STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

COOK COUNTY GRAND MARAIS, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 150 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 700 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2014



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



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ORGANIZATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Term Expires
Elected Commissioners		
District 1	Janice Hall*	January 2015
District 1 District 2	Garry Gamble	January 2015 January 2017
District 2 District 3	Sue Hakes	January 2017 January 2015
District 5 District 4	Heidi Doo-Kirk	January 2017
District 4 District 5	Bruce Martinson	January 2017 January 2015
District 3	Bruce Martinson	January 2013
Officers		
Elected		
Attorney	Molly Hicken	January 2015
Auditor/Treasurer	Braidy Powers	January 2015
Recorder/Registrar of Titles	Dusty Nelms	January 2015
Sheriff	Pat Eliason	January 2015
Court Judge	Mike Cuzzo	January 2017
Appointed		
Assessor/Land Commissioner	Betty Schultz	January 2017
Court Administrator	Diane Herrick-Schmidt	Indefinite
Highway Engineer	David Betts	May 2015
Veteran Services Officer	Pat Strand	Indefinite
Human Services Board		
Chair	Sue Hakes	January 2015
Vice Chair	Carla LaPointe	January 2015
Member	Janice Hall	January 2015
Member	Garry Gamble	January 2017
Member	Jerry Lilja	January 2015
Member	Bruce Martinson	January 2015
Member	Heidi Doo Kirk	January 2017
Director	Sue Futterer	Indefinite

^{*}Chair







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Cook County Grand Marais, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cook County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to

design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cook County as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Cook County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and other information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to

prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Tax Capacity, Tax Rates, and Percentage of Collections schedule, included in the report as other information, has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 16, 2015, on our consideration of Cook County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Cook County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the SEFA is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 16, 2015







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2014 (Unaudited)

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of Cook County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. Since this information is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Governmental activities' total net position is \$74,083,147, of which \$52,882,313 is the net investment in capital assets, and \$8,580,777 is restricted to specific purposes; \$12,620,057 remains as unrestricted net position available to help ensure fiscal strength in the face of uncertainty in the continuing level of support by state and federal governments.
- The Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority (EDA) is shown as a "Discretely Presented Component Unit." The EDA has a total net position of \$5,503,734, of which \$5,545,525 is net investment in capital assets. The majority of these amounts are for Superior National Golf Course in Lutsen and the Cedar Grove Business Park in Grand Marais.
- Cook County's net position decreased by \$182,366 for the year ended December 31, 2014, indicating that funds were used to pay for unbudgeted expenses. Total net position of the County's discretely presented component unit (EDA) increased by \$20,904. Unrestricted net position for the EDA improved from a negative \$141,501 in 2013 to a negative \$41,791 in 2014. The improvement is mainly due to an increase in investment in capital assets from one percent Local Option Sales Tax.
- The net cost of governmental activities was \$9,350,221 for the current fiscal year. Net cost is the amount by which the cost of services had to be paid by taxes or other unrestricted funds. General revenues of \$9,167,855 just fell short of covering the net cost, resulting in the \$182,366 decrease in net position referred to above.
- Governmental funds' fund balances decreased \$825,194 in 2014: \$22,342,611 to \$21,517,417. The change was due primarily to Local Option Sales Tax expenditures for projects authorized in the one percent legislation.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three parts: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The MD&A (this section) and certain budgetary comparison schedules are required to accompany the basic financial statements and, therefore, are included as required supplementary information.

There are two government-wide financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's finances. Fund financial statements report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements--The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps the reader determine whether the County's financial condition has improved or declined as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the County's net position and changes in them. You can think of the County's net position--the difference between assets and liabilities--as one way to measure the County's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of County roads, to assess the overall health of the County.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the County into two kinds of activities:

• Governmental activities--Most of the County's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, human services, health, culture and recreation, conservation of natural resources, and economic development. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

(Unaudited)

• Component unit--This is the Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority (EDA), whose major activities are to oversee operation and management of Superior National Golf Course in Lutsen, to develop the Cedar Grove Business Park, and to manage a Housing Rehabilitation Program. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the County is financially accountable for it.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in Exhibits 1 and 2.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the County as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the County Board establishes some funds to help it control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

• Governmental funds--Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting. This method measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation in a statement following each governmental fund financial statement.

The basic financial statements for governmental funds can be found in Exhibits 3 through 6.

• **Fiduciary funds**--The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, over assets, which can be used only for the trust beneficiaries, based on the trust arrangement. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these activities from the County's other financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The financial statement for fiduciary funds can be found as Exhibit 7.

The County as a Whole

Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the County's governmental and component unit activities.

Table 1 Net Position

	Govern	nmental Activities	Component Unit Activities			
	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 25,337,44 73,072,04	. , ,	\$ 1,542,959 5,545,525	\$ 515,937 5,620,925		
Total Assets	\$ 98,409,48	\$ 97,661,873	\$ 7,088,484	\$ 6,136,862		
Liabilities Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities	\$ 22,946,49 1,379,84		\$ - 1,584,750	\$ 340,000 314,032		
Total Liabilities	\$ 24,326,33	\$ 23,396,360	\$ 1,584,750	\$ 654,032		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 52,882,31 8,580,77 12,620,05	77 6,566,123	\$ 5,545,525 - (41,791)	\$ 5,280,925 343,406 (141,501)		
Total Net Position	\$ 74,083,14	\$ 74,265,513	\$ 5,503,734	\$ 5,482,830		

For details, please see the Statement of Net Position, Exhibit 1.

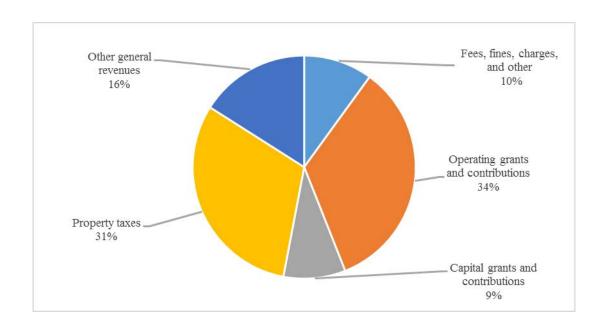
Table 2 Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Component Unit Activities			ivities	
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Revenues								
Program revenues								
Fees, fines, charges, and other	\$	1,816,929	\$	2,432,961	\$	554,149	\$	774,141
Operating grants and contributions		6,436,993		6,250,569		70,347		57,720
Capital grants and contributions		1,799,730		3,252,686		-		-
General revenues								
Property taxes		6,005,940		5,996,598		211,573		149,271
Other taxes		2,080,938		2,304,253		2,718,095		1,035,249
Unrestricted grants and contributions		448,709		472,152		-		-
Investment income		623,791		(408,936)		86		108
Sale of business lots		-		-		22,888		-
Miscellaneous		8,477		179,454		123,897		84,541
Total Revenues	\$	19,221,507	\$	20,479,737	\$	3,701,035	\$	2,101,030

	Governmental Activities				vities			
		2014		2013		2014		2013
Expenses								
General government	\$	3,260,792	\$	4,318,073	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		3,018,269		3,492,924		-		-
Highways and streets		4,935,090		5,251,578		-		-
Sanitation		411,319		412,870		-		-
Human services		2,235,437		2,075,003		-		-
Health		298,126		312,572		-		-
Culture and recreation		1,172,617		1,169,240		-		-
Golf course		-		-		844,715		962,530
Conservation of natural resources		702,876		1,031,171		-		-
Economic development		2,577,886		1,858,942		2,835,416		175,146
Bond issuance and interest		791,461		440,974		-		
Total Expenses	\$	19,403,873	\$	20,363,347	\$	3,680,131	\$	1,137,676
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	(182,366)	\$	116,390	\$	20,904	\$	963,354
Net Position - January 1		74,265,513		74,149,123		5,482,830		4,519,476
Net Position - December 31	\$	74,083,147	\$	74,265,513	\$	5,503,734	\$	5,482,830

For details, please see the Statement of Activities, Exhibit 2.

Total County Revenues by Sources



Governmental Activities

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$19,403,873, a 4.7 percent decrease from 2013. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 2), the amount taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was \$6,005,940, 0.2 percent more than 2013. Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$1,816,929) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$8,236,723).

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the County's largest program functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost, less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3
Governmental Activities

	Total Cost of Services			Net Cost of Services			
	2014		2013		2014		2013
General government	\$ 3,260,792	\$	4,318,073	\$	457,456	\$	1,347,183
Public safety	3,018,269		3,492,924		1,928,022		2,471,504
Highways and streets	4,935,090		5,251,578		1,581,070		623,906
Sanitation	411,319		412,870		258,813		145,277
Human services	2,235,437		2,075,003		915,015		1,112,773
Culture and recreation	1,172,617		1,169,240		833,688		822,845
Conservation of natural resources	702,876		1,031,171		276,842		735,328
Economic development	2,577,886		1,858,942		2,287,423		881,013
All others	 1,089,587		753,546		811,892	-	287,302
Total	\$ 19,403,873	\$	20,363,347	\$	9,350,221	\$	8,427,131

The County's Funds

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$21,517,417, compared to last year's total of \$22,342,611. This percentage decrease is negligible and was spread across the various departments. Note: capital assets are not shown in reporting governmental funds. Please see Exhibit 3 for details.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no significant changes to the final approved budget for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Expenditures, excluding capital, were \$921,909 above the final budget amounts. The most significant event that led to the higher costs was related to unbudgeted grants for economic development and the airport runway extension. The higher than budgeted total expenditures of \$2,043,754 were largely offset by revenues that exceeded budget by \$1,770,095. Grant revenues and related expenditures and capital were generally not budgeted. Please see Exhibit A-1 for details.

(Unaudited)

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of 2014, the County had a net investment of \$73,072,040 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, highways and streets, and equipment. (See Table 4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$2,813,962, or four percent over last year.

Table 4
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities				
		2014		2013	
Land and easements	\$	1,781,918	\$	1,781,918	
Construction in progress		3,030,521		13,538,007	
Buildings and improvements		16,625,436		7,459,288	
Machinery, vehicles, furniture, and equipment		3,706,297		3,583,813	
Infrastructure		47,927,868		43,895,052	
Total	\$	73,072,040	\$	70,258,078	

The majority of the changes in 2014 are transfers of work in progress for a YMCA and road improvements. Please see Note 2.A.3. for details.

DEBT

At year-end, the County had \$22,380,000 in bonds and notes outstanding; 2013 year-end was \$21,125,000. The increase is due to the issuance of \$2,410,000 of Tax Abatement Bonds that will be used to improve Superior National Golf Course in Lutsen. This increase is offset by a small decrease from the annual payments of the Capital Improvement Bonds and the Sales Tax Revenue Bonds.

Table 5
Outstanding Debt at Year-End

	Governmental Activities					
		2014		2013		
Capital Improvement (Refunding) Bonds of 2011	\$	715,000	\$	1,070,000		
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		17,385,000		17,880,000		
Capital Equipment Note		1,870,000		2,175,000		
Tax Abatement Bonds of 2014		2,410,000				
Total	\$	22,380,000	\$	21,125,000		

See "Notes to the Financial Statements," Notes 2.C.2. through 2.C.5. for a more detailed explanation of the County's debt.

(Unaudited)

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2014 budget, tax levy, and fees that will be charged for various activities:

- continuing unfunded state mandates,
- the desire to maintain a fund balance of at least 75 percent of General Fund operating expenditures,
- the slowly recovering economy and its effect on taxpayers and investment income, and
- increasing changes in technology, including County-wide broadband and its effect on government services and taxpayers.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please call County Auditor/Treasurer, Braidy Powers, at (218) 387-3646, or send a letter to the Cook County Courthouse, 411 West 2nd Street, Grand Marais, Minnesota 55604-2307.







EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	ary Government overnmental Activities	Component Unit Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority		
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 18,246,583	\$	255,253	
Petty cash and change funds	1,217		-	
Taxes receivable				
Prior	248,172		20,059	
Accounts receivable - net	435,380		10,819	
Land held for resale	-		1,230,000	
Loan receivable	1,140,510		-	
Due from other governments	4,760,953		-	
Inventories	503,110		26,828	
Prepaid items	1,521		-	
Capital assets				
Non-depreciable	4,812,439		3,807,143	
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation	 68,259,601		1,738,382	
Total Assets	\$ 98,409,486	\$	7,088,484	
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 627,335	\$	28,632	
Salaries payable	312,445		-	
Contracts payable	95,240		60,000	
Gift certificates	-		15,673	
Due to other governments	44,032		1,405,000	
Accrued interest payable	234,569		-	
Unearned revenue	66,220		75,445	
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year	1,200,000		-	
Due in more than one year	 21,746,498			
Total Liabilities	\$ 24,326,339	\$	1,584,750	

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Primary Government Governmental Activities		
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 52,882,313	\$	5,545,525
Restricted for			
General government	354,396		-
Highways and streets	1,158,200		-
Public safety	220,501		-
Culture and recreation	3,873,381		-
Conservation of natural resources	41,868		-
Economic development	2,079,765		-
Environmental improvements	852,666		-
Unrestricted	 12,620,057		(41,791)
Total Net Position	\$ 74,083,147	\$	5,503,734

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Expenses	Fees, Charges, Fines, and Other		
Functions/Programs					
Primary government					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$	3,260,792	\$	499,786	
Public safety		3,018,269		309,252	
Highways and streets		4,935,090		303,529	
Sanitation		411,319		152,506	
Human services		2,235,437		369,939	
Health		298,126		45,101	
Culture and recreation		1,172,617		38,813	
Conservation of natural resources		702,876		7,962	
Economic development		2,577,886		90,041	
Interest expense and bond issuance costs		791,461		-	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,403,873	\$	1,816,929	
Component unit					
Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic					
Development Authority	\$	3,680,131	\$	554,149	
	Prope	al Revenues rty taxes gage registry and deed t	ax		

Local sales tax

Taxes - other

Payments in lieu of tax

Grants and contributions not restricted to

specific programs

Gain/loss on disposal of capital assets

Unrestricted investment earnings

Sale of business lots

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net Position - Beginning

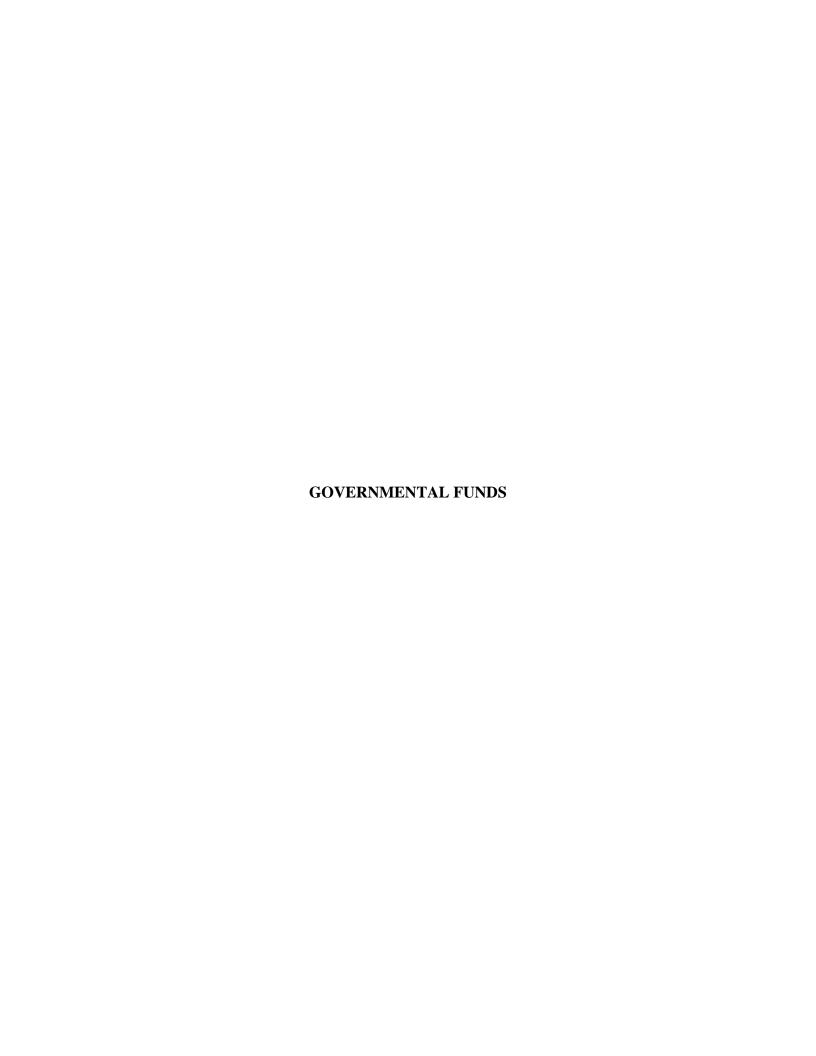
Net Position - Ending

Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Primary Government Governmental Activities		nnd Changes in Net Assets Discretely Presented Component Unit	
\$	2,303,550 780,995 1,250,761 - 950,483 232,594	\$	- 1,799,730 - - -	\$	(457,456) (1,928,022) (1,581,070) (258,813) (915,015) (20,431)		
	300,116 418,072 200,422		- - - -		(833,688) (276,842) (2,287,423) (791,461)		
\$	6,436,993	<u>\$</u>	1,799,730	<u>\$</u>	(9,350,221)		
\$	70,347	<u>\$</u>	-			\$	(3,055,635)
				\$	6,005,940 7,281 1,376,144 334,496 363,017	\$	211,573 - 2,718,095 - -
					448,709 (57,359) 623,791 - 65,836		26,464 86 22,888 97,433
				\$	9,167,855	\$	3,076,539
				\$	(182,366)	\$	20,904
					74,265,513		5,482,830
				\$	74,083,147	\$	5,503,734









BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	 General	 Road and Bridge
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 6,169,357	\$ 1,297,877
Petty cash and change funds	1,217	-
Taxes receivable - prior	111,006	57,909
Accounts receivable	231,140	2,721
Loans receivable	1,140,510	-
Due from other funds	146,278	-
Due from other governments	3,057,324	1,314,851
Prepaid items	-	-
Inventories	 -	 503,110
Total Assets	\$ 10,856,832	\$ 3,176,468
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</u>		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 254,657	\$ 122,769
Salaries payable	197,026	62,063
Contracts payable	-	95,240
Due to other funds	838	-
Due to other governments	30,669	-
Unearned revenue	 8,630	 -
Total Liabilities	\$ 491,820	\$ 280,072
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue		
Taxes	\$ 148,367	\$ 49,822
Grants	16,557	1,201,859
Long-term receivables	1,124,548	-
Other	 <u>-</u>	 -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,289,472	\$ 1,251,681

Public Health and Human Services		Local Option Sales Tax				Nonmajor Funds		 Total
\$	653,401	\$	5,588,255	\$ 2,885,963	\$	1,651,730	\$ 18,246,583	
	-		-	-		-	1,217	
	41,996		-	28,261		9,000	248,172	
	59,738		-	-		141,781	435,380	
	-		-	-		-	1,140,510	
	838		-	-		-	147,116	
	189,143		151,460	-		48,175	4,760,953	
	1,521		-	-		-	1,521	
	-			 -			 503,110	
\$	946,637	\$	5,739,715	\$ 2,914,224	\$	1,850,686	\$ 25,484,562	
\$	105,562 53,356 - 20,584 13,363 57,590	\$	20,978	\$ - - - - -	\$	123,369 - - 125,694 - -	\$ 627,335 312,445 95,240 147,116 44,032 66,220	
\$	250,455	\$	20,978	\$ -	\$	249,063	\$ 1,292,388	
\$	36,131	\$	-	\$ 24,315	\$	7,742	\$ 266,377	
	2,189		-	-		48,175	1,268,780	
	-		-	-		-	1,124,548	
	15,052		<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	 15,052	
\$	53,372	\$		\$ 24,315	\$	55,917	\$ 2,674,757	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	General	Road and Bridge
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Bala</u> (Continued)	nnces _	
Fund Balances		
Nonspendable		
Environmental improvements - principal	\$ -	\$ -
Inventories	<u>-</u>	503,110
Prepaid items	_	-
Restricted		
EDA	_	_
Environmental improvements	_	_
Capital equipment	_	_
Golf course improvements	_	_
Forfeited tax	_	_
Special projects	_	_
Revolving loans	550,051	_
Law library	15,882	-
National Forest Title III	106,408	_
Recorder's technology equipment	88,378	-
Recorder's compliance	122,304	-
Enhanced 911	152,702	_
Attorney's forfeiture	7,836	_
Drug forfeitures	4,521	_
DWI forfeitures	11,810	_
Extension services	41,868	-
Sheriff's contingency fund	5,000	-
20% unorganized townships	703	-
DNR snowmobile	9,320	-
Conceal and carry	37,148	-
Election equipment	1,863	-
Assigned		
Subsequent year's expenses	79,751	-
Emergency purposes	9,782	-
Hovland dock	1,471	-
Planning and zoning permit software	6,113	-
Telephone	115,821	-
Skateboard park	6,460	-
Data processing equipment	246,003	-
Elections	14,318	-
Sheriff's cars	173,769	-

He	Public Health and Local Option Human Services Sales Tax		Debt Service	N	Nonmajor Funds	 Total	
\$	-	\$	_	\$ -	\$	584,434	\$ 584,434
	-		-	_		-	503,110
	1,521		-	-		-	1,521
	-		-	-		8,458	8,458
	-		-	-		268,232	268,232
	-		-	344,916		-	344,916
	-		-	1,521,256		-	1,521,256
	-		-	-		11,022	11,022
	-		5,718,737	-		-	5,718,737
	-		-	-		-	550,051
	-		-	-		-	15,882
	-		-	-		-	106,408
	-		-	-		-	88,378
	-		-	-		-	122,304
	-		-	-		-	152,702
	-		-	-		-	7,836
	-		-	-		-	4,521
	-		-	-		-	11,810
	-		-	-		-	41,868
	-		-	-		-	5,000
	-		-	-		-	703
	-		-	-		-	9,320
	-		-	-		-	37,148
	-		-	-		-	1,863
	-		-	-		-	79,751
	-		-	-		-	9,782
	-		-	-		-	1,471
	-		-	-		-	6,113
	-		-	-		-	115,821
	-		-	-		-	6,460
	-		-	-		-	246,003
	-		-	-		-	14,318
	-		-	-		-	173,769

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

	General	 Road and Bridge
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances</u> (Continued)		
Fund Balances		
Assigned (Continued)		
Landfill future development	130,088	-
County cars	111,800	-
Photocopiers	80,340	-
E-911 signs	1,000	-
County landings maintenance	56,832	-
Plat book fund	6,220	-
Hazardous materials team	1,383	-
NERCC facilities	22,118	-
Sheriff's response unit	833	-
Highways and streets	-	1,141,605
Human services	-	-
Building improvements	-	-
Debt service	-	-
Unassigned	6,855,644	 -
Total Fund Balances	\$ 9,075,540	\$ 1,644,715
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 10,856,832	\$ 3,176,468

Public Health and Human Services	Local O _j Sales T		;	Debt Service	1	Nonmajor Funds	Total
-		-		-		-	130,088
-		-		-		-	111,800
-		-		-		-	80,340
-		-		-		-	1,000
-		-		-		-	56,832
-		-		-		-	6,220
-		-		-		-	1,383
-		-		-		-	22,118
-		-		-		-	833
-		-		-		-	1,141,605
641,289		-		-		-	641,289
-		-		-		720,949	720,949
-		-		1,023,737		-	1,023,737
				-		(47,389)	 6,808,255
\$ 642,810	\$ 5,7	718,737	\$	2,889,909	\$	1,545,706	\$ 21,517,417
\$ 946,637	\$ 5,7	739,715	\$	2,914,224	\$	1,850,686	\$ 25,484,562



EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2014

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 21,517,417
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		73,072,040
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		2,674,757
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Capital improvement bonds	\$ (715,000)	
Sales tax revenue bonds	(17,385,000)	
General obligation notes	(1,870,000)	
Tax abatement bonds	(2,410,000)	
Accrued interest payable	(234,569)	
Compensated absences	 (566,498)	(23,181,067)
Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 1)		\$ 74,083,147

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Gen	General		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 2,	843,070	\$	1,486,390
Special assessments	· -,	71,321	-	-
Licenses and permits		62,916		_
Intergovernmental	4.	691,129		3,754,684
Charges for services		368,413		290,955
Fines and forfeits		22,117		
Gifts and contributions		18,967		_
Investment earnings		632,711		_
Miscellaneous		651,751		12,574
Miscertaneous		031,731		12,571
Total Revenues	\$ 9,	362,395	\$	5,544,603
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	\$ 3,	592,805	\$	-
Public safety		716,942		_
Highways and streets	_,	-		5,913,387
Sanitation		371,393		-
Human services		-		_
Health		_		_
Culture and recreation		926,044		_
Conservation of natural resources		621,925		_
Economic development		212,744		_
Capital outlay		236,445		
Debt service	1,	230,773		
Principal				
Interest		-		-
Bond issuance costs		-		-
		-		-
Administrative (fiscal) charges				-
Total Expenditures	\$ 9,	678,298	\$	5,913,387
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (315,903)	\$	(368,784)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	\$	700,841	\$	925,000
Transfers out		725,000)	-	-
G.O. tax abatement bonds issued	`	-		_
oror tan acatomom contas issued				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$</u>	(24,159)	\$	925,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	340,062)	\$	556,216
Fund Balance - January 1	9.	415,602		1,187,917
Increase (decrease) in inventories		-		(99,418)
Fund Balance - December 31	<u>\$ 9,</u>	075,540	\$	1,644,715

