STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Patricia Anderson State Auditor

TOWN OF SOUTH BEND BLUE EARTH COUNTY, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The Office of the State Auditor serves as a watchdog for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity, accountability, and cost-effectiveness in local governments throughout the state.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 250 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 4,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits for local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for over 700 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing, Investment and Finance - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employee's Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2004



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



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ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Term Expires
Town Board	
Supervisors	
Craig Owings	March 2005
Douglas J. Schaller***	March 2006
Roger Veldhuisen**	March 2006
Roger Quiram*	March 2007
Susan Pfeffer	March 2007
Officers Appointed	
Clerk/Treasurer	
Steven B. Flo	Indefinite

^{*} Chair

^{**} Vice-Chair

^{***} Ronald Weingartz appointed to fill position while incumbent is serving in Operation Enduring Freedom.







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Town Board of Supervisors Town of South Bend

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of South Bend, Blue Earth County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1.C., the Town's policy is to prepare its financial statements on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of South Bend, as of December 31, 2004, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison statements for the General Fund and the Road and Bridge, Fire, and Dike Special Revenue Funds for the year then ended in conformity with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.C.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, preceding the Exhibits, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

/s/Pat Anderson

/s/Greg Hierlinger

PATRICIA ANDERSON STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

End of Fieldwork: February 9, 2005





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

As management of the Town of South Bend, we offer readers of the Town of South Bend's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of South Bend for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004.

Financial Highlights

- The Town's net cash assets increased \$22,009 for the year. This increase was due primarily to utility operations.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported ending net cash balances of \$297,135. Of this amount, \$297,135 was available for spending at the Town's discretion
- At the close of the fiscal year, the net cash balance of the General Fund represented 14.5 percent of total general fund disbursements for the year.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the Town had no debt obligations.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of South Bend's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of South Bend's finances, based on the cash basis of reporting.

The *statement of net cash assets* presents information on all of the Town's cash balance. Over time, increases or decreases in net cash assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or declining.

The statement of activities arising from cash transactions presents information showing how the Town's net cash assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net cash assets are based on the cash receipts and disbursements that have taken place for the fiscal year.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of South Bend that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental collections (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities include general government, public safety, and roads and streets. The business-type activities include a water and sewer system.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of South Bend, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements are not concerned with the extent of fund activity required to be supported by taxes, grants, and other contributions. Governmental fund financial statements primarily report receipts and disbursements for the year.

The Town of South Bend maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statement of balances arising from cash transactions and in the governmental fund statement of cash receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances for the General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Fire Fund, and Dike Fund.

The Town of South Bend adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, Road and Bridge Fund, Fire Fund, and Dike Fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 3 to 8 of this report.

Proprietary fund. The Town of South Bend maintains one proprietary fund, or enterprise fund. An *enterprise fund* is used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses an enterprise fund to account for its water system and sewer system. An enterprise fund provides the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The enterprise fund noted above is considered to be a major fund of the Town of South Bend.

The basic enterprise fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 9 to 11 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found after the exhibits.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Town of South Bend's net cash assets increased by \$22,009. The increase was due primarily to enterprise activities.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the Town of South Bend's net cash assets by \$41,695. Key elements are as follows:

