authority of the Joint Powers Act, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59 and Minn. Stat. ch. 12. Members include Becker, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Hubbard, Kittson, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, Norman, Pennington, Polk, Red Lake, and Roseau Counties. The Organization was established to provide for regional coordination of planning, training, purchase of equipment, and allocating emergency services and staff in order to better respond to emergencies and natural or other disasters within the region.

Control is vested in the Organization, which is composed of 14 representatives appointed by each Board of County Commissioners. Mahnomen County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

Communities Caring for Children

The Communities Caring for Children (CCC) Joint Powers Board promotes an implementation and maintenance of a regional immunization information system to ensure age-appropriate immunizations through complete and accurate records. Mahnomen County did not contribute to the CCC during 2017.

Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network

The Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network Joint Powers Agreement exists to create access for the County Sheriff and County Attorney to systems and tools available from the State of Minnesota, Department of Public Safety, and the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to carry out criminal justice. During the year, Mahnomen County made no payments to the joint powers.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

Sentence to Serve

Mahnomen County, in conjunction with other local governments, participates in the State of Minnesota's Sentence to Serve (STS) program. STS is a project of the State Department of Administration's Strive Toward Excellence in Performance (STEP) program. STEP's goal is a statewide effort to make positive improvements in public services. It gives the courts an alternative to jail or fines for the nonviolent offenders who can work on a variety of community or state projects. Private funding, funds from various foundations and initiative funds, as well as the Departments of Corrections and Natural Resources, provide the funds needed to operate the STS program.

Polk-Norman-Mahnomen Community Health Board

The Polk-Norman-Mahnomen Community Health Board was established in 2012 under the authority of Minn. Stat. ch. 145A and Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Community Health Board includes the Polk County Local Board of Health and the Norman County Local Board of Health, which is part of Norman County. The purpose of the Community Health Board is to engage in activities designed to protect and promote the health of the general population within a community health service area by emphasizing the prevention of disease, injury, disability, and preventable death through the promotion of effective coordination and use of community resources, and by extending health services into the community.

Control of the Community Health Board is vested in a seven-member Board with Polk, Norman, and Mahnomen Counties each appointing one County Board member; the Polk County Local Board of Health and the Norman County Local Board of Health each appointing two members; one County Board member; and one community member. The Norman County Local Board of Health appoints one of the members from Norman County and one of the members from Mahnomen County.

In the event of withdrawal from the Community Health Board, the withdrawing party shall give a one-year notice. Should the Community Health Board cease to exist, all property, real and personal, held by the Community Health Board at the time of termination shall be distributed to each joint participant in proportion to its relative financial contribution.

6. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Polk-Norman-Mahnomen Community Health Board (Continued)

Financing is provided by state and federal grants. Polk County is the fiscal agent for the Community Health Board. During 2017, Mahnomen County did not contribute to the Community Health Board.

D. Related Organization

Sand Hill River Watershed District

The Sand Hill River Watershed District was formed pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 103D.201, effective August 29, 1974, and includes land within Mahnomen, Norman, and Polk Counties. The purpose of the District is to conserve the natural resources of the state by land-use planning, flood control, the use of sound scientific principles for the protection of the public health and welfare, and the provident use of natural resources. Control of the District is vested in the Sand Hill River Watershed District Board of Managers, composed of five members appointed by the Polk County Board for staggered terms of three years each.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

In addition to those identified in Note 1, the County's discretely presented component unit has the following significant accounting policies.

A. Description of Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Mahnomen Health Center consists of a hospital and nursing home located in Mahnomen, Minnesota. The Health Center is an operating entity under the ownership of Mahnomen County (County) and the City of Mahnomen (City), Minnesota, and is a component unit of Mahnomen County. The Health Center is governed under a Joint Powers Agreement between the County and City. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County owned 78 percent of the Health Center while the City owned 22 percent of the Health Center. The County and City each appoint Mahnomen Health Center Commission members who are responsible for the operation of the hospital and nursing home.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

A. Description of Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Reporting Entity</u> (Continued)

The Mahnomen Health Center Commission consists of nine members. The Commission is the ultimate governing body of the Health Center. The Commission shall acquire the necessary property to establish, construct, enlarge, improve, maintain, equip, operate, and control the facilities subject to the other terms of the Joint Powers Agreement.

For financial reporting purposes, the Health Center has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities. The Health Center has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Health Center are such that the exclusion would cause the Health Center's financial situation to be misleading or incomplete. GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization, or (2) the potential for the Health Center to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Health Center. The Health Center does not have a component unit which meets GASB criteria.

Basis of Accounting and Enterprise Fund Accounting

The Health Center's financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. The Health Center uses enterprise fund accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred based on GASB Codification Topic 1600, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, as amended.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

A. Description of Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates (Continued)

disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Risk Management

The Health Center is exposed to various risks of loss from torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; business interruption; errors or omissions; employee injuries and illness, and natural disasters. Commercial insurance coverage is purchased for claims arising from such matters. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less, including noncurrent cash and investments.

Patient and Resident Receivables, Net

Patient and resident receivables are uncollateralized customer and third-party obligations. Payments of patient and resident receivables are allocated to the specific claims identified on the remittance advice or, if unspecified, are applied to the earliest unpaid claim.

The carrying amount of patient and resident receivables is reduced by a valuation allowance that reflects management's estimate of amounts that will not be collected from patients, residents, and third-party payors. Management reviews patient and resident receivables by payor class and applies percentages to determine estimated amounts that will not be collected from third parties under contractual agreements and amounts that will not be collected from patients and residents due to bad debts. Management considers historical write-off and recovery information in determining the estimated bad debt provision. At December 31, 2017, the allowance for doubtful accounts was approximately \$319,000. When all collection efforts have been exhausted, the account is written off against the related allowance.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

A. <u>Description of Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Supplies

Supplies are stated at cost (principally on the first-in, first-out basis) not in excess of market value. Market value is determined by comparison with recent purchases.

Capital Assets

Capital asset acquisitions in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized and recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are reported at their estimated fair value at the time of their donation. All capital assets other than land and construction in progress are depreciated or amortized (in the case of capital leases) using the straight-line method of depreciation and have estimated lives as follows:

Land improvements	15 - 20 years
Buildings	20 - 40 years
Movable equipment	3 - 15 years

Noncurrent Cash and Investments

Noncurrent cash and investments are recorded at cost, if purchased, or at fair market value on the date received, if by gift or bequest. All investments are carried at market value which approximates cost. Noncurrent cash and investments required for obligations classified as current liabilities are reported as current assets.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

A. <u>Description of Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Investment in Joint Venture

The Health Center reports its investment in Central Minnesota Diagnostic, Inc. (CMDI), on the equity method of accounting, which approximates the Health Center's equity in the underlying book value based on its most recent December 31 fiscal year-end. The Health Center's shares of net income from these investments are recognized as equity earnings from joint venture.

Vacation and Sick Leave

The Health Center's employees earn paid time off days at varying rates depending on years of service. Employees may accumulate paid time off up to a specified maximum. Employees are paid for accumulated paid time off if they leave the Health Center. The liability for compensated absences is included with accrued vacation and sick leave in the accompanying statement of net position.

Net Position

Net position of the Health Center is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted expendable for specific operating activities is noncapital net position that must be used for a particular purpose, as specified by creditors, grantors, or contributors external to the Health Center. Unrestricted net position is remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital assets.

Net Patient and Resident Service Revenue

The Health Center has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Health Center at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per diem payments. Net patient and resident service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, residents, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

A. <u>Description of Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Net Patient and Resident Service Revenue (Continued)

Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

Charity Care

To fulfill its mission of community service, the Health Center provides care to patients and residents who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because the Health Center does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as patient and resident service revenue. There were no charges foregone for charity care for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The Health Center's statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with providing health care services--the Health Center's principal activity. Nonexchange revenues, including assessments, grants, and contributions received for the purposes other than capital asset acquisition, are reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide health care services, other than financing costs.

