STATE OF MINNESOTA

Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

BLOOMINGTON FIRE DEPARTMENT RELIEF ASSOCIATION BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2008



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota



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ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2008

	T	Term		
	From	To		
Board of Trustees				
Elected members				
Steve Oberaigner	March 2006	March 2009		
John Bayard	March 2006	March 2009		
Dave Matlon	March 2007	March 2010		
Paul Goodwin	March 2007	March 2010		
Chris Morrison	March 2008	March 2011		
Dave Ellings	March 2008	March 2011		

Ex officio members

Mayor

Gene Winstead

City Chief Financial Officer

Lori Economy-Scholler

Chief of Fire Department

Ulysses Seal

Officers

President

John Bayard

Vice President

Dave Ellings

Secretary

Chris Morrison

Treasurer

Dave Matlon







STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the Association's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the plan net assets of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association as of December 31, 2008, and the changes in plan net assets for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and other required supplementary information referred to in the table of contents are not required parts of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures to this information, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

March 11, 2009







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2008 (Unaudited)

This discussion and analysis of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's (Association) financial performance provides an overview of the Association's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which follow this discussion. Prior year data have not been included in the basic financial statements or in the notes to the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Association's funding objective is to meet benefit obligations through contributions and investment income. As of December 31, 2008, the funded ratio was 91.28 percent. Minnesota statutes previously required full funding by the year 2010. The amortization period was changed in 2005 from a level dollar amortization amount of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to 2010 to a 20-year rolling end date.

The plan net assets of the pension fund administered by the Association decreased by \$33.5 million during the 2008 fiscal year.

Additions to the fund for the year were a negative \$29.9 million, comprised of contributions of \$0.5 million and net investment losses of \$30.4 million. Fund additions decreased \$38.5 million from the prior fiscal year.

Deductions to the fund increased over the prior year from \$3.4 million to \$3.6 million, or 5.4 percent.

The Statement of Plan Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets

This annual financial report consists of two financial statements: the Statement of Plan Net Assets (page 6) and the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets (page 7). These financial statements report information about the Association as a whole and about its financial condition that should help answer the question: Is the Association, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, all additions and deductions are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Plan Net Assets presents all of the Association's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets measure whether the Association's financial position is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets presents how the Association's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. These two statements should be reviewed along with the Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Contributions from the Plan Sponsor and Other Contributing Entities to determine whether the Association is becoming financially stronger or weaker and to understand changes over time in the funded status of the Association.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Association total assets as of December 31, 2008, were \$89.1 million and mostly comprised investments and accrued investment income. Total assets decreased \$33.5 million, or 27.3 percent, from fiscal year 2007 primarily due to net investment losses.

Total liabilities as of December 31, 2008, represent December benefits and investment fees paid in January 2009.

Association assets exceeded liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2008 by \$88.8 million. Total net assets held in trust for pension benefits decreased \$33.5 million, or 27.4 percent, between fiscal years 2007 and 2008, primarily due to unfavorable market conditions.

Plan Net Assets (in Thousands)

	December 31			
		2008		2007
Assets				
Cash	\$	4	\$	8
Receivables		26		9
Investments		89,074		122,577
Total Assets	\$	89,104	\$	122,594
Total Liabilities		291		280
Plan Net Assets	\$	88,813	\$	122,314

Additions to Plan Net Assets

The reserves needed to finance pension benefits are accumulated through the collection of employer contributions and through earnings on investments. Contributions and net investment losses for fiscal year 2008 totaled a negative \$29.9 million.

Total contributions and net investment income decreased \$38.5 million from those of fiscal year 2007, due primarily to market conditions. Contributions from the State of Minnesota decreased between fiscal years 2007 and 2008 by \$76,000. This decrease is primarily due to a decrease in the contribution rate. No contributions were made by the City of Bloomington during either fiscal year 2007 or 2008. Investment income decreased from fiscal year 2007 by \$38.4 million.

