STATE OF MINNESOTA Office of the State Auditor



Patricia Anderson State Auditor

TRAVERSE COUNTY WHEATON, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The Office of the State Auditor serves as a watchdog for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity, accountability, and cost-effectiveness in local governments throughout the state.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 250 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 4,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits for local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for over 700 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing, Investment and Finance - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employee's Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2004



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota

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Introductory Section

ORGANIZATION DECEMBER 31, 2004

Term Expires

Gerald Kaus	District 1	January 2007
William Gibson	District 2	January 2005
David Naatz	District 3	January 2007
Dean Gallup	District 4	January 2005
Norma Holtz	District 5	January 2005
Matthew Franzese		January 2007
John A. Muellenbach		January 2007
LeAnn Peyton		January 2007
LeAnn Peyton		January 2007
Donald Montonye		January 2007
Allen M. Weick		January 2007
Janet Raguse		Indefinite
Lois Sumerfelt		January 2005
Larry Haukos		May 2008
Dr. Jay Schmidt		January 2009
Lowell Nelson		Indefinite
Chere Rikimoto		Indefinite
Christian Boe		Indefinite
Gary Tracy		Indefinite
	William Gibson David Naatz Dean Gallup Norma Holtz Matthew Franzese John A. Muellenbach LeAnn Peyton Donald Montonye Allen M. Weick Janet Raguse Lois Sumerfelt Larry Haukos Dr. Jay Schmidt Lowell Nelson Chere Rikimoto Christian Boe	William GibsonDistrict 2David NaatzDistrict 3Dean GallupDistrict 4Norma HoltzDistrict 5Matthew FranzeseJohn A. MuellenbachLeAnn PeytonLeAnn PeytonDonald MontonyeAllen M. WeickJanet RaguseLois SumerfeltLarry HaukosDr. Jay SchmidtLowell NelsonChere RikimotoChristian BoeLarry Haukos

Financial Section



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Traverse County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Traverse County, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. These financial statements are the responsibility of Traverse County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Traverse Care Center Enterprise Fund. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Traverse Care Center, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Traverse County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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As discussed in the notes to the financial statements, Traverse County adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements--and Management's Discussion and Analysis--for State and Local Governments*, as amended; and Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004. These statements result in a change in format and content of the basic financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Traverse County's basic financial statements. The supplementary information and other schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2006, on our consideration of Traverse County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

/s/Pat Anderson

PATRICIA ANDERSON STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

End of Fieldwork: January 17, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

INTRODUCTION

Traverse County's Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) presents a summary of Traverse County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. Fiscal year 2004 represents the first year in which Traverse County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34. It will focus on the current year's activities and changes and should be read in combination with Traverse County's financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Because fiscal year 2004 is the first year in which Traverse County applied the requirements of GASB Statement 34, this MD&A offers limited comparisons with previous years.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Governmental activities' total net assets are \$27,186,404, of which Traverse County has invested \$22,893,700 in capital assets, net of related debt; \$2,394,981 is restricted to specific uses by Traverse County and \$1,897,723 is unrestricted.
- Proprietary (business-type) activities (Traverse Care Center and Prairieview Place) include total net assets of \$1,531,978, of which a deficit of \$593,655 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt; \$799,289 is unrestricted, with \$1,326,344 being restricted for specific uses.
- Traverse County's total net assets (governmental activities and business-type activities) total \$28,718,382, of which \$22,300,045 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt; \$3,721,325 of the total net assets is restricted for specific uses, and \$2,697,012 is unrestricted.
- The expenses of Traverse County's governmental activities for the year were \$6,486,591. General property tax revenues and other revenue sources totaling \$2,970,232 funded Traverse County's total net cost of \$1,899,713.
- Traverse County's governmental funds' fund balances increased by \$3,257 during 2004.

- During 2004, Traverse County did not issue any new bonded debt. Traverse County does have outstanding bonded debt totaling \$5,430,464 (of which \$370,000 is governmental activities and \$5,060,464 is business-type activities), capital leases of \$213,288 all for governmental activities, and a loan payable of \$400,000 for business-type activities.
- Long-term liabilities due to compensated absences total \$268,983, with \$174,939 due within one year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Traverse County's MD&A serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements. Traverse County's basic financial statements consist of three parts: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. The MD&A (this section) and certain budgetary comparison schedules are required to accompany the basic financial statements and, therefore, are included as required supplementary information. The following chart demonstrates how the different pieces are inter-related.





Required Supplementary Information

(Other than Management's Discussion and Analysis)

Traverse County presents two government-wide financial statements. They are the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These two government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of Traverse County as a whole and present a longer-term view of Traverse County's finances. Traverse County's fund financial statements follow these two government-wide financial statements. For governmental activities, these statements tell how Traverse County financed these services in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report Traverse County business-type activities (Traverse Care Center and Prairieview Place) operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about Traverse County's most significant/major funds. For proprietary activities, these statements provide detailed financial information relating to Congregate Housing and Nursing Home services. The remaining statement provides financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements--The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about Traverse County as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps the reader determine whether Traverse County's financial condition has improved or declined as a result of the current year's activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies.

These two statements consider all of Traverse County's current year revenues and expenses regardless of when Traverse County receives the revenue or pays the expenditure, and reports Traverse County's net assets and changes in them. You can think of Traverse County's net assets--the difference between assets and liabilities--as one way to measure Traverse County's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in Traverse County's property tax base and the general economic conditions of the state and county, to assess the overall health of Traverse County.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the significant funds, not the County as a whole. These fund statements are divided into governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. The governmental funds are constructed on a modified accrual basis and the proprietary and fiduciary funds on a full accrual basis. In Traverse County, a governmental fund balance sheet is provided for General, Road and Bridge Special Revenue, Social Services Special Revenue, and nonmajor funds. All but two of Traverse County's basic services are reported in the governmental fund category. They focus on how money flows into and out of these funds and shows the balances remaining at year-end that are available for expenditures. The modified accrual accounting method measures cash and other financial assets, such as investments, that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of Traverse County's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Traverse County's governmental fund information helps determine whether financial resources are available that Traverse County can spend in the near future to finance its programs. A reconciliation statement follows each governmental fund statement and depicts the relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds.

Traverse County charges external customers for Congregate Housing and Nursing Home services and reports the financial activities for those services in proprietary funds. Traverse County reports Prairieview Place and Traverse Care Center in the same way the County reports all activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. In fact, Prairieview Place and Traverse Care Center are the same as the business-type activities Traverse County reports in the government-wide statements, but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Traverse County acts as an agent over assets that the County holds for other governmental entities. Traverse County reports its fiduciary activities in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets. Traverse County excludes these assets from the County's other financial statements because Traverse County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Traverse County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in the agency funds are used for their intended purposes

THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

Traverse County's combined net assets for the year ended December 31, 2004, were \$28,718,382. The analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of Traverse County's governmental and business-type activities. In subsequent years, comparison with the prior year will be provided. Since this is the first year of implementation of this reporting model, comparisons have not been provided.

	Net Assets ember 31, 2004		
	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Assets			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 5,059,597 23,476,988	\$ 2,676,007 4,866,809	\$ 7,735,604 28,343,797
Total Assets	\$ 28,536,585	\$ 7,542,816	\$ 36,079,401
Liabilities			
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities	\$ 774,559 575,622	\$ 5,538,176 472,662	\$ 6,312,735 1,048,284
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,350,181	\$ 6,010,838	\$ 7,361,019
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of debt	\$ 22,893,700	\$ (593,655)	\$ 22,300,045
Restricted	2,394,981	1,326,344	3,721,325
Unrestricted	 1,897,723	 799,289	 2,697,012
Total Net Assets	\$ 27,186,404	\$ 1,531,978	\$ 28,718,382

Table 1 Net Assets December 31, 2004

Traverse County's total net assets for the year ended December 31, 2004, total \$28,718,382. Unrestricted net assets totaling \$2,697,012 are available to Traverse County to finance day-to-day operations. Of the unrestricted net assets, \$1,897,723 is available for governmental activities, and \$799,289 is available for business-type activities.

Table 2Changes in Net AssetsYear Ended December 31, 2004

	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Fees, fines, charges, and other	\$ 736,477	\$ 2,826,811	\$ 3,563,288
Operating grants and contributions	3,293,256	1,772	3,295,028
Capital grants and contributions	557,145	-	557,145
General revenues			
Property taxes	2,222,946	-	2,222,946
Other taxes (payment in lieu of tax)	10,306	-	10,306
Grants and contributions	653,788	-	653,788
Other general revenues	 83,192	 7,286	 90,478
Total Revenues	\$ 7,557,110	\$ 2,835,869	\$ 10,392,979
Expenditures			
Program expenses			
General government	\$ 1,181,518	\$ -	\$ 1,181,518
Public safety	786,492	-	786,492
Highways and streets	2,489,191	-	2,489,191
Human services	1,545,860	-	1,545,860
Health	68,217	-	68,217
Culture and recreation	66,688	-	66,688
Conservation of natural resources	275,755	-	275,755
Economic development	9,863	-	9,863
Sanitation	45,472	-	45,472
Interest	17,535	-	17,535
Traverse Care Center	-	2,591,479	2,591,479
Prairieview Place	 -	 253,091	 253,091
Total Expenditures	\$ 6,486,591	\$ 2,844,570	\$ 9,331,161
Excess (Deficiency) Before Special Items			
and Transfers	\$ 1,070,519	\$ (8,701)	\$ 1,061,818
Special items	-	-	-
Transfers	 (14,616)	 14,616	 -
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$ 1,055,903	\$ 5,915	\$ 1,061,818

Traverse County's total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2004, were \$10,392,979. The total cost of Traverse County programs and services for the year ended December 31, 2004, was \$9,331,161. The net assets for Traverse County's governmental and business-type activities increased by \$1,061,818.



Governmental Activities

Revenues for Traverse County's governmental activities for 2004 were \$7,557,110. Traverse County's costs for all governmental activities for 2004 were \$6,486,591. As shown in Traverse County's Statement of Activities, the amount that County taxpayers ultimately financed for these governmental activities through local property taxation was \$2,222,946 because \$736,477 of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs and \$3,850,401 was paid by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. Traverse County paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with \$653,788 in operating and capital grants and contributions, interest income of \$83,192, and other miscellaneous income of \$10,306.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of Traverse County's three largest program functions, as well as each function's net cost (total cost, less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on Traverse County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3Governmental ActivitiesYear Ended December 31, 2004

	-	Fotal Cost of Service	Revenue Generated	Net Cost f Services
Program expenses				
General government	\$	1,181,518	\$ 264,508	\$ (917,010)
Highways and streets		2,489,191	3,000,638	511,447
Human services		1,545,860	877,347	(668,513)
All others		1,270,022	 444,385	 (825,637)
Total Program Expenses	\$	6,486,591	\$ 4,586,878	\$ (1,899,713)
	(Un	audited)		Page 9



Governmental Activities Expenses

Business-Type Activities

Operating revenues of Traverse County's business-type activities (see Exhibit 8) for the year ended 2004 were \$2,826,811, and nonoperating revenues were \$9,058. Expenses of Traverse County's business-type activities (see Table 2) for 2004 were \$2,844,570, leaving a net loss of \$8,701 before transfers in from the General Fund of \$14,616, resulting in an increase in net assets of \$5,915.

THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

At year-end, the governmental funds (see the Balance Sheet) showed a combined fund balance of \$1,892,403 that is above last year's total of \$1,889,146 by \$3,257. Net excess revenues over expenditures of \$17,133, plus an increase in inventory of \$740, were offset by a transfer out to the Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund of \$14,616.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Traverse County Board of Commissioners did not make any budgetary amendments or revisions in 2004.

General Fund actual revenues exceeded budget expectations by \$240,308, and actual expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$377,783. Taxes collected were \$99,671 less than budgeted for, but this was offset by intergovernmental revenue of \$185,443 and miscellaneous revenue of \$159,145 over the budgeted amount.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Capital Assets at D (Net of Dep		1, 2004	
	G	overnmental Activities	isiness-Type Activities
Land	\$	170,052	\$ 16,175
Construction in progress		1,562,426	3,323,628
Right-of-way		230,786	_
Building		1,641,727	1,415,008
Land improvements		25,803	11,213
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		1,353,807	100,785
Infrastructure		18,492,387	
Totals	\$	23,476,988	\$ 4,866,809

Table 4

Debt

As of December 31, 2004, Traverse County had \$6,043,288 in long-term obligations outstanding compared with \$5,873,855 as of December 31, 2003--an increase of 2.9 percent--as shown in Table 5.

	Government	al Acti	vities	Business-T	ype Acti	vities	Totals			
	 2004		2003	 2004		2003	 2004		2003	
Bonds payable										
General obligation bonds	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,315,000	\$	1,345,000	\$ 1,315,000	\$	1,345,000	
Revenue bonds	-		-	3,745,000		3,745,000	3,745,000		3,745,000	
General obligation notes	370,000		550,000	-		-	370,000		550,000	
Loans	-		-	400,000		-	400,000		-	
Capital leases	 213,288		233,855	 -		-	 213,288		233,855	
Totals	\$ 583,288	\$	783,855	\$ 5,460,000	\$	5,090,000	\$ 6,043,288	\$	5,873,855	

Table 5Outstanding Debt at Year-End

New debt resulted from a USDA loan to help fund the Traverse Care Center remodeling project in the amount of \$400,000.

The state limits the amount of net debt that the County can issue to two percent of the market value of all taxable property in the County. The County's outstanding net debt is significantly below this \$11,739,678 state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include compensated absences. Traverse County's notes to the financial statements provide detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities.

(Unaudited)

FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2005 budget, tax rates, and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities.

- For the past two years, the State of Minnesota has projected a budget deficit. How the State of Minnesota resolves this deficit could have a significant impact on future Traverse County budgets. Major revenue sources for the County are state-paid aids, credits, and grants. Should the State of Minnesota significantly reduce these revenues or pass on costs to the County, it would have a significant impact on next year's budget.
- Traverse County's net tax capacity rates fluctuate up and down even though the overall net tax levy has continued to increase. Traverse County has an agricultural tax base, and keeping it healthy is very important to the County's overall financial condition.
- The net property tax levies are planned to increase 23.7 percent from 2004.
- The County will be planning for facility needs and the possibility of a new jail project.
- The County is reviewing revenue sources and considering cost-effective and efficient means for the delivery of Traverse County programs and services that will influence the development of future budgets.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Traverse County's financial reports provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of Traverse County's finances, and they show Traverse County's accountability for the money it receives and spends.

If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact John Muellenbach, Traverse County Auditor, by telephone at 320-320-4242; by email at john.muellenbach@co.traverse.mn.us; or by mail at Traverse County Courthouse, P. O. Box 428, Wheaton, Minnesota 56267.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT 1

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$	1,978,529	\$ 945,972	\$ 2,924,501
Investments		66,694	35,292	101,986
Taxes receivable				
Current - net		18,312	-	18,312
Prior - net		22,434	-	22,434
Special assessments receivable		2 5 4 5		2545
Current - net		2,545	-	2,545
Prior - net		2,143	-	2,143
Accounts receivable - net		18,093	203,771	221,864
Accrued interest receivable		4,688	-	4,688
Internal balances		(364) 2,905,208	364	2,905,208
Due from other governments Prepaid items		2,903,208	10.045	2,905,208 21,109
Inventories		30,251	21,939	52,190
Restricted assets		50,251	21,939	52,190
Cash and pooled investments - temporarily restricted		_	1,334,798	1,334,798
Investments		_	17,390	17,390
Residents' trust fund		_	9,738	9,738
Deferred charges		-	96,698	96,698
Capital assets				, ,,,, ,
Non-depreciable		1,963,264	3,339,803	5,303,067
Depreciable - net of accumulated depreciation		21,513,724	 1,527,006	 23,040,730
Total Assets	\$	28,536,585	\$ 7,542,816	\$ 36,079,401
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	203,699	\$ 40,512	\$ 244,211
Salaries payable		3,107	-	3,107
Contracts payable		63,012	-	63,012
Due to other governments		299,981	510	300,491
Accrued interest payable		5,823	-	5,823
Payable from restricted assets				
Contracts payable		-	336,826	336,826
Interest payable		-	76,622	76,622
Residents' trust fund		-	9,738	9,738
Rent deposits		-	8,454	8,454
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year		298,280	133,638	431,918
Due in more than one year		476,279	 5,404,538	 5,880,817
Total Liabilities	\$	1,350,181	\$ 6,010,838	\$ 7,361,019

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 1 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	-	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$	22,893,700	\$ (593,655)	\$ 22,300,045
Restricted for				
General government		175,203	-	175,203
Public safety		6,034	-	6,034
Highways and streets		2,213,744	-	2,213,744
Debt service		-	1,326,344	1,326,344
Unrestricted		1,897,723	 799,289	 2,697,012
Total Net Assets	\$	27,186,404	\$ 1,531,978	\$ 28,718,382

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	1	Expenses	Fees, Charges, Fines, and Other		
Functions/Programs					
Primary Government					
Governmental activities					
General government	\$	1,181,518	\$	230,628	
Public safety		786,492		195,274	
Highways and streets		2,489,191		193,008	
Sanitation		45,472		-	
Human services		1,545,860		103,112	
Health		68,217		-	
Culture and recreation		66,688		12,845	
Conservation of natural resources		275,755		1,610	
Economic development		9,863		-	
Interest		17,535		-	
Total governmental activities	\$	6,486,591	\$	736,477	
Business-type activities					
Traverse Care Center	\$	2,591,479	\$	2,606,331	
Prairieview Place		253,091		220,480	
Total business-type activities	\$	2,844,570	\$	2,826,811	
Total Primary Government	\$	9,331,161	\$	3,563,288	

General Revenues

Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Payment in lieu of tax Investment income **Transfers**

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

	Derating rants and	Capital rants and	G	Net (Expens	e) Revenu Bus	n Net Ass			
	ntributions	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total	
5	33,880	\$ -	\$	(917,010)	\$	-	\$	(917,010	
	58,054	-		(533,164)		-		(533,164	
	2,308,390	499,240		511,447		-		511,447	
	4,688	-		(40,784)		-		(40,784	
	774,235	-		(668,513)		-		(668,513	
	-	-		(68,217)		-		(68,217	
	64,910	-		11,067		-		11,067	
	49,099	57,905		(167,141)		-		(167,14)	
	-	-		(9,863)		-		(9,863	
	-	 -		(17,535)		-		(17,535	
6	3,293,256	\$ 557,145	\$	(1,899,713)	\$	-	\$	(1,899,71	
5	1,772	\$ -	\$	-	\$	16,624 (32,611)	\$	16,624 (32,611	
6	1,772	\$	\$		\$	(15,987)	\$	(15,987	
6	3,295,028	\$ 557,145	\$	(1,899,713)	\$	(15,987)	\$	(1,915,700	
			\$	2,222,946	\$	_	\$	2,222,946	
			Ψ	2,222,710	Ψ		Ψ		
				653,788		-		653,788	
				10,306		-		10,306	
				83,192		7,286		90,478	
				(14,616)		14,616		-	
			\$	2,955,616	\$	21,902	\$	2,977,518	
			\$	1,055,903	\$	5,915	\$	1,061,81	
				26,130,501		1,526,063		27,656,564	
			\$	27,186,404	\$	1,531,978	\$	28,718,382	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

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EXHIBIT 3

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	(General	Road and Bridge		Social Services		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets										
Cash and pooled investments	\$	690,730	\$	448,273	\$	422,573	\$	355,721	\$	1,917,297
Petty cash and change funds		1,400		-		100		-		1,500
Undistributed cash in agency funds		37,004		8,583		10,213		3,932		59,732
Investments		66,694		-		-		-		66,694
Taxes receivable										
Current		13,746		-		4,566		-		18,312
Prior		8,600		7,753		3,692		2,389		22,434
Special assessments receivable										
Current		2,545		-		-		-		2,545
Prior		2,143		-		-		-		2,143
Accounts receivable		574		11,196		6,323		-		18,093
Accrued interest receivable		4,688		-		-		-		4,688
Due from other funds		19,961		3,657		1,476		-		25,094
Due from other governments		99,263		2,706,830		97,649		-		2,903,742
Inventories		-		30,251		-		-		30,251
Prepaid items		4,817		6,247		-		-		11,064
Total Assets	\$	952,165	\$	3,222,790	\$	546,592	\$	362,042	\$	5,083,589

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	(General	Road and Bridge		Social Services		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	55,619	\$	139,041	\$	9,039	\$	-	\$	203,699
Salaries payable		1,258		1,849		-		-		3,107
Contracts payable		-		63,012		-		-		63,012
Due to other funds		3,960		682		26,864		-		31,506
Due to other governments		2,169		147,453		142,845		-		292,467
Deferred revenue - unavailable		27,057		2,536,103		31,846		2,389		2,597,395
Total Liabilities	\$	90,063	\$	2,888,140	\$	210,594	\$	2,389	\$	3,191,186
Fund Balances										
Reserved for										
Boat and water safety	\$	6,034	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,034
Future plant expansion		170,386		-		-		-		170,386
Inventories		-		30,251		-		-		30,251
Missing heirs		29,499		-		-		-		29,499
Prepaid items		4,817		6,247		-		-		11,064
State-aid highway projects		-		113,267		-		-		113,267
Unreserved										
Undesignated		651,366		184,885		335,998		-		1,172,249
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor										
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		127,884		127,884
Debt service fund		-		-		-		200,235		200,235
Capital projects fund		-		-		-		31,534		31,534
Total Fund Balances	\$	862,102	\$	334,650	\$	335,998	\$	359,653	\$	1,892,403
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	¢	952,165	\$	3,222,790	\$	546,592	\$	362,042	\$	5,083,589
Datallees	\$	952,105	Þ	3,222,190	\$	340,392	Þ	302,042	Ф	3,003,309