Grants and Contributions

From time to time, the Health Center receives grants from individuals and private organizations. Revenues from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenues. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after nonoperating revenues and expenses. Grants receivable are reported in the statement of net position at net realizable value.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

A. <u>Description of Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Electronic Health Record Incentive Payments

The Health Center has recorded revenue related to the Electronic Health Records (EHR) Incentive Program during 2017. The Health Center recognizes revenue at the completion of the EHR reporting period and all meaningful use objectives and any other specific grant requirements that are applicable (such as, electronic transmission of quality measures to CMS). This revenue is considered other nonoperating revenue in the Health Center's separately issued report.

Advertising Costs

The Health Center expenses advertising costs as they are incurred.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PERA, and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds or employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Although certain revenues are measureable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred inflows of resources represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the consist of pension related deferred inflows.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

A. <u>Description of Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits

The Health Center follows GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement creates a uniform method to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plans. OPEBs are generally provided to an employee in exchange for their services to the employer. OPEBs can be made up of several different types of plans (but not pension plans) and typically include life insurance and health care benefits. Under the accrual method of accounting, OPEB cost is recognized in the same period as the compensated services are performed.

B. <u>Net Patient and Resident Service Revenue</u>

The Health Center has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Health Center at amounts different from its established rates. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicare

The Health Center became a Critical Access Hospital (CAH) as of April 1999 for Medicare reimbursement purposes. There are certain criteria that the Health Center must meet to be a CAH. Once met, the reimbursement method changed to cost-based for both inpatient and outpatient services. The Health Center is reimbursed for cost-reimbursable items at a tentative rate, with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Health Center and audits thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediary.

Medicaid

Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. These rates vary according to a patient classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Outpatient services related to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed under a cost-reimbursement methodology.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

B. <u>Net Patient and Resident Service Revenue</u> (Continued)

Blue Cross

Inpatient services rendered to Blue Cross subscribers are paid at prospectively determined rates per discharge. Outpatient services are reimbursed at outpatient fee screens or at charges less a prospectively determined discount. The prospectively determined discount is not subject to retroactive adjustment.

Nursing Home Medicare

Under the Medicare program, payment for resident services is made on a prospectively determined per diem rate that varies based on a case-mix adjusted resident classification system.

Nursing Home Medicaid

Routine services rendered to nursing home residents who are beneficiaries of the Medicaid program or who pay from private resources are paid according to a schedule of prospectively determined daily rates determined by Minnesota's Medicaid program. A rate is assigned to each nursing home resident based on the resident's ability to perform certain activities of daily living and on certain other clinical factors. Payments are made for each case-mix category and are adjusted each year by an inflation index.

Other Payors

The Health Center has entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers. The basis for payment to the Health Center under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates.

Revenue from Medicare and Medicaid programs accounted for approximately 37 percent of the Health Center's net patient revenue for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change by a material amount in the near term. The December 31, 2017, net patient service revenue decreased approximately \$25,000, due

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

B. Net Patient and Resident Service Revenue

Other Payors (Continued)

to prior year retroactive adjustments in excess of amounts previously estimated as a result of final settlements and years that are no longer subject to audits, reviews, and investigations.

Patient and resident service revenue and contractual adjustments for the year ended December 31, 2017, are as follows:

Total patient service revenue	\$ 12,872,528
Contractual adjustments	
Medicare	\$ (2,013,705)
Medicaid	(1,569,407)
Other	(699,453)
Provision for bad debts	 (595,231)
Total contractual adjustments	\$ (4,877,796)
Net Patient and Resident Service Revenue	\$ 7,994,732

C. Noncurrent Cash and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Health Center's deposits may not be returned to it in full. The Health Center follows Minnesota statutes for deposits.

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the Health Center maintains deposits at financial institutions that are authorized by the Mahnomen Health Center's Commission members.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

C. Noncurrent Cash and Investments

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

Minnesota statutes require that all the Health Center's deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes certain U.S. government securities, state or local government obligations, and other securities authorized by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping by the Treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing collateral.

The Health Center's deposits in banks at December 31, 2017, were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Health Center's custodial bank in the Health Center's name.

Interest Rate Risk

The Health Center does not have an investment policy. There is no current provision the Health Center has that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Noncurrent cash and investments consist of certificates of deposit. The Health Center has no other investments as of December 31, 2017. All of the Health Center's deposits are insured or registered in the Health Center's name and held in safekeeping by the Treasurer or in a financial institution other than that furnishing collateral.

The Health Center does not hold any investments which meet the definition of Level 2 or Level 3 inputs.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u> (Continued)

D. Accounts Receivable

Patient and resident receivables reported as current assets by the Health Center at December 31, 2017, consist of these amounts:

Receivables from patients and their insurance carriers Receivables from Medicare Receivables from Medicaid	\$ 986,713 251,956 273,136
Total patient and resident receivables	\$ 1,511,805
Less: allowance for uncollectible amounts	 (319,000)
Total Patient and Resident Receivables, Net	\$ 1,192,805

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset additions, retirements, and balances for the year ended December 31, 2017, are as follows:

	Balance December 31, 2016		Additions		Retirements/ Transfers		Balance December 31, 2017	
Land	\$	44,229	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,229
Land improvements		307,897		-		-		307,897
Buildings		5,633,082		117,760		-		5,750,842
Movable equipment		5,104,213		-		-		5,104,213
Construction in progress		62,331		10,070				72,401
Totals at historical cost	\$	11,151,752	\$	127,830	\$	-	\$	11,279,582
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements	\$	167,086	\$	21,993	\$	-	\$	189,079
Buildings		3,482,093		218,683		-		3,700,776
Movable equipment		3,942,225		311,575	. <u> </u>	-		4,253,800
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	7,591,404	\$	552,251	\$	_	\$	8,143,655
Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,560,348	\$	(424,421)	\$	-	\$	3,135,927

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u> (Continued)

F. Long-Term Debt

The Health Center leases equipment under a noncancelable long-term lease agreement. The capitalized leased assets consist of:

Movable equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 486,385 (210,767)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 275,618

Long-term debt as of December 31, 2017, consists of the following:

	-	Balance cember 31, 2016	A	dditions	R	eductions	Balance cember 31, 2017
2007 gross revenue bond ¹ USDA ambulance loans Note payable ³ Capital lease obligations ² Total long-term debt	\$ \$	300,000 69,099 339,948 709,047	\$ \$	- 117,760 - 117,760	\$ \$	146,054 23,697 1,873 92,902 264,526	\$ 153,946 45,402 115,887 247,046 562,281
Less: current maturities							 (240,214)
Total Long-Term Debt, Net of Current Maturities							\$ 322,067

¹County of Mahnomen, Minnesota, Gross Revenue Hospital Facilities Bond, Series 2007, matures in February 2018. Bond bears interest rate coupon at 4.6 percent.

²The Health Center entered into a five-year capital lease through Mahnomen County during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012, for the purchase of an electric boiler, with an interest rate of 2.75 percent.

³The Health Center has a note payable with their power company for energy efficiency improvements. The Note carries an interest rate of 1.90 percent and is payable through November 2022.

The following is a maturity schedule of long-term debt and capital lease obligations as of December 31, 2017:

Year Ending		Long-Term Debt			Capital Lease Obligations				
December 31	Ι	Principal	Interest		Principal		Interest		
2018	\$	202,177	\$	6,667	\$	38,037	\$	11,489	
2019		42,740		1,911		39,983		9,542	
2020		24,904		1,130		42,028		7,497	
2021		24,033		674		44,178		5,347	
2022		21,381		214		82,820		3,849	
Total	\$	315,235	\$	10,596	\$	247,046	\$	37,724	

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u> (Continued)

G. Investment in Joint Venture

The Health Center and other hospitals (all of which are unrelated parties to the Health Center) formed a non-profit corporation known as Central Minnesota Diagnostic, Inc. (CMDI). CMDI was organized to provide certain agreed-upon shared services to those hospitals who are members of this corporation.

CMDI provides the equipment for CT scans for the Health Center's patients. The Health Center billed and collected the revenue for these services to patients and paid CMDI \$133,500 in 2017 for the use of the equipment. Accounts payable to CMDI for these services at December 31, 2017, amounted to \$9,434. At December 31, 2017, the Health Center owned 0.64 percent of CMDI.