Deductions from Plan Net Assets

The primary deductions of the Association include the payment of pension benefits and the cost of administering the fund. Total deductions for fiscal year 2008 were \$3.6 million, an increase of 5.4 percent over fiscal year 2007 expenses. The increase in pension benefit expenses resulted from an increase in participants and an increased benefit rate. Administrative and other expenses increased by \$31,000 between fiscal years 2007 and 2008.

Changes in Plan Net Assets (in Thousands)

	Year Ended December 31			er 31
	2008		2007	
Additions				
Contributions	\$	460	\$	536
Net investment income (loss)		(30,389)		8,054
Total Additions	_\$	(29,929)	\$	8,590
Deductions				
Benefits and refunds paid to participants	\$	3,458	\$	3,307
Administrative expenses		114		83
Total Deductions	\$	3,572	\$	3,390
Net Increase	\$	(33,501)	\$	5,200

THE ASSOCIATION AS A WHOLE

The Association's plan net assets have experienced a \$33.5 million decrease. This decrease is a direct result of an extreme global economic downturn. Giving consideration to the January 1, 2008, funded ratio of 130.94 percent, the Board believes that, with a gradual but steady market upturn, the Association is in a financial position to meet its current obligations. Although a municipal contribution will be required, the Board will continue to maintain a prudent investment and strategic plan to obtain a full funded level.







EXHIBIT A

STATEMENT OF PLAN NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Assets		
Cash and deposits		
Cash - special account	\$	4,271
Receivables		
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	\$	25,336
Other receivables - general account		122
Total receivables	<u></u> \$	25,458
Investments, at fair value		
Corporate stock	\$	1,870,829
Commingled investment pools		
State Board of Investment (SBI) accounts		78,173,795
Mutual funds - special account		6,234,846
Negotiable certificates of deposit		2,621,013
Short-term cash equivalents - general account		173,795
Total investments, at fair value	_\$	89,074,278
Total Assets	\$	89,104,007
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	4,707
Benefits payable		285,890
Total Liabilities	\$	290,597
Net Assets		
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits		
(A Schedule of Funding Progress is presented on page 18.)	\$	88,639,493
Net assets restricted for general account		173,917
Total Net Assets	<u> </u>	88,813,410

EXHIBIT B

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Additions		
Contributions		
State of Minnesota	\$	439,902
Other - general account		19,920
Total contributions	\$	459,822
Investment income (loss)		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	\$	(31,025,773)
Interest and dividends		695,193
Total investment income (loss)	\$	(30,330,580)
Less: direct investment expense		(57,751)
Net investment income (loss)	<u> </u>	(30,388,331)
Total Additions		(29,928,509)
Deductions		
Benefits and refunds paid to participants	\$	3,457,910
Administrative expenses		107,871
Other - general account		6,500
Total Deductions	\$	3,572,281
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$	(33,500,790)
Net Assets - January 1		122,314,200
Net Assets - December 31	<u>\$</u>	88,813,410

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

1. Reporting Entity

Firefighters, retired and active, of the City of Bloomington are members of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association. The Association is the administrator of a single-employer defined benefit pension plan available to firefighters. The Association was established April 1, 1947, and operates under the provisions of Minn. Laws 1965, ch. 446, as amended, and the applicable provisions of Minn. Stat. chs. 69, 424, and 424A. It is governed by a Board of Trustees made up of six members elected by the members of the Association for three-year terms, and the Mayor, City Treasurer, and Fire Chief, who serve as ex officio voting members of the Board.

2. Plan Description

A. Membership Information

At December 31, 2008, the membership of the Association consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	160
Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	9
Active plan participants - vested	3
Active plan participants - non-vested	135
Total	307

B. Pension Benefits

Authority for payment of pension benefits is established in Minn. Stat. § 69.77 and may be amended only by the Minnesota State Legislature.