\$ 1,028,998 \$ 1,376,144 \$ 691,737 \$ 225,230 \$ 7,651,569		Public Health and man Services		ocal Options Sales Tax		Debt Service	N	Nonmajor Funds		Total
13,868	110	man Services		baics Tax		Bervice		Tunus		Total
13,868										
13,868	\$	1,028,998	\$	1,376,144	\$	691,737	\$	225,230	\$	
1,074,125 300,000 - 27,118 9,847,056		-		-		-				
224,021 - - - 22,117 - - - 5,845 638,556 143,099 14,107 - 5,845 638,556 143,099 14,107 - 31,291 882,822 \$ 2,484,111 \$ 1,690,251 \$ 691,737 \$ 289,484 \$ 20,062,581 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 76,989 \$ 3,669,794 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,716,942 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,716,942 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,716,942 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,716,942 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,716,942 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,716,942 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,716,942 \$ - \$ - \$ 2,716,942 \$ 371,333 \$ 2,227,764 \$ - \$ - \$ 298,126 \$ - \$ 81,000 \$ - \$ 70,2925 \$ - \$ 20,609,488 \$ 141,768 \$				-		-				
						-				
18,967		224,021		-		-		-		
143,099		-		-		-		-		
143,099 14,107 - 31,291 852,822 \$ 2,484,111 \$ 1,690,251 \$ 691,737 \$ 289,484 \$ 20,062,581 \$ - \$ - \$ 76,989 \$ 3,669,794 \$ - \$ - \$ 76,989 \$ 3,669,794 - - - 2,716,942 - - - 2,716,942 - - - - 5,913,387 - - - - - 2,716,942 - - - - - 5,913,387 - - - - - 2,716,942 - - - - - 5,913,387 2,227,764 - - - 2,227,764 298,126 - - - 2,98,126 - - - - - 2,98,126 - - 81,000 - - - 2,127,663 - - 52		_		_		_		5.845		
\$ 2,484,111 \$ 1,690,251 \$ 691,737 \$ 289,484 \$ 20,062,581 \$ - \$ - \$ 76,989 \$ 3,669,794 - - - 2,716,942 - - - - - - - - 2,227,764 - - - - - - - 298,126 - - - - - - - - 1,000 - - - - 2,069,748 - - - - - 2,069,748 - 141,768 2,434,260 - 495,000 660,000 - 1,155,000 - 532,599 23,936 - 556,495 - 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ - \$ - \$ 34,255 <td></td> <td>143,099</td> <td></td> <td>14,107</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		143,099		14,107		-				
\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 76,989 \$ 3,669,794 2,716,942 2,716,942 5,913,387 371,393 2,227,764 2,227,764 298,126 298,126 298,126 298,126 81,000 298,126 2,069,748 141,768 2,424,260 2,069,748 141,768 2,424,260 2,069,748 141,768 2,424,260 2,069,748 141,768 2,424,260 3525,697 - 3365,521 2,127,663 495,000 660,000 1,155,000 532,559 23,936 - 556,495 105,139 - 105,139 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ (99,863) \$ (294,794) \$ (3,135,776) \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 33,355 \$ 1,659,196 2,410,000 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ 1,375,941 \$ (261,439) \$ (725,776) 684,589 7,733,390 1,513,968 1,807,145 22,342,611 (99,418)										
	\$	2,484,111	<u>\$</u>	1,690,251	\$	691,737	\$	289,484	\$	20,062,581
	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,989	\$	3,669,794
2,227,764 - - - 2,227,764 298,126 - - - - 298,126 - - - - 926,044 - 81,000 - - 702,925 - 2,069,748 - 141,768 2,424,260 - 525,697 - 365,521 2,127,663 - 495,000 660,000 - 1,155,000 - 532,559 23,936 - 556,495 - - 105,139 - 105,139 - 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ (99,863) \$ (294,794) \$ (3,135,776) \$ - \$ - \$ 33,355 \$ 1,659,196 - - (934,196) - (1,659,196) - - (934,196) - (1,659,196) - - (2,410,000) - 2,410,000		-		-		-		-		
2,227,764 - - - 2,227,764 298,126 - - - - 298,126 - - - - - 926,044 - 81,000 - - - 702,925 - 2,069,748 - 141,768 2,424,260 - 525,697 - 365,521 2,127,663 - 495,000 660,000 - 1,155,000 - 532,559 23,936 - 556,495 - - 105,139 - 105,139 - 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ (99,863) \$ (294,794) \$ (3,135,776) \$ - \$ - \$ 33,355 \$ 1,659,196 - - (934,196) - (1,659,196) - - (94,196) - (1,659,196) - - 2,410,000 - 2,410,000		-		-		-		-		5,913,387
298,126 - - - 298,126 - - - - 926,044 - 81,000 - - 702,925 - 2,069,748 - 141,768 2,424,260 - 525,697 - 365,521 2,127,663 - 495,000 660,000 - 1,155,000 - 532,559 23,936 - 556,495 - - 105,139 - 105,139 - 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ (99,863) \$ (294,794) \$ (3,135,776) \$ - \$ - \$ 33,355 \$ 1,659,196 - - (934,196) - (1,659,196) - - 2,410,000 - 2,410,000 \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000 \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000		-		-		-		-		371,393
-		2,227,764		-		-		-		2,227,764
- 81,000 - - 702,925 - 2,069,748 - 141,768 2,424,260 - 525,697 - 365,521 2,127,663 - 495,000 660,000 - 1,155,000 - 532,559 23,936 - 556,495 - - 105,139 - 105,139 - 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ (99,863) \$ (294,794) \$ (3,135,776) \$ - - (934,196) - (1,659,196) - - - (2,410,000) - 2,410,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ 1,375,941 \$ (261,439) </td <td></td> <td>298,126</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>298,126</td>		298,126		-		-		-		298,126
- 2,069,748 - 141,768 2,424,260 - 525,697 - 365,521 2,127,663 - 495,000 660,000 - 1,155,000 - 532,559 23,936 - 556,495 - 105,139 - 105,139 - 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ (99,863) \$ (294,794) \$ (3,135,776) \$ - \$ - \$ (934,196) - (1,659,196) - - 2,410,000 - 2,410,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ 1,375,941 \$ (261,439) \$ (725,776) 684,589 7,733,390 1,513,968 1,807,145 22,342,611 - - - - - (99,418)		-		-		-		-		926,044
- 2,069,748 - 141,768 2,424,260 - 525,697 - 365,521 2,127,663 - 495,000 660,000 - 1,155,000 - 532,559 23,936 - 556,495 - 105,139 - 105,139 - 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ (99,863) \$ (294,794) \$ (3,135,776) \$ - \$ - \$ (934,196) - (1,659,196) - - 2,410,000 - 2,410,000 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ 1,375,941 \$ (261,439) \$ (725,776) 684,589 7,733,390 1,513,968 1,807,145 22,342,611 - - - - - (99,418)		-		81,000		-		-		702,925
- 525,697 - 365,521 2,127,663 - 495,000 660,000 - 1,155,000 - 532,559 23,936 - 556,495 - - 105,139 - 105,139 - 900 2,525 - 3,425 \$ 2,525,890 \$ 3,704,904 \$ 791,600 \$ 584,278 \$ 23,198,357 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ (99,863) \$ (294,794) \$ (3,135,776) \$ - \$ - \$ 33,355 \$ 1,659,196 - - (934,196) - (1,659,196) - - 2,410,000 - 2,410,000 \$ - \$ 1,475,804 \$ 33,355 \$ 2,410,000 \$ (41,779) \$ (2,014,653) \$ 1,375,941 \$ (261,439) \$ (725,776) 684,589 7,733,390 1,513,968 1,807,145 22,342,611 - - - - - - (99,418)		-				-		141,768		
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684,589 7,733,390 1,513,968 1,807,145 22,342,611 - - - - (99,418)	\$	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$	1,475,804	\$	33,355	<u>\$</u>	2,410,000
684,589 7,733,390 1,513,968 1,807,145 22,342,611 - - - - (99,418)	\$	(41 779)	\$	(2.014.653)	\$	1 375 941	\$	(261 439)	\$	(725 776)
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		684.589		7,733,390		1,513.968		1,807,145		22,342.611
								, ,		
\$ 642,810 \$ 5,718,737 \$ 2,889,909 \$ 1,545,706 \$ 21,517,417			-		-			 -		
	\$	642,810	\$	5,718,737	\$	2,889,909	\$	1,545,706	\$	21,517,417

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ (725,776)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditure are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenue between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase or decrease in revenue deferred as unavailable.		
Deferred inflows of resources - December 31 Deferred inflows of resources - January 1	\$ 2,674,757 (3,458,472)	(783,715)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure Net book value of assets disposed of Current year depreciation	\$ 5,456,078 (57,359) (2,584,757)	2,813,962
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Principal repayments - General obligation bonds Principal repayments - Tax abatement bonds	\$ 850,000 305,000	1,155,000
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds. In the government-wide statement of net position, the debt is reported as a liability.		
Tax abatements bonds	\$ (2,410,000)	(2,410,000)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable Change in compensated absences	\$ (126,402) (6,017)	
Change in inventories	 (99,418)	 (231,837)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ (182,366)

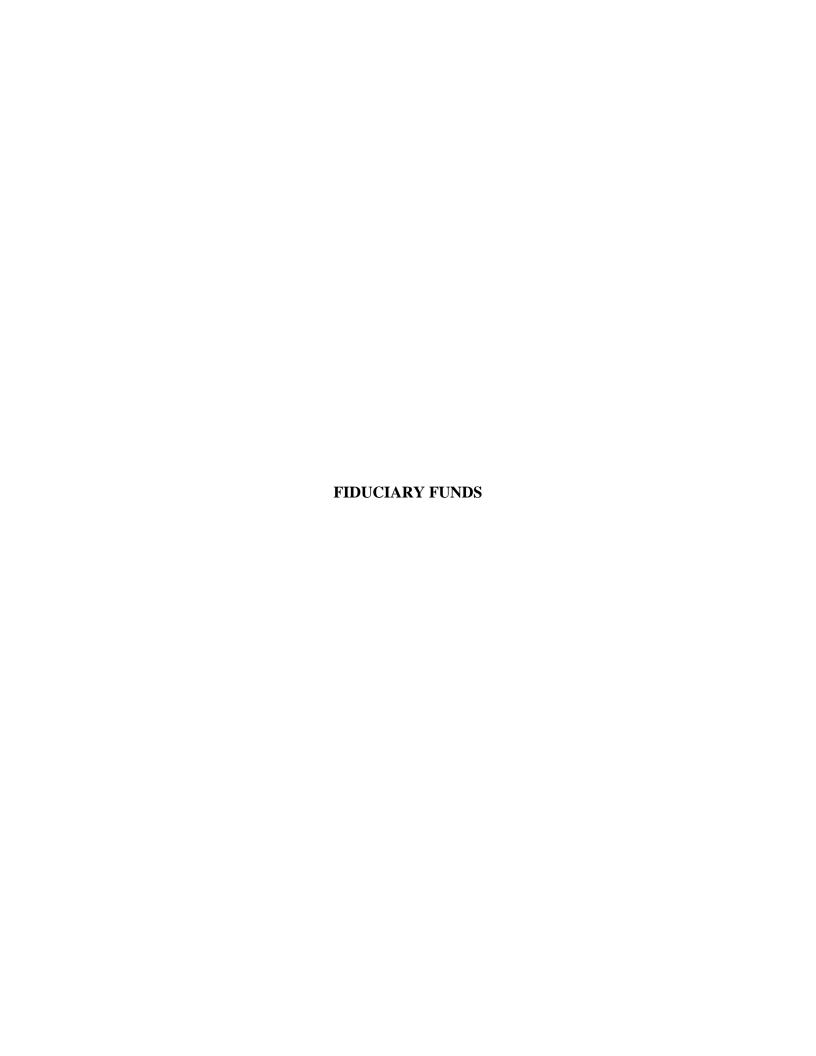




EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	795,877
Accounts receivable		128,761
Due from other governments		70,027
Total Assets	\$	994,665
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Accounts payable	\$	131,013
Due to other governments		863,652
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	994,665



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Cook County was established March 9, 1874, and is an organized county having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present Cook County (primary government) and its component units for which the County is financially accountable. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year. The County Auditor/Treasurer, elected on a County-wide basis, serves as the clerk of the Board of Commissioners but has no vote.

Blended Component Unit

Blended component units are legally separate organizations so intertwined with the County that they are, in substance, the same as the County and, therefore, are reported as if they were part of the County. Cook County has one blended component unit.

	Included in the	Separate
Component Unit	Reporting Entity Because	Financial Statements
Cook County Building	The County Board is the	Separate financial statements
Authority	governing body.	are not prepared.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Blended Component Unit (Continued)

The Cook County Building Authority is a nonprofit corporation organized under the provisions of Minn. Stat. ch. 317A. The Authority is operated, supervised, and controlled by the County. The County Board is the governing body of the Cook County Building Authority. Although the Authority is legally separate from the County, it is reported as part of the primary government since its sole purpose is to finance the construction of a new jail and courthouse addition. The activity of the Authority is reported in the Debt Service Fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

While part of the reporting entity, discretely presented component units are presented in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following component unit of Cook County is discretely presented:

Component Unit	Included in the Reporting Entity Because	Separate Financial Statements
Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority (Authority)	The County appoints a majority of the Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority Board.	Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority Box 597 Grand Marais, Minnesota 55604

The Authority is governed by a Board of seven members, four of whom are appointed by the Cook County Board and three of whom are appointed by the Grand Marais City Council. The Authority has all of the powers, rights, duties, and obligations conferred on economic development authorities by Minn. Stat. §§ 469.090-.1081 to promote and provide incentives for economic development. The Authority has included the Resource Development Council of Cook County, Inc., as a blended component unit of the Authority.

Joint Ventures

The County participates in several joint ventures described in Note 4.C. The County also participates in jointly-governed organizations described in Note 4.D.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column: (a) is presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net position are reported in three parts: (1) net investment in capital assets, (2) restricted net position, and (3) unrestricted net position. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component unit. Separate statements for each fund category--governmental and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basic Financial Statements

2. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Public Health and Human Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for health programs, economic assistance, and community social services programs.

The <u>Local Option Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the collection of a one percent sales and use tax to fund the construction, improvements, and additions to County community centers and public recreation areas.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of general long-term debt.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

The <u>Leased Lakeshore Permanent Fund</u> is used to account for funds collected from the sale of County-owned lakeshore leased lots. In accordance with 1998 Minn. Laws ch. 389, art. 16, § 31, the principal on these sales must remain in an environmental trust fund, and only the interest may be spent on improvement of natural resources.

