STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

DULUTH TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF DULUTH, MINNESOTA)

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

Office of the State Auditor 525 Park Street, Suite 500 Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103 (651) 296-2551 state.auditor@state.mn.us www.auditor.state.mn.us

This document can be made available in alternative formats upon request. Call 651-296-2551 [voice] or 1-800-627-3529 [relay service] for assistance; or visit the Office of the State Auditor's web site: www.auditor.state.mn.us.

DULUTH TRANSIT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE CITY OF DULUTH, MINNESOTA)

For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Reference	Page
Introductory Section		
Organization		1
Financial Section		
Independent Auditor's Report		2
Management's Discussion and Analysis		4
Basic Financial Statements		
Comparative Statement of Net Assets	Exhibit A	9
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes		
in Net Assets	Exhibit B	10
Comparative Statement of Cash Flows	Exhibit C	11
Notes to the Financial Statements		12
Supplemental Information		
Comparative Statement of Revenues	Schedule 1	24
Comparative Statement of Operating Expenses	Schedule 2	25
Allocation of Income and Expense to the City of	Schedule 2	23
Superior, Wisconsin	Schedule 3	27
Deficit Distribution Among the Subsidy Grantors for	Schedule 3	21
Operations in the City of Superior, Wisconsin	Schedule 4	29
Deficit Recognized for Federal and State Operating Funds	Schedule 4	2)
1 0	Schedule 5	30
for Operations in the City of Superior, Wisconsin	Schedule 5	30
Management and Compliance Section		
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	Schedule 6	31
Other Required Reports		
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and		
on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of		
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with		
Government Auditing Standards		36
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to		
Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance		
in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133		39
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	Schedule 7	42





ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Term of Office Ends
<u>Board</u>	
Directors	
District No. 1	
Melanie Hendrickson	June 30, 2009
District No. 2	
Aaron Bransky	June 30, 2010
District No. 3	
Richard Towey	August 31, 2009
District No. 4	
Dennis Birchland	June 30, 2008
District No. 5	
Tari Rayala	June 30, 2008
At Large	
Walter Kramer	June 30, 2009
Alexis Livadaros	June 30, 2010
Sarah Chambers	January 31, 2010
Appointed by Mayor, City of Superior, Wisconsin	
Lewis Martin	March 31, 2009
	,
Officers	
President	
Aaron Bransky	
Vice President	
Dennis Birchland	

Management

ATE Management of Duluth, Inc. Dennis Jensen, General Manager







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Mayor and City Council City of Duluth

Board of Directors Duluth Transit Authority

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Duluth Transit Authority, a component unit of the City of Duluth, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Duluth Transit Authority as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted primarily of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying financial information listed as supplemental information in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 13, 2008, on our consideration of the Duluth Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

June 13, 2008





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

This section presents management's analysis of the Duluth Transit Authority's financial condition and activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Authority continued in its multi-year contracts for the U-Pass college transportation program.
- In August 2005, a price increase was introduced. Both 2006 and 2007 showed full years of the new fare policy.
- The Authority introduced two new regular bus routes in the fall of 2007. These new routes were added with a new program called JARC (Job Access Reverse Commute).
- The Authority's net assets increased from 2006 by 12.6 percent.

OVERVIEW OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) serves as an introduction to the financial statements. The MD&A represents management's examination and analysis of the Authority's financial condition and performance. Summary financial statement data, key financial and operational indicators used in the Authority's operating budget, and other management tools were used for this analysis.

The financial statements report information about the Authority using accrual accounting methods as used by similar public transit systems.

The financial statements include: a comparative statement of net assets; a comparative statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets; a comparative statement of cash flows; notes to the financial statements; and supplemental information. The comparative statement of net assets presents assets, liabilities, and the net assets invested in capital assets, net assets restricted for transit operations, and the unrestricted net assets of the Authority. The comparative statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets presents the results of the business activities over the course of

the fiscal year and also includes depreciation of capital assets acquired by contributions. The comparative statement of cash flows presents the cash flows from operating activities, noncapital financing activities, capital and related financing activities, investment activities, and the net cash provided by (used for) operating activities. The comparative statement of cash flows presents cash receipts and cash disbursement information without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital assets. The notes to the financial statements provide required disclosures and other information essential to a full understanding of material data provided in the statements. The notes present information about the Authority's accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events, if any. The supplemental information section elaborates on the above-noted financial statements and also examines the transit services provided to the City of Superior, Wisconsin.

The financial statements were prepared by the Authority's staff from the detailed books and records of the Authority. The financial statements were audited and adjusted during the independent external audit process.

SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS

On May 24, 1969, the Minnesota State Legislature enacted the Laws, 1969, Chapter 720 ("An Act"), creating the Authority. The mission of the Authority pursuant to this law is, ". . . to administer, promote, control, direct, manage, and operate a bus transportation system." The Authority was created to have the power and duty to manage the property of the Authority. The State Legislature itself conferred upon the Authority the power and responsibility for the operation and management of the transit system. The Mayor of the City of Duluth appoints eight community members to serve on the Authority's Board of Directors that oversees the Authority, while the Mayor of the City of Superior appoints one voting Board member.

The Authority provides both regular route bus transportation and STRIDE Dial-A-Ride transportation for disabled passengers. The Authority operates buses on 19 regular routes and provides service seven days a week. The routes increased by two in the fall of 2007. These were added with the new JARC (Job Access Reverse Commute) program. The Authority operated 1,793,017 miles and carried 2,854,467 regular route passengers and 24,050 disabled riders during 2007. The Authority also provided downtown circulator trolley service during the summer months.

The Authority has local taxing authority which is certified yearly by the Duluth City Council. Authority operations are funded from passenger revenues, nonoperating revenues, federal operating grants, Minnesota Department of Transportation operating grants, local tax pass-through monies, and local tax levies. City bonds and excess local operating monies are matched with federal and state capital grants to fund the acquisition and construction of capital assets. Bond debt service payments are deducted from the Authority's local share of tax levy proceeds.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following comparative condensed financial statements and other selected information serve as the key financial data and indicators for management, monitoring, and planning. Comments regarding budget-to-actual variances and year-to-year variances are included in each section by the name of the statement or account.

