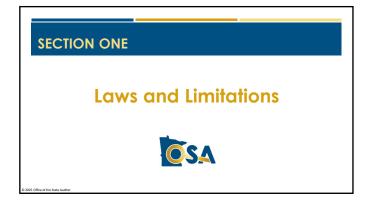
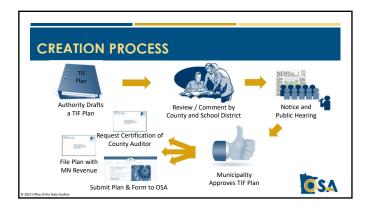


OVERVIEW
 Laws and Limitations (creation process, laws and limitations) What's New? (legislative updates for 2024 and 2025 and looking forward) Administration of TIF (compliance and reporting)
5. Often of the Salar Auditor

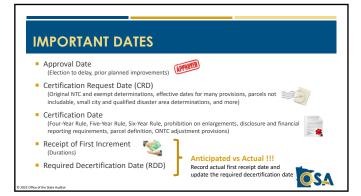




APPROVAL PROCESS	
 Municipality approval required (vs. authority) Public hearing required Notice published 10-30 days prior Must include map of district and project areas 	Notice and Public Hearing
	OSA

Must provide county auditor and school board clerk with: Proposed TIF plan Estimate of fiscal and economic implications Increment to be generated; shares attributable to county and school district levies Impact on city services, infrastructure, and debt issuance Additional info requested by county/SD on size, timing, type of development Must notify, offer to meet with, affected county commissioner (housing/redevelopment districts only)

COUNTY & SCHOOL DISTRICT IMPACTS Counties may require inclusion of county road costs in TIF Plan Have 45 days to assert option Counties may bill authority for TIF administration costs



TAX INCREMENT Tax increment = tax paid on captured value (including credits)* Related revenues are also defined as "increment"** Sales or lease proceeds from property purchased with increment interest / investment earnings on increments Principal and interest received on loans/advances of increment Repayments under agreements Must be segregated *Excludes excess taxes **Certain limits do not include these expanded revenues

BONDS

- TIF Act defines "bonds" to include "other obligations":
 - Refunding bonds
 - Notes (including PAYG notes)
 - Interim certificates
 - Debentures
 - Interfund loans



GENERAL RULE

- Tax increment must be used:
 - In accordance with the TIF plan
 - To pay bonds
 - To finance or pay costs pursuant to the underlying development acts
 - To pay administrative expenses

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DURATION LIMITS

Maximum statutory duration limits:

Redevelopment 26 years
Housing 26 years
Economic Development 9 years
Renewal & Renovation 16 years
Soils Condition 21 years



- May specify a shorter duration limit in TIF plan
- Early decertification may be required (and is an option)



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- Administrative expenses are limited to 10% of the lesser of:
- Total estimated TIF expenditures authorized in TIF plan*
- Total tax increments paid on captured value**
- Evaluated at district's end
- Must be documented, not just retained

*Substitute total TIF expenditures for the project for districts prior to 8/1/2001
**Net of certain returned increment (a 2023 clarification)



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EXCESS INCREMENTS

- Increment that exceeds what is needed to pay current costs authorized by the TIF plan (not paid by other sources) must be returned or used to prepay outstanding bonds
- Must be determined annually based on current TIF plan
- Must be returned/used by September 30th

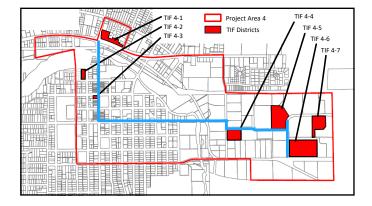


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POOLING

- Pooling = use of increment outside the TIF district but within the project area
- Includes administrative costs





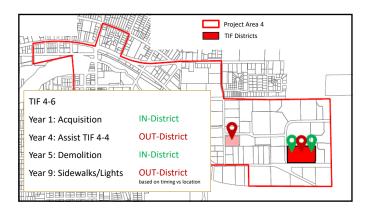
POOLING LIMITS		
 Overall pooling limits* Redevelopment districts: All other districts: Evaluated at district's end 	25% of tax increment** 20% of tax increment**	
*Limits differ for districts prior to 7, **Does not include the expanded n is net of certain returned increment	evenues defined as increment and	OSA

POOLING LIMITS

- 10% additional pooling for certain housing ("2d pooling")
 - Must be elected in the TIF plan
 - Activities may be outside the project area
 - Permitted notwithstanding the district type limitations
 - For housing that meets certain federal IRC requirements or for owner-occupied housing meeting income limits
 - If all pooling is for this housing, admin costs may be treated as indistrict