Summarized financial information from the financial statements of CMDI at December 31, 2017, and for the year then ended, is presented below:

Total Assets	\$ 47,772,777
Total Liabilities Members' equity	\$ 12,711,718
Retained earnings	 35,061,059
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$ 47,772,777
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 39,270,033
Net Income	\$ 12,119,406

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Health Center participates in the following defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description (Continued)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the Health Center are covered by the General Employees Retirement Plan (GERP). GERP members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. The Basic Plan was closed to new members in 1967. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statue and can be modified by the state legislature.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. Members in plans that are at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years are given 2.5 percent increases. Members in plans that have not exceeded 90 percent funded, or have fallen below 80 percent, are given 1 percent increases.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. The annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Benefits Provided (Continued)

on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66. Disability benefits are available for vested members and are based upon years of service and average high-five salary.

Contributions

Minn. Stat. ch. 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

Basic Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in calendar year 2017, and the Health Center was required to contribute 7.5 percent of pay for Basic Plan members. The Health Center's contributions to the GERP for the plan's fiscal years ended December 31, 2017, 2016, and 2015, were \$229,543, \$219,384, and \$192,494, respectively. The Health Center's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Pension Costs

At December 31, 2017, the Health Center reported a liability of \$3,204,735, for its proportionate share of the GERP's net pension liability. The Health Center's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$6 million to the fund in 2017. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Health Center totaled \$40,287. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Health Center's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Health Center's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2017, the Health Center's proportionate share was 0.0502 percent, which was an increase of 0.0054 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

There were no benefit provision changes during the measurement period.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the Health Center recognized pension expense of \$374,774. This amount consisted of the Health Center's proportionate share of the GERP's pension expense, plus additional amortized net expenses associated with differences between estimated and actual experience of various actuarial assumptions associated with the plan.

At December 31, 2017, the Health Center reported its proportionate share of the GERP's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Ir	Deferred Iflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual				
economic experience	\$	105,618	\$	206,168
Changes of assumptions		532,056		321,276
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		138,594
Changes in proportion and differences between				2
the Health Center's contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions		246,945		217,139
Health Center's contributions subsequent to the		2.0,9.10		_1,,103
measurement date		121,244		_
nicular chiefit dave		121,211		
Total	\$	1,005,863	\$	883,177
	+	,,	*	

The \$121,244 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Health Center's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Pension Costs (Continued)

Years Ending December 31		
2018	\$	(92,906)
2019		208,756
2020		21,626
2021		(136,034)
Total	<u> </u> \$	1,442

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50 percent per year
Active member payroll growth	3.25 percent per year
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 tables for males and females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases for retirees are assumed to be 1.0 percent for the General Employees Retirement Plan through 2044.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Retirement Plan was completed in 2015.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2017:

• The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changes from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.50 percent. The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness of the long-term expected rate of return on a regular basis using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return			
Domestic stocks	39%	5.10%			
International stocks	19	5.30			
Bonds	20	0.75			
Alternative investments	20	5.90			
Cash	2	0.00			

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2017 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

H. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Health Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans in which it participates, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Health Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1.0 percentage point lower or 1.0 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.5%)		Di	scount Rate (7.5%)	 % Increase in iscount Rate (8.5%)
Health Center's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,970,782	\$	3,204,735	\$ 1,758,905

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

I. Leases

The Health Center leases certain space under a long-term lease agreement. The lease has been recorded as an operating lease. Total lease expense for the year ended December 31, 2017, was \$62,316. Minimum future lease payments for the long-term operating lease are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	P	rincipal
2018	\$	62,316
2019		51,930
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$	114,246

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u> (Continued)

J. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Health Center grants credit without collateral to its patients and residents, most of whom are insured under third-party agreements. The mix of receivables from third-party payors, patients, and residents at December 31, 2017, was as follows:

Medicare	22%
Blue Cross	7
Medicaid	24
Commercial insurance	12
Other third-party payors, patients, and residents	35
Total	

K. Management Service Agreement

The Health Center has a management service agreement with Sanford Health, a nonprofit corporation (Manager). The Manager has the full authority to implement and fulfill the decisions of the hospital board. Total management fee expense for the year ended December 31, 2017, was \$254,592. Accounts payable to Sanford Health for these services at December 31, 2017, amounted to \$1,133,163.

L. Electronic Health Record

The Electronic Health Record (EHR) incentive program was enacted as part of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) and the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act. These Acts provided for incentive payments under both the Medicare and Medicaid programs to eligible health care organizations that demonstrate meaningful use of certified EHR technology. The Medicare incentive payments for Critical Access Hospitals are made based on Medicare utilization and actual costs incurred to attain meaningful use and are contingent on the Health Center continuing to meet the escalating meaningful use criteria. For the first payment year, the Health Center must attest, subject to audit, that it met the meaningful use criteria for a continuous 90-day period. For the subsequent payment year, the Health Center must demonstrate meaningful use for the entire year. The incentive payments under Medicare for Critical Access Hospitals are made in one lump sum. The State of Minnesota Medicaid incentive payments follow the same initial meaningful use

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

L. <u>Electronic Health Record</u> (Continued)

requirements as the Medicare incentive, as well as certain Medicaid volume requirements. The Medicaid incentive payment is calculated using the Health Center's Medicaid volume applied to a base incentive amount. The Medicaid incentive is paid in three lump sums over the course of three years with 50 percent in year one, 40 percent in year two, and 10 percent in year three.

The Health Center demonstrated meaningful use for a continuous 90-day period during the year ended December 31, 2014. During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Health Center recorded \$117,000 related to the Medicare and Medicaid programs in the Statement of Activities. These incentives have been recognized when received.

M. Commitments and Contingencies

Malpractice Claims

The Health Center's malpractice insurance is a claims-made policy subject to a limit of \$1.0 million per claim and an annual aggregate limit of \$5.0 million. The Health Center also has an excess policy for \$1.0 million per occurrence and \$1.0 million in aggregate. Should these policies lapse and not be replaced with equivalent coverage, claims based upon occurrence during its term, but reported subsequent thereto, will be uninsured.

Litigation, Claims, and Other Disputes

The Health Center is subject to the usual contingencies in the normal course of operations relating to the performance of its tasks under its various programs. In the opinion of management, the ultimate settlement of litigation, claims, and disputes in process will not be material to the financial position of the Health Center.

7. <u>Mahnomen Health Center</u>

M. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

<u>Other</u>

In the normal course of business, there could be various outstanding contingent liabilities such as, but not limited to, the following:

- lawsuits alleging negligence in care,
- environmental pollution,
- violation of the regulatory body's rules and regulations, and
- violation of federal and/or state laws.

No contingent liabilities such as, but not limited to those described above, are reflected in the accompanying financial statements. No such liabilities have been asserted and, therefore, no estimate of loss, if any, is determinable. This page was left blank intentionally.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted .			ints	Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	2,772,474	\$	2,772,474	\$ 2,703,192	\$	(69,282)	
Licenses and permits		10,080		10,080	11,169		1,089	
Intergovernmental		2,028,805		2,028,805	2,202,228		173,423	
Charges for services		257,540		257,540	265,871		8,331	
Fines and forfeits		10,000		10,000	20,873		10,873	
Gifts and contributions		10,000		10,000	-		(10,000)	
Investment earnings		50,200		50,200	46,690		(3,510)	
Miscellaneous		81,178		81,178	 194,345		113,167	
Total Revenues	\$	5,220,277	\$	5,220,277	\$ 5,444,368	\$	224,091	
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Commissioners	\$	206,942	\$	206,942	\$ 189,793	\$	17,149	
Courts		62,630		62,630	42,725		19,905	
County auditor		272,655		272,655	270,333		2,322	
License bureau		91,303		91,303	88,925		2,378	
County treasurer		128,747		128,747	119,669		9,078	
County assessor		307,884		307,884	251,311		56,573	
Elections		3,975		3,975	4,020		(45)	
Accounting and auditing		55,000		55,000	53,879		1,121	
Data processing		175,970		175,970	132,402		43,568	
Attorney		512,773		512,773	465,702		47,071	
Contracted legal services		40,000		40,000	52,579		(12,579)	
Law library		13,520		13,520	4,902		8,618	
Recorder		125,830		125,830	116,435		9,395	
Planning and zoning		24,822		24,822	28,282		(3,460)	
Buildings and plant		274,688		274,688	239,869		34,819	
Veterans service officer		32,687		32,687	28,574		4,113	
Unallocated		262,004		262,004	 240,040		21,964	
Total general government	\$	2,591,430	\$	2,591,430	\$ 2,329,440	\$	261,990	