From the condensed statement of net assets shown below, total net assets increased by 12.6 percent in 2007 over 2006 and 11.9 percent in 2006 over 2005. The increase in total net assets for 2007 was due to the capital contributions for the acquisition of ten buses for regular routes, of which two were hybrids and two service vehicles. Other acquisitions included an electrical upgrade for the facility, new bus shelters, and constructing and remodeling of the downtown transit centers. The increase in total net assets for 2006 included the capital contributions for the acquisition of ten buses for regular routes and three STRIDE buses, three ticket vending machines, facility repairs, security cameras, and locks.

Condensed Statements of Net Assets (000s)

	Fiscal Year 2007		Fiscal Year 2006		Fiscal Year 2005	
Assets						
Current assets	\$	5,377	\$	4,750	\$	3,863
Capital assets	\$	40,242	\$	41,326	\$	38,851
Less: depreciation		(23,277)		(26,184)		(24,928)
Capital assets, net	\$	16,965	\$	15,142	\$	13,923
Total Assets	\$	22,342	\$	19,892	\$	17,786
Current Liabilities	\$	1,214	\$	1,124	\$	1,014
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets	\$	16,965	\$	15,142	\$	13,923
Restricted for transit operations and capital improvement		3,409		2,872		2,095
Unrestricted		754		754	-	754
Total Net Assets	\$	21,128	\$	18,768	\$	16,772

Condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets (000s)

	scal Year 2007 Actual	Fiscal Year 2007 Budget		Fiscal Year 2006 Actual		Fi	scal Year 2005 Actual
Operating revenues Nonoperating revenues	\$ 2,227 10,043	\$	2,020 9,922	\$	2,120 9,714	\$	1,861 9,270
Total Revenues	\$ 12,270	\$	11,942	\$	11,834	\$	11,131
Operating expenses	 13,431		14,045		12,754		12,256
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	\$ (1,161)	\$	(2,103)	\$	(920)	\$	(1,125)
Capital contributions	 3,521		3,521		2,916		1,200
Change in Net Assets	\$ 2,360	\$	1,418	\$	1,996	\$	75
Net Assets - January 1	 18,768		18,768		16,772		16,697
Net Assets - December 31	\$ 21,128	\$	20,186	\$	18,768	\$	16,772

Revenues

The Authority's operating revenues are derived from various sources: passenger revenue, charter revenue, and other revenues such as transit advertising and subsidies. Operating revenues increased by \$107,028 to \$2.23 million in 2007, up from \$2.12 million in 2006. The main factor in this increase is an increase in passengers from 2006. Nonoperating revenues increased from \$9.71 million in 2006 to \$10.04 million in 2007. This was an increase of 3.38 percent.

Expenses

The Authority's 2007 operating expenses increased 5.31 percent, or \$677,256, over 2006 operating expenses of \$12.75 million, which is primarily due to increases of the price of diesel fuel, gasoline, utilities, and also increased depreciation expense.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Authority creates an annual operating budget, which includes proposed expenses and means of financing them. Once management and the Board of Directors approve the budget, it is presented to the Duluth City Council for final approval. The Minnesota Department of Transportation also reviews and approves the Authority's operating budget. The Authority's operating budget remains in effect the entire year and is not revised. Management and the Authority's Board of Directors are presented detailed monthly financial statements. However, they are not reported on nor shown in the financial statement section of this report.

Future state, federal, and local budget constraints play a large part in the Authority's continued ability to serve the riding public. Nearly one-third of the state's subsidy comes from the Motor Vehicle Sales Tax, and this money is not guaranteed.

CAPITAL ASSETS

By the end of fiscal year 2007, the Duluth Transit Authority had invested \$40.24 million in capital assets. The \$1.1 million decrease is primarily due to the deletion of buses. Although 10 new ones were added to the fleet, 25 of the 1995 buses were deleted.

The Authority's five-year capital plan includes the replacement of approximately 20 full-size buses and six STRIDE vehicles. Additional capital improvements are also scheduled if adequate local, state, and federal funding is obtained.

ECONOMIC AND OTHER FACTORS

The Authority considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2007 budget. The Authority continues to promote its U-PASS collegiate pass program. The U-PASS program has increased regular route ridership every year from the start. In the summer of 2002, the Authority began a comprehensive operational analysis (COA). This COA reviewed ridership on each of the 19 transit routes in Duluth and Superior. This information was used to adjust bus service to meet the state's revised funding formula effective July 1, 2003. The 2007 budget reflects the state formula that funds up to 80 percent of regular route expenses and 85 percent of STRIDE expenses. This formula, however, also capped the Authority's total operating expenses, so some services will end up being paid for locally with no state participation. This will be a concern for future years, unless the state allocates sufficient funds to fully fund the new formulas.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Duluth Transit Authority, 2402 West Michigan Street, Duluth, Minnesota 55806.







EXHIBIT A

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

		2007	2006		
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,712,155	\$	3,554,915	
Accounts receivable		49,130		27,207	
Due from State of Minnesota		90,350		452,511	
Taxes receivable		71,500		69,717	
Due from other governments		219,018		141,911	
Inventory		226,559		182,547	
Prepaid items		8,850		321,564	
Total current assets	\$	5,377,562	\$	4,750,372	
Noncurrent assets					
Capital assets	\$	40,242,334	\$	41,325,917	
Less: allowance for depreciation		(23,277,652)		(26,183,748)	
Noncurrent assets (net)	\$	16,964,682	\$	15,142,169	
Total Assets	<u></u> \$	22,342,244	\$	19,892,541	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	430,842	\$	387,889	
Accrued salaries payable		215,092		193,282	
Accrued vacation payable		500,557		480,313	
Claims and judgments payable		4,988		4,988	
Deferred revenue		63,020		57,759	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,214,499	\$	1,124,231	
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets	\$	16,964,682	\$	15,142,169	
Restricted for transit operations and capital improvements		3,408,889		2,871,967	
Unrestricted		754,174		754,174	
Total Net Assets	\$	21,127,745	\$	18,768,310	