Changes In Net Cash Assets

	 Govern Activ	nmental vities			ss-Type vities		 Т	otal	ıl		
	 2004		2003	 2004		2003	 2004		2003		
Receipts Program receipts Fees and charges											
for services Operating grants and	\$ 19,398	\$	21,063	\$ 96,897	\$	95,598	\$ 116,295	\$	116,661		
contributions Capital grants and	18,815		24,398	-		-	18,815		24,398		
contributions General receipts Property tax levy	45,932		-	-		-	45,932		-		
general purposes	93,868		95,501	-		-	93,868		95,501		
Local government aid	13,832		15,583	75		-	13,907		15,583		
Investment earnings	7,348		10,062	2,582		1,892	9,930		11,954		
Miscellaneous	 		11,025	 11,576		-	 11,576		11,025		
Total receipts	\$ 199,193	\$	177,632	\$ 111,130	\$	97,490	\$ 310,323	\$	275,122		
Disbursements											
General government	\$ 19,733	\$	75,220	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 19,733	\$	75,220		
Public safety	146,432		32,023	-		-	146,432		32,023		
Roads and streets	74,723		87,840	-		-	74,723		87,840		
Water and sewer	 			 47,426		88,223	 47,426		88,223		
Total disbursements	\$ 240,888	\$	195,083	\$ 47,426	\$	88,223	\$ 288,314	\$	283,306		
Increase (decrease) in net cash assets	\$ (41,695)	\$	(17,451)	\$ 63,704	\$	9,267	\$ 22,009	\$	(8,184)		
Cash - January 1	 338,830		356,281	 196,384		187,117	 535,214		543,398		
Cash - December 31	\$ 297,135	\$	338,830	\$ 260,088	\$	196,384	\$ 557,223	\$	535,214		

- Property tax levies remained unchanged from the previous year.
- Disbursements for general government decreased from the previous year by \$55,487, because in the prior year the Town put a pitch roof and siding on the fire hall and had a survey done to properly locate an alley.
- Disbursements for roads and streets decreased from the previous year by \$13,117, because fewer contracts for road construction occurred.
- Disbursements for public safety increased from previous year by \$114,409, primarily because of FEMA and other fire equipment purchases.

Business-Type activities. Business-type activities increased the Town of South Bend's net cash assets by \$63,704, accounting for 289 percent of the total increase in the Town's net cash assets. Key elements of this increase are:

• An increase in rent income for water tower space and a decrease in sewage treatment costs.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of South Bend uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on the receipts, disbursements, and cash balances of the individual funds. Such information is useful in determining the availability of funds for specific uses.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. The Road and Bridge Fund accounts for costs related to roads and streets in the Town. The Fire Fund accounts for costs related to fire protection for the Town's residents. The Dike Fund accounts for costs related to maintenance of the Town dike.

	R	eceipts	Dis	bursements]	Balance \$ 20.003		
General Fund	\$	74,484	\$	137,813	\$	20,003		
Road and Bridge Fund		92,237		76,264		180,359		
Fire Fund		20,992		20,992		1,000		
Dike Fund		11,480		5,819		95,773		

- The cash balance in the General Fund decreased by \$63,329 for the year, due to the purchase of fire fighting equipment for the fire department and the purchase of additional fire equipment, 90 percent of which will be reimbursed by FEMA funds received by the fire department.
- For the Road and Bridge Fund, fewer road projects took place in 2004, causing disbursements to decline from the previous year. Cash receipts remained consistent with the previous year, resulting in an overall increase in the fund's cash balance of \$15,973 for the year.
- The Fire Fund balance remained the same as the previous year.
- The cash balance in the Dike Fund increased by \$5,661 for the year. For the second year, cash receipts slightly exceeded dike maintenance.

Proprietary fund. The Town of South Bend's Proprietary Fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Water and Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the Town's water delivery system and fees collected from customers connected to the Town's water and sewer system. Interest from investments and rent receipts from water tower space are included in water and sewer fund activities.

	I	Receipts	Disb	ursements	Balance			
Water and Sewer Fund	\$	111,130	\$	47,426	\$	260,088		

• Water and sewer collections increased by \$1,299 from the previous year, virtually unchanged. Disbursements were less than anticipated, causing increases in the cash balance of the Utility Proprietary Fund.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. Capital assets from governmental activities of the Town of South Bend consist of the town hall building and its related land, one grader, one dump truck, one tractor-loader, and office furniture and equipment located in the town hall. Capital assets from enterprise activities of the Town consist of the water plant, sewer and storm water lines, and equipment located at the water plant. Values for all these items have not been maintained, but a process will begin in 2005 to identify their historical costs.