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations. These funds account for assets the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Cook County considers all revenues as available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2014, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment gains for 2014 were \$632,711.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

Cook County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The investment in the pool is measured at the amortized cost per share provided by the pool which would closely approximate fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due May 15 and the second half payment due October 15. Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

Loans receivable consist of the outstanding balances of economic development loans to private enterprises. The funds used for these loans are from the State of Minnesota Small Cities Grant Program.

3. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/ expense) until then. Currently, the County has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

3. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

4. <u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

The Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund inventory is valued at cost using the average cost method and consists of expendable supplies and parts held for consumption. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

5. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	20
Public domain infrastructure	20 - 75
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	4 - 15

6. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual, personal time off, and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

7. Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds and the government-wide financial statements report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

8. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Classification of Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and the component unit financial statements is classified in the following categories:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - the amount of net position representing capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u> - the amount of net position for which external restrictions have been imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> - the amount of net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity</u> (Continued)

10. Classification of Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources of the governmental funds. These classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (non-current loans, inventories, and prepaid items).

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts of fund balance subject to external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions and enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes as imposed by formal action (resolution) of the County Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for other purposes unless the County Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts the County intends to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining positive amounts not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses as determined by the County Board or by the Auditor-Treasurer.

<u>Unassigned</u> - the residual classification in the General Fund, it includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other fund balance classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or committed.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

10. Classification of Fund Balance (Continued)

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Future Change in Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, replaces Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to employer governments that provide pensions through pension plans administered as trusts or similar arrangement that meet certain criteria. GASB Statement 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pension plans to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This statement will be effective for the County's calendar year 2015. The County has not yet determined the financial statement impact of adopting this new standard.

2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The County's total cash and investments are reported as follows:

Primary government	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 18,246,583
Petty cash and change funds	1,217
Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development	
Authority component unit	
Cash and pooled investments	255,253
Fiduciary funds	
Cash and pooled investments	795,877
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 19,298,930

a. Deposits

The County is authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 to designate a depository for public funds and to invest in certificates of deposit. The County is required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 to protect deposits with insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better and revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

a. Deposits (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2014, the primary government's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority component unit does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2014, \$7,612 of the Authority's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. Investments

The County may invest in the following types of investments as authorized by Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
- (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;

2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

- (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
- (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
- (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in both short-term and long-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the County's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by state statute.

2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. All of Cook County's investments in negotiable certificates of deposit and government securities are held by the counterparty to the transactions and are, therefore, subject to custodial credit risk. A portion of these investments are insured by Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) insurance or excess SIPC insurance and are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Negotiable certificates of deposit	
Insured	\$ 4,874,092
Government securities	
Insured	7,747,151
Uninsured, held by counterparty	2,156,343

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the County's investment to a single issuer. It is the policy of the County to diversify investments to avoid risk.

2. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets

1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

The following table presents the County's cash and pooled investment balances at December 31, 2014, and information relating to potential investment risks:

	Cre	dit Risk	Concentration Risk	Interest Rate Risk		Carrying
Investment Type	Credit Rating	Rating Agency	Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Maturity Date		(Fair) Value
U.S. government agency securities						
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Note	AAA	Moody's		02/27/2015	\$	242,803
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Note	AAA	Moody's			Ψ	,
reactar frome Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Note	71/11	Woody 3		06/24/2024	-	398,996
Total Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Discount Notes			<5%		\$	641,799
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	AAA	Moody's		12/12/2022	\$	853,647
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	AA+	Moody's		02/14/2023		500,325
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	AAA	Moody's		05/08/2023		749,377
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	AAA	Moody's		05/23/2023		499,705
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	AAA	Moody's		06/20/2023		500,725
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	AAA	Moody's		05/22/2023		749,895
Federal Home Loan Bank Note	AAA	Moody's		05/23/2023		749,558
Total Federal Home Loan Bank Notes			24.26%		\$	4,603,232
Governmental National Mortgage Association Notes	N/A	N/A	14.00%	01/20/2042	\$	2,656,343
Federal Farm Credit Bank Bonds	N/A	N/A	10.55%	01/20/2042	\$	2,002,120
Investment pools/mutual funds						
MM - Sales Tax Bond	N/A	N/A		N/A	\$	2,646,086
MM - Money Market	N/A	N/A		N/A		922,954
MAGIC Fund	N/A	N/A		N/A		627,557
Total investment pools/mutual funds			22.12%		\$	4,196,597
Certificates of deposit - negotiable						
GE Capital Bank	N/A	N/A		07/13/2018	\$	244,368
CIT Bank Salt Lake UT	N/A	N/A		06/27/2019		244,113
World's Foremost Bank	N/A	N/A		05/08/2023		190,428
American Exp Cent BK	N/A	N/A				243,991
Sallie May Bank	N/A	N/A				149,049
Discover Bank	N/A	N/A				243,890
BMW Bank of America	N/A	N/A				243,439
Comenity Capital Bank	N/A	N/A				243,792
American Exp Bank FSB	N/A	N/A				243,613
Washington Trust Co Webster Five Cents	N/A	N/A				241,876
	N/A	N/A				241,293
Suntrust	N/A	N/A				210,667
Goldman Sachs BMO Harris	N/A N/A	N/A N/A				233,132 241,902
Bank Hapoalim Northfield Bank Staten Island	N/A N/A	N/A N/A				34,000 46,000
First Coml Bank Miss	N/A	N/A N/A				249,042
First Comi Bank Wiss Firstbank PR Santurce	N/A N/A	N/A N/A				149,623
Bank Baroda New York	N/A N/A	N/A N/A				250,000
Everbank Jacksonville	N/A N/A	N/A N/A				33,000
L verodik Jacksonvine	1 V / /A	1 N/ PA				55,000

2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

	a .	'. D' 1	Concentration	Interest	a :
Investment Type	Credit Rating	it Risk Rating Agency	Risk Over 5 Percent of Portfolio	Rate Risk Maturity Date	 Carrying (Fair) Value
Brookline Bank Mass	N/A	N/A			249,038
Paragon Commerial Bank Raleigh	N/A	N/A			249,020
Enerank USA Salt Lake City	N/A	N/A			32,874
Wex Bank Midvale Utah	N/A	N/A			248,084
Bank Internet San Diego	N/A	N/A			50,014
Merrick Bank South Jordan Utah	N/A	N/A			33,000
Barclays Bank Del	N/A	N/A			34,844
Total certificates of deposit - negotiable			25.69%		\$ 4,874,092
Total pooled investments					\$ 18,974,183
Deposits					68,277
Petty cash					1,217
Deposits - component unit					 255,253
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 19,298,930

2. Receivables

Receivables as of December 31, 2014, for the County's governmental activities are as follows:

	R	Total eceivables	Sc Collec	nounts Not heduled for tion During the sequent Year
Governmental Activities				
Taxes	\$	248,172	\$	-
Accounts		435,380		-
Loans		1,140,510		1,036,679
Due from other governments		4,760,953		927,518
Total Governmental Activities	\$	6,585,015	\$	1,964,197

Loans receivable represent amounts owing from private businesses within the county for economic development. The revolving loan fund activity is included in the General Fund. At year-end, the County had 31 loans with balances outstanding. Scheduled collections on these loans range from 5 to 20 years. Due from other governments, amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year, are loans to fire districts for the purchase of equipment. Loans are repaid through the fire district tax levies. Collections for the loans to fire districts range from 7 to 19 years.

2. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 Increase	 Decrease	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated					
Land and easements Construction in progress	\$	1,781,918 13,538,007	\$ 2,764,901	\$ 13,272,387	\$ 1,781,918 3,030,521
Total capital assets not depreciated	_ \$	15,319,925	\$ 2,764,901	\$ 13,272,387	\$ 4,812,439
Capital assets depreciated					
Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery, vehicles, furniture, and	\$	11,114,048 998,062	\$ 9,719,400	\$ -	\$ 20,833,448 998,062
equipment Infrastructure		8,823,816 60,687,700	 961,336 5,282,828	 323,024	 9,462,128 65,970,528
Total capital assets depreciated	_ \$	81,623,626	\$ 15,963,564	\$ 323,024	\$ 97,264,166
Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings Improvements other than buildings Machinery, vehicles, furniture, and	\$	4,170,016 482,806	\$ 502,687 50,565	\$ - -	\$ 4,672,703 533,371
Machinery, venicles, furniture, and equipment Infrastructure		5,240,003 16,792,648	 781,493 1,250,012	 265,665	 5,755,831 18,042,660
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	26,685,473	\$ 2,584,757	\$ 265,665	\$ 29,004,565
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	54,938,153	\$ 13,378,807	\$ 57,359	\$ 68,259,601
Capital Assets, Net	\$	70,258,078	\$ 16,143,708	\$ 13,329,746	\$ 73,072,040

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 196,299
Public safety	286,610
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	1,661,946
Sanitation	38,299
Culture and recreation	246,573
Conservation of natural resources	1,405
Economic development	 153,625
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,584,757

2. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

B. <u>Interfund Receivables</u>, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2014, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Public Health and Human Services Fund Forfeited Tax Fund	\$ 20,584 125,694	Reimburse for supplies and services To fund deficit cash
Total Due to General Fund		\$ 146,278	
Public Health and Human Services Fund	General Fund	838	Charges for services
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$ 147,116	

Due to/from other funds are expected to be repaid within the year.

2. <u>Interfund Transfers</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2014, consisted of the following:

Transfer from	Transfer to	Amount	Purpose
Debt Service Fund	General Fund Road and Bridge Fund Building Fund	\$ 700,841 200,000 33,355	Equipment purchases Equipment purchases Equipment purchases
Total Transfer from Debt Service Fund	J	\$ 934,196	
General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	725,000	Equipment purchases
Total Transfers		\$ 1,659,196	

2. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

C. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at December 31, 2014, were as follows:

	Activities
Accounts	\$ 627,335
Salaries	312,445
Contracts	95,240
Due to other governments	 44,032
Total Payables	\$ 1,079,052

2. <u>Long-Term Debt</u>

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2014
Capital Improvement (Refunding) Bonds of 2011	2016	\$345,000 - \$360,000	0.55 - 1.30	\$ 1,415,000	\$ 715,000
Sales Tax Revenue Bonds of 2011	2032	\$280,000 - \$565,000	2.00 - 3.65	8,500,000	7,885,000
Taxable Sales Tax Revenue Bonds of 2012	2035	\$160,000 - \$1,240,000	2.00 - 3.30	9,660,000	9,500,000
Tax Abatement Bonds of 2014	2037	\$95,000 - \$160,000	1.10 - 3.50	2,410,000	2,410,000
Total General Obligation Bonds, Net					\$ 20,510,000
General Obligation Notes Capital Equipment Notes of 2012	2020	\$305,000 - \$320,000	0.35 - 1.10	2,175,000	\$ 1,870,000

All long-term debt, except for the sales tax revenue bonds, is paid by the Debt Service Fund. The sales tax revenue bonds debt service is paid by the Local Option Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund.

2. <u>Detailed Notes on All Funds</u>

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

3. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2014, were as follows:

		Capital In	nproven	nent							
		and Sales Ta	General Obligation Capital								
Year Ending		Abatem	ent Bon	ds		Equipment Notes					
December 31	ber 31 Principal Interest		Principal			Interest					
2015	\$	895,000	\$	575,071	\$	305,000	\$	13,244			
2016		920,000		580,109		310,000		11,783			
2017		575,000		564,644		310,000		10,000			
2018		695,000		548,772		310,000		7,752			
2019		715,000		530,602		315,000		5,016			
2020 - 2024		4,025,000		2,330,271		320,000		1,760			
2025 - 2029		4,895,000		1,691,022		-		-			
2030 - 2034		6,085,000		807,365		-		-			
2035 - 2037		1,705,000		45,223				-			
Total	\$	20,510,000	\$	7,673,079	\$	1,870,000	\$	49,555			

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable										
Capital improvement bonds	\$	1,070,000	\$	-	\$	355,000	\$	715,000	\$	355,000
Sales tax revenue bonds		8,220,000		-		335,000		7,885,000		340,000
Taxable sales tax revenue										
bonds		9,660,000		-		160,000		9,500,000		200,000
Tax abatement bonds				2,410,000				2,410,000		-
Total bonds payable	\$	18,950,000	\$	2,410,000	\$	850,000	\$	20,510,000	\$	895,000
Notes payable										
Capital equipment notes		2,175,000		-		305,000		1,870,000		305,000
Compensated absences		560,481		426,493		420,476		566,498		<u>-</u>
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	21,685,481	\$	2,836,493	\$	1,575,476	\$	22,946,498	\$	1,200,000

2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities (Continued)

5. Ongoing Disclosure of Long-Term Liabilities

The County has covenanted to provide ongoing disclosure of certain annual financial information and operating data with respect to the County, including audited financial statements of the County. The County's ongoing disclosures are with respect to the following issues:

- General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2011A, November 22, 2011;
- General Obligation Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B, November 22, 2011;
- General Obligation Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A, December 31, 2012;
- Taxable General Obligation Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B, December 13, 2012; and
- General Obligation Tax Abatements Bonds, Series 2014A, October 21, 2014.

3. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Plan Description

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Cook County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA administers the General Employees Retirement Fund and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

General Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan and benefits vest after five years of credited service.

Police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. For members first eligible for membership after June 30, 2010, benefits vest on a graduated schedule starting with 50 percent after five years and increasing 10 percent for each year of service until fully vested after ten years.

3. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute. Defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for General Employees Retirement Fund Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each remaining year. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each remaining year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service. For Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, the annuity accrual rate is 3.0 percent for each year of service.