EXHIBIT B

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

		2006		
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$	2,227,104	\$	2,120,076
Operating Expenses				
Personal services	\$	7,739,827	\$	7,586,941
Supplies		1,606,624		1,437,978
Utilities		312,624		265,196
Other services and charges		1,155,818		1,042,656
Depreciation and amortization		2,616,413		2,421,279
Total Operating Expenses	\$	13,431,306	\$	12,754,050
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(11,204,202)	\$	(10,633,974)
Nonoperating Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$	161,964	\$	132,359
Property taxes		1,316,898		1,316,898
Property tax replacement aid - state		1,229,919		1,609,212
Operating grants				
Federal		1,115,325		1,106,584
State		5,209,190		4,558,146
City of Superior, Wisconsin		1,009,082		991,032
Total Nonoperating Revenues	<u></u> \$	10,042,378	\$	9,714,231
Net Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	<u></u> \$	(1,161,824)	\$	(919,743)
Capital Contributions				
Federal	\$	4,301,259	\$	2,906,821
State		-		9,131
Other - transit hub		(780,000)		
Total Capital Contributions	\$	3,521,259	\$	2,915,952
Change in Net Assets	\$	2,359,435	\$	1,996,209
Net Assets - January 1		18,768,310		16,772,101
Net Assets - December 31	\$	21,127,745	\$	18,768,310

EXHIBIT C

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	 2007	2006		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,213,492	\$	2,260,200	
Cash paid to suppliers	(2,763,411)		(2,988,330)	
Cash paid to employees	 (7,697,773)		(7,555,656)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (8,247,692)	\$	(8,283,786)	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities				
Property taxes and aids	\$ 1,315,115	\$	1,304,116	
Property tax replacement aid - state	1,229,919		1,609,212	
Federal operating grants	1,115,325		1,412,214	
State operating grants	5,571,351		4,151,718	
City of Superior, Wisconsin, operating funds	 928,925		990,629	
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$ 10,160,635	\$	9,467,889	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities				
Capital grants and contributions	\$ 4,301,259	\$	2,935,801	
Contributions paid to the City of Duluth	(780,000)		-	
Acquisition of capital assets	 (4,438,926)		(3,640,121)	
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related				
financing activities	\$ (917,667)	\$	(704,320)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Investment earnings	\$ 161,964	\$	132,359	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,157,240	\$	612,142	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - January 1	 3,554,915		2,942,773	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - December 31	\$ 4,712,155	\$	3,554,915	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities				
Net operating income (loss)	\$ (11,204,202)	\$	(10,633,974)	
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization	2,616,413		2,421,279	
Decrease (increase) in receivables	(18,873)		137,934	
Decrease (increase) in inventory	(44,012)		(13,740)	
Decrease (increase) in prepaids	312,714		(305,691)	
Increase (decrease) in payables	85,007		108,216	
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	 5,261		2,190	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (8,247,692)	\$	(8,283,786)	



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Duluth Transit Authority for the City of Duluth was established pursuant to 1969 Minn. Laws, ch. 720, as amended. Its function is to administer, promote, control, direct, manage, and operate a bus transportation system. The Authority is governed by a nine-member Board of Directors appointed by Duluth's Mayor and approved by the City Council. One member, whose name is submitted to the Mayor of Duluth by the City of Superior, Wisconsin, serves as a Director during any time the City of Superior contracts with the Authority for bus service.

Under 1969 Minn. Laws, ch. 720, § 5, subd. 3, the Authority is granted the power to enter into a management contract with any person, firm, or corporation for the management of the transit system. Effective November 1, 2006, the Authority renewed its contract with ATE Management and Service Company, Inc., (ATE Management) to manage the public transportation system for a five-year period. ATE Management employs all personnel required to operate the Authority; the Authority has no employees.

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, a reporting entity includes all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with it are such that exclusion would cause its financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the reporting entity to impose its will on that organization; or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the reporting entity.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Duluth Transit Authority, a component unit of the City of Duluth. The Authority is included in the City of Duluth's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationships with the City.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Authority are presented as an enterprise fund, which is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the governing body has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and net income is desired for purposes of facilitating management control and accountability.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues from nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing and delivering services in connection with a principal ongoing activity. The principal operating revenues of the Authority are charges to customers for bus service. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Authority follows the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Pursuant to GASB Statement 20, the Authority has elected not to apply accounting standards issued after November 30, 1989, by the Financial Accounting Standards Board.

D. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. <u>Significant Accounting Treatments</u>

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments are reported at fair value.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

E. Significant Accounting Treatments (Continued)

2. Inventories

The diesel fuel and gasoline inventories are based on perpetual records and priced using the moving average method. The materials and supplies inventory is also based on perpetual records but priced at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

3. Capital Assets and Depreciation

The Authority defines capital assets as any item financed by a capital grant regardless of cost. All other capital assets are subject to an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more. All purchased or constructed capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Depreciation is determined using the straight-line method for the estimated useful lives of the assets:

Classification Range	Range
Buildings and structures	10 to 40 years
Furniture and equipment	5 to 10 years
Revenue vehicles	5 to 10 years
Shop and garage equipment	5 to 15 years

4. Deferred Revenue

Unredeemed ride tickets and tokens are reported as deferred revenue until they are earned.

5. <u>Property Tax Revenue</u>

A property tax levy was established to finance operations. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. Tax settlements are received four times a year--in January, June, July, and December. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year of the levy.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

E. Significant Accounting Treatments (Continued)

6. <u>Capital Contributions</u>

Capital grants received for the acquisition and construction of capital assets are reported as capital contributions. Also reported in this category are capital contributions expenses. The Authority constructed a transit hub in conjunction with a City of Duluth construction project, using a federal capital grant. The entire project cost is shown as a capital asset of the City of Duluth. The Duluth Transit Authority's share of \$780,000 is reported as a capital contributions expense on the Authority's financial statements.

7. Net Assets Restricted for Transit Operations and Capital Improvements

The Authority received a Public Transit Participation Program grant that requires it to deposit in a reserve account any operating revenues it generates in excess of its local share amount, which is set by statute. This reserve account is to be used for approved operating expenses not covered by the grant or for part of the local share of capital expenses of the transit system. At December 31, 2007, net assets restricted for transit operations and capital improvements were \$3,408,889.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first.

2. Detailed Notes on All Accounts

A. 2007 and 2006 Budget to Actual

Minn. Laws 1969, ch. 720, requires an annual budget approved by the City Council of Duluth. Following is a summary statement of budgeted and actual revenues and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006.