EXHIBIT 4

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2004

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 3)		\$ 1,892,403	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			23,476,988
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.			2,597,395
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Capital notes payable Capital leases Compensated absences Accrued interest payable	\$	(370,000) (213,288) (191,271) (5,823)	 (780,382)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)			\$ 27,186,404

EXHIBIT 5

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		General	Road and Bridge		Social Services		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	1,288,462	\$	349,704	\$	418,549	\$	168,246	\$	2,224,961
Special assessments		57,905		-		-		-		57,905
Licenses and permits		1,824		-		-		-		1,824
Intergovernmental		594,481		3,568,120		878,102		48,338		5,089,041
Charges for services		107,402		177,987		11,755		-		297,144
Fines and forfeits		318		-		-		-		318
Interest on investments		83,192		-		-		-		83,192
Miscellaneous		266,845		16,455		91,357		63,968		438,625
Total Revenues	\$	2,400,429	\$	4,112,266	\$	1,399,763	\$	280,552	\$	8,193,010
Expenditures										
Current										
General government	\$	1,154,467	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,154,467
Public safety		743,367		-		-		22,468		765,835
Highways and streets		-		3,705,028		-		154,475		3,859,503
Sanitation		42,965		-		-		-		42,965
Human services		-		-		1,541,415		-		1,541,415
Health		68,217		-		-		-		68,217
Culture and recreation		66,520		-		-		-		66,520
Conservation of natural resources		273,113		-		-		-		273,113
Economic development		9,863		-		-		-		9,863
Intergovernmental		-		173,531		-		-		173,531
Debt service										
Principal retirement		20,567		-		_		180.000		200,567
Interest		5,232				-		14,649		19,881
Total Expenditures	\$	2,384,311	\$	3,878,559	\$	1,541,415	\$	371,592	\$	8,175,877
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	16,118	\$	233,707	\$	(141,652)	\$	(91,040)	\$	17,133
Expenditures	φ	10,110	φ	233,707	φ	(141,032)	φ	(91,040)	φ	17,135
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	63,916	\$	63,916
Transfers out	φ	(78,532)	φ	-	φ	-	φ	03,910	φ	(78,532)
Transfers out		(78,552)								(78,552)
Total Other Financing Sources										
(Uses)	\$	(78,532)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	63,916	\$	(14,616)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(62,414)	\$	233,707	\$	(141,652)	\$	(27,124)	\$	2,517
Fund Balance - January 1		924,516		100,203		477,650		386,777		1,889,146
Increase (decrease) in reserved for inventories		-		740		-		-		740
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	862,102	\$	334,650	\$	335,998	\$	359,653	\$	1,892,403

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES--GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 5)		\$ 2,517
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
In the funds, under the modified accrual basis, receivables not available for expenditures are deferred. In the statement of activities, those revenues are recognized when earned. The adjustment to revenues between the fund statements and the statement of activities is the increase (decrease) in revenues deferred as unavailable.		
Deferred revenue - December 31	\$ 2,597,395	
Deferred revenue - January 1	 (3,233,295)	(635,900)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Also, in the statement of activities, only a gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported; whereas, in the governmental funds, any proceeds from the disposal increase financial resources. Therefore, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the net book value of the capital assets disposed of.		
Expenditures for general capital assets and infrastructure	\$ 2,477,266	
Net book value of disposed assets	(34,967)	
Current year depreciation	 (926,037)	1,516,262
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		
Principal repayments		
Capital lease	\$ 20,567	
Capital notes	 180,000	200,567
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in accrued interest payable	\$ 2,346	
Change in compensated absences	(30,629)	
Change in inventories	 740	 (27,543)
Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)		\$ 1,055,903

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PROPRIETARY FUNDS

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EXHIBIT 7

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Prairieview Place			Traverse are Center		Totals	
		Place		are Center		Totals	
lssets							
Current assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	47,530 50	\$	898,392	\$	945,922 50	
Investments		-		35,292		35,292	
Accounts receivable - net		-		203,771		203,77	
Due from other funds		391		-		39	
Inventories		613		21,326		21,939	
Prepaid items		-		10,045		10,045	
Total current assets	\$	48,584	\$	1,168,826	\$	1,217,41	
Restricted assets							
Cash and pooled investments	\$	179,337	\$	1,155,461	\$	1,334,798	
Investments		-		17,390		17,390	
Residents' trust fund				9,738		9,73	
Total restricted assets	\$	179,337	\$	1,182,589	\$	1,361,92	
Noncurrent assets							
Advance to other funds	\$	-	\$	56,961	\$	56,96	
Deferred debt issuance costs		-		96,698		96,69	
Capital assets							
Nondepreciable		-		3,339,803		3,339,803	
Depreciable - net		1,063,774		463,232		1,527,000	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	1,063,774	\$	3,956,694	\$	5,020,468	
Total Assets	\$	1,291,695	\$	6,308,109	\$	7,599,804	

EXHIBIT 7 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Business-	rise Funds		
	P	rairieview Place	Traverse are Center		Totals
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	3,079	\$ 37,433	\$	40,512
Compensated absences payable - current		142	77,570		77,712
Due to other funds		27	-		27
Due to other governments		510	-		510
General obligation bonds payable - current		30,000	 -		30,000
Total current liabilities	\$	33,758	\$ 115,003	\$	148,761
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets					
Contracts payable	\$	-	\$ 336,826	\$	336,826
Interest payable		-	76,622		76,622
Residents' trust fund		-	9,738		9,738
Rent deposits		8,454	-		8,454
Loans payable - current			 25,926		25,920
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	\$	8,454	\$ 449,112	\$	457,560
Noncurrent liabilities					
Advance from other funds	\$	56,961	\$ -	\$	56,96
Loans payable - long term		-	374,074		374,074
General obligation bonds payable - long-term		1,274,330	-		1,274,33
Revenue bonds payable - long-term		-	 3,756,134		3,756,134
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	1,331,291	\$ 4,130,208	\$	5,461,499
Total Liabilities	\$	1,373,503	\$ 4,694,323	\$	6,067,826
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$	(240,556)	\$ (353,099)	\$	(593,655
Restricted for debt service		170,883	1,155,461		1,326,344
Unrestricted		(12,135)	 811,424		799,289
Total Net Assets	\$	(81,808)	\$ 1,613,786	\$	1,531,978

EXHIBIT 8

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

Pr \$ \$	airieview Place 188,872 - 29,668 1,399 541 220,480		tivities - Enterpr Traverse are Center 2,559,131 - 47,200 2,606,331	\$	Totals 188,872 2,559,131 29,668 1,399 47,741
\$	188,872 29,668 1,399 541 220,480	\$	2,559,131		188,872 2,559,131 29,668 1,399 47,741
\$	29,668 1,399 541 220,480		47,200		2,559,131 29,668 1,399 47,741
\$	29,668 1,399 541 220,480		47,200		2,559,131 29,668 1,399 47,741
\$	29,668 1,399 541 220,480		47,200		2,559,131 29,668 1,399 47,741
	1,399 541 220,480	\$	47,200	\$	29,668 1,399 47,741
	1,399 541 220,480	\$	<u> </u>	\$	1,399 47,741
	541 220,480	\$	<u> </u>	\$	47,741
	220,480	\$	<u> </u>	\$	
	<u> </u>	\$	2,606,331	\$	
\$					2,826,811
\$					
	15,894	\$	457,746	\$	473,640
	1.784		-		1,784
	,		952.552		952,552
	49.387		-		49,387
	<i>,</i>		311 407		311,407
					78,103
					3,503
	5,505				53,678
	- 41				41
			_		683
			-		25,176
	<i>,</i>		-		167,175
			107,175		
			-		673
	,		-		10,968
	· ·		-		15,552
	385		-		385
	-				142,765
	-				55,562
	-				249,998
	-				65,008
	47,063		57,485		104,548
\$	171,109	\$	2,591,479	\$	2,762,588
\$	49,371	\$	14,852	\$	64,223
\$	-	\$	1.341	\$	1,341
	-		,		5,945
	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,772
	(81,982)		-		(81,982)
\$	(81,982)	\$	9,058	\$	(72,924)
	\$ \$ \$	1,784 49,387 - - 3,503 - 41 683 25,176 - 673 10,968 15,552 385 - - 47,063 \$ 171,109 \$ 49,371 \$ - (81,982)	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,784 - - 952,552 $49,387$ - - $311,407$ - $78,103$ $3,503$ - - $53,678$ 41 - - $53,678$ 41 - - $53,678$ 41 - - $53,678$ 41 - - $53,678$ 41 - - $53,678$ 41 - - $167,175$ 673 - - $167,175$ 673 - 10,968 - 15,552 - - $142,765$ - $55,562$ - $249,998$ - $65,008$ $47,063$ $57,485$ \$ $171,109$ \$ \$ - \$,945 - - 5,945 - 1,772 (81,982)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 8 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Pr		Traverse are Center	Totals					
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	\$	(32,611)	\$	23,910	\$	(8,701)			
Transfers in		14,616				14,616			
Change in Net Assets	\$	(17,995)	\$	23,910	\$	5,915			
Net Assets - January 1		(63,813)		1,589,876		1,526,063			
Net Assets - December 31	\$	(81,808)	\$	1,613,786	\$	1,531,978			

EXHIBIT 9

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Pı	rairieview Place		Traverse Care Center		Totals	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers and employees Interest paid on long-term debt Other receipts and payments - net	\$	220,480 (128,238)	\$	2,611,618 (2,516,119) 22,833 47,200	\$	2,832,098 (2,644,357) 22,833 47,200	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	92,242	\$	165,532	\$	257,774	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Rent deposits Contributions Transfers in	\$	(486) - 14,228	\$	1,772	\$	(486) 1,772 14,228	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	\$	13,742	\$	1,772	\$	15,514	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Purchases of capital assets	\$	(30,000) (81,497) -	\$	400,000 (2,159,200)	\$	(30,000) (81,497) 400,000 (2,159,200)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$	(111,497)	\$	(1,759,200)	\$	(1,870,697)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities (Increase) decrease in noncurrent cash and investments Interest on intergovernmental transfer Investment earnings received	\$	- -	\$	3,794 5,945 1,341	\$	3,794 5,945 1,341	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$	-	\$	11,080	\$	11,080	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(5,513)	\$	(1,580,816)	\$	(1,586,329)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1		232,430		3,634,669		3,867,099	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	\$	226,917	\$	2,053,853	\$	2,280,770	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT 9 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Prairieview			Traverse		m ()		
	Place		C	are Center	Totals			
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Exhibit 5								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	47,530	\$	898,392	\$	945,922		
Petty cash and change funds		50		-		50		
Restricted cash and pooled investments		179,337		1,155,461		1,334,798		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	226,917	\$	2,053,853	\$	2,280,770		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Operating income	\$	49,371	\$	14,852	\$	64,223		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation and amortization	\$	47,063	\$	57,485	\$	104,548		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-		52,487		52,487		
(Increase) decrease in inventories		531		3,539		4,070		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		-		1,680		1,680		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(4,271)		4,647		376		
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable		(548)		-		(548)		
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		27		-		27		
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		69		-		69		
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		-		30,842		30,842		
Total adjustments	\$	42,871	\$	150,680	\$	193,551		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	92,242	\$	165,532	\$	257,774		

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

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EXHIBIT 10

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	 Agency
Assets	
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$ 113,184 7,514
Total Assets	 120,698
Liabilities	
Due to other governments	\$ 1,466 119,232
Total Liabilities	\$ 120,698

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the year ended December 31, 2004. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989, (when applicable) that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the County has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date to its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the County has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the County are discussed below.