For all General Employees Retirement Fund members hired prior to July 1, 1989, whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and for all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. Normal retirement age is 55 for Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members and either 65 or 66 (depending on date hired) for General Employees Retirement Fund members. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

3. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the General Employees Retirement Fund and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Rates for employer and employee contributions are set by Minn. Stat. ch. 353. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. General Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 9.10 and 6.25 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary in 2014. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members were required to contribute 10.20 percent of their annual covered salary in 2014.

In 2014, the County was required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll:

11.78%
7.25
15.30

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2014, 2013, and 2012, for the General Employees Retirement Fund and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund were:

 2014		2013		2012
\$ 304,062 131,483	\$	301,347 125,764	\$	285,707 121,384
\$	\$ 304,062	\$ 304,062 \$	\$ 304,062 \$ 301,347	\$ 304,062 \$ 301,347 \$

3. Pension Plans

A. Defined Benefit Plans

Funding Policy (Continued)

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute. Contribution rates increased on January 1, 2015, in the General Employees Retirement Fund Coordinated Plan (6.50 percent for members and 7.50 percent for employers) and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (10.80 percent for members and 16.20 percent for employers).

B. <u>Defined Contribution Plan</u>

Five Commissioners of Cook County are covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan, a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. ch. 353D, which may be amended by the State Legislature. The plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses. For those qualified personnel who elect to participate, Minn. Stat. § 353D.03 specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5.00 percent of salary, which is matched by the employer. Employees may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employee and employer contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.00 percent of employer contributions and 0.25 percent of the assets in each member account annually.

Total contributions by dollar amount and percentage of covered payroll made by the County during the year ended December 31, 2014, were:

	<u>En</u>	nployee	En	Employer		
Contribution amount	\$	6,617	\$	6,617		
Percentage of covered payroll		5%		5%		

Required contribution rates were 5.00 percent.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Intergovernmental Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. For group health insurance, the County belongs to the North East Service Cooperative (NESC). For other risks, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$480,000 per claim in 2014 and \$490,000 per claim in 2015. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The Property and Casualty Division of MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by MCIT.

The NESC is a joint powers entity which sponsors a plan to provide group employee health benefits to its participating members. All members pool premiums and losses; however, a particular member may receive increases or decreases depending on a good or bad year of claims experience. Premiums are determined annually by the NESC and are based partially on the experience of the County and partially on the experience of the group. The NESC solicits proposals from carriers and negotiates the contracts.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items (Continued)

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of the expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the government.

Commitments and Contingencies

In May 2015, Cook County entered into a joint powers agreement with the City of Grand Marais and the Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority (EDA) for the reassessment of business park lots for the EDA's Cedar Grove Business Park project and for clarity in determining contributions for servicing the debt service on this project. Under the original agreement, the City would receive the first \$60,000 on the sale of each lot to cover the debt payments; however, based on current valuations, the lot sales are not expected to cover the debt payments. The revised agreement states all proceeds from the future sales of the business park lots will go into a reserve account with the City to be used for redemption of the debt service on the project, Bond Series 2009A, which had an original face value of \$1,685,000. Cook County shall annually pay the City, on or before July 1 each year, an amount which constitutes 50 percent of the net annual bond payment in accordance with the debt service payment schedule of the bond, less any proceeds from lot sales. The amount of the future liability to the County cannot be determined as it is contingent on the sales of the business lots.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items (Continued)

C. Joint Ventures

Arrowhead Regional Corrections

The County, in a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, participates with Carlton, Koochiching, Lake, and St. Louis Counties in the Arrowhead Regional Corrections Board, which was established pursuant to the Community Corrections Act, Minn. Stat. §§ 401.01-.16.

The Arrowhead Regional Corrections Board comprises three major divisions: juvenile institutional services, adult institutional services, and court and field services. These divisions are composed of the five participating counties' probation departments, the Arrowhead Juvenile Detention Center, and the Northeast Regional Corrections Center. Arrowhead Regional Corrections is governed by an eight-member Board, composed of one member appointed from each of the participating counties' Boards of Commissioners, except for St. Louis County, which has three members appointed by its Board. In addition, the right to have an additional member is annually rotated among Carlton, Cook, Koochiching, and Lake Counties.

Arrowhead Regional Corrections is financed through state grants and contributions from the participating counties. Cook County provided \$280,061 in funding during 2014.

Separate financial information can be obtained from:

Arrowhead Regional Corrections 211 West Second Street, Suite 450 Duluth, Minnesota 55802

Carlton, Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Community Health Board

Carlton, Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Counties entered into a joint powers agreement creating, operating the Carlton, Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Community Health Services Act. This agreement was entered into January 1, 1977, and is established pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Carlton, Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Community Health Board (Continued)

The Community Health Services Board is composed of nine members. Carlton, Cook, and Lake County Boards of Commissioners each appoint two members; the St. Louis County Board of Commissioners appoints three members. Financing is obtained through federal and state grants. Cook County provided no funding to this organization in 2014.

Separate financial information can be obtained from:

Carlton, Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Community Health Board 404 West Superior Street, Suite 220 Duluth, Minnesota 55802

Northeast Minnesota Office of Job Training

Aitkin, Carlton, Cook, Itasca, Koochiching, Lake, and St. Louis Counties (excluding the City of Duluth) entered into a joint powers agreement, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, for the purpose of developing and implementing a private and public job training program. The United States Congress, through the Job Training Partnership Act of 1982, authorized states to establish "service delivery areas" to provide programs to achieve full employment through the use of grants. The counties identified above are defined as such "service delivery area," and the Northeast Minnesota Office of Job Training is designated as the grant recipient and administrator for such service delivery area. The County is not a funding mechanism for this organization.

The governing body is composed of seven members, one member from the Board of Commissioners of each of the participating counties.

Separate financial information can be obtained from:

Northeast Minnesota Office of Job Training 820 North 9th Street, Suite 210 Virginia, Minnesota 55792

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Minnesota Counties Information System (MCIS)

Aitkin, Carlton, Cass, Chippewa, Cook, Crow Wing, Dodge, Itasca, Koochiching, Lac qui Parle, Lake, Sherburne, and St. Louis Counties entered into a joint powers agreement, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, for the purpose of operating and maintaining data processing facilities and management information systems for use by its members.

MCIS is governed by a 13-member Board, composed of a member appointed by each of the participating counties' Board of Commissioners. Financing is obtained through user charges to the member. Cass County is the fiscal agent for MCIS.

Each county's share of the assets and liabilities cannot be accurately determined since it will depend on the number of counties that are members when the agreement is dissolved.

Separate financial information can be obtained from:

Minnesota Counties Information System 413 Southeast 7th Avenue Grand Rapids, Minnesota 55744

Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board

The Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board was established through a joint powers agreement, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59, for the purpose of helping to formulate land use plans for the protection, sustainable use, and development of lands and natural resources.

The joint powers are the Aitkin, Cook, Koochiching, Lake, Lake of the Woods, Pennington, Roseau, and St. Louis Counties. Three elected County Commissioners from St. Louis County and two from each of the other counties comprise the membership of the Board. St. Louis County handles all of the financial transactions for this organization through its Northern Counties Land Use Board Agency Fund.

Cook County provided no funding to this organization during 2014.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board (Continued)

Separate financial information can be obtained from:

Northern Counties Land Use Coordinating Board St. Louis County Courthouse 100 North 5th Avenue West, #214 Duluth, Minnesota 55802

North Shore Collaborative

The North Shore Collaborative was established in 1995 pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 124D.23. The Collaborative includes Cook County, Lake County, Independent School District 381, Independent School District 166, and the Grand Portage Reservation. The purpose of the Collaborative is to form a coalition of agencies, schools, and communities along the North Shore that will systematically address the mental health and other needs of the whole person for all children and youth; ensure their graduation from high school; and assist them in becoming healthy, happy, productive citizens.

Control of the North Shore Collaborative is vested in a Board of Directors. Financing is provided by state and federal grants, appropriations from Collaborative members, and miscellaneous revenues. Lake County is the fiscal agent for the Collaborative and handles all of the financial transactions for the organization. Financial information for the Collaborative for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, is as follows:

Total Assets \$ 163,160 Total Liabilities \$ 163,160

Separate financial information can be obtained from:

Lake County 601 3rd Avenue Two Harbors, Minnesota 55616

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Arrowhead Health Alliance

Carlton, Cook, Koochiching, and Lake Counties entered into a joint powers agreement, pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 256B.692, for the purpose of organizing, governing, planning, and administering a county-based purchasing entity to participate in prepaid health care programs through the Minnesota Department of Human Services and the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. In 2012, St. Louis County joined the Arrowhead Health Alliance.

Control of the Arrowhead Health Alliance is vested in a Board of Directors composed of one representative from each of the member counties. Carlton County is the fiscal agent for the Alliance.

Cook County contributed \$30,373 in start-up funds to the Arrowhead Health Alliance in 2007. The County provided no further funding in 2014.

Northeast Minnesota Regional Radio Board

The Northeast Minnesota Regional Radio Board was established through a joint powers agreement, pursuant to Minn. Stat. §§ 471.59 and 403.39, to provide for regional administration of enhancements to the Statewide Public Safety Radio and Communication System (ARMER) and to enhance and improve interoperable public safety communications.

The joint powers are the Counties of Aitkin, Carlton, Cass, Cook, Crow Wing, Itasca, Kanabec, Koochiching, Lake, Pine, and St. Louis, and the Cities of Duluth, Hibbing, International Falls, and Virginia. Control of the Northeast Minnesota Regional Radio Board is vested in a Board of Directors composed of one County Commissioner from each of the member counties and one City Council member from each of the member cities. In addition, there is one member from the Northeast Minnesota Regional Advisory Committee, one member from the Northeast Minnesota Regional Radio System User Committee, and one member from the Northeast Minnesota Owners and Operators Committee who are also voting members of the Board.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Northeast Minnesota Regional Radio Board (Continued)

Itasca County is the fiscal agent for the Northeast Minnesota Regional Radio Board. Funding is provided by grants and contributions from participating members. Cook County did not provide any funding in 2014.

Separate financial information can be obtained from:

Itasca County
123 N.E. 4th Street
Grand Rapids, Minnesota 55744-2847

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Cook County, in conjunction with other local governments, has formed joint powers boards to provide a variety of services. The County appoints at least one member to the following organizations:

North Shore Management Board

The North Shore Management Board provides Lake Superior Shoreline planning for Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Counties; the Cities of Beaver Bay, Grand Marais, Silver Bay, and Two Harbors; and the Towns of Duluth and Lakewood. During the year, the County made payments of \$2,500 to the Board.

Community Health Information Collaborative

The Community Health Information Collaborative (CHIC) Joint Powers Board promotes an implementation and maintenance of a regional immunization information system to ensure age-appropriate immunizations through complete and accurate records. The County did not contribute to the CHIC during 2014.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

<u>Region Two - Northeast Minnesota Homeland Security Emergency Management</u> Organization

The Region Two - Northeast Minnesota Security Emergency Management Organization was established to provide for regional coordination of planning, training, purchase of equipment, and allocating emergency services and staff in order to better respond to emergencies and natural or other disasters within the region. Control is vested in the Board, which is composed of representatives appointed by each Board of County Commissioners. Cook County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network

The Minnesota Criminal Justice Data Communications Network Joint Powers Agreement exists to create access for the County Sheriff and County Attorney to systems and tools available from the State of Minnesota, Department of Public Safety, and the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to carry out criminal justice. During the year, the County made no payments to the joint powers.

Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus

The Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus was established in 1997 and includes Aitkin, Beltrami, Clay, Clearwater, Cook, Douglas, Grant, Itasca, Kittson, Koochiching, Lake of the Woods, Mahnomen, Marshall, McLeod, Mille Lacs, Norman, Otter Tail, Pennington, Polk, Pope, Red Lake, Roseau, Stevens, Todd, and Traverse Counties. Control of the Caucus is vested in the Minnesota Rural Counties Caucus Executive Committee, which is composed of ten directors, each with an alternate, who are appointed annually by each respective County Board. The County's responsibility does not extend beyond making this appointment.

4. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

Sentence to Serve

Cook County, in conjunction with other local governments, participates in the State of Minnesota's Sentence to Serve (STS) program. STS is a project of the State Department of Administration's Strive Toward Excellence in Performance (STEP) program. STEP's goal is a statewide effort to make positive improvements in public services. It gives the courts an alternative to jail or fines for the nonviolent offenders who can work on a variety of community or state projects. Private funding, funds from various foundations and initiative funds, as well as the Departments of Corrections and Natural Resources, provide the funds needed to operate the STS program. Cook County has no operational or financial control over the STS program. The County does not budget for any percentage of this program.

E. Tax-Forfeited Land

The County manages approximately 4,259 acres of state-owned tax-forfeited land. This land generates revenues primarily from recreational land leases and land and timber sales. Land management costs, including forestry costs such as site preparation, seedlings, tree planting, and logging roads, are accounted for as current operating expenditures. Revenues in excess of expenditures are distributed to the County and cities, towns, and school districts within the County according to state statute.

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures - Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority</u>

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

In addition to those identified in Note 1, the County's discretely presented component unit has the following significant accounting policies.

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures - Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority</u>

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Reporting Entity

The Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority is governed by a seven-member Board. Four members are appointed by the Cook County Board of Commissioners, and three members are appointed by the Grand Marais City Council. The Authority is considered to be a component unit of Cook County. The Authority has one blended component unit, the Resource Development Council of Cook County, Inc.

Basis of Accounting

The Authority's governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Its enterprise fund and government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Cash and Investments

The Authority's cash consists of petty cash, checking accounts, and savings accounts.