Long-term debt. At the end of 2004, the Town of South Bend had no outstanding debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Rates

- The unemployment rate for Blue Earth County was 3.6 percent in 2003, which is consistent with the Town of South Bend's rate.
- Inflationary trends in the Town's region compare favorably with national levels.
- Tax levies for 2005 were approved at the Town's annual meeting in March 2004. The Board also decided not to change water and sewer rates.

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of South Bend's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Town of South Bend's Clerk/Treasurer, 306 South McKinzie, Mankato, Minnesota 56001.











EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET CASH ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2004

		ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	<u>s</u>	297,135	\$	260,088	
Net Cash Assets Unrestricted	\$	297,135	\$	260,088	

EXHIBIT 2

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

					Program Receipts							Net (Disbursements), Receipts and				
				ees and arges for		perating ants and		Capital ants and	Go	Char vernmental		ges in Net Cash Assets Business-Type				
Functions/Programs	Dist	bursements		Services		tributions		tributions		Activities		ctivities		Total		
Primary Government																
Governmental Activities																
General government	\$	19,733	\$	7,780	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(11,953)	\$	-	\$	(11,953)		
Public safety		146,432		9,837		-		45,932		(90,663)		-		(90,663)		
Roads and streets		74,723		1,781		18,815				(54,127)				(54,127)		
Total Governmental																
Activities	\$	240,888	\$	19,398	\$	18,815	\$	45,932	\$	(156,743)	\$	-	\$	(156,743)		
Business-Type Activities																
Water and sewer		47,426		96,897								49,471		49,471		
Total Primary																
Government	\$	288,314	\$	116,295	\$	18,815	\$	45,932	\$	(156,743)	\$	49,471	\$	(107,272)		
	_															
		al Receipts														
	Taxes								œ.	02.060	Ф			02.060		
		erty taxes, lev		r generai pu	rposes				\$	93,868 13,832	\$	- 75		93,868		
		al government tment earnings								7,348		2,582		13,907 9,930		
		llaneous	S							7,348				,		
	Misce	maneous										11,576		11,576		
	Tot	tal General R	eceip	ts					\$	115,048	\$	14,233	\$	129,281		
	Chan	ge in Net Cas	sh Ass	ets					\$	(41,695)	\$	63,704	\$	22,009		
	Cash -	January 1								338,830		196,384		535,214		
	Cash -	December 31	1						\$	297,135	\$	260,088	\$	557,223		

EXHIBIT 3

STATEMENT OF BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	 Fire Fund	 Dike Fund	Total vernmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,003	\$ 180,359	\$ 1,000	\$ 95,773	\$ 297,135
Cash Fund Balances Unreserved, reported in General Fund Special Revenue Funds	\$ 20,003	\$ 180,359	\$ 1,000	\$ 95,773	\$ 20,003 277,132
Total Cash Fund Balances	\$ 20,003	\$ 180,359	\$ 1,000	\$ 95,773	\$ 297,135

EXHIBIT 4

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	General Fund	F	Road and Bridge Fund	Fire Fund		Dike Fund	Total ernmental Funds
Receipts					-		
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 16,562	\$	59,016	\$ 18,290	\$	-	\$ 93,868
Franchise fees	 3,577			 -		-	 3,577
Total Taxes	\$ 20,139	\$	59,016	\$ 18,290	\$	-	\$ 97,445
Special assessments	-		1,781	-		9,837	11,618
Licenses and permits	110		-	-		-	110
Intergovernmental	48,389		27,488	2,702		-	78,579
Investment earnings	2,490		3,215	-		1,643	7,348
Miscellaneous	 3,356		737	 		-	 4,093
Total Receipts	\$ 74,484	\$	92,237	\$ 20,992	\$	11,480	\$ 199,193
Disbursements							
Current							
General government	\$ 18,192	\$	1,541	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 19,733
Public safety	2,890		-	20,992		5,819	29,701
Roads and streets	-		74,723	-		-	74,723
Capital outlay							
Public safety	 116,731		-	 		-	 116,731
Total Disbursements	\$ 137,813	\$	76,264	\$ 20,992	\$	5,819	\$ 240,888
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$ (63,329)	\$	15,973	\$ -	\$	5,661	\$ (41,695)
Cash - January 1	83,332		164,386	1,000		90,112	338,830
Cash - December 31	\$ 20,003	\$	180,359	\$ 1,000	\$	95,773	\$ 297,135