In June 1999, GASB unanimously approved Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis--for State and Local Governments.* The significant changes in the statement include the following:

- a Management's Discussion and Analysis section providing an analysis of the County's overall financial position and results of operations;
- financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the County's activities, including infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.); and
- a change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

These and other changes are reflected in the accompanying financial statements (including the notes to the financial statements). The County has elected to implement all provisions of the statement in the current year.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

Traverse County was established February 20, 1862, and is an organized County having the powers, duties, and privileges granted counties by Minn. Stat. ch. 373. The County is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners elected from districts within the County. The Board is organized with a chair and vice chair elected at the annual meeting in January of each year. The County Coordinator, appointed by the Board, serves as the Clerk of the Board but does not vote in its decisions.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Joint Ventures

The County participates in several joint ventures described in Note 7.C. The County also participates in jointly-governed organizations and a related organization described in Note 7.D. and Note 7.E., respectively.

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

1. Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) display information about the County. These statements include the financial activities of the overall County government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties for support.

In the government-wide statement of net assets, both the governmental and business-type activities columns: (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column; and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The County's net assets are reported in three parts: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted net assets; and (3) unrestricted net assets. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of each function of the County's governmental activities and different business-type activities are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity; and (2) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Revenues not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary--are presented. The emphasis of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or incidental activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for revenues and expenditures of the County Highway Department, which is responsible for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and other projects affecting County roadways.

The <u>Social Services Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for economic assistance and community social services programs.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

The <u>Prairieview Place Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the County congregate housing.

The <u>Traverse Care Center Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the County nursing home.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

B. <u>Basic Financial Statements</u>

2. <u>Fund Financial Statements</u> (Continued)

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

<u>Agency funds</u> are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for assets that the County holds for others in an agent capacity.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Shared revenues are generally recognized in the period the appropriation goes into effect. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Traverse County considers all revenues to be available if collected within 60 days after the end of the current period. Property and other taxes, licenses, and interest are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, compensated absences, and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent that they have matured. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Additionally, each fund's equity in the County's investment pool is treated as a cash equivalent because the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. Pooled and fund investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2004, based on market prices. Pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 385.07, investment earnings on cash and pooled investments are credited to the General Fund. Other funds received investment earnings based on other state statutes, grant agreements, contracts, and bond covenants. Pooled investment earnings for 2004 were \$81,978.

Traverse County invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Therefore, the fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 generally authorize the following types of investments as available to the County:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

- 2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)
 - (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
 - (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
 - (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
 - (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

3. <u>Receivables and Payables</u>

Activities between funds representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. At December 31, 2004, the Traverse Care Center had an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$11,000.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

3. <u>Receivables and Payables</u> (Continued)

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half payment due on May 15 and the second half payment due October 15.

Unpaid taxes at December 31 become liens on the respective property and are classified in the financial statements as delinquent taxes receivable.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. Inventories in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Inventories in proprietary funds and at the government-wide level are recorded as expenses when consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

5. <u>Restricted Assets</u>

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

6. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (for example, roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

6. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. During the current period, the Traverse Care Center Enterprise Fund capitalized interest in the amount of \$161,417.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County, as well as its component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	7 - 20
Public domain infrastructure	50
Furniture, equipment, and vehicles	5 - 15

7. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The liability for compensated absences reported in the financial statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

8. Deferred Revenue

All County funds and the government-wide financial statements defer revenue for resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Governmental funds also report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.

9. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts not available for appropriation or legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans subject to change.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

11. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Third-Party Reimbursement Agreements

Medicaid

The Traverse Care Center participates in the Medicaid program administered by the Minnesota Department of Human Services (DHS).

The State of Minnesota authorized DHS by statutes to establish a contractual alternative system, called "The Nursing Home Contract Project." The Care Center has contracted with the State of Minnesota to be reimbursed under this system, and thereby has its rates set annually at its previous year's rates plus inflation.

On October 1, 2002, the State of Minnesota transitioned to a Minimum Data Set (MDS)-based resident assessment system. As a result, Medicaid and private paying residents are classified into one of 34 Resource Utilization Groups (RUG) for purposes of establishing payment rates.

By Minnesota statute, a nursing facility may not charge private paying residents in multiple occupancy rooms per diem rates in excess of the approved Medicaid rates for similar services.

Medicare

By Minnesota statute, a nursing facility which participates in the Medicaid program must also participate in the Medicare program. This program is administered by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity
 - 12. Third-Party Reimbursement Agreements

<u>Medicare</u> (Continued)

The Care Center is paid under the Medicare prospective payment system (PPS) for residents who are Medicare eligible. The PPS is a per diem price-based system.

Occupancy Percentages

During the year ended December 31, 2004, the occupancy percentage and the percentages of residents covered by the Medicaid and Medicare programs were as follows:

Total occupancy	98.5%
Medicaid	61.4%
Medicare	6.7%

2. <u>Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability</u>

Deficit Fund Equity

The following major fund had deficit net assets as of December 31, 2004:

Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund \$,	81,808
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The deficit net assets in the Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund are expected to be eliminated by future earnings.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's total cash and investments are reported as follows:

Primary government	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,924,501
Investments	101,986
Restricted assets	
Cash and pooled investments	1,334,798
Investments	17,390
Residents' trust fund	9,738
Fiduciary funds	
Cash and pooled investments	
Agency funds	 113,184
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,501,597

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the County to deposit its cash and to invest in certificates of deposit in financial institutions designated by the County Treasurer. At December 31, 2004, the carrying amount of the County's deposits totaled \$4,069,580. The bank balance deposit amount was \$4,311,608. Minnesota statutes require that all County deposits be covered by insurance, surety bond, or collateral.

Following is a summary of the deposits covered by insurance or collateral at December 31, 2004.

	Bank Balance		
Covered Deposits Insured, or collateralized with securities held by the County or its agent in the County's name	\$	351,162	
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's agent in the County's name		3,960,446	
Total covered deposits	\$	4,311,608	
Uncollateralized			
Total	\$	4,311,608	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Three levels of custodial credit risk for securities are defined by generally accepted accounting principles:

- (1) securities that are insured or registered, or for which the securities are held by the County or its agent in the County's name;
- (2) securities that are uninsured and unregistered and are held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the County's name; and
- (3) securities that are uninsured and unregistered and are held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the County's name.

Following is a summary of the fair values of the County's investments, categorized into the aforementioned levels of risk, at December 31, 2004:

		Ca	tegory		Fair
	 1		2	 3	 Value
U.S. Treasury strips Federal Home Loan Bank Federal Home Loan	\$ 198,724 98,731	\$	- -	\$ -	\$ 198,724 98,731
Mortgage Corporation	 83,266		-	 -	 83,266
Total Investments	\$ 380,721	\$	-	\$ 	\$ 380,721
Add					
Cash on hand					1,650
Non-interest bearing checking Interest bearing checking					66,016
Money market savings					1,894,515 1,664,780
Certificates of deposit					458,673
Mutual funds					 35,242
Total Cash and Investments					\$ 4,501,597

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. <u>Assets</u> (Continued)

2. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables as of December 31, 2004, for the County's governmental activities and business-type activities, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Total Receivables		Amounts Not Scheduled for Collection During the Subsequent Year		
Governmental Activities					
Taxes	\$	40,746	\$	-	
Special assessments		4,688		-	
Accounts		18,093		-	
Interest		4,688		-	
Due from other governments		2,905,208		-	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,973,423	\$	-	
Business-Type Activities Accounts receivable	\$	203,771	\$	-	

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2004, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	 Beginning Balance	 Increase	E	Decrease	 Ending Balance
Capital assets not depreciated					
Land	\$ 116,299	\$ 88,720	\$	34,967	\$ 170,052
Right-of-way	230,786	-		-	230,786
Construction in progress	 71,773	 1,490,653		-	 1,562,426
Total capital assets not depreciated	\$ 418,858	\$ 1,579,373	\$	34,967	\$ 1,963,264
Capital assets depreciated					
Buildings	\$ 2,846,137	\$ 5,200	\$	-	\$ 2,851,337
Land improvements	-	34,967		-	34,967
Machinery, furniture, and equipment	3,285,733	497,759		369,099	3,414,393
Infrastructure	 23,756,817	 359,967		-	 24,116,784
Total capital assets depreciated	\$ 29,888,687	\$ 897,893	\$	369,099	\$ 30,417,481

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

3. Capital Assets

Governmental Activities (Continued)

]	Beginning Balance		Increase	D	ecrease		Ending Balance
Less: accumulated depreciation for	<i>•</i>	1 1 50 000	<i>.</i>	55 500	¢		¢	1 200 510
Buildings	\$	1,153,880	\$	55,730	\$	-	\$	1,209,610
Land improvements		7,416		1,748		-		9,164
Machinery, furniture, and equipment		2,043,461		386,224		369,099		2,060,586
Infrastructure		5,142,062		482,335				5,624,397
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	8,346,819	\$	926,037	\$	369,099	\$	8,903,757
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	21,541,868	\$	(28,144)	\$	-	\$	21,513,724
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	21,960,726	\$	1,551,229	\$	34,967	\$	23,476,988

Business-Type Activities

Construction in progress 1,223,798 2,099,830 - 3,	
	16,175
	323,628
Total capital assets not depreciated \$ 1,239,973 \$ 2,099,830 \$ - \$ 3,	339,803
Capital assets depreciated	
Buildings \$ 2,643,370 \$ 8,000 \$ - \$ 2,	551,370
Land improvements 46,353 - 2,415	43,938
Machinery, furniture, and equipment 412,542 37,021 -	149,563
Total capital assets depreciated \$ 3,102,265 \$ 45,021 \$ 2,415 \$ 3,	144,871
Less: accumulated depreciation for	
Buildings \$ 1,154,502 \$ 81,860 \$ - \$ 1,	236,362
Land improvements 32,269 2,871 2,415	32,725
Machinery, furniture, and equipment 328,871 19,907 -	348,778
Total accumulated depreciation \$ 1,515,642 \$ 104,638 \$ 2,415 \$ 1,	617,865
Total capital assets depreciated, net \$ 1,586,623 \$ (59,617) \$ - \$ 1,	527,006
Business-Type Activities	
	866,809