FIVE-YEAR RULE • Five-Year Rule adds a timing element to what are considered "in-district" or "out-district" expenditures* • Increment use is considered in-district when: • Spent within 5 years of certification • Used to pay bonds and obligations that financed costs incurred within 5 years of certification • New uses after 5 years are "out-district" (even if located in district)

*Five-year period is 8 or 10 years for some districts



SIX-YEAR RULE Early decertification requirement (changed in 2023) Parcel removal requirement (new in 2023) Prior annual restriction-(eliminated in 2023)

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Early decertification is required when:

In-district percentage x
Cumulative increment

 \geq

Amount sufficient to pay indistrict costs/obligations excluding in-district PAYGs*

Decertification is deferred until the end of the term of an indistrict PAYG note

*Includes accrued interest and admin when admin is in-district

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SIX-YEAR RULE

- Bonds and Interfund Loans: Payable from the district's increment
- Pay-As-You-Go (PAYG) Notes: Payable only from increments from specific parcels as the taxes are paid each year
- Example if rule did not provide the exception for PAYG notes:
 - Bond=\$100,000, Loan=\$20,000, PAYG = \$30,000 (\$150,000 total)
 - Year 15: \$150,000 of in-district collected = decertify?
 - Bond and Loan are paid off, but PAYG only \$20,000 paid so far and the available \$10,000 not owed on PAYG so decertication would leave noteholder short

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SIX-YEAR RULE

- Must remove all parcels that will no longer have their tax increment revenue pledge or subject to a PAYG note or other in-district obligation
- Removal requirement applies to districts with a request for certification date after May 25, 2023.
- For more Six-Year Rule info, see the following videos:
 - The Six-Year Rule (19 minutes)
 - How to Monitor the Six-Year Rule (20 minutes)
 - Statement of Position "The Five-Year Rule and Six-Year Rule"



RLY DECERTIFICATI	ION			
Decertificat	ions 2019-	2023		
District Type	Decertified	Lasted Full	Decerti	fied Early
(Max Duration)	Districts	Duration	%	Avg. Yrs.
Redevelopment (26 years)	165	24%	76%	10
Housing (26 years)	124	25%	75%	10
Economic Development (9 years)	152	60%	40%	3
Renewal & Renovation (16 years)	8	63%	38%	0
Soils Condition (21 years)	2	0%	100%	3
tudtor				

FOUR-YEAR KNOCKDOWN RULE

- If no activity commences on a parcel after 4 years, it must be knocked down (i.e. no longer produce increment)
- Activity = demolition, rehab, renovation, site prep
- Includes qualified street improvements (new/relocated/rebuilt)
- Excludes installation of utility service
- Can recertify parcels if activity subsequently commences (but original value is reset)
- Report activity to county auditor by Feb 1 of 5th Year

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PROHIBITED USES / PARCELS

- General government use prohibited (cannot use to circumvent levy limits or for government buildings)
- Cannot use for common areas used as a public park, nor for social, recreational, or conference facilities)*
- Cannot include parcels that recently benefited from various property tax programs that protect land from development** (Green Acres, Open Space, Rural Preserve, Metro Agricultural Preserve)

*Parking structures and private conference facilities are not prohibited

**Exception made for housing districts and qualified manufacturing/dist. facilities



INTERFUND LOANS

- Must be authorized by resolution*
- Terms must be documented in writing
- Maximum interest rates apply
- Must be properly reported in annual TIF reporting to the OSA

*Grandfather provisions apply to loans before August 1, 2001



DISTRICT TYPE LIMITATIONS

- Redevelopment Districts
 - 90% of increment must be used to correct blight conditions
- Renewal & Renovation Districts
 - 90% of increment must be used to correct blight conditions
- Soils Condition Districts
 - Increment may only be used for acquisition, remediation, and administrative costs



DISTRICT TYPE LIMITATIONS

- Economic Development Districts
- Increment may not assist developments if more than 15% of buildings and facilities (by square footage) are for purposes other than:
 - Manufacturing
 - Warehousing, storage, distribution (excluding retail sales)
 Research and development
 Telemarketing
 Tourism facilities

 - Workforce housing projects
- Small city exception allows assistance of limited commercial facilities, but increment may only pay in-district activities for the facility and administrative costs (no pooling) OSA