EXHIBIT 5

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - CASH BASIS GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Original Budget	Final Budget	A	Actual Amounts	riance with nal Budget
Receipts					
Property taxes	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	16,562	\$ (3,438)
Franchise fees	-	-		3,577	3,577
Licenses and permits	-	-		110	110
Intergovernmental	-	-		48,389	48,389
Investment earnings	-	-		2,490	2,490
Miscellaneous	 	 		3,356	 3,356
Total Receipts	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	74,484	\$ 54,484
Disbursements					
Current					
General government	\$ -	\$ -	\$	18,192	\$ (18,192)
Public safety	-	-		2,890	(2,890)
Capital outlay					
Public safety	 	 		116,731	(116,731)
Total Disbursements	\$ 	\$ 	\$	137,813	\$ (137,813)
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$	(63,329)	\$ (83,329)
Cash - January 1	 83,332	 83,332		83,332	
Cash - December 31	\$ 103,332	\$ 103,332	\$	20,003	\$ (83,329)

EXHIBIT 6

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - CASH BASIS ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Original		Final		Actual	Variance with		
		Budget	 Budget	A	Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
Receipts								
Property taxes	\$	70,000	\$ 70,000	\$	59,016	\$	(10,984)	
Special assessments		-	-		1,781		1,781	
Intergovernmental		-	-		27,488		27,488	
Investment earnings		-	-		3,215		3,215	
Miscellaneous			 -		737		737	
Total Receipts	\$	70,000	\$ 70,000	\$	92,237	\$	22,237	
Disbursements								
Current								
General government	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,541	\$	(1,541)	
Roads and streets			 		74,723		(74,723)	
Total Disbursements	<u></u> \$		\$ 	\$	76,264	\$	(76,264)	
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$	70,000	\$ 70,000	\$	15,973	\$	(54,027)	
Cash - January 1		164,386	 164,386		164,386			
Cash - December 31	\$	234,386	\$ 234,386	\$	180,359	\$	(54,027)	

EXHIBIT 7

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - CASH BASIS FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	riginal Budget	Final Budget	Actual mounts	iance with al Budget
Receipts				
Property taxes	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 18,290	\$ (3,710)
Intergovernmental	 	 	 2,702	 2,702
Total Receipts	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 20,992	\$ (1,008)
Disbursements				
Current				
Public safety	 	 -	 20,992	 (20,992)
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ -	\$ (22,000)
Cash - January 1	 1,000	1,000	 1,000	
Cash - December 31	\$ 23,000	\$ 23,000	\$ 1,000	\$ (22,000)

EXHIBIT 8

BUDGETARY COMPARISON STATEMENT - CASH BASIS DIKE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Receipts								
Special assessments	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	9,837	\$	(163)
Investment earnings		-				1,643		1,643
Total Receipts	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	11,480	\$	1,480
Disbursements								
Current								
Public safety						5,819		(5,819)
Net Change in Cash Balances	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	5,661	\$	(4,339)
Cash - January 1		90,112		90,112		90,112		
Cash - December 31	\$	100,112	\$	100,112	\$	95,773	\$	(4,339)