Inventories

Inventory consists of golf course merchandise for resale. All inventories are valued at lower of cost or market using the first in/first out method. Inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale comprises the business lots for sale in the Cedar Grove Business Park. The Authority constructed the Cedar Grove Business Park within the City of Grand Marais to provide land sites for new or existing businesses. The lots are valued at the lower of historical cost or fair market value.

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures - Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic</u> Development Authority

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, except for land, which was donated. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Land improvements, buildings and structures, and furniture and equipment of the Authority are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	30
Buildings and structures	20
Furniture and equipment	1 - 20

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

1. Assets

Receivables

The Authority's receivables as of December 31, 2014, are as follows:

			Amoi	unts Not				
			Scheduled for					
				Collection During				
		Total	the Subsequent					
	Rec	Receivables		/ear				
Taxes receivable	\$	20,059	\$	-				
Accounts receivable		10,819		-				
Terri	\$	20.070	¢					
Total	•	30,878	Þ	_				

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures - Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority</u>

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u>

1. Assets (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		 Increase	<u> </u>	Decrease	Ending Balance	
Capital assets not depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	295,658 3,455,410	\$ 2,668,108	\$	81,973 2,530,060	\$	213,685 3,593,458
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$	3,751,068	\$ 2,668,108	\$	2,612,033	\$	3,807,143
Capital assets depreciated Land improvements Buildings and structures Furniture and equipment	\$	4,424,884 372,371 1,039,458	\$ - - 63,717	\$	- - 34,991	\$	4,424,884 372,371 1,068,184
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	5,836,713	\$ 63,717	\$	34,991	\$	5,865,439
Less: accumulated depreciation for Land improvements Buildings and structures Furniture and equipment	\$	2,733,440 372,371 861,045	\$ 151,467 - 43,725	\$	- - 34,991_	\$	2,884,907 372,371 869,779
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	3,966,856	\$ 195,192	\$	34,991	\$	4,127,057
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	1,869,857	\$ (131,475)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,738,382
Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,620,925	\$ 2,536,633	\$	2,612,033	\$	5,545,525

The Authority reclassified the lots for sale in the Cedar Grove Business Park from construction in progress to land held for resale.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows:

Golf course \$ 195,192

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures - Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority</u>

B. <u>Detailed Notes</u> (Continued)

2. Liabilities

Operating Leases

The Authority leases golf carts under non-cancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$27,329 for the year ended December 31, 2014. The current operating leases expired on December 31, 2014. These operating leases are expected to be replaced by similar leases.

Short-Term Debt

The Authority took out a loan of \$225,000 in 2012 from Cook County to help pay operating costs. The Authority took out a loan of \$10,000 in 2013 and 2014 from the City of Grand Marais to help make contractor payments.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, is:

	Beginning Balance		lditions/	D.	v m onto	Ending Balance		
	 Darance	A	lvances		ayments		Darance	
Due to other governments	\$ 185,000	\$	10,000	\$	20,000	\$	175,000	

3. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning Balance		Ado	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable Golf course revenue bonds	\$	340,000	\$	-		\$	340,000	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	

4. Sales Tax Collection Revenue

During 2014, the Authority received payments of \$2,718,095 from Cook County to cover the costs incurred by the Authority for planning costs and capital purchases of the golf course. The funds received were derived from the one percent sales tax collected by Cook County and are reported as nonoperating revenues in the financial statements.

5. <u>Component Unit Disclosures - Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority (Continued)</u>

C. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. The Authority purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

D. Cedar Grove Business Park

The Authority constructed the Cedar Grove Business Park within the City of Grand Marais to provide land sites for new or existing businesses. The project was funded by the Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, Iron Range Resources grants obtained by the City, and a City-issued bond. The City has an agreement with the Authority whereby proceeds from lot sales are to be remitted to the City at the time of the sale to be used to help repay the City-issued bond that financed the improvement. Unsold lots are recorded based on the fair value as land held for resale and due to other governments on the balance sheet.

6. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations and Deficit Fund Equity

The Airport Special Revenue fund, a nonmajor fund, incurred expenditures that exceeded the appropriations in the amount of \$328,308. Additionally, the expenditures were in excess of revenues and available resources resulting in a deficit fund equity of \$47,389. Capital outlay expenditures were greater than anticipated.





EXHIBIT A-1

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with	
	_	Original		Final	 Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	2,724,488	\$	2,724,488	\$ 2,843,070	\$	118,582	
Special assessments		-		-	71,321		71,321	
Licenses and permits		48,700		48,700	62,916		14,216	
Intergovernmental		3,629,132		3,629,132	4,691,129		1,061,997	
Charges for services		470,250		470,250	368,413		(101,837)	
Fines and forfeits		15,500		15,500	22,117		6,617	
Gifts and contributions		-		-	18,967		18,967	
Investment earnings		300,000		300,000	632,711		332,711	
Miscellaneous		404,230		404,230	651,751		247,521	
Total Revenues	\$	7,592,300	\$	7,592,300	\$ 9,362,395	\$	1,770,095	
Expenditures								
Current								
General government								
Commissioners	\$	341,009	\$	341,009	\$ 324,284	\$	16,725	
Courts		35,000		35,000	19,109		15,891	
Law library		25,250		25,250	25,426		(176)	
County auditor		666,437		666,437	768,901		(102,464)	
County assessor		293,667		293,667	285,406		8,261	
Elections		18,535		18,535	38,814		(20,279)	
Data processing		563,227		563,227	523,262		39,965	
Personnel		189,144		189,144	186,117		3,027	
Attorney		417,766		417,766	370,775		46,991	
Recorder		189,772		189,772	184,803		4,969	
Planning and zoning		298,904		298,904	294,937		3,967	
Buildings and plant		497,946		497,946	528,930		(30,984)	
Veterans service officer		36,064		36,064	 42,041		(5,977)	
Total general government	\$	3,572,721	\$	3,572,721	\$ 3,592,805	\$	(20,084)	
Public safety								
Sheriff	\$	2,029,781	\$	2,029,781	\$ 1,883,594	\$	146,187	
Boat and water safety		-		-	3,452		(3,452)	
Emergency services		102,522		102,522	108,644		(6,122)	
Coroner		15,500		15,500	25,318		(9,818)	
E-911 system		70,487		70,487	55,500		14,987	
County jail		208,697		208,697	273,186		(64,489)	
Community corrections		255,017		255,017	252,617		2,400	
Other public safety		17,500		17,500	 114,631		(97,131)	
Total public safety	\$	2,699,504	\$	2,699,504	\$ 2,716,942	\$	(17,438)	

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Amounts	F	inal Budget
Expenditures								
Current (Continued)								
Sanitation								
Solid waste	\$	53,620	\$	53,620	\$	57,152	\$	(3,532)
Recycling	Ψ.	319,357	Ψ	319,357	Ψ	313,822	Ψ	5,535
Other sanitation						419		(419)
Total sanitation	\$	372,977	\$	372,977	\$	371,393	\$	1,584
Culture and recreation	ф	70.000	ф	70.000	ф	72.540	ф	(2.540)
Historical society Parks	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	73,548	\$	(3,548)
- **		98,000		98,000		95,080		2,920
Senior citizens		81,000		81,000		81,000		-
Regional library		130,810		130,810		130,810		(162.066)
Contributions to the YMCA Other		121.016		121.016		162,066		(162,066)
Other		131,916	-	131,916		383,540		(251,624)
Total culture and recreation	\$	511,726	\$	511,726	\$	926,044	\$	(414,318)
Conservation of natural resources								
Cooperative extension	\$	71,172	\$	71,172	\$	79,900	\$	(8,728)
Soil and water conservation		39,526		39,526		39,526		-
Agricultural inspections		9,000		9,000		33,779		(24,779)
Environmental services		225,471		225,471		468,720		(243,249)
Total conservation of natural								
resources	\$	345,169	\$	345,169	\$	621,925	\$	(276,756)
resources	Ψ	343,107	Ψ	343,107	Ψ	021,723	Ψ	(270,730)
Economic development		.=		.=				
Community development	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	212,744	\$	(197,744)
Other miscellaneous	\$	2,847	\$	2,847	\$		\$	2,847
Capital outlay								
General government	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	162,134	\$	(142,134)
Public safety		92,100		92,100		335,992		(243,892)
Sanitation		-		-		1,342		(1,342)
Culture and recreation		2,500		2,500		10,996		(8,496)
Conservation of natural resources		-		-		785		(785)
Economic development		-	_	-		725,196	_	(725,196)
Total capital outlay	\$	114,600	\$	114,600	\$	1,236,445	\$	(1,121,845)
Total Expenditures	\$	7,634,544	\$	7,634,544	\$	9,678,298	\$	(2,043,754)
-								

EXHIBIT A-1 (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with	
	Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)							
Expenditures	\$ (42,244)	\$	(42,244)	\$	(315,903)	\$	(273,659)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	\$ -	\$	-	\$	700,841	\$	700,841
Transfers out	 (350,000)		(350,000)		(725,000)		(375,000)
Total Other Financing Sources							
(Uses)	\$ (350,000)	\$	(350,000)	\$	(24,159)	\$	325,841
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (392,244)	\$	(392,244)	\$	(340,062)	\$	52,182
Fund Balance - January 1	9,415,602		9,415,602		9,415,602		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 9,023,358	\$	9,023,358	\$	9,075,540	\$	52,182

EXHIBIT A-2

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
		Original Final		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,456,211	\$	1,456,211	\$	1,486,390	\$	30,179
Intergovernmental		3,839,530		3,839,530		3,754,684		(84,846)
Charges for services		318,000		318,000		290,955		(27,045)
Miscellaneous		100,000		100,000		12,574		(87,426)
Total Revenues	\$	5,713,741	\$	5,713,741	\$	5,544,603	\$	(169,138)
Expenditures								
Current								
Highways and streets								
Administration	\$	335,852	\$	335,852	\$	318,269	\$	17,583
Maintenance		2,509,011		2,509,011		2,112,760		396,251
Construction		2,781,332		2,781,332		2,512,847		268,485
Equipment maintenance and shop		737,546		737,546		969,511		(231,965)
Total Expenditures	\$	6,363,741	\$	6,363,741	\$	5,913,387	\$	450,354
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	(650,000)	\$	(650,000)	\$	(368,784)	\$	281,216
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		550,000		550,000		925,000		375,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(100,000)	\$	(100,000)	\$	556,216	\$	656,216
Fund Balance - January 1		1,187,917		1,187,917		1,187,917		-
Increase (decrease) in inventories						(99,418)		(99,418)
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,087,917	\$	1,087,917	\$	1,644,715	\$	556,798

EXHIBIT A-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUBLIC HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts		nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,032,804	\$	1,032,804	\$	1,028,998	\$	(3,806)
Licenses and permits		15,900		15,900		13,868		(2,032)
Intergovernmental		979,448		979,448		1,074,125		94,677
Charges for services		251,827		251,827		224,021		(27,806)
Miscellaneous		89,704		89,704		143,099		53,395
Total Revenues	\$	2,369,683	\$	2,369,683	\$	2,484,111	\$	114,428
Expenditures								
Current								
Human services								
Income maintenance	\$	645,619	\$	645,619	\$	640,571	\$	5,048
Social services		1,474,809		1,474,809		1,565,407		(90,598)
Other						21,786		(21,786)
Total human services	\$	2,120,428	\$	2,120,428	\$	2,227,764	\$	(107,336)
Health								
Nursing service		331,993		331,993		298,126		33,867
Total Expenditures	\$	2,452,421	\$	2,452,421	\$	2,525,890	\$	(73,469)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(82,738)	\$	(82,738)	\$	(41,779)	\$	40,959
Fund Balance - January 1		684,589		684,589		684,589		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	601,851	\$	601,851	\$	642,810	\$	40,959



NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the following major funds: the General Fund and the Road and Bridge and Public Health and Human Services Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Cook County carries reserves over from year to year. The County Board may assign a specific use for some of the fund balances.

In July of each year, all departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations to the County Auditor/Treasurer so that a budget can be prepared. Before September 15, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. A final budget is adopted by the Board and certified to the Auditor/Treasurer by December 28.