DISTRICT TYPE LIMITATIONS

- Housing Districts
- Increment must be used solely to finance housing projects
- Nonresidential uses cannot exceed 20% of square footage
- Must meet income requirements:
 - Owner-Occupied: Initial purchaser/occupant (95% are ≤ 115% of the > of area or state median income)
 - Rental: Ongoing (20% are ≤50% OR 40% are ≤60% of area median income)
 - MHFA Challenge Program limits may substitute
- Authorities must be able to document compliance
 - Owner: tax returns, W-2s, paystubs, mortgage loan apps, employer verification
 - Rental: MHFA forms, IRS Form 8703, other verifications

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DECERTIFICATION

- Decertification is the termination of a TIF district
 - County auditor removes all remaining parcels
 - Ends collection of increment





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DECERTIFICATION

- County auditor must decertify upon...
 - Maximum statutory duration limit
 - Earlier duration limit specified in TIF plan
 - Completion of actions under Six-Year Rule
 - Written request by the authority (receipt or date specified)





DECERTIFICATION

- Do not confuse expected vs. actual duration limits
- Full payable-year increments for year decertification are distributed*
- Delinquent taxes paid after decertification are not increment unless:
 - Nonpayment caused obligations to go unpaid or be paid from other sources
 - Sufficient info provided to county auditor

*Includes January settlements. Partial-year distributions occurred in the past for duration limits based on approval date.



AND THERE'S MORE...

- There are additional details and topics not covered here
- Legal/professional advice is a good idea when using TIF

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SECTION TWO What's New?



LEGISLATIVE UPDATES 2024				
■ No general law changes				
■ No special laws				

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LEGISLATIVE UPDATES 2025

- General law proposals discussed but <u>NOT</u> adopted
 - Fold Renewal & Renovation districts in with Redevelopment; change duration to 21 years
 - For Greater MN: extend Five-Year Rule and drop housing income limits
 - Expand 2d pooling for housing to 15% and allow transfers to housing trust funds
 - Allow Minneapolis/St. Paul expanded eligibility and use of land value for ONTC
 - School district approval of economic development districts





LEGISLATIVE UPDATES 2025

- Temporary Transfer Authority clarifications/extensions enacted
 - Deadline for construction to commence pushed to 12/31/2026 (vs 2025)
 - Allow amendments to spending plans by 12/31/2025 to:
 - Extend use of transferred increment to 12/31/2026 (vs 2025)
 - Allow use of interest earned on transferred increment
 - Clarify amounts that must be returned if not used by deadline



LEGISLATIVE UPDATES 2025

- TIF-related provision enacted outside the TIF Act:
 - School district provision regarding distributions of excess increments:
 - Added reference to the Local Option Revenue program
 - Updated a reference to the Long-Term Facilities Maintenance program (which succeeded Health and Safety Aid)
 - County auditor must certify excess increment distributions to MDE by Feb 1

Minnetonka

MoorheadOakdale

Plymouth St. Cloud



LEGISLATIVE UPDATES 2025

- 19 Special Laws (for 15 TIF authorities):
 - Bloomington
 - Brooklyn Center
 - Brooklyn Park Eden Prairie
 - Edina
 - Ramsey
 - Marshall
 - Maplewood
 - Maple Grove



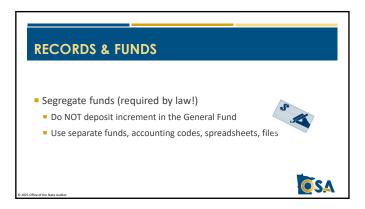
LEGISLATIVE UPDATES

- Topics that may be upcoming:
 - Interfund loans clarifications?
 - Decertified district limitations?
 - Sales and lease proceed clarifications?



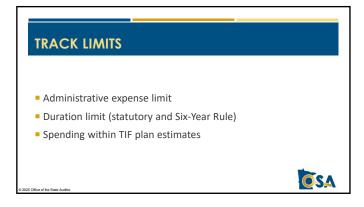






RECORDS & FUNDS	
 Document expenditures / loans Administrative expenses Developer expenses for PAYG reimbursements Interfund loans terms in writing 	
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RECORDS & FUNDS - Retain records - Creation documents: 10 years after expiration of district - Financial records: 10 years (6 years if certain criteria met)



TRACK IN-DISTRICT & OUT-DISTRICT ACTIVITY

- Identify/track the in-district and out-district shares of increments
- Understand Five-Year Rule ("in" is "out" after 5 years)
- Understand/monitor Six-Year Rule
 - Decertification requirement
 - Parcel removal requirement