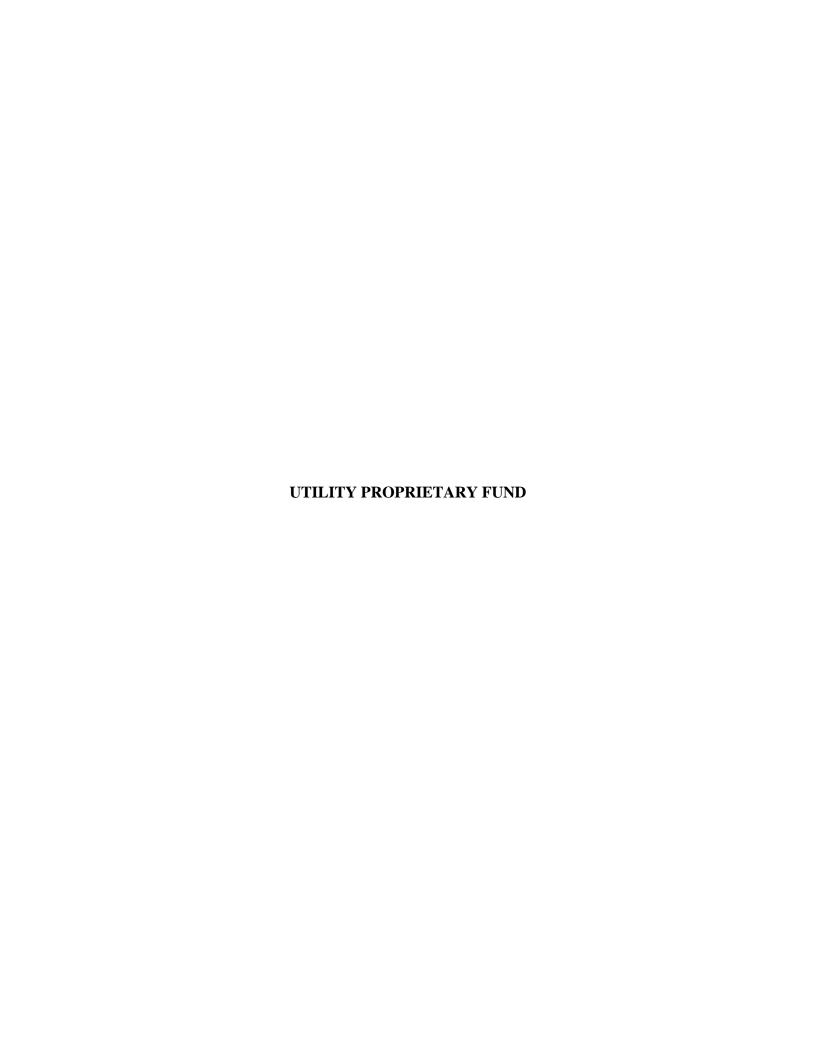




EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF NET CASH ASSETS UTILITY PROPRIETARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Business-Type Activities	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	=	\$	260,088
Net Cash Assets Unrestricted	_	\$	260,088

EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN NET CASH ASSETS UTILITY PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Business-Type Activities	
Operating Receipts			
Charges for services	\$	67,742	
Operating Disbursements			
Salaries and benefits	\$	3,584	
Supplies		6,604	
Other services and charges		30,934	
Insurance		1,952	
Utilities		4,352	
Total Operating Disbursements	<u>\$</u>	47,426	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	20,316	
Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)			
Special assessments	\$	29,155	
Intergovernmental		75	
Investment earnings		2,582	
Rent		11,576	
Total Nonoperating Receipts (Disbursements)	\$	43,388	
Net Income (Loss)	\$	63,704	
Cash - January 1		196,384	
Cash - December 31	<u>\$</u>	260,088	

EXHIBIT 11

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CASH BASIS UTILITY PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Business-Type Activities	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers Receipts from special assessments for water and sewer bills Payments to suppliers	\$	67,742 2,719 (13,607)	
Payments to city for sewer treatment Payments to employees Other payments		(21,786) (4,784) (7,249)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	23,035	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities			
PERA aid received from state	\$	75	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Special assessments	<u>\$</u>	26,436	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest Rent	\$	2,582 11,576	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities	\$	14,158	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	\$	63,704	
Cash - January 1		196,384	
Cash - December 31	\$	260,088	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			
Operating income Special assessments levied for delinquent water and sewer bills	\$	20,316 2,719	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	23,035	



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town's financial statements are prepared in conformity with the cash basis of accounting for the year ended December 31, 2004.