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgetee	d Amou	ints		Actual	Va	riance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Expenditures								
Current (Continued)								
Public safety								
Sheriff	\$	2,367,198	\$	2,367,198	\$	2,599,814	\$	(232,616
Boat and water safety		4,200		4,200		1,876		2,324
Emergency services		3,400		3,400		7,285		(3,885
Coroner		20,000		20,000		17,701		2,299
E-911 system		75,200		75,200		75,335		(135
Victim assistance		69,898		69,898		68,234		1,664
Probation and parole		162,074		162,074		147,041		15,033
County safety program		12,595		12,595		10,377		2,218
Snowmobile safety		27,962		27,962		20,316		7,646
Total public safety	\$	2,742,527	\$	2,742,527	\$	2,947,979	\$	(205,452
Health								
Nursing service	\$	77,918	\$	77,918	\$	77,918	\$	-
Health	*	870	*	870	*	361	*	509
Health Center		-		-		21,317		(21,317
Total health	\$	78,788	\$	78,788	\$	99,596	\$	(20,808
Culture and recreation								
County/regional library	\$	41,405	\$	41,405	\$	41,405	\$	-
Snowmobile trails		75,000		75,000		190,446	-	(115,446
Total culture and recreation	\$	116,405	\$	116,405	\$	231,851	\$	(115,446
Conservation of natural resources								
County extension	\$	103,344	\$	103,344	\$	102,305	\$	1,039
Soil and water conservation		56,951		56,951		56,989		(38
Agricultural inspections		9,775		9,775		8,472		1,303
Agricultural society/County fair		2,800		2,800		2,500		300
Predator control		150		150		12,601		(12,451
Water planning		17,133		17,133		17,133		-
Forfeited lands		-				12,302		(12,302
Total conservation of natural								
resources	\$	190,153	\$	190,153	\$	212,302	\$	(22,149

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Budgeted	l Amou	ints		Actual	Va	ariance with <u>"inal Budget</u> (3,125) (53,810) (56,935) (3,520) (572) (4,092) (162,892) 61,199 45,494 7,343 52,837	
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Expenditures Current (Continued) Economic development									
Housing authority	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,125	\$	(3.125)	
Airport	Ψ	65,371	Ψ	65,371	Ψ	119,181	Ψ		
Total economic development	\$	65,371	\$	65,371	\$	122,306	\$	(56,935)	
Debt service									
Principal	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,520	\$	(3,520)	
Interest				-		572		(572)	
Total debt service	\$		\$		\$	4,092	\$	(4,092)	
Total Expenditures	\$	5,784,674	\$	5,784,674	\$	5,947,566	\$	(162,892)	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(564,397)	\$	(564,397)	\$	(503,198)	\$	61,199	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,494	\$	45,494	
Capital lease purchase		-		-		7,343		7,343	
Total Other Financing Sources									
(Uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	52,837	\$	52,837	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(564,397)	\$	(564,397)	\$	(450,361)	\$	114,036	
Fund Balance - January 1		3,225,902		3,225,902		3,225,902			
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	2,661,505	\$	2,661,505	\$	2,775,541	\$	114,036	

EXHIBIT A-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amou	ints	Actual	Variance with		
	 Original		Final	 Amounts Final Budget			
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 575,000	\$	575,000	\$ 557,026	\$	(17,974)	
Intergovernmental	2,630,315		2,630,315	2,833,170		202,855	
Charges for services	70,000		70,000	74,404		4,404	
Miscellaneous	 -		-	 18,717		18,717	
Total Revenues	\$ 3,275,315	\$	3,275,315	\$ 3,483,317	\$	208,002	
Expenditures							
Current							
Highways and streets							
Administration	\$ 425,205	\$	425,205	\$ 273,373	\$	151,832	
Maintenance	1,070,495		1,070,495	1,080,868		(10,373)	
Construction	1,757,891		1,757,891	1,569,172		188,719	
Equipment maintenance and shop	375,749		375,749	304,875		70,874	
Materials and services for resale	 73,667		73,667	 43,863		29,804	
Total highways and streets	\$ 3,703,007	\$	3,703,007	\$ 3,272,151	\$	430,856	
Intergovernmental							
Highways and streets	 150,089		150,089	 149,000		1,089	
Total Expenditures	\$ 3,853,096	\$	3,853,096	\$ 3,421,151	\$	431,945	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (577,781)	\$	(577,781)	\$ 62,166	\$	639,947	
Fund Balance - January 1	1,079,222		1,079,222	1,079,222		-	
Increase (decrease) in inventories	 -		-	 9,570		9,570	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 501,441	\$	501,441	\$ 1,150,958	\$	649,517	

EXHIBIT A-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOCIAL SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amoı	ints	Actual	Variance with Final Budget \$ (25,151) (101,877) (13,563) (2,474)			
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget		
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 634,526	\$	634,526	\$ 609,375	\$	(25,151)		
Intergovernmental	2,022,643		2,022,643	1,920,766		(101,877)		
Charges for services	97,551		97,551	83,988		(13,563)		
Gifts and contributions	4,000		4,000	1,526		(2,474)		
Miscellaneous	 48,400		48,400	 153,482		105,082		
Total Revenues	\$ 2,807,120	\$	2,807,120	\$ 2,769,137	\$	(37,983)		
Expenditures								
Current								
Human services								
Income maintenance	\$ 1,047,163	\$	1,047,163	\$ 1,047,422	\$	(259)		
Social services	 1,909,957		1,909,957	 1,934,696		(24,739)		
Total Expenditures	\$ 2,957,120	\$	2,957,120	\$ 2,982,118	\$	(24,998)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (150,000)	\$	(150,000)	\$ (212,981)	\$	(62,981)		
Fund Balance - January 1	 336,139		336,139	 336,139		_		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 186,139	\$	186,139	\$ 123,158	\$	(62,981)		

EXHIBIT A-4

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS DECEMBER 31, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date	Va	tuarial lue of ssets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	1	Jnfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a)/c)
January 1, 2009 January 1, 2012 January 1, 2015	\$	- -	\$ 1,914,577 2,341,568 2,633,010	\$	1,914,577 2,341,568 2,633,010	0.0% 0.0 0.0	\$ 3,323,915 3,118,242 3,472,700	57.6% 75.1 75.8

EXHIBIT A-5

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pr S N	Employer's oportionate hare of the (et Pension Liability (Asset)	Pro Sh Ne I A with	State's oportionate lare of the et Pension Liability ssociated Mahnomen County	Pr S N L S	Employer's roportionate share of the Net Pension iability and the State's Related Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a + b)	Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/c)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
Date	(Asset)		(a)		(b)		(a + D)	 (c)	<u>(a/c)</u>	
2017	0.0489%	\$	3,121,744	\$	39,242	\$	3,160,986	\$ 3,147,972	99.17%	75.90%
2016	0.0458		3,718,732		48,570		3,767,302	2,762,528	134.61	68.91
2015	0.0474		2,456,514		N/A		2,456,514	2,788,456	88.10	78.19

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

N/A - Not Applicable

EXHIBIT A-6

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

Year Ending	ading (a) 2017 \$ 230,594		in S I	Actual ntributions Relation to tatutorily Required ntributions (b)	 ontribution Deficiency) Excess (b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2017	\$	230,594	\$	230,594	\$ -	\$ 3,074,576	7.50%
2016		218,524		218,524	-	2,913,649	7.50
2015		210,815		210,815	-	2,810,867	7.50

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

EXHIBIT A-7

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Pı S	Employer's coportionate hare of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	 Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2017	0.071%	\$	958,584	\$ 733,272	130.73%	85.43%
2016	0.067		2,688,827	642,431	418.54	63.88
2015	0.071		806,726	649,558	124.20	86.61

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

MAHNOMEN COUNTY MAHNOMEN, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT A-8

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES POLICE AND FIRE PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

Year Ending	I	tatutorily Required ntributions (a)	in S I	Actual ntributions Relation to tatutorily Required ntributions (b)	 ontribution Deficiency) Excess (b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)
2017	\$	120,463	\$	120,463	\$ -	\$ 743,597	16.20%
2016		106,760		106,760	-	659,004	16.20
2015		108,686		108,686	-	670,901	16.20

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

EXHIBIT A-9

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CORRECTIONAL PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)		Covered Payroll (b)		Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	
2017	0.150%	\$	427,502	\$	296,592	144.14%	67.89%	
2016	0.150		547,971		275,991	198.55	58.16	
2015	0.150		23,190		277,931	8.34	96.95	

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The measurement date for each year is June 30.