Twenty-Year Service Pension - Each member who is at least 50 years of age, has retained membership in the Association for ten years, and has 20 years of service with the Bloomington Fire Department, is eligible to receive a full service monthly pension for the remainder of his or her life. Benefits are based on the most recent three-year average salary rates of the highest paid non-officer police officer in the City of Bloomington.

2. Plan Description

B. Pension Benefits (Continued)

<u>Disability Benefits</u> - Whenever a member becomes disabled, the member shall receive a monthly pension based on the most recent three-year average salary rates of the highest paid non-officer police officer in the City of Bloomington. If the period of disability continues to the time when the member would qualify for a service pension, the member will be placed on the service pension rolls, and disability benefits shall terminate. No benefits shall be paid for any disability of less than seven days duration.

<u>Death Benefits</u> - Upon the death of an Association member, the sum of \$500 shall be appropriated from the special account to the designated beneficiary or estate to defray funeral costs. The general account will pay the beneficiary \$2,000.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements--and Management's Discussion and Analysis--for State and Local Governments, as amended, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

B. Basis of Accounting

The basis of accounting is the method by which additions and deductions to plan net assets are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. The Association uses the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, additions are recognized when they are earned, and deductions are recognized when the liability is incurred.

3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Net Assets

Net assets consist of:

- <u>Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits</u> which represent the portion of net assets to be used to provide benefits for retirement, death, and disability payments of appropriate amounts and at appropriate times in the future.
- <u>Net Assets Restricted for General Account</u> which represent the portion of net assets, derived from membership contributions and certain investment income, to be used for the good and benefit of the Association as determined by Association bylaws.

D. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on an exchange are valued at last reported sales price at the current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments includes net unrealized and realized gains and losses. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis.

No investment in any one organization represents five percent or more of the net assets available for pension benefits. There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with parties related to the pension plan.

E. Capital Assets

The Association follows a policy of expensing purchases of capital assets. Capital asset purchases are considered insignificant to the operation of the Association as a whole and are not shown on the Statement of Plan Net Assets (Exhibit A).

At December 31, 2008, the Association had equipment on hand costing \$8,414.

4. Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

<u>Authority</u>

Minn. Stat. § 356A.06 authorizes the Association to deposit its cash in financial institutions designated by the Board of Trustees.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Association's deposits may not be recovered. The Association's policy for custodial credit risk is to maintain compliance with Minnesota statutes that require all the Association's deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or pledged collateral. The Association's deposits at December 31, 2008, are completely protected and, therefore, there is no custodial credit risk for deposits.

B. Investments

Authority

Minn. Stat. §§ 69.775 and 356A.06 authorize and define the types of securities available to the Association for investment. Permissible investments include, but are not limited to: government and corporate bonds, foreign and domestic common stock, real property, venture capital investments, and notes. The Association invests primarily in commingled investment pools through the State Board of Investment (SBI) and mutual funds.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Association will not be able to recover the value of the investment or the collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

According to Association policy, all securities purchased by the Association are held by a third-party safekeeping agent appointed as custodian.

The Association has no custodial credit risk for investments at December 31, 2008.

4. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

B. Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

The Association manages its exposure to fair value of loss arising from changing interest rates by having fixed income investments with varying maturity dates.

At December 31, 2008, the Association had the following investments:

Investment Type	F	Fair Value		Less Than 2 Years	
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$	2,621,013	\$	2,621,013	

At December 31, 2008, the Association has \$14,943,157 in the SBI's Supplemental Investment Fund Bond Market Account. This account invests the large majority of its assets in high quality government and corporate bonds and mortgage securities that have intermediate to long-term maturities, usually 3 to 20 years. The managers of this account also may attempt to earn returns by anticipating changes in interest rates and adjusting holdings accordingly. This account is invested entirely in fixed income securities.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota statutes provide for the types of fixed income investments that a pension plan can make. In addition, the Association establishes other restrictions that are set forth in the investment guidelines for the management of the Association's fixed income assets.

This risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

4. Deposits and Investments

B. Investments

<u>Credit Risk</u> (Continued)

The strategy of the Association's Board of Directors is to purchase intermediate- to long-term investment grade bonds with a "buy and hold" emphasis. The Board's emphasis is consistent regardless of the current interest rate. Bonds are typically redeemed only at maturity.

The following table shows the Association's investments by type and credit quality rating at December 31, 2008.

Debt Investment Type	Fair Value	Unrated
Mutual funds SBI Bond Market Account	\$ 190,790 14,943,157	\$ 190,790 14,943,157
Totals	\$ 15,133,947	\$ 15,133,947

While the majority of the holdings in the SBI's Supplemental Investment Fund Bond Market Account will be top-rated "investment grade" issues, some managers are authorized to hold a small proportion of higher yielding, or "below investment grade" debt issues as well. The aggregate holdings in below investment grade debt are expected to be no more than ten percent of the account at any point in time.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates of foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The Association limits this risk in several ways. Minnesota statutes limit certain investments to a total portfolio limit of no more than 35 percent of the market value of the portfolio. Both international equities and international bonds are in this category. Other items include venture capital, real estate, and partnerships.

4. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

B. <u>Investments</u>

Foreign Currency Risk (Continued)

Risk of loss arises from changes in currency exchange rates. The Association's exposure to foreign currency risk at December 31, 2008, is presented in the following table.

			S	tocks in	
Country - Currency	Total			ADR	 Stocks
Australia - Australian Dollar	\$	36,894	\$	36,894	\$ -
Bermuda - Bermudan Dollar		39,517		-	39,517
Brazil - Brazilian Real		8,742		8,742	-
Canada - Canadian Dollar		223,099		-	223,099
China - Chinese Ruan Renminbi		59,872		23,710	36,162
France - Euro		4,494		4,494	-
Germany - Euro		66,945		66,945	-
India - Indian Rupee		5,111		5,111	-
Ireland - Euro		3,152		3,152	-
Israel - Israeli Shekel		24,137		24,137	-
Japan - Japanese Yen		18,918		18,918	-
Luxembourg - Euro		10,910		10,910	-
Mexico - Mexican Peso		35,601		35,601	-
Netherlands - Euro		14,217		-	14,217
Norway - Norwegian Krone		441		441	-
Peru - Peruvian Nuevo Sol		17,886		-	17,886
Russia - Russian Ruble		1,810		-	1,810
Switzerland - Swiss Franc		35,653		28,074	7,579
Taiwan - Taiwanese New Dollar		12,088		12,088	-
United Kingdom - British Pound		74,104		63,040	 11,064
Totals	\$	693,591	\$	342,257	\$ 351,334

In addition, of the Association's holdings in mutual funds and SBI Supplemental Investment Fund Accounts totaling \$84,408,641, the following are international equity funds:

Fund	Fair Value
SBI International Share Account Parr Financial Group (various funds within account)	\$ 8,704,485 308,195
Total	\$ 9,012,680

4. Deposits and Investments

B. Investments

Foreign Currency Risk (Continued)

While the managers of the SBI's Supplemental Investment Fund Bond Market Account invest primarily in the U.S. bond market, some are authorized to invest a small portion of their portfolios in non-U.S. bonds. The aggregate holdings in non-U.S. debt are expected to be no more than ten percent of the account at any point in time.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Association's investment policy limits investments in any one issuer to not more than five percent unless the manager has received prior approval, or the increase is a result of market price increase. U.S. Treasuries and agencies along with commingled investment pools are exempted. The Association's investments as of December 31, 2008, were below these limits.