In June 1999, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements--and Management's Discussion and Analysis--for State and Local Governments.* The significant changes in the statement include the following:

- A Management's Discussion and Analysis section providing an analysis of the Town's overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the Town's activities, including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.).
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on major funds.

Because the Town reports on a cash basis of accounting, the full accrual accounting requirement does not apply. The Town has elected to implement all other provisions of the statement in the current year.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of South Bend is an organized township having the powers, duties, and privileges granted towns by Minn. Stat. ch. 365.

The Town of South Bend is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors who are elected to three-year terms. The Board appoints a Clerk/Treasurer responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the Town.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements (statement of net cash assets and the statement of activities arising from cash transactions) display information about the Town. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net cash assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column.

The statement of activities arising from cash transactions demonstrates the degree to which direct disbursements of each function of the Town's activities are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program receipts include: (1) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Receipts that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general receipts.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category--governmental and proprietary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Town of South Bend reports all of its funds as major funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> accounts for all receipts and disbursements of the Town not accounted for in other funds.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. Basis of Presentation

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for the receipts and disbursements used to finance construction and maintenance costs of Town roads and bridges.

The <u>Fire Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for the receipts and disbursements used to provide fire protection to the residents of the Town.

The <u>Dike Special Revenue Fund</u> accounts for the receipts and disbursements used to finance maintenance of the Town dike.

The <u>Utility Proprietary Fund</u> accounts for the receipts and disbursements used to operate and maintain the Town water and sewer system.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Town of South Bend's accounts are maintained on a cash basis. Receipts are recorded when cash is received, and disbursements are recognized when checks are issued. These statements do not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable, or other accrued items and, therefore, are not presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Town considers all checking and savings account deposits as cash and cash equivalents.

E. Capital Assets

The Town records capital assets as disbursements at the time of their purchase.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

F. Intergovernmental Receipts

The Town received Federal Emergency Management Assistance (FEMA) money from the FY03 Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program in the program area of Fire Operations and Firefighter Safety. This grant was applied for and granted to the Town of South Bend Volunteer Fire Department. The Town of South Bend has purchased firefighting equipment in the amount of \$89,282 of which 90 percent will be reimbursed with FEMA grant money that passes through the Volunteer Fire Department. As of December 31, 2004, the Town of South Bend has been reimbursed \$45,932. The remaining balance will be reimbursed to the Town of South Bend as the Volunteer Fire Department receives the FEMA grant money.

G. Budgets

The Town's electors vote to authorize the amount of money to be raised for a given year through tax levies for Town purposes in accordance with Minn. Stat. §§ 365.10 and 365.431. This vote occurs at the Town's annual meeting in March. At present, the Town does not budget any other expected sources of receipts such as special assessments or grants.

2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Disbursements Over Budget

The following funds had disbursements in excess of tax levies for the year ended December 31, 2004:

	Disbu	rsements	Ta:	x Levies	 Excess
General Fund Road and Bridge Fund	\$	137,813 76,264	\$	20,000 70,000	\$ 117,813 6,264

As described in Note 1.F., \$43,350 of the excess disbursements in the General Fund is to be funded by a FEMA grant.

3. Detailed Notes - Transaction Classes/Accounts

A. Deposits and Investments

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the Town to deposit its cash in financial institutions designated by the Board. Minnesota statutes require all of the Town's deposits to be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral.

At December 31, 2004, the Town of South Bend's bank deposits were \$587,315. The book value of these deposits was \$557,223.

Following is a summary of the December 31, 2004, bank deposits covered by insurance or collateral:

	Bar	Bank Balance		
Covered deposits Insured, or collateralized with securities held by the Town or its agent in the Town's name	\$	200,000		
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging Institution's agent in the Town's name		387,315		
Total covered deposits	\$	587,315		
Uncollateralized				
Total	\$	587,315		

Following is a summary of the Town of South Bend's deposits at December 31, 2004:

	Bo	Book Balance		
Checking account Savings account	\$	96,628 460,595		
Total	_ \$	557,223		

3. Detailed Notes - Transaction Classes/Accounts (Continued)

B. Property Taxes

Taxes are billed by Blue Earth County to individual property owners within the Town of South Bend annually and, for the most part, are due and payable in January, but may be paid in two equal installments on or before May 15 and October 15 without penalty. Blue Earth County is the collecting agency for these levies and remits the collections to the Town three times a year. Tax collections are ordinarily recorded in the Town's receipts register when received.

4. Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Plans

All full-time employees of the Town of South Bend are covered by defined benefit plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The PERA administers the Public Employee Retirement Fund, which is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plan. The plan is established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

Public Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan.

The PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute and vest after three years of credited service. The retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the highest of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of the average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Using Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of the average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service.

4. Pension Plans

Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

For Public Employees Retirement Fund members whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

The PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement Fund. That report may be obtained on the web at mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from the investment of fund assets. Minn. Stat. ch. 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the State Legislature. The Town makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. Public Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members are required to contribute 9.10 and 5.10 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll:

Public Employees Retirement Fund
Basic Plan members 11.78%
Coordinated Plan members 5.53

The Town's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2004, 2003, and 2002, were \$1,444, \$1,732, and \$1,569, respectively. The contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute for the years ending December 31, 2004, 2003, and 2002, was \$1,700, \$1,732, and \$1,569, respectively.

5. Risk Management

The Town of South Bend is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to the Town's officers and employees; and natural disasters. All risks of loss are insured by the purchase of commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past three fiscal years.



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

I. INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

03-1 <u>Segregation of Duties</u>

Due to the limited number of office personnel within the Town of South Bend, segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal control is not possible. This is not unusual in operations the size of South Bend; however, the Board should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an accounting point of view.

We recommend that the Board be aware of the absence of segregation of the accounting functions.

<u>Client's Response</u>:

The Board is very much aware of this condition.

ITEMS ARISING THIS YEAR

04-1 Bank Reconcilements

Our review of the bank reconcilements for the year disclosed:

- They did not contain initials of the preparer and the date prepared,
- They did not contain documentation of review by another official, and
- They were not reconciled to cash balances in the accounting records.

The above items help identify responsibility and timeliness of the reconcilements, as well as strengthen internal controls that provide for the detection and correction of errors and irregularities.

We recommend that the individual preparing the bank reconcilements initial and date the forms, that a Board member review the reconcilements, and that cash balances be reconciled to the accounting records.

Client's Response:

The Clerk/Treasurer will initial and date the bank reconcilements. The Chairman will be asked to appoint a person to review the bank reconcilements. A spreadsheet reconciling cash balances will be initiated and kept on an ongoing monthly basis to be sure cash balances are reconciled on a timely basis to accounting records.

04-2 Disbursements

Our tests of disbursements disclosed:

- Two of 25 payments to vendors had no vendor invoices or voucher forms,
- Vendor invoices did not contain documentation of review and approval prior to payment, and
- Board minutes did not provide specific details as to the disbursements approved for the month.

Adequate support for payments is a fundamental requirement of a sound accounting system. It is the primary evidence to explain the nature of the Town's cash outlays. Each claim should be fully reviewed for appropriateness and accuracy prior to the Board meeting, including initialing and dating the invoice as evidence of the review. In addition, each claim should be listed in the Board minutes or listed on an abstract that is signed by the Board Chair.

We recommend that procedures be established to assure that all payments are properly supported, reviewed, and approved.

Client's Response:

Every effort will be made to keep invoices and claims in the monthly disbursements folder. Occasionally an invoice or claim is removed for further review or discussion after approval and payment. Every effort will be made to make sure the invoice or claim is returned to that month's disbursements folder. The Clerk/Treasurer or Maintenance Manager reviews most invoices prior to the meeting. Either the Clerk/Treasurer or Maintenance Manager will initial the invoices and/or claims in the future. A check register including all disbursements and deposits for a given month from each account will be attached to the minutes. This has now been done for the 2004 minutes.

II. MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

ITEMS ARISING THIS YEAR

04-3 <u>Collateral Assignment</u>

The Town Clerk/Treasurer was not able to demonstrate that the Town had a perfected security interest in pledged collateral.

In a Federal Court decision, the Court ruled that if a municipality fails to perfect a security interest under federal law, its right to such collateral in the event of default is not enforceable. Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 requires that, to the extent that deposited funds exceed available federal deposit insurance, the Town must obtain a corporate surety bond or an assignment of pledged collateral in an amount equal to 110 percent of the amount on deposit plus accrued interest.

The Town is not complying with the collateral requirement unless it obtains an enforceable assignment of pledged collateral. To obtain an enforceable assignment, federal law requires the Town to obtain a written assignment of collateral that is approved by the depository bank's Board of Directors or loan committee and is a continuous official record of the bank.

We recommend that the Town obtain the documentation indicating it has perfected a security interest in pledged collateral.

Client's Response:

Proper documentation of perfected security interest in pledged collateral will be kept on file with the Township.

04-4 Annual Budgets

In accordance with Minn. Stat. §§ 365.10 and 365.431, the Town's electors vote to authorize the amount of money to be raised for a given year through tax levies for town purposes. This vote is to occur at the Town's annual meeting in March. The Town's Board may not spend more than the amount approved for the levy at the annual meeting without approval from a majority of the electors, in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 365.43, subd. 1, nor may the Town spend money from one fund on projects outside the activities of that fund without unanimous approval from the Town Board, in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 366.04.

In 2004, the Town disbursed more money from the General Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund than was levied. These disbursements were covered by other revenues received in 2004 and amounts carried forward from the prior year.

The Town was not in strict compliance with the statutes, but the Office of the State Auditor believes that the statute needs revision. A bill, supported by the Office of the State Auditor, has been introduced in the 2005 Legislature to revise Minn. Stat. § 365.43, subd. 1. The proposed bill would limit a town's spending to "total revenue," which includes the tax levy, revenue from other sources, and amounts carried forward from the prior year. The Town's current practices conform to the proposed statutory language.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Declaration Statement on Checks (03-2)

The declaration statement required by Minn. Stat. § 471.391, subds. 1 and 2, should be printed on the reverse side of checks above the space for endorsement.

Resolution

The declaration statement is printed on the Town's checks as required.

III. MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

04-5 Budgeting

We did not note any discussion in the Board minutes regarding a budget for annual disbursements on a fund basis. A disbursement budget would demonstrate the need for the amount of the tax levy. Budgets are essential in establishing a financial plan for the Town. All sources of receipts, including funds on hand, must be evaluated against planned disbursements to arrive at a final budget.

We recommend that, prior to the electors taking action on the annual tax levy, a disbursement budget for each fund be discussed by the Board and be made available to the electors. This will provide the essential financial information for an informed vote on the tax levy. We also recommend that disbursement budgets approved by the Board be included in the minutes.

Client's Response:

A budget will be prepared and presented to the Board at its Budget Meeting scheduled for 7:00 p.m., March 1, 2005. A signed copy of the approved budget will be attached to the regular March meeting's minutes.



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Town Board of Supervisors Town of South Bend

We have audited the cash basis financial statements of the Town of South Bend as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated February 9, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the Town of South Bend is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. In fulfilling this responsibility, management must make estimates and judgments to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control policies and procedures. The objectives of internal control are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that:

- assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition,
- transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization, and
- transactions are recorded properly to permit the preparation of cash basis financial statements.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the controls to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of South Bend's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions.

Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Town's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as items 03-1, 04-1, and 04-2.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions listed above, we consider items 03-1 and 04-2 to be material weaknesses.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* contains five categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, and claims and disbursements. Our study included all of the listed categories.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, the Town of South Bend complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as items 04-3 and 04-4.

This report is intended for the information of the Town Board of Supervisors, its management, and the Town's electors and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Pat Anderson

/s/Greg Hierlinger

PATRICIA ANDERSON STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

End of Fieldwork: February 9, 2005