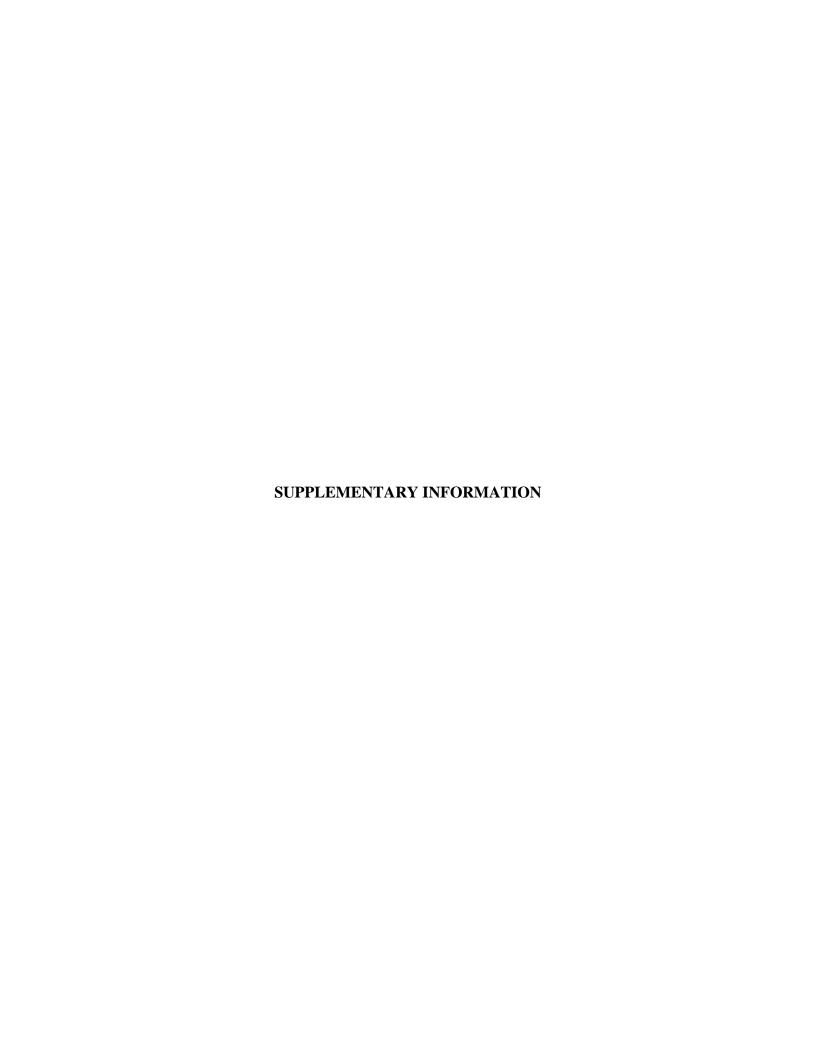
The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department with County Auditor/Treasurer approval. Transfers of appropriations between departments and/or funds require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2014, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

	Ex	Excess penditures	
General Fund	\$	2,043,754	Primarily funded by greater than anticipated revenues, much of which correspond to the excess expenditures.
Public Health and Human Services Special Revenue Fund		73,469	Funded by increased reimbursements which are tied to expenditures and by use of fund balance.







NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The <u>Building Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for funds used for general government grounds and buildings.

The <u>Golf Course Lodging Tax Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the collection of a County-levied two percent lodging tax to be used for marketing and promotion of tourism and for debt service payments on the golf course bonds.

The <u>Airport Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for funds used for the operation and maintenance of the County Airport.

The <u>Forfeited Tax Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for proceeds from the sale or rental of lands forfeited to the State of Minnesota pursuant to Minn. Stat. ch. 282. The distribution of the net proceeds, after deducting the expenses of the County for managing the tax-forfeited lands, is governed by Minn. Stat. § 282.08. Title to the tax-forfeited lands remains with the state until sold by the County.

The <u>Leased Lakeshore Permanent Fund</u> is used to account for funds collected from the sale of County-owned lakeshore leased lots. In accordance with 1998 Minn. Laws ch. 398, art. 16, § 31, the principal on these sales must remain in an environmental trust fund, and only the interest may be spent on improvement of natural resources.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2014

			Special Golf Course		
		Building			
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	732,182	\$	8,458	
Taxes receivable - prior		5,122		-	
Accounts receivable		-		-	
Due from other governments		-			
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	737,304	\$	8,458	
<u>Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of</u> <u>Resources, and Fund Balances</u>					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	11,948	\$	-	
Due to other funds					
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	11,948	\$		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue	Φ.	4.407	ф		
Taxes Grants	\$	4,407	\$	-	
Grants					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	4,407	\$	-	
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable			_		
Environmental improvements - principal Restricted	\$	-	\$	-	
EDA		_		8,458	
Environmental improvements		-		-	
Forfeited tax		-		-	
Assigned					
Building improvements Unassigned		720,949		-	
Onassigned					
Total Fund Balances	\$	720,949	\$	8,458	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	737,304	\$	8,458	
and Pana Dalances	Ф	131,304	φ	0,450	

Reve	nue Funds						Leased			
A imm o mt		I	Forfeited Tax		Total		akeshore	Total (Exhibit 3)		
	Airport		1ax		Total	<u></u>	ermanent		EXHIBIT 3)	
\$	58,424 3,878	\$	-	\$	799,064 9,000	\$	852,666	\$	1,651,730 9,000	
	5,065		136,716		141,781		- -		141,781	
	48,175		-		48,175		-		48,175	
\$	115,542	\$	136,716	\$	998,020	\$	852,666	\$	1,850,686	
\$	111,421	\$	-	\$	123,369	\$	-	\$	123,369	
	-		125,694		125,694				125,694	
\$	111,421	\$	125,694	\$	249,063	\$		<u>\$</u>	249,063	
\$	3,335 48,175	\$	- -	\$	7,742 48,175	\$	- -	\$	7,742 48,175	
\$	51,510	\$		\$	55,917	\$		<u> </u>	55,917	
Ψ	31,310	Ψ		Ψ	33,717	Ψ		<u>Ψ</u>	33,717	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	584,434	\$	584,434	
	-		-		8,458		-		8,458	
	-		-		-		268,232		268,232	
	-		11,022		11,022		-		11,022	
	-		-		720,949		-		720,949	
	(47,389)		-		(47,389)		<u>-</u>		(47,389)	
\$	(47,389)	\$	11,022	\$	693,040	\$	852,666	\$	1,545,706	
\$	115,542	\$	136,716	\$	998,020	\$	852,666	\$	1,850,686	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

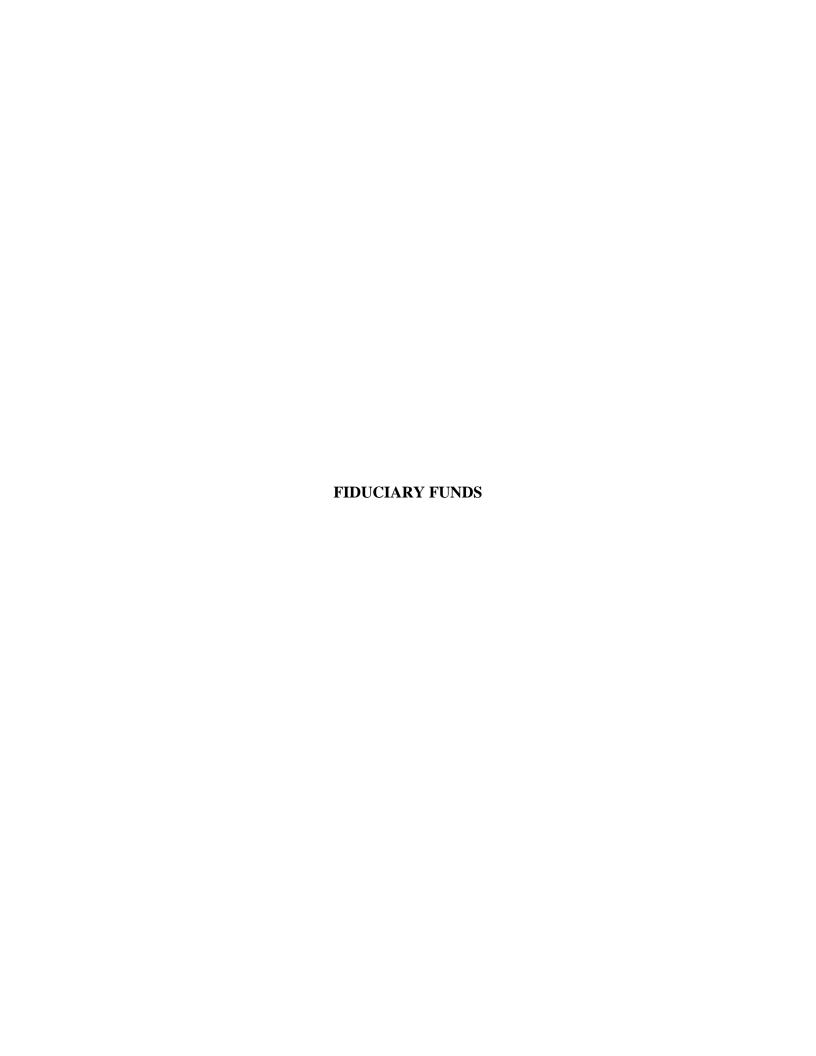
				Special
		Golf Course Lodging Tax		
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	126,217	\$	4,107
Intergovernmental		-		-
Investment earnings		-		3
Miscellaneous				
Total Revenues	\$	126,217	\$	4,110
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	\$	76,989	\$	-
Economic development		-		-
Capital outlay		34,530		
Total Expenditures	\$	111,519	\$	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	14,698	\$	4,110
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		33,355		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	48,053	\$	4,110
Fund Balance - January 1		672,896		4,348
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	720,949	\$	8,458

Revenue Funds							Leased	m . 1		
Airport		F	Forfeited Tax		Total		Lakeshore Permanent		Total (Exhibit 5)	
\$	94,906	\$	-	\$	225,230	\$	-	\$	225,230	
	27,118		-		27,118		-		27,118	
	-		-		3		5,842		5,845	
	31,291		<u>-</u>		31,291		<u>-</u>		31,291	
\$	153,315	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	283,642	\$	5,842	\$	289,484	
\$	- 141,768	\$	-	\$	76,989 141,768	\$	-	\$	76,989 141,768	
	330,991		<u>-</u>		365,521		<u>-</u>		365,521	
\$	472,759	\$		\$	584,278	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	584,278	
\$	(319,444)	\$	-	\$	(300,636)	\$	5,842	\$	(294,794)	
	<u> </u>				33,355				33,355	
\$	(319,444)	\$	-	\$	(267,281)	\$	5,842	\$	(261,439)	
	272,055		11,022		960,321		846,824		1,807,145	
\$	(47,389)	\$	11,022	\$	693,040	\$	852,666	\$	1,545,706	

EXHIBIT B-3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AIRPORT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	95,300	\$	95,300	\$	94,906	\$	(394)
Intergovernmental		24,650		24,650		27,118		2,468
Miscellaneous		21,717		21,717		31,291		9,574
Total Revenues	\$	141,667	\$	141,667	\$	153,315	\$	11,648
Expenditures								
Current								
Economic development	\$	124,451	\$	124,451	\$	141,768	\$	(17,317)
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		330,991		(310,991)
Total Expenditures	\$	144,451	\$	144,451	\$	472,759	\$	(328,308)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,784)	\$	(2,784)	\$	(319,444)	\$	339,956
Fund Balance - January 1		272,055		272,055		272,055		-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	269,271	\$	269,271	\$	(47,389)	\$	339,956





AGENCY FUNDS

The County reports the following fund type:

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.



EXHIBIT C-1

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31	
MEDICAL AND DEPENDENT CARE FLEX PLAN					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 4,025	\$ 64,893	\$ 66,696	\$ 2,222	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ 4,025	\$ 64,893	\$ 66,696	\$ 2,222	
SOIL AND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT	<u>N</u>				
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 309,474	\$ 525,889	\$ 439,628	\$ 395,735	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 309,474	\$ 525,889	\$ 439,628	\$ 395,735	
MORTGAGE REGISTRY					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 9,872	\$ 96,360	\$ 99,742	\$ 6,490	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 9,872	\$ 96,360	\$ 99,742	\$ 6,490	

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31	
FIRE DISTRICTS					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 11,721	\$ 290,060	\$ 288,444	\$ 13,337	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 11,721	\$ 290,060	\$ 288,444	\$ 13,337	
CITIES AND TOWNS					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 77,184	\$ 1,506,611	\$ 1,494,039	\$ 89,756	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 77,184	\$ 1,506,611	\$ 1,494,039	\$ 89,756	
STATE REVENUE					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other governments	\$ 113,547 21	\$ 2,497,286	\$ 2,458,503 21	\$ 152,330	
Total Assets	\$ 113,568	\$ 2,497,286	\$ 2,458,524	\$ 152,330	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 113,568	\$ 2,497,286	\$ 2,458,524	\$ 152,330	

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

	Balance January 1			Balance December 31	
LODGING TAX					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$ 40,724 81,566	\$ 1,571,614 128,761	\$ 1,612,308 81,566	\$ 30 128,761	
Total Assets	\$ 122,290	\$ 1,700,375	\$ 1,693,874	\$ 128,791	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ 122,290	\$ 1,700,375	\$ 1,693,874	\$ 128,791	
TAXES AND PENALTIES					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 66,117	\$ 12,751,045	\$ 12,735,528	\$ 81,634	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 66,117	\$ 12,751,045	\$ 12,735,528	\$ 81,634	
<u>SCHOOL</u>					
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other governments	\$ 63,705	\$ 2,149,310 70,027	\$ 2,158,672	\$ 54,343 70,027	
Total Assets	\$ 63,705	\$ 2,219,337	\$ 2,158,672	\$ 124,370	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 63,705	\$ 2,219,337	\$ 2,158,672	\$ 124,370	

EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)

	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	696,369 81,566 21	\$	21,453,068 128,761 70,027	\$	21,353,560 81,566 21	\$	795,877 128,761 70,027
Total Assets	\$	777,956	\$	21,651,856	\$	21,435,147	\$	994,665
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	126,315 651,641	\$	1,765,268 19,886,588	\$	1,760,570 19,674,577	\$	131,013 863,652
Total Liabilities	\$	777,956	\$	21,651,856	\$	21,435,147	\$	994,665