5. Contributions

Authority for contributions to the pension plan is established by Minn. Stat. § 69.77 and may be amended only by the Minnesota State Legislature. There are no employer and employee contributions. The State of Minnesota provided statutory contributions in 2008. The actuary compares the actual statutory contribution rate to a "required" contribution rate. The required contribution rate consists of: (a) normal costs based on entry age normal cost methods, (b) a supplemental contribution for amortizing any unfunded actuarial accrued liability, and (c) an allowance for administrative expenses. The current year has a contribution deficiency of 32.63 percent of payroll.

6. Risk Management

The Association is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors; and omissions. The Association manages its risk of loss through the purchase of commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year, nor have there been settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

7. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Effective December 31, 2008, the Association implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 50, *Pension Disclosures*. The disclosures are amendments to GASB Statement 25 and present the disclosures of the actuarial methods, assumptions, and funded status of the plan in the financial notes. The funded status as of January 1, 2009, the most recent actuarial date, is as follows:

				Annual	UAAL as a
	Actuarial			Covered	Percentage
Actuarial	Accrued Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Payroll*	of Covered
Value of	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio	(Previous	Payroll
Plan Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	(%)	Fiscal Year)	(%)
(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
\$ 88,639,493	\$ 97,105,375	\$ 8,465,842	91.28%	\$ 10,235,736	82.71%

^{*} Annual covered payroll is based on the assumption that each active plan member earns the most recent three-year average salary rates of the highest paid non-officer police officer in the City of Bloomington. Because all active plan members are volunteers, there is no actual payroll.

The net funded ratio decreased 39.66 percent. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents similar information but uses a multi-year format to show trend information. These trends indicate whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the Actuarial Accrued Liability for benefits. The trend information was obtained from the Association's independent actuary's annual valuation report.

Additional information as of the latest valuation follows:

- the most recent actuarial valuation date is January 1, 2009;
- actuarial cost is determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method expressed as a level percentage of earnings;
- the actuarial value of assets is market value; and
- the unfunded accrued liability is amortized using a 20-year rolling end date.

7. Funded Status and Funding Progress (Continued)

- Significant actuarial assumptions are as follows:
 - investment rate of return is 6 percent per annum;
 - payroll increase is 4 percent per annum;
 - COLA increase is 4 percent per annum;
 - the inflation rate assumption is built in to other rate assumptions; and
 - mortality assumptions for pre-retirement, post-retirement, and post-disability are:

Male: 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, without margins, projected to 1976

by Scale E.

Female: 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, without margins, projected to 1976

by Scale E set back seven years.





Schedule 1

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)		Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)		Funded Ratio (a/b)		Annual Covered Payroll* (Previous Fiscal Year) (c)		UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)	
2003	\$	91,904,999	\$	83,388,410	\$	(8,516,589)		110.21%	\$	8,792,640	(9	96.86%)
2004		101,341,890		88,034,799		(13,307,091)		115.12%		8,517,612	(15	56.23%)
2005		105,139,140		84,681,811		(20,457,329)		124.16%		8,721,504	(23	34.56%)
2006		116,978,895		87,345,954		(29,632,941)		133.93%		8,672,256	(34	41.70%)
2007		122,158,440		93,293,969		(28,864,471)		130.94%		9,970,800	(28	89.49%)
2008		88,639,493		97,105,335		8,465,842		91.28%		10,235,736	8	82.71%

^{*}Annual covered payroll is based on the assumption that each active plan member earns the most recent three-year average salary rates of the highest paid non-officer police officer in the City of Bloomington. Because all active plan members are volunteers, there is no actual payroll.