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

3. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 47,640
Public safety	20,666
Highways and streets, including depreciation of infrastructure assets	847,076
Social services	6,021
Sanitation	2,507
Culture and recreation	168
Conservation of natural resources	 1,959
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 926,037
Business-Type Activities	
Traverse Care Center	\$ 57,575
Prairieview Place	 47,063
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 104,638

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of December 31, 2004, is as follows:

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u>

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General	Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund Social Services Special Revenue Fund Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund	\$	682 19,252 27
Total Due to General Fund		\$	19,961
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Social Services Special Revenue Fund	\$	3,559 98
Total Due to Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund		\$	3,657
3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

1. <u>Due To/From Other Funds</u> (Continued)

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Α	mount
Social Services Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Agency Fund	\$	10 1,466
Total Due to Social Services Special Revenue Fund		\$	1,476
Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund	General Fund	\$	391
Agency Fund	Social Services Special Revenue Fund	\$	7,514
Total Due To/From Other Funds		\$	32,999

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

2. Advances From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount
Traverse Care Center Enterprise Fund	Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund	\$	56,961

3. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2004, consisted of the following:

Transfers to Building Special Revenue Fund from General Fund	\$ 63,916	Establish fund
Transfers to Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund from General Fund	 14,616	Transfer investment income and provide operating funding
Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 78,532	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Liabilities

1. <u>Payables</u>

Payables at December 31, 2004, were as follows:

	 vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
Accounts	\$ 203,699	\$	40,512	
Salaries	3,107		-	
Contracts	63,012		336,826	
Due to other governments	299,981		510	
Interest	5,823		76,622	
Residents' trust fund	-		9,738	
Rent deposits	 -		8,454	
Total Payables	\$ 575,622	\$	472,662	

2. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue as of December 31, 2004, year-end for the County is as follows:

	Deferred navailable	Deferred Unearned		
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 45,434	\$	-	
State-aid highway allotments	2,482,021		-	
Charges for services	35,071		-	
Grants	34,869		-	
Total Deferred	\$ 2,597,395	\$	-	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

3. Construction Commitments

The government has active construction projects as of December 31, 2004. The projects include the following:

	Sp	ent-to-Date	emaining mmitment
Governmental Activities Roads and bridges	\$	1,260,245	\$ 228,845
Business-Type Activities Traverse Care Center	\$	3,323,628	\$ 376,372

4. <u>Other Postemployment Benefits</u>

<u>Retirees</u>

The County pays the health insurance for qualified retired employees (employees who retired at age 60 with over 15 years of service, or at age 55 with over 22 years of service) from their date of retirement until death. The rates are based on the County's group health policy rates. The County's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2004, were:

	Number of Participants	Co	ntribution
General Fund	18	\$	72,698
Road and Bridge Special Revenue Fund	13		82,684
Social Services Special Revenue Fund	2		8,639
Traverse Care Center Enterprise Fund	13		54,632
Total		\$	218,653

Traverse County records the expenditure or expense for retired employees' health insurance benefits in the year paid and does not accrue a liability for future benefits.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. Liabilities (Continued)

5. <u>Leases</u>

Capital Leases

The County has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of the Social Services Building. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. This capital lease consists of the following at December 31, 2004:

Lease	Maturity	Installment	Payment Amount	Original	Balance
Governmental Activities Social Services Building	2014	Semi-Annual	\$ 12,900	\$ 300,000	\$ 213,288

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2004, were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Governmental Activities		
2005	\$	25,799	
2006		25,799	
2007		25,799	
2008		25,799	
2009		25,799	
2010 - 2014		108,568	
Total minimum lease payments	\$	237,563	
Less: amount representing interest		(24,275)	
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	213,288	

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

6. Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2004
2002 G.O. Capital Equipment Notes	2006	\$180,000 - \$190,000	7.50	\$ 550,000	\$ 370,000

Business-Type Activities

Type of Indebtedness	Final Maturity	Installment Amounts	Interest Rates (%)	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding Balance December 31, 2004
USDA Loan	2014	\$44,444	-	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000
1997 G.O. Governmental Housing Bonds	2026	\$15,000 - \$105,000	6.05	\$ 1,455,000	\$ 1,315,000
Less: unamortized discount					(10,670)
G.O. Bonds Net					\$ 1,304,330
2003 G.O. Nursing Home Revenue Bonds	2033	\$75,000 - \$235,000	3.25 - 5.30	\$ 3,745,000	\$ 3,745,000
Add: unamortized premium					11,134
Total Revenue Bonds Net					\$ 3,756,134

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

7. <u>Debt Service Requirements</u>

Debt service requirements at December 31, 2004, were as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ending	Capita	Capital Notes			
December 31	31 Principal		nterest		
2005 2006	\$ 180,000 190,000	\$	8,875 3,087		
Total	\$ 370,000	\$	11,962		

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending	General Obl	igation I	Bonds	Revenue Bonds					
December 31	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 - 2014 2015 - 2019	\$ 30,000 30,000 35,000 35,000 40,000 230,000 310,000	\$	79,558 77,742 75,928 73,810 71,692 320,045 241,395	\$	- 75,000 75,000 80,000 80,000 450,000 550,000	\$	183,893 182,674 180,236 177,618 174,818 820,618 705,706		
2010 - 2024 2025 - 2029 2030 - 2033 Total	\$ 405,000 200,000 	\$	136,428 18,452 	\$	685,000 875,000 875,000 3,745,000	\$	551,515 391,280 54,722 3,423,080		
Year Ending December 31							SDA Loan Principal		
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 - 2014						\$	25,926 44,444 44,444 44,444 44,444 196,298		
Total						\$	400,000		

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

C. <u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

8. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2004, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	 ue Within One Year
Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities Bonds payable G.O. capital notes Capital leases Compensated absences	\$ 550,000 233,855 179,903	\$	131,262	\$	180,000 20,567 119,894	\$ 370,000 213,288 191,271	\$ 180,000 21,053 97,227
Governmental Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 963,758	\$	131,262	\$	320,461	\$ 774,559	\$ 298,280

Business-Type Activities

]	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	ductions	 Ending Balance	 e Within ne Year
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities Bonds payable								
General obligation bonds	\$	1,345,000	\$	-	\$	30,000	\$ 1,315,000	\$ 30,000
Revenue bonds Deferred amounts for		3,745,000		-		-	3,745,000	-
issuance premium/discounts		(21)		485		-	 464	 -
Total bonds payable	\$	5,089,979	\$	485	\$	30,000	\$ 5,060,464	\$ 30,000
Loan payable		-		400.000		-	400,000	25,926
Compensated absences		70,251		60,456		52,995	 77,712	 77,712
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities	\$	5,160,230	\$	460,941	\$	82,995	\$ 5,538,176	\$ 133,638

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

A. <u>Plan Description</u>

All full-time and certain part-time employees of Traverse County are covered by defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). The PERA administers the Public Employees Retirement Fund and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund, which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement plans. These plans are established and administered in accordance with Minn. Stat. chs. 353 and 356.

Public Employees Retirement Fund members belong to either the Coordinated Plan or the Basic Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security, and Basic Plan members are not. All new members must participate in the Coordinated Plan. All police officers, firefighters, and peace officers who qualify for membership by statute are covered by the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund.

The PERA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by state statute and vest after three years of credited service. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for Coordinated and Basic Plan members. The retiring member receives the higher of a step-rate benefit accrual formula (Method 1) or a level accrual formula (Method 2). Under Method 1, the annuity accrual rate for a Basic Plan member is 2.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years of service and 2.7 percent for each year thereafter. For a Coordinated Plan member, the annuity accrual rate is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first ten years and 1.7 percent for each successive year. Under Method 2, the annuity accrual rate is 2.7 percent of average salary for Basic Plan members and 1.7 percent for Coordinated Plan members for each year of service.

For Public Employees Retirement Fund members whose annuity is calculated using Method 1, and all Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90. A reduced retirement annuity is also available to eligible members seeking early retirement.

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

A. <u>Plan Description</u> (Continued)

The benefit provisions stated in the previous paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not yet receiving them are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated public service.

The PERA issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Public Employees Retirement Fund and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund. That report may be obtained on the internet at mnpera.org; by writing to PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103-2088; or by calling 651-296-7460 or 1-800-652-9026.

B. Funding Policy

Pension benefits are funded from member and employer contributions and income from investment of fund assets. Minn. Stat. ch. 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. These statutes are established and amended by the state legislature. The County makes annual contributions to the pension plans equal to the amount required by state statutes. Public Employees Retirement Fund Basic Plan members and Coordinated Plan members are required to contribute 9.10 and 5.10 percent, respectively, of their annual covered salary. Public Employees Police and Fire Fund members are required to contribute 6.20 percent of their annual covered salary.

The County is required to contribute the following percentages of annual covered payroll:

Public Employees Retirement Fund	
Basic Plan members	11.78%
Coordinated Plan members	5.53
Public Employees Police and Fire Fund	9.30

4. Employee Retirement Systems and Pension Plans

B. <u>Funding Policy</u> (Continued)

The County's contributions for the years ending December 31, 2004, 2003, and 2002, for the Public Employees Retirement Fund and the Public Employees Police and Fire Fund were:

		Public	Public		
	Er	nployees	Employees		
	Re	tirement	Po	olice and	
		Fund	Fire Fund		
2004	\$	174,500	\$	12,664	
2003	167,486			12,287	
2002		157,706		11,679	

These contribution amounts are equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

5. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. The County has entered into a joint powers agreement with other Minnesota counties to form the Minnesota Counties Insurance Trust (MCIT). The County is a member of both the MCIT Workers' Compensation and Property and Casualty Divisions. The County self-insures for employee health and dental coverage. For other risk, the County carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the prior year. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The Workers' Compensation Division of the MCIT is self-sustaining based on the contributions charged, so that total contributions plus compounded earnings on these contributions will equal the amount needed to satisfy claims liabilities and other expenses. The MCIT participates in the Workers' Compensation Reinsurance Association with coverage at \$720,000 per claim in 2004 and \$760,000 per claim in 2005. Should the MCIT Workers' Compensation Division liabilities exceed assets, the MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by the MCIT.

5. <u>Risk Management</u> (Continued)

The Property and Casualty Division of the MCIT is self-sustaining, and the County pays an annual premium to cover current and future losses. The MCIT carries reinsurance for its property lines to protect against catastrophic losses. Should the MCIT Property and Casualty Division liabilities exceed assets, the MCIT may assess the County in a method and amount to be determined by the MCIT.