OSA

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OTHER ACTIVITIES

- Return (or appropriately use) excess increment by September 30th
- Send county evidence of parcel activity (by Feb. 1 of 5th year) for the Four-Year Rule
- Respond to OSA inquiries

OSA

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REVIEW PLANS AND AGREEMENTS

- Review TIF plans regularly
 - Stay within estimates
 - Identify necessary/possible changes
- Review pay-as-you-go (PAYG) agreements regularly
 - Avoid overpayments
 - Identify possible defaults
 - Identify prepayment opportunities



REVIEW PLANS AND AGREEMENTS

- Monitor bond payment schedules
- Review interfund loan terms/opportunities regularly
 - Check interest rate limits
 - Make payments when appropriate

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TIF ANNUAL REPORTING REDESIGN

- Working on an improved, redesigned annual reporting form
- Anticipate implementation for 2026 reporting due August 1, 2027
- Email <u>tif@osa.state.mn.us</u> if you would like to help with testing

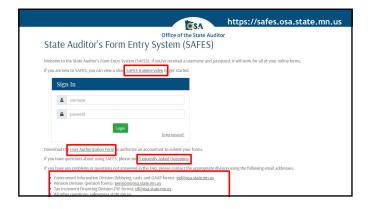
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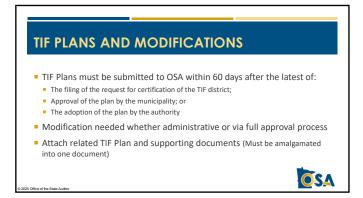


STATE AUDITOR'S FORM ENTRY SYSTEM (SAFES)

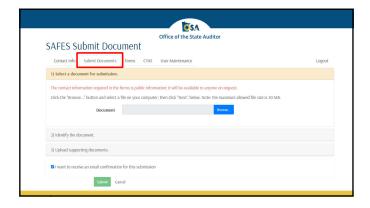
- In SAFES: Plan Collection Form (new or modification), Annual Reporting Form, Pooled Debt Form
- On the website: Certification Request Supplement, Confirmation of Decertified TIF District Form
- Request access by emailing <u>tif@osa.state.mn.us</u>
- Consultants must complete the SAFES Authorization Form

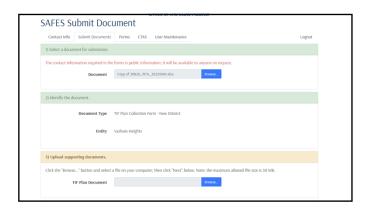
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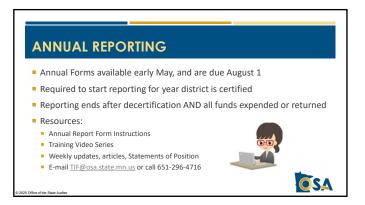




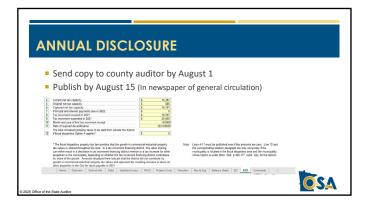


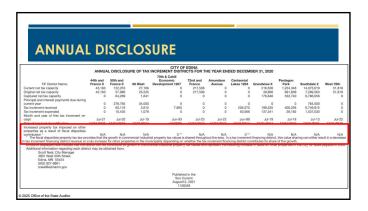


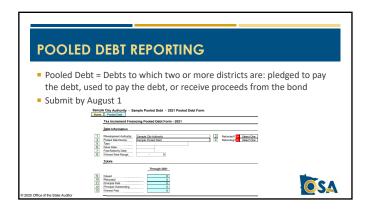
















DECERTICATION FORM Due to OSA as soon as possible after decertification Authority completes part A, County completes part B E-mail completed form to tif@osa.state.mn.us Provide resolution for early decertification

STAY INFORMED	
 Follow OSA information Weekly updates Articles Statements of position Training videos Webinars 	 Watch for legislative changes TIF Act changes Property tax system changes Internal Revenue Code changes
wedinars	6

TIF captures tax base; Early decertification has merits Returning unneeded increment has merits Consider... Authority's share of returned increment is free of TIF restrictions Tax base benefits are delayed as long as TIF district is active Increments are essentially attributable to county, school, and other taxing district's rates/base

OSA	
Office of the State Auditor	
TIF Division TIF@osa.state.mn.us 651-296-4716	
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