		2007						
	Budget			Actual	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)		
Operating Revenues Charges for services	\$	2,019,577	\$	2,227,104	\$	207,527		
Operating Expenses Personal services Supplies Utilities Other services and charges Depreciation and amortization	\$	8,028,244 1,928,480 280,000 1,191,418 2,616,413	\$	7,739,827 1,606,624 312,624 1,155,818 2,616,413	\$	288,417 321,856 (32,624) 35,600		
Total Operating Expenses	\$	14,044,555	\$	13,431,306	\$	613,249		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(12,024,978)	\$	(11,204,202)	\$	820,776		
Nonoperating Revenues Investment earnings Property taxes Property tax replacement aid - state Operating grants Federal	\$	1,316,900 1,529,919 1,105,000	\$	161,964 1,316,898 1,229,919 1,115,325	\$	161,964 (2) (300,000) 10,325		
State City of Superior, Wisconsin		4,807,334 1,162,718		5,209,190 1,009,082		401,856 (153,636)		
Total Nonoperating Revenues	\$	9,921,871	\$	10,042,378	\$	120,507		
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(2,103,107)	\$	(1,161,824)	\$	941,283		
Capital contributions Federal Other - transit hub	\$	4,301,259 (780,000)	\$	4,301,259 (780,000)	\$	-		
Total capital contributions	\$	3,521,259	\$	3,521,259	\$			
Change in Net Assets	\$	1,418,152	\$	2,359,435	\$	941,283		

2. Detailed Notes on All Accounts

A. 2007 and 2006 Budget to Actual (Continued)

2006						
Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
\$	1.831.934	\$	2.120.076	\$	288,142	
	, ,		, ,,,,,,			
Φ.	5 025 5 c	ф	5 50 6 0 4 1	Φ.	250.024	
\$		\$		\$	350,824	
	, ,		, ,		(49,418)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		14,804	
	· · ·		, ,		126,123	
	2,421,279		2,421,279			
\$	13,196,383	\$	12,754,050	\$	442,333	
\$	(11,364,449)	\$	(10,633,974)	\$	730,475	
\$	-	\$	132,359	\$	132,359	
	1,316,900		1,316,898		(2)	
	1,587,628		1,609,212		21,584	
	1,105,000		1,106,584		1,584	
	4,497,009		4,558,146		61,137	
	1,157,771		991,032		(166,739)	
\$	9,664,308	\$	9,714,231	\$	49,923	
\$	(1,700,141)	\$	(919,743)	\$	780,398	
\$	2,906,821	\$	2.906.821	\$	_	
	9,131		9,131			
\$	2,915,952	\$	2,915,952	\$		
\$	1,215,811	\$	1,996,209	\$	780,398	
	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 1,831,934 \$ 7,937,765 1,388,560 280,000 1,168,779 2,421,279 \$ 13,196,383 \$ (11,364,449) \$ - 1,316,900 1,587,628 1,105,000 4,497,009 1,157,771 \$ 9,664,308 \$ (1,700,141) \$ 2,906,821 9,131 \$ 2,915,952	\$ 1,831,934 \$ \$ 7,937,765 \$ 1,388,560 280,000 1,168,779 2,421,279 \$ 13,196,383 \$ \$ (11,364,449) \$ \$ - \$ 1,316,900 1,587,628 1,105,000 4,497,009 1,157,771 \$ 9,664,308 \$ \$ (1,700,141) \$ \$ 2,906,821 9,131 \$ 2,915,952 \$	Budget Actual \$ 1,831,934 \$ 2,120,076 \$ 7,937,765 \$ 7,586,941 1,388,560 1,437,978 280,000 265,196 1,168,779 1,042,656 2,421,279 2,421,279 \$ 13,196,383 \$ 12,754,050 \$ (11,364,449) \$ (10,633,974) \$ - \$ 132,359 1,316,900 1,316,898 1,587,628 1,609,212 1,105,000 1,106,584 4,497,009 4,558,146 1,157,771 991,032 \$ 9,664,308 \$ 9,714,231 \$ (1,700,141) \$ (919,743) \$ 2,906,821 \$ 2,906,821 9,131 \$ 9,131 \$ 2,915,952 \$ 2,915,952	Budget Actual Item \$ 1,831,934 \$ 2,120,076 \$ \$ 7,937,765 \$ 7,586,941 \$ \$ 1,388,560 1,437,978 280,000 265,196 \$ 1,168,779 1,042,656 2,421,279 \$ 13,196,383 \$ 12,754,050 \$ \$ (11,364,449) \$ (10,633,974) \$ \$ - \$ 132,359 \$ \$ 1,316,900 1,316,898 1,587,628 1,609,212 \$ 1,105,000 1,106,584 4,497,009 4,558,146 \$ 1,157,771 991,032 \$ \$ 9,664,308 \$ 9,714,231 \$ \$ (1,700,141) \$ (919,743) \$ \$ 2,906,821 \$ 2,906,821 \$ \$ 9,131 9,131 \$	

2. <u>Detailed Notes on All Accounts</u> (Continued)

B. Deposits and Investments

1969 Minn. Laws, ch. 720, designates the City of Duluth Treasurer as Treasurer of the Authority. Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the City Treasurer to deposit the Authority's cash and invest in certificates of deposit in financial institutions designated by the Duluth City Council.

Minnesota statutes require that all Authority deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 authorize the types of securities available to the City of Duluth Treasurer.

Additional disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, are disclosed on an entity-wide basis in the City of Duluth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The Authority is a component unit of the City of Duluth.