6. <u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>

The Traverse Care Center grants credit without collateral to its residents, most of whom are local individuals and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from residents and third-party payors are as follows at December 31, 2004:

Medicare	27%
Medicaid	46%
Resident and Other Third-Party Payors	27%
Total	100%

7. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

A. Claims and Litigation

The County, in connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, is involved in various claims, judgments, and litigation. The County Attorney estimates that the potential claims against the County resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements of the County.

B. <u>Residents' Trust Deposits</u>

According to the terms of the admissions agreement, the Traverse Care Center is the trustee of the resident funds. The funds are disbursed at the direction of the resident for personal items. These funds are recorded on the Traverse Care Center's financial statement as restricted assets-residents' trust fund. A corresponding liability is also booked. These funds are made up of a checking and a passbook savings account.

7. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u> (Continued)

C. Joint Ventures

Stevens Traverse Grant Public Health Nursing Service

Traverse County entered into a joint powers agreement creating and operating the Stevens Traverse Grant Public Health Nursing Service, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The Nursing Service is headquartered in Morris, Minnesota, and has other offices in Wheaton and Elbow Lake, Minnesota.

The management of the Nursing Service is vested in the Joint Public Health Nursing Board, which consists of nine members, three Commissioners from Grant County, Stevens County, and Traverse County.

Financing is provided by state grants, appropriations from Grant, Stevens, and Traverse Counties, and charges for services. Traverse County's contribution for 2004 was \$61,638, based on a cost allocation plan developed by Fiscal Officer Karen Folkens.

Complete financial statements for the Stevens Traverse Grant Public Health Nursing Service can be obtained from:

Stevens Traverse Grant Public Health Nursing Service 621 Pacific Avenue Morris, Minnesota 56267

Mid-State Community Health Services

Grant, Pope, Stevens, and Traverse Counties entered into a joint powers agreement creating and operating the Mid-State Community Health Services grant pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59 (following a budget approved by the four-County Board). Stevens Traverse Grant Nursing Service receives and administers the grant money.

Complete financial statements for the Mid-State Community Health Services can be obtained from its administrative office at:

Mid-State Community Health Service 621 Pacific Avenue Morris, Minnesota 56267

7. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Rainbow Rider Transit Board

Douglas, Pope, Stevens, and Traverse Counties entered into a joint powers agreement to establish the West Central Multi-County Joint Powers Transit Board (Rainbow Rider) effective December 1, 1994, and empowered under Minn. Stat. § 471.59. Effective January 13, 2000, the Board changed its name from West Central Multi-County Joint Powers Board to Rainbow Rider Transit Board. The purpose of the Board is to provide coordinated service delivery and a funding source for public transportation. The Board consists of two members appointed by each member county from its County Board for terms of one year each.

Complete financial statements for Rainbow Rider can be obtained from its administrative office at:

Rainbow Rider Transit Board P. O. Box 136 Lowry, Minnesota 56349

Minnesota River Basin Joint Powers

Traverse County entered into a joint powers agreement to promote the orderly water quality improvement and management of the Minnesota River watershed, pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The management of the Joint Powers Board is vested in the Board of Directors consisting of one member and alternate from each County Board of Commissioners included in this agreement. According to the latest information available, 37 counties are members under this agreement.

Financing is provided by a contribution from each member county based upon its share of the annual budget. Traverse County did not contribute any funds to the Joint Powers Board in 2004.

Complete financial statements for the Joint Powers Board can be obtained from its administrative offices at:

Minnesota River Basin Joint Powers Administration Building No. 19 600 East 4th Street Chaska, Minnesota 55318

7. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

C. Joint Ventures (Continued)

Area Agency on Aging

The Area Agency on Aging was established June 2, 1982, by a joint powers agreement among Becker, Clay, Douglas, Grant, Otter Tail, Pope, Stevens, Traverse, and Wilkin Counties. The agreement was established to administer all aspects of the Older Americans Act by providing programs to meet the needs of the elderly in the nine-county area. Each county may be assessed a proportional share of 25 percent of the administrative costs incurred in carrying out this agreement. Each county's proportional share of this 25 percent of the administrative costs will be based upon the number of persons age 60 or older living within that county.

Control is vested in the West Central Board on Aging. The Board consists of one Commissioner from each of the counties. Each member of the Board is appointed by the County Commissioners of the county he or she represents.

Complete financial statements for the Area Agency on Aging can be obtained from its administrative office at:

Area Agency on Aging P. O. Box 726 Fergus Falls, Minnesota 56537

Prime West Central County-Based Purchasing Initiative

The Prime West Central County-Based Purchasing Initiative was established in December 1998 by a joint powers agreement among Traverse County and nine other counties under the authority of Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The purpose of this agreement is to plan and administer a multi-county, county-based purchasing program for medical assistance and general assistance medical care services and other health care programs as authorized by Minn. Stat. § 256B.692.

Control of the Prime West Central County-Based Purchasing Initiative is vested in a Joint Powers Board, comprising one Commissioner from each member county. Each member of the Board is appointed by the County Commissioners of the county he or she represents.

7. Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items

C. Joint Ventures

Prime West Central County-Based Purchasing Initiative (Continued)

In the event of termination of the joint powers agreement, all property purchased or owned pursuant to this agreement shall be sold, and the proceeds, together with monies on hand, will be distributed to the current members based on their proportional share of each member's county-based purchasing eligible population.

Financing is provided by medical assistance and general assistance medical care payments from the Minnesota Department of Human Services, initial start-up loans from the member counties, and by proportional contributions from member counties, if necessary, to cover operational costs. The County did not contribute any funds in 2004.

Douglas County acts as fiscal agent for the Prime West Central County-Based Purchasing Initiative and reports the cash transactions as an investment trust fund on its financial statements. Complete financial information can be obtained from its administrative office at:

Prime West Health Systems Douglas County Courthouse 305 - 8th Avenue West Alexandria, Minnesota 56308

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Western Area City/County Co-Op

Traverse County and 24 other cities and counties entered into a joint powers agreement to establish the Western Area City/County Co-Op (WACCO) Joint Powers Board, effective September 5, 1995, and empowered under Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The purpose of the Board is to establish a resource network that identifies common needs of the individual governmental units and reduces the financial burden on each of its members through the cooperative sharing of existing resources. The management and control of WACCO shall be vested in a Board of Directors composed of a representative appointed by each member city and county.

7. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations (Continued)

District IV Transportation Planning

Traverse County and 13 other cities and counties entered into a joint powers agreement to establish the District IV Transportation Planning Joint Powers Board, effective December 11, 1996, and empowered under Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The purpose of the Board is to develop a multi-modal transportation plan for the geographical jurisdiction of the member cities and counties. The Board is composed of 14 members, with one member appointed by each member city and county.

Traverse County Connections

Traverse County Connections was established in 1999 under the authority of Minn. Stat. §§ 124D.23 and 245.491. Traverse County Connections was formed as a children's mental health and family services collaborative for the purpose of providing coordinated children and family services and to create an integrated system of services for children and families with multiple and special needs. This collaborative includes Traverse County Social Services, Stevens-Traverse Public Health, Wheaton Public Schools, Browns Valley Public Schools, Traverse County Court Services, the Life Center, West Central Minnesota Community Action, and Prairie Community Services.

Control of the Traverse County Connections is vested in a collaborative governing board and an executive committee. The Board is composed of one member and an alternate from each agency involved, except for Prairie Community Services. The Board has revenue authority and approves the annual budget. The Executive Committee comprises a representative from each agency and a parent nominated from the area. The Executive Committee has design and policy oversight authority as well as authority over expenditures.

In the event of withdrawal from Traverse County Connections, the withdrawing party shall give a 180-day notice. The withdrawing party shall not be entitled to a refund of monies contributed to the collaborative prior to the effective date of withdrawal. The Board shall continue to exist if the collaborative is terminated for the limited purpose of discharging the collaborative's debts and liabilities, settling its affairs, and disposing of integrated fund assets, if any.

7. <u>Summary of Significant Contingencies and Other Items</u>

D. Jointly-Governed Organizations

Traverse County Connections (Continued)

Financing is provided by state and federal grants and contributions from the member parties. Traverse County, in an agency capacity, reports the cash transactions of Traverse County Connections as an agency fund on its financial statements. The County did not contribute any funds in 2004.

E. <u>Related Organization</u>

Traverse County Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA)

The Traverse County HRA has its own governing Board appointed by the Traverse County Board of Commissioners. The County's accountability for the organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. In 1997, the HRA issued \$1,455,000 General Obligation Governmental Housing Bonds on behalf of Traverse County, which is responsible for making the payments. The balance of this debt outstanding is \$1,304,330, net of discount.

8. <u>Subsequent Event</u>

Bond Issue

The County issued \$1,190,000 General Obligation Governmental Housing Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A, dated May 3, 2005.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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<u>Schedule 1</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with		
		Original	 Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	1,388,133	\$ 1,388,133	\$	1,288,462	\$	(99,671)
Special assessments		50,000	50,000		57,905		7,905
Licenses and permits		2,300	2,300		1,824		(476)
Intergovernmental		409,038	409,038		594,481		185,443
Charges for services		87,050	87,050		107,402		20,352
Fines and forfeits		5,900	5,900		318		(5,582)
Investment earnings		110,000	110,000		83,192		(26,808)
Miscellaneous		107,700	 107,700		266,845		159,145
Total Revenues	\$	2,160,121	\$ 2,160,121	\$	2,400,429	\$	240,308
Expenditures							
Current							
General government							
Commissioners	\$	162,574	\$ 162,574	\$	161,081	\$	1,493
Courts		200	200		5,620		(5,420)
Law library		5,000	5,000		10,018		(5,018)
County coordinator		75,435	75,435		67,334		8,101
County auditor		107,454	107,454		115,235		(7,781)
License bureau		35,110	35,110		47,135		(12,025)
County treasurer		100,988	100,988		103,441		(2,453)
County assessor		59,205	59,205		59,314		(109)
Elections		7,000	7,000		15,353		(8,353)
Accounting and auditing		27,000	27,000		33,130		(6,130)
Data processing		51,000	51,000		52,222		(1,222)
Attorney		33,879	33,879		75,825		(41,946)
Recorder		102,360	102,360		127,256		(24,896)
Buildings and plant		85,524	85,524		172,282		(86,758)
Maintenance		_	-		2,207		(2,207)
Veterans service officer		81,065	81,065		79,434		1,631
Unallocated		34,500	34,500		27,580		6,920
Other general government		61,534	 61,534		-		61,534
Total general government	\$	1,029,828	\$ 1,029,828	\$	1,154,467	\$	(124,639)
Public safety							
Sheriff	\$	523,090	\$ 523,090	\$	480,744	\$	42,346
Boat and water safety		3,000	3,000		1,219		1,781
Coroner		2,000	2,000		639		1,361
Enhanced 911 system		-	-		52,347		(52,347)
Probation and parole		26,728	26,728		203,968		(177,240)
Civil defense		5,492	 5,492		4,450		1,042
Total public safety	\$	560,310	\$ 560,310	\$	743,367	\$	(183,057)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