MAHNOMEN COUNTY MAHNOMEN, MINNESOTA

EXHIBIT A-10

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PERA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CORRECTIONAL PLAN DECEMBER 31, 2017

Year Ending			Con in F St R	Actual Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions (b)		Contribution (Deficiency) Excess (b - a)	 Covered Payroll (c)	Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)	
2017	\$	25,810	\$	25,810	\$	-	\$ 294,964	8.75%	
2016		25,104		25,104		-	286,908	8.75	
2015		24,302		24,302		-	277,737	8.75	

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. The County's year-end is December 31.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds, except the Hospital Reserve Special Revenue Fund, the Nursing Home Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund, and the Mahnomen Health Center Debt Service Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before mid-June of each year, all departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations to the County Auditor so that a budget can be prepared. Before October 31, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. During the year, the Board made no budgetary amendments.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

The following major funds had expenditures in excess of budget for the year ended December 31, 2017.

	Ez	xpenditures	F	inal Budget	 Excess	
General Fund Social Services Special Revenue Fund	\$	5,947,566 2,982,118	\$	5,784,674 2,957,120	\$ 162,892 24,998	

3. Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Status

The County implemented the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009. See Note 4.C. to the financial statements for more information.

3. <u>Other Postemployment Benefits Funding Status</u> (Continued)

GASB Statement 45 requires a Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Postemployment Benefits for the three most recent valuations and accompanying notes to describe factors that significantly affect the trends in the amounts reported.

4. Other Postemployement Benefits - Significant Actuarial Assumptions Changes

<u>2015</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases. This change caused a decrease in the liability.
- Mortality assumptions were updated to include the RP-2014 tables, including the generational improvement scale, to include future mortality improvement. This change caused an increase in the liability.
- The trend assumption used to project the post-retirement subsidy for law enforcement and all other County employees changed from no trend to half of the health care trend rates.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

General Employees Retirement Plan

<u>2017</u>

• The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members (30 percent for deferred Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund members). The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

General Employees Retirement Plan

<u>2017</u> (Continued)

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund plan provisions change the employer supplemental contribution to \$21,000,000 in calendar years 2017 and 2018 and returns to \$31,000,000 through calendar year 2031. The state's required contribution is \$16,000,000 in PERA's fiscal years 2018 and 2019 and returns to \$6,000,000 annually through calendar year 2031.

<u>2016</u>

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was also changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 to 2.50 percent.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

2017

- The assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016, experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates.
- The assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

<u>2017</u> (Continued)

- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2.0 percent for non-vested members.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality table assumed for healthy retirees.
- The assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall.
- The assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent.
- The assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females.
- The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent thereafter.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (Continued)

2016

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2037 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent for all future years.
- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.60 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

Public Employees Correctional Plan

<u>2017</u>

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016 and is applied to healthy and disabled members. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table (with future mortality improvement according to Scale MP-2016).
- The CSA load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 35 percent for vested members and 1.0 percent for non-vested members.
- The single discount rate was changed from 5.31 percent per annum to 5.96 percent per annum.

5. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Changes in Significant Plan Provisions, Actuarial Methods,</u> <u>and Assumptions</u>

Public Employees Correctional Plan (Continued)

2016

- The assumed investment rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 5.31 percent.
- The assumed payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent. Payroll growth was reduced from 3.50 percent to 3.25 percent. Inflation was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The <u>Solid Waste Fund</u> accounts for the County's share of operations of the Fosston incinerator and for costs of the Sanitation Department and the demolition site. Financing is provided by special assessments levied against benefiting users.

The <u>Ditch Fund</u> accounts for the financial transactions of the County drainage systems. Financing is provided by special assessments levied against benefited property owners.

The <u>Hospital Reserve Fund</u> accounts for tax revenues collected and accumulated to fund future needs related to the Mahnomen Health Center.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The <u>Nursing Home Revenue Bonds Fund</u> accounts for the retirement of general obligation bonds issued for the nursing home construction project. The bonds will be retired from net revenues and an annual ad valorem tax levied by the County. The fund also accounts for the receipt and use of the proceeds of these bonds.

The <u>Mahnomen Health Center Bonds Fund</u> accounts for the retirement of gross revenue hospital facilities bonds issued for the Mahnomen Health Center construction project.

EXHIBIT B-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

		Special Revenue xhibit B-3)	Ce	oomen Health nter Bonds ebt Service	Total (Exhibit 3)	
Assets						
Current assets	•		•		•	
Cash and pooled investments	\$	631,162	\$	115,435	\$	746,597
Undistributed cash in agency funds		9,872 21		-		9,872 21
Taxes receivable delinquent Special assessments receivable		21		-		21
Delinquent		11,048		_		11,048
Noncurrent		33,000				33,000
Accounts receivable		17,607		40,532		58,139
Accrued interest receivable		-		15		15
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	702,710	\$	155,982	\$	858,692
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u>						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	14,790	\$	-	\$	14,790
Salaries payable		1,954		-		1,954
Due to other funds		142		-		142
Due to other governments		12,127		-		12,127
Total Liabilities	\$	29,013	\$		\$	29,013
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue	\$	57,164	\$	-	\$	57,164
Fund Balances						
Restricted for						
Debt service	\$	-	\$	155,982	\$	155,982
SCORE Ditch maintenance and construction		69,440		-		69,440
Ditch maintenance and construction Assigned to		278,620		-		278,620
Solid waste		235,182		-		235,182
Hospital reserve		33,291		-		33,291
Total Fund Balances	\$	616,533	\$	155,982	\$	772,515
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			^		^	0.50 (0.5
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	702,710	\$	155,982	\$	858,692

EXHIBIT B-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

]	Special Revenue khibit B-4)	Debt Service xhibit B-5)	Total (Exhibit 5)		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	-	\$ 322	\$	322	
Special assessments		51,963	-		51,963	
Intergovernmental		72,767	162,130		234,897	
Charges for services		200,778	-		200,778	
Investment earnings		-	188		188	
Miscellaneous		7,731	 -		7,731	
Total Revenues	\$	333,239	\$ 162,640	\$	495,879	
Expenditures						
Current						
Sanitation	\$	265,046	\$ -	\$	265,046	
Health		-	-		-	
Conservation of natural resources		42,909	-		42,909	
Debt service						
Principal		-	145,000		145,000	
Interest		-	 10,465		10,465	
Total Expenditures	\$	307,955	\$ 155,465	\$	463,420	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$	25,284	\$ 7,175	\$	32,459	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		-	 (45,494)		(45,494)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	25,284	\$ (38,319)	\$	(13,035)	
Fund Balance - January 1		591,249	 194,301		785,550	
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	616,533	\$ 155,982	\$	772,515	