EXHIBIT D-1

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Ge	Component Unit		
Shared Revenue				
State				
Highway users tax	\$	3,667,770	\$	-
PERA rate reimbursement		17,931		-
Disparity reduction credit		3,157		-
Police aid		96,469		-
County program aid		282,362		-
Taconite credit		145,259		-
Casino revenue aid		47,961		-
Enhanced 911		94,838		-
Total shared revenue	\$	4,355,747	\$	
Reimbursement for Services				
State				
Minnesota Department of Health	\$	6,649	\$	-
Minnesota Department of Human Services		133,090		
Total reimbursement for services	\$	139,739	\$	
Payments				
State				
Payments in lieu of taxes	\$	363,017	\$	-
Local				
Local contributions		300,000		52,347
Total payments	\$	663,017	\$	52,347
Grants				
State				
Minnesota Department/Board of				
Public Safety	\$	11,573	\$	-
Agriculture		121,592		-
Transportation		27,118		-
Health		50,477		-
Environmental Assistance		175,703		-
Natural Resources		191,288		-
Human Services		311,269		-
Veterans Affairs		7,500		-
Water and Soil Resources		30,781		-
Miscellaneous boards		89,576		
Total state	\$	1,016,877	\$	

EXHIBIT D-1 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	Go	Governmental Funds		
Grants (Continued)				
Federal				
Department of				
Agriculture	\$	2,107,423	\$	-
Commerce		53,878		-
Housing and Urban Development		200,422		18,000
Interior		211,311		-
Transportation		94,556		-
Education		2,288		-
Health and Human Services		528,195		-
Homeland Security		369,675		-
Environmental Protection Agency		103,928		-
Total federal	<u>\$</u>	3,671,676	\$	18,000
Total state and federal grants	\$	4,688,553	\$	18,000
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	9,847,056	\$	70,347

EXHIBIT D-2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA			
Grant Program Title	Number	Ex	penditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Direct				
U.S. Forest Service Cooperative Agreement	R9-9-95-36C	\$	32,417	
Law Enforcement Cooperative Agreement	11-LE-11090903		12,373	
Cooperative Forestry Assistance	10.664		7,293	
Passed Through Carlton, Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Community Health Board				
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557		31,572	
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition				
Assistance Program	10.561		76,566	
Passed Through Minnesota Office of Management & Budget				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665		1,947,202	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$	2,107,423	
U.S. Department of Commerce				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources				
Coastal Zone Management Administration Awards	11.419	\$	53,878	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development				
Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement				
Grants in Hawaii	14.228	\$	200,422	
Passed Through St. Louis County				
Home Investment Partnerships Program	14.239		18,000	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		\$	218,422	
U.S. Department of the Interior				
Direct				
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	\$	211,311	

EXHIBIT D-2 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Federal Grantor	Federal		
Pass-Through Agency	CFDA		
Grant Program Title	Number	Exp	oenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	\$	16,887
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources			
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			
Recreational Trails Program	20.219		77,669
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$	94,556
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			
Passed Through Minnesota Pollution Control Agency			
Great Lakes Program	66.469	\$	98,928
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health			
Beach Monitoring and Notification Program Implementation Grants	66.472		5,000
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		\$	103,928
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through Carlton, Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Community Health Board			
Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	\$	2,288
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through Carlton, Cook, Lake, and St. Louis Community Health Board			
Public Health Emergency Preparedness	93.069	\$	20,669
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		3,244
(Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 \$39,967)			
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994		4,807
Passed Through Koochiching County			
Rural Health Care Services Outreach, Rural Health Network Development and			
Small Health Care Provider Quality Improvement Program	93.912		18,507

EXHIBIT D-2 (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Federal Grantor	Federal		
Pass-Through Agency	CFDA		***
Grant Program Title	Number	<u>Ex</u>	penditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (Continued)			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		1,393
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558		36,723
(Temporary Assistance for Needy Families 93.558 \$39,967)			
Child Support Enforcement	93.563		133,183
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State-Administered Programs	93.566		415
Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575		916
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645		919
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658		17,873
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		34,617
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767		51
Medical Assistance Program	93.778		215,828
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$	489,145
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources			
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	\$	10,473
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety			
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042		16,557
Pre-Disaster Mitigation	97.047		218,249
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		140,953
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		\$	386,232
Total Federal Awards		\$	3,667,183



NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. Reporting Entity

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activities of federal award programs expended by Cook County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements. The Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic Development Authority discretely presented component unit expended \$18,000 of federal funding under CFDA No. 14.239 - Home Investment Partnerships Program, which is included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards of Cook County.

2. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Cook County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2014. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Cook County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Cook County.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in OMB Circular A-87, *Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.

4. Clusters

Clusters of programs are groupings of closely related programs that share common compliance requirements. Total expenditures by cluster are:

Highway Planning and Construction Cluster

94,556

5. Reconciliation to Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue

Federal grant revenue per Schedule of Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 3,671,676
Federal Expenditures of the Cook County and Grand Marais Joint Economic	
Development Authority	18,000
Grants unavailable in 2013, recognized as revenue in 2014	
Medical Assistance Program	(39,050)
Grants received more than 60 days after year-end, unavailable in 2014	
Emergency Management Performance Grants	 16,557
Expenditures per Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 3,667,183

6. Subrecipients

The County did not pass any federal awards through to subrecipients during the year ended December 31, 2014.



EXHIBIT E-1

TAX CAPACITY, TAX RATES, LEVIES, AND PERCENTAGE OF COLLECTIONS

	2013			2014				2015		
		Amount	Net Tax Capacity Rate (%)	_	Amount	Net Tax Capacity Rate (%)	_	Amount	Net Tax Capacity Rate (%)	
Tax Capacity										
Real property	\$	16,500,288		\$	16,473,774		\$	16,462,413		
Personal property		278,041			289,789			272,159		
Fiscal disparity contribution		(391,702)		_	(382,647)		_	(447,825)		
Net Tax Capacity	\$	16,386,627		\$	16,380,916		\$	16,286,747		
Taxes Levied for County Purposes										
General	\$	3,235,830	19.72	\$	3,086,788	18.85	\$	3,206,697	19.70	
Road and Bridge		1,387,612	8.42		1,424,211	8.66		1,593,967	9.74	
Social Services		1,030,361	6.25		1,032,804	6.28		1,151,248	7.04	
Airport		95,300	0.58		95,300	0.58		95,300	0.58	
Government Center		360,000	2.18		360,000	2.19		379,528	2.32	
YMCA Operations		-	-		110,000	0.67		110,000	0.67	
Economic Development		150,000	0.91	_	210,000	1.28	_	252,320	1.54	
Total Levy for County Purposes	\$	6,259,103	38.06	\$	6,319,103	38.51	\$	6,789,060	41.59	
Less Credits Payable by State										
Taconite homestead credit	\$	351,005		\$	350,056		\$	360,344		
Disparity reduction aid		3,157		_	3,157		_	3,157		
Total Credits Payable by State	\$	354,162		\$	353,213		\$	363,501		
Net Levy for County Purposes	\$	5,904,941		\$	5,965,890		\$	6,425,559		
Tax Capacity - Light and Power	\$	54,270		\$	57,292		\$	54,796		
Light and Power Tax Levy (distributed pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 273.42, as amended)	<u>\$</u>	28,504		\$	29,883		\$	27,858		
Percentage of Tax Collections for All Purposes		99.73%			99.72%					

(Unaudited) Page 92





SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? Yes

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weaknesses identified? **No**
- Significant deficiencies identified? **No**

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133? **No**

The major program is:

Schools and Roads - Grants to States

CFDA #10.665

The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.

Cook County qualified as a low-risk auditee? No

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

Finding 1996-003

Segregation of Duties

Criteria: A good system of internal control provides for an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual handles a transaction from its inception to completion.

Condition: Several of the County's departments that collect fees lack proper segregation of duties. These departments generally have one or two staff people who are responsible for billing, collecting, recording, and depositing receipts as well as reconciling bank accounts.

Context: Due to the limited number of office personnel within the County, segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. This is not unusual in operations the size of Cook County; however, the County's management should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an accounting point of view.

Effect: Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the County's ability to detect misstatements to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Cause: The County informed us that it would not be cost effective to hire additional qualified accounting staff in order to segregate duties in every department.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County's elected officials and management be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and, where possible, implement oversight procedures to ensure that the internal control policies and procedures are being implemented by staff to the extent possible.

Client's Response:

The County is aware of the lack of segregation of accounting functions and will continue to monitor the situation and implement oversight procedures where possible.

Accounting Policies and Procedures Manual

Criteria: All governments should document their accounting policies and procedures. Although other methods might suffice, this documentation is traditionally in the form of an accounting policies and procedures manual.

Condition: The County does not have a current and comprehensive accounting policies and procedures manual.

Context: This manual should be on hand to document the accounting policies and procedures which make up the County's internal control system. It can also help to prevent deterioration of key elements in the County's internal control system and help to avoid circumvention of County policies.

Effect: An accounting policies and procedures manual will enhance employees' understanding of their role and function in the internal control system, establish responsibilities, provide guidance for employees, improve efficiency and consistency of transaction processing, and improve compliance with established policies.

Cause: Cook County has various policies and procedures documents that have been adopted by the County Board. Although some of these policies are accounting-related policies, most of the policies are administrative in nature.

Recommendation: We recommend the County establish an accounting policies and procedures manual. The accounting policies and procedures manual should be prepared by appropriate levels of management and be approved by the County Board to emphasize its importance and authority. The documentation should describe procedures as they are intended to be performed, indicate which employees are to perform which procedures, and explain the design and purpose of control-related procedures to increase employee understanding and support for controls.

Client's Response:

The County Auditor's Office will continue to accumulate and document accounting policies and procedures with the goal of producing a policy and procedures manual for approval by the County Board in 2016.

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

Finding 2014-001

Sheriff's Department Control Procedures

Criteria: Timely deposits of cash receipted and reconciliations of receipts to deposits are basic internal controls which are necessary to ensure that the County's assets are adequately safeguarded.

Condition: During the audit of the Sheriff's Department, cash was counted. There was \$750 of cash on hand related to phone cards that had not been deposited and was not reconcilable to the Department's receipt book. It could not be determined when the funds were received. Due to not reconciling receipts to funds received, amounts deposited by the Sheriff's Department could not be traced to amounts deposited with the Auditor's Office.

Context: The establishment and oversight of department control procedures is particularly important because, generally, these smaller departments lack proper segregation of duties, which increases the risk of errors or fraud.

Effect: Internal control procedures in place to ensure accounting records are properly maintained and adequately supported are not working as intended. This increases the risk that errors or fraud could occur in the department and not be detected timely by County staff.

Cause: The County Board relies on management within the individual departments to ensure proper internal controls have been established and are working as intended. Although individual department managers may be aware that certain control procedures should be performed, there is limited formal guidance documenting what internal control policies and procedures should be implemented by departmental staff.

Recommendation: We recommend Cook County's management implement oversight and monitoring procedures to ensure that internal control policies and procedures are being implemented by staff.

The Office of the State Auditor has a Statement of Position 2007-1010 which discusses the importance of internal controls. It can be found on our website, http://www.auditor.state.mn.us/other/Statements/importanceic_0703_statement.pdf, along with useful information, and may offer additional guidance.

Client's Response:

The Sheriff's Office staff will start depositing the funds from the jail phone cards more frequently, as well as reconciling with the jail phone card receipts and receipts from the book by the window. They will start doing this weekly. They will count the money in the envelope, match it up with the phone card number on the sheets the dispatchers fill out and initial that they have matched it up and verify there is a yellow receipt with the funds. Melissa will then make the deposit with the Auditor's Office and reconcile it in the deposit book.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Audit Adjustments and/or Restatements (2013-001)

During the 2013 audit, material audit adjustments were required to eliminate improper receivables, reduce revenue and expenditures to proper balances, and correct an adjusting journal entry reallocating revenues and expenditures.

Resolution

During the 2014 audit, no material audit adjustments were identified.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None.

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

OTHER ITEM FOR CONSIDERATION

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the independent organization that establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments. Effective for your calendar year 2015 financial statements, the GASB changed those standards as they apply to employers that provide pension benefits.

GASB Statement 68 significantly changes pension accounting and financial reporting for governmental employers that prepare financial statements on the accrual basis by separating pension accounting methodology from pension funding methodology. Statement 68 requires employers to include a portion of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) total employers' unfunded liability, called the "net pension liability" on the face of the County's government-wide statement of financial position. The County's financial position will be immediately impacted by its unfunded share of the pension liability.

Statement 68 changes the amount employers report as pension expense and defers some allocations of expenses to future years—deferred outflows or inflows of resources. It requires pension costs to be calculated by an actuary; whereas, in the past pension costs were equal to the amount of employer contributions sent to PERA during the year. Additional footnote disclosures and required supplementary information schedules are also required by Statement 68.

The net pension liability that will be reported in Cook County's financial statements is an accounting estimate of the proportionate share of PERA's unfunded liability at a specific point in time. That number will change from year to year and is based on assumptions about the probability of the occurrence of events far into the future. Those assumptions include how long people will live, how long they will continue to work, projected salary increases, and how well pension trust investments will do. PERA has been proactive in taking steps toward implementation and will be providing most of the information needed by employers to report the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Cook County Grand Marais, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cook County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 16, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Cook County's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's

financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 1996-003, 2006-006, and 2014-001, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cook County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

The Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested in connection with the audit of the County's financial statements: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance with the provisions for tax increment financing because the County administers no tax increment financing districts.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Cook County failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the County's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

Other Matters

Also included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs is an other item for consideration. We believe this information to be of benefit to the County, and it is reported for that purpose.

Cook County's Response to Findings

Cook County's responses to the internal control findings identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The County's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting, compliance, and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Political Subdivisions* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 16, 2015





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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Cook County Grand Marais, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Cook County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2014. Cook County's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Ouestioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Cook County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Cook County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Cook County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Cook County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 16, 2015