<u>Schedule 1</u> (Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with		
		Original	 Final	 Amounts	Fir	al Budget
Expenditures						
Current (Continued)						
Sanitation						
Recycling	\$	38,199	\$ 38,199	\$ 42,965	\$	(4,766)
Health						
Nursing service	\$	70,638	\$ 70,638	\$ 68,217	\$	2,421
Culture and recreation						
County fair	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 13,000	\$	(3,000)
Parks		12,001	12,001	16,957		(4,956)
Senior citizens		-	-	1,531		(1,531)
Regional library		35,032	35,032	35,032		-
Other		450	 450	 -		450
Total culture and recreation	\$	57,483	\$ 57,483	\$ 66,520	\$	(9,037)
Conservation of natural resources						
County extension	\$	96,365	\$ 96,365	\$ 100,831	\$	(4,466)
Soil and water conservation		77,250	77,250	120,329		(43,079)
Weed control		37,655	37,655	41,404		(3,749)
Other		-	 -	 10,549		(10,549)
Total conservation of natural						
resources	\$	211,270	\$ 211,270	\$ 273,113	\$	(61,843)
Economic development						
Community development	\$	3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 9,863	\$	(6,863)
Debt service						
Principal retirement	\$	10,500	\$ 10,500	\$ 20,567	\$	(10,067)
Interest	\$	25,300	\$ 25,300	\$ 5,232	\$	20,068
Total Expenditures	\$	2,006,528	\$ 2,006,528	\$ 2,384,311	\$	(377,783)
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	\$	153,593	\$ 153,593	\$ 16,118	\$	(137,475)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out			 	 (78,532)		(78,532)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	153,593	\$ 153,593	\$ (62,414)	\$	(216,007)
Fund Balance - January 1		924,516	924,516	924,516		-
-		,	 	 		
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	1,078,109	\$ 1,078,109	\$ 862,102	\$	(216,007)

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

<u>Schedule 2</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD AND BRIDGE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	341,219	\$	341,219	\$	349,704	\$	8.485
Intergovernmental	ψ	2,940,294	Ψ	2,940,294	Ψ	3,568,120	Ψ	627,826
Charges for services		140,000		140.000		177.987		37,987
Miscellaneous		85,000		85,000		16,455		(68,545)
Misechaleous						10,135		(00,515)
Total Revenues	\$	3,506,513	\$	3,506,513	\$	4,112,266	\$	605,753
Expenditures								
Current								
Highways and streets								
Administration	\$	309,228	\$	309,228	\$	338,690	\$	(29,462)
Maintenance		749,382		749,382		737,569		11,813
Construction		2,585,272		2,585,272		1,947,665		637,607
Equipment maintenance and shop		562,191		562,191		649,717		(87,526)
Materials and services for resale		16,427		16,427		31,387		(14,960)
Total highways and streets	\$	4,222,500	\$	4,222,500	\$	3,705,028	\$	517,472
Intergovernmental								
Highways and streets		-		-		173,531		(173,531)
Total Expenditures	\$	4,222,500	\$	4,222,500	\$	3,878,559	\$	343,941
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$	(715,987)	\$	(715,987)	\$	233,707	\$	949,694
•		. , , ,	·			,		,
Fund Balance - January 1 Increase (decrease) in reserved for		100,203		100,203		100,203		-
inventories		-		-		740		740
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	(615,784)	\$	(615,784)	\$	334,650	\$	950,434

The notes to the required supplementary information are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule 3

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SOCIAL SERVICES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Variance with	
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	nal Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 454,609	\$	454,609	\$ 418,549	\$	(36,060)
Intergovernmental	722,571		722,571	878,102		155,531
Charges for services	-		-	11,755		11,755
Miscellaneous	 10,000		10,000	 91,357		81,357
Total Revenues	\$ 1,187,180	\$	1,187,180	\$ 1,399,763	\$	212,583
Expenditures						
Current						
Human Services						
Income maintenance	\$ 274,680	\$	274,680	\$ 526,623	\$	(251,943)
Social services	 912,500		912,500	 1,014,792		(102,292)
Total human services	\$ 1,187,180	\$	1,187,180	\$ 1,541,415	\$	(354,235)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (141,652)	\$	(141,652)
Fund Balance - January 1	 477,650		477,650	 477,650		-
Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 477,650	\$	477,650	\$ 335,998	\$	(141,652)

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds, except the Building Special Revenue Fund, the Capital Equipment Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Equipment Capital Project Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

On or before mid-June of each year, all departments and agencies submit requests for appropriations to the Traverse County Auditor so that a budget can be prepared. Before October 31, the proposed budget is presented to the County Board for review. The Board holds public hearings, and a final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than December 31.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval of the County Board. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. During the year, the Board made no budgetary amendments. Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds.

Encumbrances (such as purchase orders or contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reapportioned and honored during the subsequent year.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2004, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Fund by \$377,783 and in the Social Services Special Revenue Fund by \$354,235. These expenditures in excess of budget were funded by greater than anticipated revenues in the General Fund and in the Social Services Special Revenue Fund.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The <u>Building Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for financial resources to be used for major repairs and construction of county buildings.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The <u>Capital Equipment Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest of general obligation capital notes for the purchase of capital equipment.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

The <u>Capital Equipment Capital Project Fund</u> is used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition of capital equipment.

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Statement A-1

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Building Special Revenue		Capital Equipment Debt Service		Eq (Capital uipment Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (EXHIBIT 3)	
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Undistributed cash in agency funds Taxes receivable	\$	127,884	\$	196,303 3,932	\$	31,534	\$	355,721 3,932
Prior		-		2,389		-		2,389
Total Assets	\$	127,884	\$	202,624	\$	31,534	\$	362,042
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Deferred revenue - unavailable	\$	-	\$	2,389	\$	-	\$	2,389
Fund Balances Unreserved								
Designated for debt service	\$	-	\$	200,235	\$	-	\$	200,235
Designated for capital equipment		-		-		31,534		31,534
Undesignated		127,884		-		-		127,884
Total Fund Balances	\$	127,884	\$	200,235	\$	31,534	\$	359,653
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	127,884	\$	202,624	\$	31,534	\$	362,042

Statement A-2

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

			Capital Equipment Debt Service		Ε	Capital quipment Capital Project	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (EXHIBIT 5)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	168,246	\$	-	\$	168,246
Intergovernmental		-		48,338		-		48,338
Miscellaneous		63,968		-		-		63,968
Total Revenues	\$	63,968	\$	216,584	\$	-	\$	280,552
Expenditures								
Current	¢		¢		¢	22.469	¢	22.469
Public safety	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,468	\$	22,468
Highways and streets Debt service		-		-		154,475		154,475
Principal retirement		_		180.000		_		180,000
Interest		-		14,649		-		14,649
				· · · ·				
Total Expenditures	\$	-	\$	194,649	\$	176,943	\$	371,592
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	\$	63,968	\$	21,935	\$	(176,943)	\$	(91,040)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		63,916		-		-		63,916
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	127,884	\$	21,935	\$	(176,943)	\$	(27,124)
Fund Balance - January 1		-		178,300		208,477		386,777
Fund Balance - December 31	\$	127,884	\$	200,235	\$	31,534	\$	359,653

AGENCY FUNDS

The <u>School Districts Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due school districts.

The <u>State Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the state's share of collections and their payment to the state.

The <u>Taxes and Penalties Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment to the various taxing districts of taxes and penalties collected.

The <u>Towns and Cities Fund</u> is used to account for the collection and payment of funds due towns and cities and special taxing districts.

The <u>Traverse County Connections Fund</u> is used to account for the receipt and payment of federal, state, and local grants and membership contributions for the Children's Mental Health and Family Services Collaborative.

The <u>Communities United in Partnership Fund</u> is used to account for the receipt of a grant from the Blandin Foundation for projects in the Cities of Browns Valley, Dumont, Tintah, and Wheaton.

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Statement B-1

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31	
SCHOOL DISTRICTS					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	\$ 664,546	\$ 664,546	<u>\$ </u>	
Liabilities					
Due to other governments	\$ -	\$ 664,546	\$ 664,546	<u>\$</u>	
STATE REVENUE					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other governments	\$ 4,769 193	\$ 492,270	\$ 488,578 193	\$	
Total Assets	\$ 4,962	\$ 492,270	\$ 488,771	\$ 8,461	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Due to other governments	\$ 4,962	\$ 492,270	\$ 488,771	\$ 8,461	
TAXES AND PENALTIES					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 43,088	\$ 2,385,861	\$ 2,350,005	\$ 78,944	
Liabilities					
Due to other governments	\$ 43,088	\$ 2,385,861	\$ 2,350,005	\$ 78,944	

Statement B-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Balance January 1		Additions		Deductions		Balance December 31	
TOWNS AND CITIES								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	-	\$	1,486,214	\$	1,486,214	\$	
Liabilities								
Due to other governments	\$	-	\$	1,486,214	\$	1,486,214	\$	
TRAVERSE COUNTY CONNECT	IONS							
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds	\$	7,464	\$	45,671 7,514	\$	50,269	\$	2,866 7,514
Total Assets	\$	7,464	\$	53,185	\$	50,269	\$	10,380
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$	375 - 7,089	\$	- 1,466 51,719	\$	375 - 49,894	\$	- 1,466 8,914
Total Liabilities	_\$	7,464	\$	53,185	\$	50,269	\$	10,380
COMMUNITIES UNITED IN PAR	TNERSHIP							
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments	\$	34,410	\$	<u> </u>	\$	11,497	\$	22,913
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other governments	\$	34 34,376	\$	-	\$	34 11,463	\$	22,913
Total Liabilities	\$	34,410	\$		\$	11,497	\$	22,913
Statement B-1 (Continued)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	alance nuary 1	 Additions	I	Deductions	Balance cember 31
TOTAL ALL AGENCY FUNDS					
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 89,731 - 193	\$ 5,074,562 7,514 -	\$	5,051,109 - 193	\$ 113,184 7,514 -
Total Assets	\$ 89,924	\$ 5,082,076	\$	5,051,302	\$ 120,698
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to other governments	\$ 409 - 89,515	\$ - 1,466 5,080,610	\$	409 - 5,050,893	\$ 1,466 119,232
Total Liabilities	\$ 89,924	\$ 5,082,076	\$	5,051,302	\$ 120,698