EXHIBIT B-3

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Solid Waste	 Ditch	Hospital Reserve	(E)	Total xhibit B-1)
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Undistributed cash in agency funds Taxes receivable delinquent Special assessments receivable	\$ 318,669 9,305	\$ 279,202 567	\$ 33,291 - 21	\$	631,162 9,872 21
Delinquent Noncurrent Accounts receivable		11,048 33,000	- -		11,048 33,000 17,607
Total Assets	\$ 345,581	\$ 323,817	\$ 33,312	\$	702,710
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u>					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 13,741 1,954 - 12,127	\$ 1,049 - 142 -	\$ -	\$	14,790 1,954 142 12,127
Total Liabilities	\$ 27,822	\$ 1,191	\$ _	\$	29,013
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue	\$ 13,137	\$ 44,006	\$ 21	\$	57,164
Fund Balances Restricted for SCORE Ditch maintenance and construction	\$ 69,440 -	\$ 278,620	\$ - -	\$	69,440 278,620
Assigned to Solid waste Hospital reserve	 235,182	 -	 33,291		235,182 33,291
Total Fund Balances	\$ 304,622	\$ 278,620	\$ 33,291	\$	616,533
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 345,581	\$ 323,817	\$ 33,312	\$	702,710

EXHIBIT B-4

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	SolidHospitalWasteDitchReserve		1	Total (Exhibit B-2)			
Revenues							
Special assessments	\$	13,311	\$ 38,652	\$	-	\$	51,963
Intergovernmental		71,365	1,402		-		72,767
Charges for services		200,778	-		-		200,778
Miscellaneous		1,131	 6,600		-		7,731
Total Revenues	\$	286,585	\$ 46,654	\$		\$	333,239
Expenditures							
Current							
Sanitation	\$	265,046	\$ -	\$	-	\$	265,046
Conservation of natural resources		-	 42,909		-		42,909
Total Expenditures	\$	265,046	\$ 42,909	\$		\$	307,955
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	21,539	\$ 3,745	\$	-	\$	25,284
Fund Balance - January 1		283,083	 274,875		33,291		591,249
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	304,622	\$ 278,620	\$	33,291	\$	616,533

EXHIBIT B-5

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		sing Home enue Bonds		lahnomen Health nter Bonds	Total (Exhibit B-2)	
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	322	\$	-	\$	322
Intergovernmental Investment earnings		-		162,130 188		162,130 188
Total Revenues	\$	322	\$	162,318	\$	162,640
Expenditures						
Debt service	\$		\$	145 000	\$	145 000
Principal Interest	Ф	-	Ф	145,000 10,465	Ф	145,000 10,465
						,
Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$	155,465	\$	155,465
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	322	\$	6,853	\$	7,175
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		(45,494)		-		(45,494)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(45,172)	\$	6,853	\$	(38,319)
Fund Balance - January 1		45,172		149,129		194,301
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	_	\$	155,982	\$	155,982

EXHIBIT B-6

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOLID WASTE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Special assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,311	\$	13,311
Intergovernmental		70,429		70,429		71,365		936
Charges for services		192,000		192,000		200,778		8,778
Miscellaneous		100		100		1,131		1,031
Total Revenues	\$	262,529	\$	262,529	\$	286,585	\$	24,056
Expenditures Current Sanitation								
Solid waste		230,735		230,735		265,046		(34,311)
		200,700		200,700		200,010		(0.,011)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	31,794	\$	31,794	\$	21,539	\$	(10,255)
Fund Balance - January 1		283,083		283,083		283,083		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	314,877	\$	314,877	\$	304,622	\$	(10,255)

EXHIBIT B-7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	 Budgeted Amounts			Actual	Variance with	
	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues						
Special assessments	\$ 33,000	\$	33,000	\$ 38,652	\$	5,652
Intergovernmental	-		-	1,402		1,402
Miscellaneous	 -		-	6,600		6,600
Total Revenues	\$ 33,000	\$	33,000	\$ 46,654	\$	13,654
Expenditures						
Current						
Conservation of natural resources						
Drainage ditches	 40,500		40,500	 42,909		(2,409)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (7,500)	\$	(7,500)	\$ 3,745	\$	11,245
Fund Balance - January 1	 274,875		274,875	 274,875		-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 267,375	\$	267,375	\$ 278,620	\$	11,245

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

The <u>Headwaters Commission Fund</u> accounts for the collection and payment of taxes due to the Headwaters Regional Development Commission.

The <u>School Districts Fund</u> accounts for the collection and payment of funds due to school districts.

The <u>State Revenue Fund</u> accounts for the state's share of fines, delinquent and severed mineral tax, assurance, and mortgage registry tax.

The <u>Taxes and Penalties Fund</u> accounts for the collection of taxes and penalties and their payment to the various taxing districts.

The <u>Townships and Cities Fund</u> accounts for the collection and payment of funds due to towns and cities.

The <u>Watershed Fund</u> accounts for the collection and payment of funds due to the watershed districts.

The <u>Advanced Life Support Fund</u> accounts for the collection and payment of funds due to the Mahnomen Health Center for ambulance services.

The <u>Cafeteria Plan Fund</u> accounts for the payroll deductions and disbursements of a County-administered cafeteria plan.

EXHIBIT C-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31
HEADWATERS COMMISSION				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	\$ 18,418	\$ 18,418	<u>\$</u> -
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other governments	<u>\$</u>	\$ 18,418	\$ 18,418	<u>\$</u> -
SCHOOL DISTRICTS				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,306,850	\$ 1,306,850	<u>\$</u> -
Liabilities				
Due to other governments	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,306,850	\$ 1,306,850	<u>\$</u>
STATE REVENUE				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 1,664	\$ 446,606	\$ 445,563	\$ 2,707
Liabilities				
Due to other governments	\$ 1,664	\$ 446,606	\$ 445,563	\$ 2,707

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31
TAXES AND PENALTIES				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 109,430	\$ 7,353,020	\$ 7,306,401	\$ 156,049
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other governments	<u>\$ 109,430</u>	\$ 7,353,020	\$ 7,306,401	\$ 156,049
TOWNSHIPS AND CITIES				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,017,899	\$ 1,017,899	\$
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other governments	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 1,017,899</u>	<u>\$ 1,017,899</u>	<u>\$</u>
WATERSHED				
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ -	\$ 281,723	\$ 281,723	<u>\$</u>
cash and pooled investments	φ - 	φ 201,723	φ 201,723	Ψ -
Liabilities				
Due to other governments	<u>\$</u>	\$ 281,723	\$ 281,723	<u>\$</u>

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31	
ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$</u>	\$ 53,296	\$ 53,296	<u>\$</u> -	
Liabilities					
Due to other governments	<u>\$ </u>	\$ 53,296	\$ 53,296	<u>\$</u>	
<u>CAFETERIA PLAN</u>					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 6,191	<u>\$ 21,406</u>	\$ 24,994	\$ 2,603	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 6,191	\$ 21,406	<u>\$ 24,994</u>	\$ 2,603	
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 117,285	\$ 10,499,218	\$ 10,455,144	\$ 161,359	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 117,285	\$ 10,499,218	\$ 10,455,144	\$ 161,359	

OTHER SCHEDULES

EXHIBIT D-1

SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	Number	Interest Rate (%)	Maturity Dates	1	Fair Value
Cash and Pooled Investments Cash on hand	N/A	N/A	N/A	\$	1,700
Interest-bearing checking	Six	0.05 to 0.90	Continuous		1,323,282
Passbook savings	One	0.10	Continuous		55,150
Certificates of deposit	Three	0.25 to 0.80	February 28, 2018 to October 13, 2018		91,961
Money market savings	Three	0.25 to 0.50	Continuous		1,328,330
Negotiable certificates of deposit	Twelve	1.10 to 2.35	February 20, 2018 to August 24, 2021		2,371,824
Federal National Mortgage Association	One	1.10	March 13, 2018		99,944
Total Cash and Pooled Investments				\$	5,272,191

EXHIBIT D-2

BALANCE SHEET BY DITCH DITCH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND DECEMBER 31, 2017

	C	ounty Ditch No. 3		Joint Ditch No. 55		County Ditch No. 91-91A		Total
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Undistributed cash in agency funds Special assessments receivable	\$	14,229 142	\$	139,374	\$	125,599 425	\$	279,202 567
Delinquent		41		-		11,007		11,048
Noncurrent		3,000		-		30,000		33,000
Total Assets	\$	17,412	\$	139,374	\$	167,031	\$	323,817
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$ \$	136 - 136	\$ 	189 - 189	\$ \$	724 142 866	\$ 	1,049 142 1,191
	Ψ	100	Ψ	107	Φ	000	Ψ	1,171
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue		3,003		-		41,003		44,006
Fund Balance Restricted								
Ditch maintenance and construction		14,273		139,185		125,162		278,620
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	17,412	\$	139,374	\$	167,031	\$	323,817