The following is a summary of the Authority's cash:

	December 31				
	2007			2006	
City Treasurer - savings account	\$	3,591,813	\$	2,937,849	
City Treasurer - checking account		1,075,944		588,099	
ATE Management - checking account Petty cash fund and change funds		20,036 15,460		4,624 15,460	
Medical flex account		8,902		8,883	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,712,155	\$	3,554,915	

2. <u>Detailed Notes on All Accounts</u> (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital assets for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, follows:

		Balance January 1, 2007	Increase		Increase Decrease		Balance December 31 2007	
Capital assets not depreciated Land	\$	222,367	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	222,367
Capital assets depreciated								
Land improvements	\$	99,886	\$	_	\$	_	\$	99,886
Buildings and structures	Ψ	14,698,554	Ψ	415,866	Ψ	_	Ψ	15,114,420
Revenue equipment		22,605,129		3,614,283		5,522,509		20,696,903
Shop and garage equipment		981,380		52,256		-		1,033,636
Office furniture and equipment		2,664,998		356,521		_		3,021,519
Other		53,603				-		53,603
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	41,103,550	\$	4,438,926	\$	5,522,509	\$	40,019,967
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements	\$	29,966	\$	9,989	\$	_	\$	39,955
Buildings and structures	·	9,492,617		427,844		_		9,920,461
Revenue equipment		14,407,148		1,797,563		5,522,509		10,682,202
Shop and garage equipment		713,817		61,749		-		775,566
Office furniture and equipment		1,492,597		313,267		-		1,805,864
Other		47,603		6,001				53,604
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	26,183,748	\$	2,616,413	\$	5,522,509	\$	23,277,652
Total capital assets depreciated,								
net	\$	14,919,802	\$	1,822,513	\$	-	\$	16,742,315
Capital Assets, Net	\$	15,142,169	\$	1,822,513	\$		\$	16,964,682

2. Detailed Notes on All Accounts

C. Capital Assets (Continued)

		Balance January 1, 2006		Increase		Decrease	D	Balance ecember 31, 2006
Capital assets not depreciated	\$	222,367	\$	_	\$	_	\$	222,367
Zuna	Ψ_	222,307	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	222,307
Capital assets depreciated								
Land improvements	\$	99,886	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,886
Buildings and structures		14,607,638		113,469		22,553		14,698,554
Revenue equipment		19,870,655		3,446,627		712,153		22,605,129
Shop and garage equipment		1,064,587		11,514		94,721		981,380
Office furniture and equipment		2,932,511		68,511		336,024		2,664,998
Other		53,603		-				53,603
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	38,628,880	\$	3,640,121	\$	1,165,451	\$	41,103,550
Less: accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements	\$	19,977	\$	9,989	\$	_	\$	29,966
Buildings and structures	·	9,124,356		390,814		22,553		9,492,617
Revenue equipment		13,447,989		1,671,312		712,153		14,407,148
Shop and garage equipment		744,789		63,749		94,721		713,817
Office furniture and equipment		1,549,207		279,414		336,024		1,492,597
Other		41,602		6,001		-		47,603
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	24,927,920	\$	2,421,279	\$	1,165,451	\$	26,183,748
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	13,700,960	\$	1,218,842	\$	-	\$	14,919,802
Capital Assets, Net	\$	13,923,327	\$	1,218,842	\$	-	\$	15,142,169

D. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and dental; and natural disasters. Risks of loss related to transit liability and property damage are retained. All other risks of loss are insured by the purchase of commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year. There were no settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past three fiscal years.

Risk management activities for transit liability and property damage include the purchase of commercial insurance coverage for claims exceeding \$100,000. The Authority retains the risk of loss for the first \$100,000 per occurrence. Claims expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the

2. Detailed Notes on All Accounts

D. Risk Management (Continued)

amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. In addition, several incidents have occurred in the Authority's bus operation that are considered reasonably possible losses to the Authority. Reasonably possible losses are not reflected in the financial statements. The Authority has estimated that its exposure to reasonably possible losses range from \$0 to \$10,000. Changes in the balances of the claims and judgments liability for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006, were as follows:

	_	ability nuary 1	Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments		Liability December 31	
2007 2006	\$	4,988 4,988	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,988 4,988	

3. Operations in the City of Superior, Wisconsin

The Authority provides regular and disability transit services to the City of Superior, Wisconsin, for which it charges Superior on a monthly basis. The monthly charge is determined by dividing the total operating expense for the month by the total hours operated in that month to determine an hourly cost. This rate was applied to the following month's hours operated in the City of Superior, reduced by revenues collected in Superior, to arrive at the monthly billing.

Charges to the City of Superior totaled \$1,141,732 for the year ended December 31, 2007, and \$1,114,686 for the year ended December 31, 2006. After deduction of the revenue collected in Superior of \$132,650 in 2007 and \$123,654 in 2006, the amounts actually billed were \$1,009,082 in 2007 and \$991,032 in 2006, which are included as nonoperating revenues.

4. Management Agreement

Though the Duluth Transit Authority has no employees, it has entered into a Management Agreement with ATE Management and Service Company, Inc., and its subsidiary ATE Management of Duluth, Inc., (collectively referred to as ATE). Under the terms of this agreement, the Authority is liable to ATE on a monthly basis for all employee compensation and benefits under the collective bargaining agreement between ATE and its employees. At

4. Management Agreement (Continued)

the expiration or termination of this agreement, the Authority becomes directly liable to employees under the collective bargaining agreement. The contractual obligation of the Authority to employees of ATE is:

A. Vacation and Sick Leave

Employees of ATE are granted from 5 to 30 days of vacation time per year depending on their years of service and union bargaining unit. Vacation earned in one year must be used the following year or it is forfeited. The accrued vacation for all employees had an estimated value of \$500,557 and \$480,313 at December 31, 2007 and 2006, respectively, and is included as accrued vacation payable on the balance sheet.

Sick leave is earned at the rate of 30 days per year and may be accumulated to 60 days for employees with less than 10 years of service and to 120 days for those with over 10 years of service. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave. Any liability for earned, unused sick leave is not recognized in the financial statements.

B. Retirement Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

ATE's hourly paid employees participate in the Teamsters Central States, Southeast and Southwest Areas Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The plan is administered by the trustees of Central States, Southeast and Southwest Areas Pension Fund.

Plan trustees establish benefit provisions including monthly benefit amounts. Full-time hourly paid employees are eligible to participate in the plan. Employees who retire at or after age 60 with 20 years of credited service are entitled to a monthly retirement benefit. Benefits fully vest at age 65 with 5 years of participation or on reaching 10 years of service. Employees with 30 years of credited service may retire at any age and receive a monthly retirement benefit. Vested employees may retire at or after age 50 and receive reduced benefits. The plan also provides death and disability benefits.