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OTHER SCHEDULES

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<u>Schedule 4</u>

SCHEDULE OF DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2004

	Interest Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Fair Value	
Cash and Pooled Investments Cash on hand	-	-	\$	1,650
Non-interest bearing checking (two)	-	Continuous		66,016
Interest-bearing checking	1.17	Continuous		1,881,379
Money market savings (three)	.75 to 2.86	Continuous		1,652,957
Certificates of deposit (three)	1.50 to 1.95	March 5, 2005 December 1, 2005		342,695
Mutual funds (two)	Various	Continuous		35,242
U.S. Treasury strip	-	November 15, 2008		198,724
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	4.00	March 9, 2019		83,266
Federal Home Loan Bank	3.00	July 24, 2013		98,731
Broker-held money markets (two)	1.11 to 1.25	Continuous		11,823
Total Cash and Pooled Investments			\$	4,372,483
Investments from Funds General Fund				
Certificate of deposit	2.25	July 2, 2005	\$	66,694
Traverse Care Center Enterprise Fund Interest-bearing checking (two)	.10 to .60	Continuous	\$	13,136
Certificates of deposit (three)	1.50 to 2.25	July 2, 2005 December 31, 2005		49,284
Total Traverse Care Center Enterprise Fund			\$	62,420
Total Investments from Funds			\$	129,114

<u>Schedule 5</u>

SCHEDULE OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

		Governmental Funds	
Shared Revenue			
State			
Highway users tax	\$	3,445,952	
Program aid	Ŧ	444,162	
Market value credit		173,720	
Mobile home MVC		648	
PERA rate reimbursement		16,482	
Disparity reduction aid		18,770	
Police aid		12,283	
Total shared revenue	\$	4,112,027	
Reimbursement for Services			
State			
Minnesota Department of Human Services	<u>\$</u>	401,831	
Payments			
Local	*	10.00	
Payments in lieu of taxes	<u>\$</u>	10,306	
Grants			
State			
Minnesota Department/Board of	*	10.00	
Corrections	\$	12,894	
Public Safety		32,873	
Human Services		246,932	
Soil and Water Resources		64,910	
Peace Officers Standards and Training		1,432	
Office of Environmental Assistance		49,099	
Total State	\$	408,140	
Federal			
Department of			
Agriculture	\$	2,157	
Transportation		13,387	
Homeland Security		14,029	
Health and Human Services		127,164	
Total Federal	\$	156,737	
Total State and Federal Grants	\$	564,877	
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	5,089,041	

Management and Compliance Section This page was left blank intentionally.

<u>Schedule 6</u>

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

I. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM NOT RESOLVED

96-3 Segregation of Duties

Due to the limited number of personnel within Traverse County, segregation of accounting duties necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. In addition, the County's computer systems are operating below the recommended security levels for adequate segregation of duties within the data processing function. This is not unusual in operations the size of Traverse County; however, the County's management should constantly be aware of this condition and realize that the concentration of duties and responsibilities in a limited number of individuals is not desirable from an internal control point of view.

We recommend that the County's management be aware of the lack of segregation of the accounting functions and, if possible, implement oversight procedures to ensure that internal control policies and procedures are being followed by staff.

Client's Response:

Traverse County is aware of the lack of segregation of the accounting functions. County management will explore oversight procedures to ensure that internal control policies and procedures are being implemented by staff.

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

04-1 <u>Payroll Procedures</u>

The County has procedures in place for supervisors to review and approve the time and leave records of each employee within their department; however, no system is in place for reviewing and approving time and leave records of supervisors. In addition, each department has its own format of time records, and in several departments these do not include an affidavit to be signed by the employee that the time reported is true and correct.

Without a review process of supervisors' time and leave records, incorrect time or leave balances may be reported without being detected. Internal control over payroll would be improved by having supervisors submit their time and leave records to someone independent for review and approval prior to processing payroll. Internal control over payroll would further be improved by adding an affidavit to be signed by all employees, including supervisors, that the time and leave reported is true and correct.

We recommend the County implement a system for reviewing and approving the time and leave records of supervisors similar to the system in place for their employees. In addition, we recommend all employees, including supervisors, sign an affidavit that the claim is true and correct.

Client's Response:

The County will implement a Payroll Reporting Policy for all staff which will include reviewing and approving the time and leave records of supervisors. As part of the policy, all employees will be required to use a specific payroll reporting form with a signed certification stating all of the hours reported are true and correct.

II. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. <u>MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE</u>

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

04-2 Depository Pledge Agreement

The depository pledge agreement with Community First National Bank provides that if the aggregate market value of collateral held by the custodian (Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, National Association) exceeds the required collateral value (Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 3), Community First National Bank may withdraw any excess collateral by providing the custodian with a withdrawal notice signed by authorized representatives of Community First National Bank and the County. Additionally, Community First National Bank may substitute eligible securities for any of the collateral held by the custodian at any time by providing the custodian with a substitution notice signed only by an authorized representative of Community First National Bank, provided that the market value of the collateral following such substitution would equal or exceed the required collateral value. Substitutions of securities not of like par value do require the County Auditor/Treasurer's written confirmation. When additional collateral is pledged, Community First National Bank does not provide documentation that the Board of Directors or Loan Committee has approved the pledging of those particular securities. The County Auditor/Treasurer receives only collateral pledge reports from Wells Fargo verifying the balance of collateral.

The depository pledge agreement also provides the bank at least three business days and an opportunity to cure the default before the custodian can release the collateral in the event of a default.

Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 4, provides any collateral pledged shall be accompanied by a written assignment that states, upon default, the financial institution shall release to the government entity on demand, free of exchange or any other charges, the collateral pledged. Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 5, allows the financial institution to withdraw excess collateral or substitute other collateral after giving written notice to the governmental entity and receiving confirmation. The authority to return any delivered and assigned collateral rests with the governmental entity.

We recommend that the County Auditor/Treasurer obtain documentation from Community First National Bank that shows compliance with Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 4 and subd. 5.

Client's Response:

The Traverse County Treasurer has discussed this matter with Bank of the West (formerly Community First National Bank). Bank of the West has contacted Wells Fargo to update the depository pledge agreement for compliance with Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 4 and subd. 5.

B. <u>MANAGEMENT PRACTICES</u>

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

97-5 <u>Prairieview Place Net Assets</u>

The Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund had a net asset deficit of \$81,808 at December 31, 2004. Prairieview Place had a net operating income of \$49,371. The deficit financial condition resulted from the costs of borrowing to finance the construction of the congregate housing project.

Whenever an asset is constructed and financed from debt, it is common to have deficit net assets during the early years of operation. The net asset deficit increased in 2004 due to a net loss of \$17,995, resulting from interest expense, offset with an operating transfer from the General Fund of \$14,616.

We recommend that the County Board monitor the operations of the Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund to determine that the income is sufficient for management control and maintenance of this facility.

Client's Response:

Traverse County will monitor the operations of the Prairieview Place Enterprise Fund to determine that the income is sufficient for management control and maintenance of this facility.

02-12 <u>Consolidated General Ledger</u>

Currently, a separate general ledger is maintained by the Road and Bridge Department. The detailed financial transactions recorded in the Road and Bridge general ledger are interfaced with the County's main general ledger, maintained by the County Auditor, as "batched" totals. In 2003, the County combined the Social Services Department's general ledger with the County's main general ledger. In 2005, the Care Center and Prairieview Place general ledgers were also consolidated with the County.

Accounting and reporting controls are more efficient and effective when all transactions are accounted for in one centralized general ledger. The County Board and management are better able to implement and maintain internal control over one central computerized system than several decentralized systems. Security access controls to a centralized general ledger could be established so that departments and employees would have the same responsibility and authority for entering detailed transactions as is currently done with separate departmental general ledgers. Managers and employees should have access to assets or records based only on the specific needs commensurate with their positions. A centralized general ledger generally provides more uniformity and consistency in accounting for financial transactions. In addition, it allows senior management to have independent access to financial information for the entire County as needed to manage and monitor its financial operations.

We strongly recommend that the County Board provide the necessary directives that would allow for the recording of all detailed financial transactions in a consolidated general ledger.

Client's Response:

The Traverse County Board will provide the necessary directives to department managers that would allow for the recording of all detailed financial transactions in a consolidated general ledger.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS RESOLVED

Budget Documentation (02-10)

Although the County Board adopts a formal budget, the documentation in the Board minutes is limited to the levy amounts approved for each fund. We could not reconcile the detail of revenues and expenditures to an approved budget.

Resolution

The Board minutes approving the 2005 budget include revenues, expenditures, and levy amounts.

Capital Asset Accounting System (02-13)

To comply with GASB Statement 34, the County must establish accounting policies for capital assets and evaluate its capital asset accounting system to determine if it is capable of providing the information needed to comply with the reporting requirements of GASB Statement 34.

Resolution

The County established the capital asset policies necessary for the implementation of GASB Statement 34. The capital asset accounting system does provide the information needed for GASB Statement 34 reporting.

C. OTHER ITEM FOR CONSIDERATION

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) recently issued Statement No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, which establishes financial reporting for OPEB plans and Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits*

Other Than Pensions, which governs employer accounting and financial reporting for OPEB. These standards, like what GASB Statements 25 and 27 did for government employee pension benefits and plans, provide the accounting and reporting standards for the various other postemployment benefits many local governments offer to their employees. OPEB can include many different benefits offered to retirees such as health, dental, life, and long-term care insurance coverage.

If retirees are included in an insurance plan and pay a rate similar to that paid for younger active employees, this implicit subsidy is considered OPEB. In fact, local governments may be required to continue medical insurance coverage pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. This benefit is common when accumulated sick leave is used to pay for retiree medical insurance. Under the new GASB statements, accounting for OPEB is now similar to the accounting used by governments for pension plans.

Some of the issues that the County Board will need to address in order to comply with the statements are:

- determine if employees are provided OPEB;
- if OPEB are being provided, the County Board will have to determine whether it will advance fund the benefits or pay for them on a pay-as-you-go basis;
- if OPEB are being provided, the County Board will have to examine its options under state law to determine whether the establishment of a trust is authorized and desirable in order to fund the OPEB; and
- in order to determine annual costs and liabilities that need to be recognized, the County Board will have to decide whether to hire an actuary.

If applicable for Traverse County, GASB Statements 43 and 45 would be implemented for the years ending December 31, 2008. and 2009, respectively



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of County Commissioners Traverse County

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Traverse County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2006. We did not audit the Traverse Care Center Enterprise Fund, which was audited by other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. A separate report on compliance and on internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* issued by other auditors for the Traverse Care Center is available.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Traverse County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting the internal control over financial report of the internal control over financial reporting the internal control over financial report of the internal control over financial reporting to adversely affect the County's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as items 96-3 and 04-1.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the

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financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the reportable conditions indicated above are not material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Traverse County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit; and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our study included all of the listed categories.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, Traverse County complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as item 04-2.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners and management and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Pat Anderson

PATRICIA ANDERSON STATE AUDITOR /s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

End of Fieldwork: January 17, 2006