EXHIBIT D-3

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Appropriations and Shared Revenue		
State Highway users tax	\$	2 720 122
County program aid	ð	2,739,122 608,811
PERA rate reimbursement		10,235
Disparity reduction aid		63,937 26,570
Aquatic invasive species aid Police aid		26,579
		104,966
Riparian aid Market value credit		60,902
		107,779
Indian casino aid		132,007
Property tax reimbursement - casino		900,000
Total appropriations and shared revenue	<u> </u>	4,754,338
Reimbursement for Services		
State		
Minnesota Department of Human Services	\$	426,398
Payments		
Local		
Other contributions	\$	167,972
Local contributions		2,654
Payments in lieu of taxes		115,339
Total payments	\$	285,965
Grants		
State		
Minnesota Department/Board of		
Human Services	\$	399,319
Veterans Affairs		11,906
Public Safety		75,293
Corrections		12,630
Natural Resources		78,094
Water and Soil Resources		50,783
Transportation		19,701
Peace Officer Standards and Training Board		4,451
Pollution Control Agency		68,711
Total state	\$	720,888

EXHIBIT D-3 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Grants (Continued)		
Federal		
Department of		
Agriculture	\$	91,363
Interior		8,890
Justice		2,000
Transportation		125,698
Health and Human Services		765,363
Homeland Security		10,158
Total federal	\$	1,003,472
Total state and federal grants	\$	1,724,360
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	<u>\$</u>	7,191,061

EXHIBIT D-4

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Number	Expenditures		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services SNAP Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	172MN101S2514	\$	120,117	<u>\$</u>	
U.S. Department of Interior						
Direct Grant						
National Wildlife Refuge Fund	15.659		\$	8,890	\$	-
U.S. Department of Justice						
Direct Grant						
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607		\$	2,000	\$	-
U.S. Department of Transportation						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation						
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	1029273	\$	43,662	\$	-
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources Highway Planning and Construction Cluster						
Recreational Trails Program	20.219	0007-15-1A		75,000		75,000
6						
Passed Through White Earth Tribal Council						
Highway Safety Cluster	20 (00	Not Durani da d		(025		
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Not Provided		6,935		-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			\$	125,597	\$	75,000
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services						
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services						
Promoting Safe and Stable Families TANF Cluster	93.556	G-1601MNFPSS	\$	812	\$	-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	1601MNTANF		110,371		-
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	1704MNCSES		132,480		-
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered						
Programs	93.566	1701MNRCMA		276		-
CCDF Cluster						
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	G1701MNCCDF		1,249		-
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants	93.590	G-1502MNFRPG		1,999		-
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	G-1601MNCWSS		2,084		-
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1701MNFOST		74,380		-
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	G-1701MNSOSR		63,988		-
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	G-1601MNCILP		3,944		-
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	05-1705MN0301		147		-
Medicaid Cluster	02 779			409 221		
Medical Assistance Program Medical Assistance Program	93.778 93.778	05-1705MN5ADM		408,331		-
(Total Medical Assistance Program 93.778 \$409,341)	y3.//ð	05-1705MN5MAP	·	1,010		-
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$	801,071	\$	

The notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this schedule.

EXHIBIT D-4 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grant Number	Expenditures		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety						
		F-EMPG-2017-				
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	MAHNOMCO-2522	\$	10,158	\$	
Total Federal Awards			\$	1,067,833	\$	75,000
Totals by Cluster						
Total expenditures for SNAP Cluster			\$	120,117		
Total expenditures for Highway Planning and Construction Clus	ster			75,000		
Total expenditures for Highway Safety Cluster				6,935		
Total expenditures for TANF Cluster				110,371		
Total expenditures for CCDF Cluster				1,249		
Total expenditures for Medicaid Cluster				409,341		

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Mahnomen County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Mahnomen County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2017. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Mahnomen County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Mahnomen County.

3. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Mahnomen County has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

4. <u>Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue</u>

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 1,003,472
Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, unavailable in 2017	
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition	28,754
Assistance Program (CFDA No. 10.561)	
Airport Improvement Program (CFDA No. 20.106)	52,603
Promoting Safe and Stable Families (CFDA No. 93.556)	37
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (CFDA No. 93.558)	33,592
Child Support Enforcement (CFDA No. 93.563)	25,884
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants (CFDA No. 93.590)	744
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program (CFDA No. 93.645)	1,506
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program (CFDA No. 93.674)	489
Grants unavailable in 2016, recognized as revenue in 2017	
Airport Improvement Program (CFDA No. 20.106)	(52,704)
Promoting Safe and Stable Families (CFDA No. 93.556)	(214)
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (CFDA No. 93.558)	(25,859)
Child Care and Development Block Grant (CFDA No. 93.575)	(13)
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program (CFDA No. 93.645)	(141)
Foster Care Title IV-E (CFDA No. 93.658)	 (317)
Expenditures Per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 1,067,833

Management and Compliance Section



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Mahnomen County Mahnomen, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mahnomen County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 6, 2018. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Mahnomen Health Center, a discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Mahnomen County's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial control over financial reporting.

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A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 1996-004, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mahnomen County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of the County's financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because Mahnomen County has no tax increment financing.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Mahnomen County failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Mahnomen County's Response to Findings

Mahnomen County's response to the internal control finding identified in our audit is described in the Corrective Action Plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Counties* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 6, 2018



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Mahnomen County Mahnomen, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mahnomen County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. Mahnomen County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Mahnomen County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred.

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An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Mahnomen County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Mahnomen County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2017-001 and 2017-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Mahnomen County's responses to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. Mahnomen County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Mahnomen County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on

a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2017-001 and 2017-002, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Mahnomen County's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Corrective Action Plan. Mahnomen County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 6, 2018

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MAHNOMEN COUNTY MAHNOMEN, MINNESOTA

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? No
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes

The major programs are:

Social Services Block Grant	CFDA No. 93.667
Medicaid Cluster	CFDA No. 93.778

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$750,000.

Mahnomen County qualified as a low-risk auditee? No

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

Finding Number 1996-004

Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. Adequate segregation of duties is a key internal control in preventing and detecting errors or irregularities. To protect County assets, proper segregation of the record keeping, custody, and authorization functions should be in place, and where management decides segregation of duties may not be cost effective, compensating controls should be in place.

Condition: Due to the limited number of personnel within several Mahnomen County offices, segregation of accounting duties necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. The smaller fee offices generally have one staff person who is responsible for billing, collecting, recording, and depositing receipts as well as reconciling bank accounts.

Context: This is not unusual in operations the size of Mahnomen County; however, the County's management should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an internal control point of view. The bank reconciliations are now being done for two of the departments, the License Bureau and the Sheriff's office, in the Auditor's office.

Effect: Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the County's ability to detect misstatements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Cause: The County informed us that the individual departments collecting fees have direct knowledge of the services provided, making it more efficient for the department providing the service to collect the fees, periodically remitting those fees to the County Treasurer with the proper coding for posting to the County's general ledger. The County stated that the department heads are aware that employees collecting those fees and recording those fees have incompatible duties and that they monitor the operations of their respective offices to ensure collections are properly receipted and periodically remitted to the County Treasurer.

Recommendation: We recommend Mahnomen County's elected officials and management be mindful that limited staffing increases the risks in safeguarding the County's assets and the proper recording of its financial activity and, where possible, implement oversight procedures to ensure that internal control policies and procedures are being followed by staff.

View of Responsible Official: Concur

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

ITEMS ARISING THIS YEAR

Finding Number 2017-001

Eligibility - Intake Function

Program: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Medicaid Cluster (CFDA No. 93.778), Award No. 05-1705MN5ADM, 2017

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Human Services

Criteria: Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 200.303 states that the auditee must establish and maintain effective internal control over the federal award that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing the award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award.