Funding requirements are established by the plan trustees. The plan is in compliance with the minimum funding requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

4. <u>Management Agreement</u>

B. Retirement Plans

<u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Contributions to the plan are required under the collective bargaining agreement between ATE and its employees. Contribution requirements depend on the benefit amount negotiated in the collective bargaining agreement. Covered employees are not required to make contributions to the plan. ATE's contribution was \$166 per full-time employee per week in 2007.

ATE's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2007, 2006, and 2005, were \$850,048, \$836,442, and \$799,418, respectively, equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by the collective bargaining agreement.

The trustees of Central States, Southeast and Southwest Areas Pension Fund issue a publicly available financial report. The report may be obtained by writing to Central States, Southeast and Southwest Areas Pension Fund, 9377 West Higgins Road, Rosemont, Illinois 60018-4938.

<u>Defined Contribution Plan</u>

ATE salaried employees participate in the Duluth Transit Authority Money Purchase Pension Plan, a defined contribution plan. The plan is administered by ATE.

ATE establishes plan provisions and contribution requirements. Employees are eligible to participate when they have been employed for 120 days and are at least 20-1/2 years of age. ATE contributes 12 percent and the employee 2 percent of each participant's salary. ATE contributions fully vest after seven years of employment. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed plus related investment earnings. Contributions were as follows:

	 2007		2006	
Employer	\$ 129,092	\$	126,214	
Employee	21,516		21,036	





Schedule 1

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	 2007	2006		
Charges for Services				
Passenger fares for transit service				
Adult fares	\$ 1,426,099	\$	1,386,614	
Senior citizen fares	211,134		235,003	
Student fares	300,200		270,350	
Disability fares	 11,112		12,369	
Total passenger fares for transit service	\$ 1,948,545	\$	1,904,336	
Charter service revenues	\$ 10,900	\$	28,360	
Auxiliary transportation revenues				
Advertising services	\$ 110,316	\$	106,289	
STRIDE	38,514		39,136	
Other	 118,829		41,955	
Total auxiliary transportation revenues	\$ 267,659	\$	187,380	
Total charges for services	\$ 2,227,104	\$	2,120,076	
Nonoperating and Other Revenues				
Investment earnings	\$ 161,964	\$	132,359	
Property taxes	1,316,898		1,316,898	
Property tax replacement aid - state	1,229,919		1,609,212	
Operating grants				
Federal - Section 5307	1,105,000		1,105,000	
Federal - other	10,325		1,584	
State - regular route	4,905,549		4,277,831	
State - disability service	303,641		280,315	
City of Superior, Wisconsin - regular route	931,628		915,396	
City of Superior, Wisconsin - disability service	77,454		75,636	
Capital grants				
Federal	4,301,259		2,906,821	
State	 -		9,131	
Total nonoperating and other revenues	\$ 14,343,637	\$	12,630,183	
Total Revenues	\$ 16,570,741	\$	14,750,259	

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

		007			
	Vehicle Operations	M	Vehicle aintenance		General ninistration
Personal services					
Labor					
Operations - salaries and wages	\$ 3,004,353	\$	-	\$	-
Other salaries and wages	-		783,377		609,437
Fringe benefits	 2,283,088		595,540		464,032
Total personal services	\$ 5,287,441	\$	1,378,917	\$	1,073,469
Supplies					
Materials and supplies consumed					
Fuel and lubricants	\$ 1,049,599	\$	16,016	\$	-
Tires and tubes	52,610		1,062		-
Other materials and supplies	 503		328,670		158,164
Total supplies	\$ 1,102,712	\$	345,748	\$	158,164
Utilities	\$ 	\$		\$	312,624
Other services and charges					
Services					
Management service fee	\$ -	\$	-	\$	200,800
Professional and technical services	10,287		35,054		146,099
Temporary help	-		-		2,274
Other services	-		14,496		46,202
Casualty and liability costs	-		-		202,780
Taxes and fees	894		175		18,008
Miscellaneous					4.000
Dues and subscriptions	-		-		4,888
Travel and meetings	980		3,969		21,493
Advertising and promotional media	-		-		44,622
Purchased transportation service	- 120		- 400		392,012
Other	129		488		10,018
Lease and rental expense	 150		-	-	-
Total other services and charges	\$ 12,440	\$	54,182	\$	1,089,196
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 2,076,811	\$	95,255	\$	444,347
Total Expenses*	\$ 8,479,404	\$	1,874,102	\$	3,077,800

^{*}Includes expenses to operate a disability service (STRIDE). Total STRIDE expenses were \$616,679 for 2007 and \$591,171 for 2006.

Schedule 2

			20	006		
Total	Vehicle Operations	M	Vehicle aintenance		General ministration	Total
\$ 3,004,353 1,392,814 3,342,660	\$ 2,949,767 - 2,268,994	\$	- 764,274 588,472	\$	- 574,598 440,836	\$ 2,949,767 1,338,872 3,298,302
\$ 7,739,827	\$ 5,218,761	\$	1,352,746	\$	1,015,434	\$ 7,586,941
\$ 1,065,615 53,672 487,337	\$ 928,062 51,077 917	\$	16,544 2,411 345,880	\$	93,087	\$ 944,606 53,488 439,884
\$ 1,606,624	\$ 980,056	\$	364,835	\$	93,087	\$ 1,437,978
\$ 312,624	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	265,196	\$ 265,196
\$ 200,800 191,440 2,274 60,698 202,780 19,077	\$ 9,631 - - - 972	\$	33,540 - 13,035 - 260	\$	195,898 224,233 1,350 45,370 156,865 12,724	\$ 195,898 267,404 1,350 58,405 156,865 13,956
4,888 26,442 44,622 392,012 10,635 150	- - - - - - 40		5,426		13,214 15,252 44,107 263,795 6,331	13,214 20,678 44,107 263,795 6,944 40
\$ 1,155,818	\$ 10,643	\$	52,874	\$	979,139	\$ 1,042,656
\$ 2,616,413	\$ 1,914,167	\$	97,195	\$	409,917	\$ 2,421,279
\$ 13,431,306	\$ 8,123,627	\$	1,867,650	\$	2,762,773	\$ 12,754,050