(Unaudited) Page 18

Schedule 2

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM THE PLAN SPONSOR AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

Fiscal Year	Annual Required ontributions	City Contributions		City Percentage Contributed	State Contribution		State Percentage Contributed	
2003	\$ 3,436,167	\$	742,343	21.60%	\$	495,967	14.43%	
2004	2,046,927		2,986,280	145.89%		625,566	30.56%	
2005	1,376,446		1,576,139	114.51%		585,966	42.57%	
2006	361,942		841,138	232.40%		606,454	167.56%	
2007	(520,335)		NA	NA		517,023	(99.36%)	
2008	(2,886,547)		NA	NA		439,902	(15.24%)	

Note

(Unaudited) Page 19

The annual required contributions are actuarially determined. The City, if necessary, and state are required by statute to make contributions, all of which have been made.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial accrued liability is determined as part of an annual actuarial valuation on January 1, 2009. Significant methods are as follows:

- The most recent actuarial valuation date is January 1, 2009.
- Actuarial cost is determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method expressed as a level percentage of earnings.
- The actuarial value of assets is market value.
- The unfunded accrued liability is amortized using a 20-year rolling end date.

Significant actuarial assumptions are as follows:

- Investment rate of return is 6 percent per annum.
- Payroll increase is 4 percent per annum.
- COLA increase is 4 percent per annum.
- The inflation rate assumption is built in to other rate assumptions.
- Mortality assumptions for pre-retirement, post-retirement, and post-disability are:

Male: 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, without margins, projected to 1976 by

Scale E.

Female: 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table, without margins, projected to 1976 by

Scale E set back seven years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

There have been no significant changes to plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions in the last six years, except the following:

- In 2003, the City of Bloomington was required to make additional contributions to the Fund due to a funded ratio which fell below 100 percent for 2002. These are the first City contributions needed since 1997. Remaining sources of funding from the State of Minnesota statutory contributions are projected to provide sufficient funds to meet emerging benefit liabilities.
- In 2004, the City of Bloomington made further contributions to the Fund due to a funded ratio of less than 100 percent in 2002. This is the second City contribution needed since 1997.
- In 2005, the interest rate of return assumption was changed from 5 to 6 percent per annum. In addition, the payroll increase and the COLA increase assumptions were changed from 3.5 to 4 percent per annum.
- In 2005, the unfunded accrued liability amortization method and period changed from a level dollar amount to December 31, 2010, and a closed amortization approach to a 20-year rolling end date. Under the 20-year rolling end date approach, whenever the actuarial accrued liability initially exceeds current assets, the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized as a level dollar amount over 20 years. Subsequent changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability that results from actuarial gains and losses, assumption changes, and plan amendments will generate a base that shall be amortized as a level amount over 20 years from the date of the establishment of the base. Otherwise, 10 percent of the excess of current assets over the actuarial accrued liability is treated as a supplemental credit and any amortization bases that existed prior to the plan's current assets exceeding the actuarial accrued liabilities are considered fully amortized.



Schedule 3

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

07-1 Internal Control/Segregation of Duties

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control. This responsibility includes the internal control over the various accounting cycles, the fair presentation of the financial statements and related notes, and the accuracy and completeness of all financial records and related information. Adequate segregation of duties is a key internal control in an organization's accounting system. The size of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association and its staffing limits the internal control that management can design and implement into the organization. This situation is not unusual in operations the size of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association, but the Board of Trustees should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an internal control and accounting point of view.

Generally, segregation of duties can be attained with the hiring of additional personnel; however, this becomes a significant cost consideration to entities such as the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association. Under the above conditions, the most effective system of control lies in the knowledge of the Board of Trustees regarding the Association's operations and the periodic review of those operations. We recommend the Board of Trustees be mindful that limited staffing causes inherent risks in safeguarding the Association's assets and the proper reporting of its financial activity.

Client's Response:

The Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association Board of Trustees acknowledge the concentration of our duties and responsibilities as an undesirable consequence of our operation. We understand the importance of our duties and have enlisted the assistance of our long-term business partners of our accountant and our financial custodians to continually monitor our daily operations.





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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association as of and for the year ended December, 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as item 07-1 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* covers three categories of compliance to be tested in audits of relief associations: deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, and relief associations. Our study included all of the listed categories.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions.

The Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's written response to the significant deficiency identified in our audit has been included in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations. We did not audit the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Trustees and others within the Bloomington Fire Department Relief Association and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

March 11, 2009