Condition: The Minnesota Department of Human Services maintains the computer system, MAXIS, which is used by the County to support the eligibility determination process. While periodic supervisory case reviews are performed to monitor compliance with grant requirements for eligibility, not all documentation was available, updated, or input correctly to support participant eligibility. Testing of the Medical Assistance (MA) Program case files identified the following exceptions in the sample of 25 cases tested:

- For two case files, the vehicle listed in the MAXIS system did not match the vehicle listed in the case file. It is unclear if the clients have two vehicles, which would require verification of valuation, or if MAXIS was not updated to reflect a change in vehicle for each of the cases.
- For one case file, the current application listed a boat that was not listed in the MAXIS system. Documentation of verification of valuation from outside sources was not on file.

- For one case file, there were three vehicles listed in MAXIS; however, the case file listed only one vehicle, which did not match any of the vehicles listed in MAXIS. Documentation of verification of valuation was not on file for any of the vehicles.
- For one case file, MAXIS and the case file listed two vehicles; however, there was no documentation of valuation from outside sources.
- For one case file, the valuation of a vehicle listed in MAXIS did not match the valuation verified for the vehicle listed in the case file. Additionally, MAXIS included the valuation for three bank accounts. For two of the accounts, the valuation in MAXIS did not agree with the documentation of valuation from outside sources. A valuation from outside sources for the third account could not be located.

Questioned Costs: Not applicable. The County administers the program, but benefits to participants in this program are paid by the State of Minnesota.

Context: The State of Minnesota contracts with the County to perform the "intake function" (meeting with the social services client to determine income and categorical eligibility), while the Minnesota Department of Human Services maintains MAXIS, which supports the eligibility determination process and actually pays the benefits to the participants.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, *Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits*.

Effect: The improper input of information into MAXIS increases the risk that participants will receive benefits when they are not eligible.

Cause: County program personnel entering case information into MAXIS did not ensure all required information was verified as required.

Recommendation: We recommend the County implement additional procedures to provide reasonable assurance that all necessary documentation to support eligibility determinations is properly obtained and input into MAXIS and issues are followed up in a timely manner. In addition, consideration should be given to providing further training to program personnel.

View of Responsible Official: Concur

Finding Number 2017-002

Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment

Program: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services' Medicaid Cluster (CFDA No. 93.778), Award No. 05-1705MN5ADM, 2017

Pass-Through Agency: Minnesota Department of Human Services

Criteria: Federal requirements prohibit non-federal entities from contracting with or making subawards under covered transactions to parties that are suspended or debarred. Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* § 180.300 describes a required verification process. Prior to entering into the transaction, one of the following must be performed: (1) checking SAM exclusions, (2) collecting a certification, or (3) adding a clause or condition to the covered transaction.

Condition: For two procurement transactions over \$25,000, there was no verification performed by the County to determine whether vendors were debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded.

Questioned Costs: None

Context: Two of six procurement transactions over \$25,000 were tested for compliance with federal regulations.

The sample size was based on guidance from chapter 11 of the AICPA Audit Guide, *Government Auditing Standards and Single Audits*.

Effect: The County is not in compliance with federal regulations.

Cause: The County was unaware of these requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend the County verify vendors are not debarred or suspended or that other exclusions apply. Evidence of the review should be maintained on file.

View of Responsible Official: Concur

IV. PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS RESOLVED

2010-002 Departmental Control Procedures2016-001 Audit Adjustment2016-002 Income Maintenance DHS-2550 Reporting

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Mahnomen County Auditor Frank Thompson Phone: 218.935.5669

REPRESENTATION OF MAHNOMEN COUNTY MAHNOMEN, MINNESOTA

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Finding Number: 1996-004 Finding Title: Segregation of Duties

Name of Contact Persons Responsible for Corrective Action:

Auditor's Office - Frank Thompson/Randy Waller Social Services - Julie Hanson/Janell Soyring

Corrective Action Planned:

Auditor's Office - The County will be researching the process of spot checking the collections of fees through the various applicable departments to look for any irregularities.

Social Services - Due to small employee pool, it is necessary to have cross authorization permissions in order to complete work in a timely manner. Social Services Director and Fiscal officer are aware of the issue and make every effort to segregate duties when possible and monitor duties when segregation is not possible.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Auditor's Office - ongoing Social Services - September 6, 2018 and ongoing

Finding Number: 2017-001 Finding Title: Eligibility - Intake Function Program: Medicaid Cluster (CFDA No. 93.778)

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Julie Hanson/Shelly Brunner

Corrective Action Planned:

Financial Services Supervisor will review current policy to insure correct information is entered into the system that matches the case file with Eligibility workers. Financial Services Supervisor will remind Eligibility workers to update information as it changes.

Anticipated Completion Date:

Review of policy will occur on September 18th and other reviews will be ongoing.

Finding Number: 2017-002 Finding Title: Procurement, Suspension, and Debarment Program: Medicaid Cluster (CFDA No. 93.778)

Name of Contact Person Responsible for Corrective Action:

Julie Hanson/Janell Soyring

Corrective Action Planned:

Social Services will coordinate with Auditor's office to obtain access to information for procurement, suspension and debarment. Social Services will initiate access to available online information for suspension and debarment and review vendor information ongoing.

Anticipated Completion Date:

October 1, 2018 and ongoing



Mahnomen County Auditor Frank Thompson Phone: 218.935.5669

REPRESENTATION OF MAHNOMEN COUNTY MAHNOMEN, MINNESOTA

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Finding Number: 1996-004 Finding Title: Segregation of Duties

Summary of Condition: Due to the limited number of personnel within several Mahnomen County offices, segregation of accounting duties necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. The smaller fee offices generally have one staff person who is responsible for billing, collecting, recording, and depositing receipts as well as reconciling bank accounts.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The County will be researching the process of spot checking the collections of fees through the various applicable departments to look for any irregularities.

Status: Not Corrected. Due to lack of resources.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported?YesNoX

Finding Number: 2010-002 Finding Title: Departmental Control Procedures

Summary of Condition: Bank reconciliations are not maintained current for the Sheriff's Department and the Sheriff's Department does not maintain a detailed listing or perform a periodic inventory of the items held in the evidence room.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: Checkbook is currently balanced with the assistance of Randy in the Auditor's Office. The checkbook balance will be kept current and all extra monies that have been in the checkbook for years will be turned over to the County Auditor/Treasurer. In 2017 the Sheriff's Office implemented new Zuerrcher Software which includes tracking evidence. The previous years we had TAC10, which we are no longer using. Evidence that is still in there we have a written log; as the cases are concluded the evidence will be returned or destroyed.

Status: Fully Corrected. Corrective action was taken.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported? Yes $___$ No $__X$

Finding Number: 2016-001 Finding Title: Audit Adjustment

Summary of Condition: A material adjustment was identified by auditors that resulted in a significant change to the County's financial statements. The adjustment of \$106,002 in the Forfeited Tax Sale Special Revenue Fund was made to reduce payables - due to other funds and transfers out to other funds by \$74,202 and reduce payables - due to other governments and tax apportionments by \$31,800.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: The audit adjustment matter has been rectified and should not reoccur.

 Status:
 Fully Corrected. Corrective action was taken.

 Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported?

 Yes
 No

Finding Number: 2016-002

Finding Title: Income Maintenance DHS-2550 Reporting

Program: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (CFDA No. 10.561), and Medical Assistance Program (CFDA No. 93.778)

Summary of Condition: Four employees were identified as participants in the Income Maintenance Random Moment Study (IMRMS) who were not reported in Section A of the quarterly Income Maintenance DHS-2550 reports during 2016. Three of these employees were identified as participants in the random moment study by the IMRMS Coordinator for all of 2016, and the fourth was identified as a participant in the random moment study by the IMRMS Coordinator for the last two quarters of 2016.

Summary of Corrective Action Previously Reported: MN DHS will be contacted to clarify the appropriate rule, discuss resolution of this item and request assistance to make corrections if they are necessary.

Status: Fully Corrected. Corrective action was taken.

Was corrective action taken significantly different than the action previously reported?

Yes No X