ALLOCATION OF INCOME AND EXPENSE TO THE CITY OF SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

				2007						
Month	Total Hours Operating in Superior	ć	perating Charge er Hour	 Total Charge		Income from Runs in Superior				
Regular Route										
January	1,195	\$	77.72	\$ 92,906		\$	9,218			
February	1,104		75.19	81,506	**		12,717			
March	1,223		76.18	89,679	**		10,519			
April	1,170		80.56	94,231			9,289			
May	1,195		74.97	89,619			9,611			
June	1,177		73.56	86,595			10,105			
July	1,170		70.35	83,463	**		9,516			
August	1,241		73.55	91,283			11,034			
September	1,106		69.81	77,196			9,469			
October	1,241		79.33	98,456			12,676			
November	1,150		68.03	78,214			11,559			
December	1,152		82.50	94,998			10,805			
Total Regular Route	14,124			\$ 1,058,146	: :	\$	126,518			
Disability Service										
January	186	\$	37.76	\$ 7,440		\$	548			
February	159		37.86	6,408			468			
March	149		39.60	6,297			447			
April	188		39.09	7,746			538			
May	186		38.11	7,505			487			
June	158		37.59	6,356			528			
July	183		38.78	7,494			520			
August	172		38.93	7,113			531			
September	182		37.69	7,266			489			
October	207		40.00	8,707			619			
November	146		39.26	6,139			527			
December	150		31.49	 5,115			430			
Total Disability Service	2,066			\$ 83,586	***	\$	6,132			

^{*}Monthly charges for 2006 include direct charter service of 16.70 hours not applied to the operating charge per hour.

**Monthly charges in 2007 include direct charter service of 20.00 hours for February, 45.70 hours for March, and 16.70 hours for July not applied to the operating charge per hour.

^{***}Total charge includes \$4,884 of direct insurance costs (allocated monthly) not included in the operating charge per hour.

Schedule 3

Net Charges to the City of Superior		Total Hours Operating in Superior	Ĉ	Operating Charge Total Per Hour Charge			1	ome from Runs in uperior	Net Charges to the City of Superior	
	мреног	<u> </u>		1 11001		Charge		uperior		upcrior
\$	83,688	1.170	\$	80.02	\$	93,599	\$	14,851	\$	78,748
	68,789	1,104		69.12	•	76,308		11,575		64,733
	79,160	1,241		73.79		91,581		7,739		83,842
	84,942	1,152		70.27		80,916		7,530		73,386
	80,008	1,195		74.60		89,177		9,372		79,805
	76,490	1,195		70.83		84,670		8,920		75,750
	73,947	1,152		69.29		80,952	*	9,200		71,752
	80,249	1,241		74.98		93,058		10,725		82,333
	67,727	1,131		70.72		80,020		8,845		71,175
	85,780	1,215		76.84		93,391		9,419		83,972
	66,655	1,150		71.73		82,468		9,043		73,425
	84,193	1,152		74.92		86,270		9,795		76,475
\$	931,628	14,098			\$	1,032,410	\$	117,014	\$	915,396
\$	6,892	224	\$	30.72	\$	7,296	\$	648	\$	6,648
	5,940	175		29.97		5,659		565		5,094
	5,850	224		38.60		9,034		650		8,384
	7,208	175		34.45		6,419		521		5,898
	7,018	176		35.73		6,704		539		6,165
	5,828	164		36.51		6,404		521		5,883
	6,974	171		37.90		6,869		520		6,349
	6,582	196		38.81		7,994		606		7,388
	6,777	170		37.43		6,780		563		6,217
	8,088	182		39.43		7,583		565		7,018
	5,612	166		37.28		6,596		516		6,080
	4,685	156		29.00		4,938		426		4,512
\$	77,454	2,179			\$	82,276	*** \$	6,640	\$	75,636

Schedule 4

DEFICIT DISTRIBUTION AMONG THE SUBSIDY GRANTORS FOR OPERATIONS IN THE CITY OF SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

	 20	07		 2	2006	
Deficit recognized for the City of Superior						
Regular route		\$	931,628		\$	915,396
Disability service			77,454			75,636
Total		\$	1,009,082		\$	991,032
Federal funding - lower of the following						
Percentage limit - 50% of regular route deficit	\$ 465,814			\$ 457,698		
Maximum federal share per grant agreement	399,262		(399,262)	380,803		(380,803)
Deficit recognized by the Wisconsin Department						
of Transportation						
Net charges to the City of Superior	\$ 1,009,082			\$ 991,032		
Less: maximum federal share	 (399,262)			 (380,803)		
Non-Federal Share	\$ 609,820			\$ 610,229		
Wisconsin Department of Transportation funding -						
lower of the following						
Non-federal share	\$ 609,820			\$ 610,229		
Percentage limit for 2007 - 25.80% of operating expenses	294,567			N/A		
Percentage limit for 2006 - 27.30% of operating expenses	N/A			304,309		
Maximum Wisconsin Department of Transportation						
share per grant agreement	320,581		(294,567)	318,148		(304,309)
Local Funds Required - City of Superior, Wisconsin		\$	315,253		\$	305,920

Schedule 5

DEFICIT RECOGNIZED FOR FEDERAL AND STATE OPERATING FUNDS FOR OPERATIONS IN THE CITY OF SUPERIOR, WISCONSIN FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 AND 2006

		2006		
Regular Route				
Operating revenues in the City of Superior	\$	126,518	\$	117,014
Operating expenses in the City of Superior		(1,058,146)		(1,032,410)
Regular Route Deficit Recognized for Federal and State Operating Funds	<u>\$</u>	(931,628)	\$	(915,396)
Disability Service				
Operating revenues in the City of Superior	\$	6,132	\$	6,640
Operating expenses in the City of Superior		(83,586)		(82,276)
Disability Service Deficit Recognized for State				
Operating Funds	\$	(77,454)	\$	(75,636)





Schedule 6

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- A. Our report expresses an unqualified opinion on the basic financial statements of the Duluth Transit Authority.
- B. Deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of financial statements of the Duluth Transit Authority and are reported in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*." None were material weaknesses.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Duluth Transit Authority were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No matters involving internal control over compliance relating to the audit of the major federal award program were reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133."
- E. The Auditor's Report on Compliance for the major federal award program for the Duluth Transit Authority expresses an unqualified opinion.
- F. No findings were disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- G. The major program cluster is:

Federal Transit Capital Investment Grant Federal Transit Formula Grants CFDA #20.500 CFDA #20.507

- H. The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. The Duluth Transit Authority was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

04-1 Internal Control/Segregation of Duties

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. This responsibility includes the internal control over the various accounting cycles, the fair presentation of the financial statements and related notes, and the accuracy and completeness of all financial records and related information. Adequate segregation of duties is a key internal control in an organization's accounting system. The size of the Duluth Transit Authority and its staffing limits the internal control that management can design and implement into the organization. Management should be aware that segregation of duties is not adequate from an internal control point of view.

Management is responsible for the accuracy and completeness of all financial records and related information. Also, management is responsible for controls over the period-end financial reporting process, including controls over procedures used to enter transaction totals into the general ledger; initiate, authorize, record, and process journal entries into the general ledger; and record recurring and nonrecurring adjustments to the financial statements.

Management has requested that we prepare the annual financial statements and related notes. This arrangement is not unusual for an organization the size of the Duluth Transit Authority. This decision was based on the availability of the Authority's staff and the cost benefit of using our expertise. During our audit, we formatted information from the Authority's financial records to the financial statements as reported.

We recommend the Authority Board be mindful that limited staffing causes inherent risks in safeguarding the Authority's assets and the proper reporting of its financial activity. We recommend the Authority Board continue to implement oversight procedures and monitor those procedures to determine if they are still effective internal controls.

Client's Response:

We are aware of the limited personnel and continue to monitor duties. Oversight procedures are in place to ensure that our internal control policies and procedures are being followed.

ITEMS ARISING THIS YEAR

07-1 Cancellation of Invoices

In our testing of controls over disbursements, we noted that 5 of the 40 sample items tested had invoices that were not marked as canceled.

One control the Authority has established is that when a payment on an invoice is processed, the invoice is marked by the Finance Director to cancel it. This mark indicates it has been processed and helps prevent duplicate payment of the invoice.

We recommend that the Finance Director clearly mark all invoices as canceled upon processing.

Client's Response:

All invoices will be canceled as they are posted.

07-2 Bus Pass Sales Reconciliation

Our review of bus pass sales showed that the Authority's staff is not reconciling bus pass sales and the cash collections on the sales to the information recorded by the Printing and Encoding Machines (PEM).

Bus passes to be sold by the Authority are printed by its PEM. The PEM have an internal drive that records all activity run through the machine, including passes printed by date, type and amount, and value credits added to previously issued cards. The Authority's staff downloads the activity information from the PEM internal drive and transfers it to the accounting system, but does not use this information to reconcile to sales and collections. Not reconciling this information increases the opportunity for the abuse of Authority assets without detection.

We recommend the Authority's staff reconcile bus pass sales and cash collections to the information obtained from the PEM on a regular basis.

Client's Response:

The Authority staff will reconcile pass sales to cash collections with the tools presented to them.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Federal Transit Capital Investment Grant, CFDA #20.500, and Federal Transit Formula Grants, CFDA #20.507 - Equipment and Real Property Management (06-1)

During 2006, the Duluth Transit Authority leased a bus to a transit company in Wausau, Wisconsin, without first obtaining approval of the lease with the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), as required by grant regulations.

Resolution

The lease of this bus has been reported to the FTA. No additional items of this nature were noted in the current year audit.

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS RESOLVED

Prompt Payment of Invoices (06-2)

Minn. Stat. § 471.425 requires the Authority to make payment on vendor invoices according to the terms of the contract or within 35 days of the completed delivery of the goods or services or the receipt of the invoice, whichever is later. Three of 25 vouchers tested during our 2006 audit had invoices not paid within the 35-day time period required by the statute.

Resolution

All payments on vendor invoices reviewed during the current audit were paid within the 35-day limit as required by Minnesota statutes.

Performance Bond (06-3)

The Authority did not obtain a performance bond on a contract for the purchase of U-Lift replacements on buses. A performance bond was required by both state statute and the contract.

Resolution

All contracts reviewed in the current audit had the appropriate bonds in place.









STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Council City of Duluth

Board of Directors Duluth Transit Authority

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Duluth Transit Authority, a component unit of the City of Duluth, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Duluth Transit Authority's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Authority's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Authority's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control. We considered the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 04-1, 07-1, and 07-2 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Duluth Transit Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our study included all of the listed categories, except that we did not test for compliance in public indebtedness, because the Duluth Transit Authority has no long-term debt.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, the Duluth Transit Authority complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions.

The Duluth Transit Authority's written responses to the significant deficiencies identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the Authority's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and Mayor and City Council of Duluth, management, others within the Duluth Transit Authority, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

June 13, 2008





STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

SUITE 500 525 PARK STREET SAINT PAUL, MN 55103-2139

(651) 296-2551 (Voice) (651) 296-4755 (Fax) state.auditor@state.mn.us (E-mail) 1-800-627-3529 (Relay Service)

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Mayor and City Council City of Duluth

Board of Directors Duluth Transit Authority

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Duluth Transit Authority, a component unit of the City of Duluth, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2007. The Duluth Transit Authority's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Duluth Transit Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Authority's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Duluth Transit Authority complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Duluth Transit Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Duluth Transit Authority's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Authority's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the Duluth Transit Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the Duluth Transit Authority as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2008. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Duluth Transit Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is

presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and Mayor and City Council of Duluth, management, and others within the Duluth Transit Authority, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

June 13, 2008



Schedule 7

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency	Federal CFDA				
Grant Program Title	Number	Ex	Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Direct					
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grant	20.500	\$	1,317,064		
Federal Transit Capital Assistance Formula Grant	20.507		2,984,195		
Federal Transit Operating Assistance Formula Grant	20.507		1,105,000		
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation					
Public Transportation for Nonurbanized Areas	20.509		10,325		
Total Federal Awards		\$	5,416,584		

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

- 1. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of federal award programs expended by the Duluth Transit Authority. The Authority's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements.
- 2. The expenditures on this schedule are on the accrual basis of accounting.
- 3. During 2007, the Authority did not pass any federal money to subrecipients.
- 4. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agency.